THIRTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES

First Regular Session

"04 JUN 30 P12:04

SENATE

S. No. 10

AECEIVED BY:

Introduced by Senator Juan M. Flavier

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EXPLANATORY NOTE

After the Clean Air Act's enactment into law, the greater challenge now is its efficient and effective implementation. Having all the powers and functions the Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR) is currently granted to implement, there is an even greater need to review its existing powers and functions with the end in view of effectively implementing critical legislation such as the Clean Air Act.

Based on the experience of other countries, such as the United States, Australia, and New Zealand, among others, resource utilization and developmental functions are separate from environmental protection and regulation functions. These two areas of concern are being implemented by separate government agencies.

This bill, therefore, proposes the separation of the environmental protection and regulatory functions of the DENR by creating a separate agency called the National Environmental Protection Agency (NEPA), which will take charge of these other functions. By directing the new agency towards these functions, the DENR will be able to concentrate on resource utilization and development while this new body will focus on environmental protection and regulation.

Specifically, the powers and functions of the NEPA, which will be an independent, cabinet-level watchdog, are as follows:

- 1. To formulate an integrated policy approach to environmental conservation and protection which will be implemented through comprehensive and continuous conservation and environmental protection strategies and action plans:
- 2. To enforce environmental quality standards for water, air, land and noise, and the prescription of rules and regulations for pollution control and environmental conservation;
- 3. To undertake research and information campaigns towards the attainment of environmental protection and sustainable development goals;
- 4. To deputize appropriate government agencies or instrumentalities and establish field offices in various administrative and administrative regions of the country for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this Act;
- 5. To manage the National Environmental Protection Fund for financing adequate, suitable and appropriate measures to protect and improve environmental quality;

- 6. To issue *subpoena duces tecum*, *subpoena ad testificandum*, cease and desist orders, orders to vacate or demolish any structure, and temporary orders of confiscation or restraint of any movable article or property; and
- 7. To promote cooperation and encourage greater participation of the private sector and non-government organizations in the protection of the environment.

This measure does not only build a powerful structure to deal with problems of the environment but appropriately strengthens the Pollution Adjudication Board and establishes a complementary network of cooperation and joint undertaking between the government and the citizenry, especially at the local level.

In this light of the foregoing, approval of this bill is earnestly requested.

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THIRTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES

First Regular Session

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SENATE S. No. ____)

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ACCEMED AN:

Introduced by Senator Flavier

AN ACT

CREATING THE PHILIPPINE ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AUTHORITY, DEFINING ITS POWERS AND FUNCTIONS, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

CHAPTER I

GENERAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 1. Title. - This Act shall be known as the "Philippine Environmental Protection Authority Act of 2004."

SEC. 2. Declaration of Policy. - Article II, Sections 15 and 16 of the Philippine Constitution provide that the State as matter of policy shall: (1) protect and promote the right to health and instill health consciousness among them; and (2) protect and advance the right of the people to a balanced and healthful ecology in accord with the rhythm and harmony of nature.

The State shall therefore ensure that social and economic development activities of the public and private sectors are undertaken with due regard to the people's health, nature's carrying capacity, and the future generations' right over sustainable use of current resources and the environment's long-term stability and integrity consistent with the growth, development and expansion of employment opportunities.

- SEC. 3. Creation of the Philippine Environmental Protection Authority. In order to carryout the declared policies under Section 2 hereof and to efficiently and effectively address the problems of natural resource degradation and environmental pollution, there is hereby created a Philippine Environmental Protection Authority, hereinafter referred to as the Authority, which agency shall be directly under the Office of the President.
- SEC. 4. Mandate. The Authority shall be the lead government agency primarily responsible for the protection and conservation of the country's environment and natural resources through the regulation of environmental impact caused by pervasive human activities and the prevention, control, mitigation and abatement of environmental pollution.

- (a) Formulate and implement an integrated approach towards the protection of the country's environment and resources;
- (b) Evolve an integrated, multi-sectoral and multi-disciplinary National Environmental Protection Strategy which shall focus on critical life-support systems;
- (c) Develop and implement comprehensive medium and long-term action plans for environmental protection, pollution prevention and control that shall form part of the National Economic and Development Authority's (NEDA) national development plan;
- (d) Formulate and enforce environmental quality standards for water, air, land, noise, radiation and other standards which may fall within its jurisdiction in subsequent legislations;
- (e) Promulgate and prescribe policies, rules and regulations regarding the control of water, air and land pollution and the proper disposal of solid wastes and toxic and hazardous substances;
- (f) Develop and undertake an integrated research program pertaining to environmental protection, pollution prevention and control;
- (g) Monitor and evaluate the implementation of all laws relating to the regulation and control of activities that have an impact on the maintenance of a wholesome natural environment and undertake and/or recommend measures relative thereto;
- (h) Design, establish and institutionalize, among others:
 - An incentives system based on waste minimization, the reuse and recycling of materials and the conservation of indigenous resources;
 - (2) A system of fines, fees and penalties based on various strategies such as, but not limited to, the "polluter pays" principle, end-of-pipe treatment, and the mitigation, abatement, neutralization, clean-up, remediation and rehabilitation of pollution-affected areas and populations;
 - (3) An integrated environmental protection permit and licensing system covering the regulatory areas of pollution control and environmental impact assessment; and
 - (4) A cost-effective environmental information system responsive to the needs of the Authority.

(i) Prepare, update, monitor and evaluate regional environmental profiles and qualities of water, air, land and ecosystems media;

- (j) Set water, air, land, radiation and ecosystem standards for emissions, ambient air and water quality, end-of-pipe mitigation, and rehabilitation/remediation/restoration;
- (k) Regulate all Environmental Management Units (EMUs) required in all air and water quality management areas, local government units, government agencies and instrumentalities including but not limited to those under the Metro Manila Development Authority (MMDA), Philippine Economic Zone Authority (PEZA), Subic Bay Metropolitan Authority (SBMA), Regional Industrial Centers (RICs), National Power Corporation (NAPOCOR) and/or its successor entities, Philippine National Oil Company (PNOC), and other Government Owned and Controlled Corporations (GOCCs) and the private sector;
- (I) Extend training and technical assistance to EMUs;
- (m)Take over the functions of local EMUs, on an interim or temporary basis where such EMUs are incapable of effectively exercising its functions and/or in cases when public interest so demands;
- (n) Coordinate, monitor and evaluate the implementation of domestic environmental laws and international environmental treaties, agreements and conventions;
- (o) Issue subpoena duces tecum, subpoena ad testificandum and cease and desist orders;
- (p) Declare a state of emergency in case of actual or imminent environmental disasters;
- (q) Expropriate property after just compensation for public good;
 - (r) Command and call the assistance of appropriate government agencies or instrumentalities for the purpose of enforcing the provisions of this Act and its implementing rules and regulations as well as the orders and decisions of the Authority;
- (s) Submit an annual and 5-year environmental quality status report to the President and the Congress;
 - (t) Conduct information, education, communication and training relating to environmental protection and pollution prevention and control;
- 35 (u) Promote cooperation and encourage greater people participation and 36 private initiative in environmental protection and pollution prevention 37 and control;

(v) Organize the most appropriate implementing mechanism relative to the performance of its mandated powers and functions;

- (w) Adopt, prescribe and promulgate rules and regulations governing the procedures of the Authority with respect to hearings, the filing of reports, the issuance and/or review of all permits and other rules and regulations for the purpose of the implementation and enforcement of this Act.
- (x) Establish field offices in the country's administrative and/or autonomous regions to coordinate with the local government units in the implementation of the provisions of this Act; and
- (y) Exercise other powers and functions including corporate powers, oversight powers over agencies and instrumentalities which activities have a direct and residual impacts on the environment, natural and human resources such as but not limited to radiation and noise regulations, occupational health and safety standards, infrastructures and building standards; and perform such acts as may be deemed necessary and proper or which may be declared by the Authority to be necessary, useful, incidental or auxiliary to accomplish its mandate and objectives.

CHAPTER II AUTHORITY PROPER

SEC. 6. Office of the Director-General - The Office of the Director-General shall provide the overall supervision to the Authority. It shall be composed of the Director-General and his immediate staff; the Deputy Director-General; the Office of Assistant Director-General for Public Affairs and Education; the Office of Assistant Director-General for Legal and Legislative Affairs; the Office of Assistant Director-General for Environmental Planning and Research; the Office of Assistant Director-General for Ecosystems Management; the Office of Assistant Director-General for Environmental Regulations; and the Office of Assistant Director-General for Administrative, Financial and Management Services.

SEC. 7. The Director-General – The Director- General shall be appointed by the President for a term of six (6) years from the time of the original date of appointment without prejudice to the termination of such appointment for just cause. He shall have the status, rank and compensation equivalent to that of a cabinet secretary.

The Director-General shall have the following powers and functions:

(a) Establish policies and standards for the efficient and effective operation of the Authority in accordance with the overall program of the Government;

- (b) Implement rules, regulations and other issuances necessary in executing the Authority's mandate, objectives, policies, plans, programs and projects and in compliance with international legal instruments and agreements regarding environmental protection and pollution prevention and control;
- (c) Advise the President on the promulgation of policies, rules and regulations and other issuances relative to environmental protection and pollution prevention and control;
- (d) Exercise overall supervision relative to the Authority's functions and activities;
- (e) Delegate authority for the performance of any administrative or substantive function to the Authority's subordinate officials;
- (f) Perform such other functions as may be provided by law or as appropriately assigned by the President.
- **SEC. 8.** The Deputy Director-General The Director-General shall be assisted by a Deputy Director-General who shall be appointed by the President upon the recommendation of the Director-General. The Deputy Director-General shall have a fix term of six (6) years from the time of the original date of appointment without prejudice to the termination of such appointment for just cause. He shall have the status, rank and compensation equivalent to that of a cabinet undersecretary.
- SEC. 9. The Office of the Assistant Director-General for Public Affairs and Education. The Office of the Assistant Director-General for Public Affairs and Education shall have the following powers and functions:
 - (a) Establish and formulate programs aimed at increasing the awareness of the general public regarding environmental issues and concerns;
 - (b) Design and implement programs geared towards behavioral change and value formation aimed at altering polluter behavior and inculcating the environmental ethics of stewardship and the principles and practices of sustainable development;
 - (c) Plan and engage social-marketing strategies aimed at generating broad-based and multi-sectoral support for environmental protection and pollution prevention and control;

(d) Disseminate information on policies, plans, programs and projects relating to environmental protection and pollution prevention and control to the general public;

- (e) Perform such other functions as may be assigned by the Director-General.
- SEC. 10. The Office of the Assistant Director-General for Legal and Legislative Affairs. The Office of the Assistant Director-General for Legal and Legislative Affairs shall have the following powers and functions:
 - (a) Provide legal advice and services on all policies, programs and operational matters of the Authority;
 - (b) Handle administrative cases filed against any personnel of the Authority and submit recommendations pertaining thereto;
 - (c) Initiate proper legal actions and proceedings such as but not limited to, the prosecution of violators of the Authority's orders, rules and regulations;
 - (d) Provide legal representation to the Authority in cases where the Authority or any of its duly authorized officers becomes a party to a suit in relation to the exercise of its powers and functions;
 - (e) Coordinate with Congress and various agencies in the review, evaluation and formulation of relevant guidelines, rules and regulations and other legislative measures pertaining to environmental protection and pollution prevention and control; and
 - (f) Perform such other functions as may be assigned by the Director-General.
- SEC. 11. The Office of the Assistant Director-General for Environmental Planning and Research. The Office of the Assistant Director-General for Environmental Planning and Research shall have the following powers and functions:
 - (a) Design, establish and operate an environmental and management information system, including data bank development based on geographic information gleaned from periodic environmental surveillance, reconnaissance and monitoring activities utilizing complementary technologies including but not limited to, aerial photography and other remote sensing systems;
 - (b) Formulate comprehensive, multi-year action plans for environmental protection and pollution prevention and control to be endorsed to NEDA for adoption into the national development plan;

(c) Formulate and recommend to the Authority environmental quality standards for water, air, land, noise, radiation, and the like and environmental management guidelines for gaseous, liquid, solid, as well as, toxic and hazardous wastes;

- (d) Formulate and recommend an integrated research program pertaining to water, air, and land pollution, including research into environmentally-sound technologies and pollution control technologies:
- (e) Conduct research studies on specific environmental problems including, but not limited to, soil erosion and deforestation;
- (f) Review, analyze and evaluate existing as well as proposed environmental protection and pollution prevention and control policies, plans, programs and projects;
- (g) Prepare the environmental quality status report to be submitted to the President and Congress;
- (h) Conduct post-audit studies of environmental impact assessments prepared in accordance with Presidential Decree 1586;
- (i) Provide research laboratory services pursuant to the Authority's exercise of regulatory functions such as, but not limited to, the setting of standards and permit and licensing activities;
- (j) Provide research support services to the field offices of the Authority in order to ensure their efficient and effective operation; and
- (k) Perform such other functions as may be assigned by the Director-General.

SEC. 12. The Office of the Assistant Director-General for Ecosystems Management. – The Office of the Assistant Director-General for Ecosystems Management shall have the following powers and functions:

- (a) Formulate an integrated, multi-sectoral and multi-disciplinary national environmental protection and pollution prevention and control strategy;
- (b) Formulate policies, rules and regulations for the protection of vulnerable ecosystems such as but not limited to coastal zones, inland lakes and critical islands;
- (c) Formulate operational plans on the rehabilitation or upgrading of the quality of degraded and damaged ecosystems;
- (d) Coordinate the implementation of the approved National Environmental Protection Strategy, as well as the operational plans for ecosystem and rehabilitation; and
- (e) Perform such other functions as may be assigned by the Director-General.

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- (a) Design, establish and institutionalize a unified environmental permit and licensing system for pollution control, land use planning/zoning and environmental impact assessment;
- (b) Review, analyze and evaluate pertinent technical/legal documents pertaining to environmental permitting/licensing in order to determine the environmental acceptability and/or soundness of programs, projects and activities that might significantly affect the environment;
- (c) Issue standards, rules and regulations to govern the approval of plans and specifications for sewage works and industrial waste disposal systems and the issuance of permits relative thereto, inspect the construction and maintenance of sewage works and industrial waste disposal systems for compliance to plans;
- (d) Make, alter or modify orders requiring the discontinuance of pollution specifying the conditions and the time within which such discontinuance must be accomplished;
- (e) Issue, renew, or revoke permits, under such conditions as it may determine to be reasonable, for the prevention and abatement of pollution, for the discharge of sewage and industrial waste or for the installation or operation of sewage works and industrial disposal systems or parts thereof;
- (f) Perform investigative and monitoring functions to ensure the compliance of proponents with the Authority's rules and regulations;
- (g) Coordination and implementation by the public and private sectors of the NEDA-adopted multi-year action plan for environmental protection and pollution prevention and control; and
- (h) Perform such other functions as may be assigned by the Director-General.
- SEC. 14. The Office of the Assistant Director-General for Administrative, Financial and Management Services. The Office of the Assistant Director-General for Administrative, Financial and Management Services shall have the following powers and functions:
 - (a) Administer the corporate mandates of the Authority;
 - (b) Provide services relative to personnel information, records, supplies, equipment, collection and disbursements, security, and custodial works;

1	(c) Advice the Authority relative to budgetary, financial, and management
2	improvement matters; and
3	(d) Perform such other functions as may be assigned by the Director-
4	General.
5	SEC. 15. Regional Regulatory Offices of the Authority Field offices
6	of the Authority are hereby created and established to cover regulatory regions in
7	the following areas:
8	(a) Central Regulatory Region to cover the Laguna de Bay Region and the
9	rest of the National Capital Region;
10	(b) Northern Luzon Regulatory Region to cover Regions I, II, III and the
11	Cordilleras;
12	(c) Southern Luzon Regulatory Region to cover Regions IV and V;
13	(d) Eastern Visayas Regulatory Region to cover Region VIII and the
14	Provinces of Cebu, Bohol and Siquijor;
15	(e) Western Visayas Regulatory Region to cover Region VI and the
16	Provinces of Negros Occidental and Oriental;
17	(f) Northern Mindanao Regulatory Region to cover Regions IX, X, XIII and
18	ARMM; and
19	(g) Southern Mindanao Regulatory Region to cover Regions XI and XII.
20	The regional regulatory offices of the Authority shall have the following
21	powers and functions:
22	(1) Assist the EMUs and other environmental quality management
23	areas within their regional jurisdiction in the implementation of
24	environmental protection and pollution prevention and control
25	laws, as well as, implement policies, plans, programs, projects,
26	rules and regulations of the Authority in consonance with the
27	objectives of sustainable development;
28	(2) Coordinate with other departments, offices, and agencies in the
29	region and local government units in the enforcement of
30	environmental protection and pollution prevention and control
31	laws;
32	(3) Formulate, monitor, evaluate and implement regional medium
33	and long-term action plans for environmental protection and
34	pollution prevention and control;
35	(4) Conduct appropriate field research and investigative activities
36	such as, but not limited to, environmental surveillance,
37	reconnaissance and monitoring in the region;

(5) Respond to complaints and queries from the public regarding environmental protection and pollution prevention and control;

- (6) Provide support services to the regional Environmental Adjudication Commissions; and
- (h) Perform such other functions as may be assigned by the Director-General.

SEC. 16. Environmental Adjudication Commission. - The Pollution Adjudication Board created under Executive Order No. 192 is hereby reconstituted into the Environmental Adjudication Commission (EAC). It shall be composed of a Chairman and six (6) Commissioners to be appointed by the President, through the recommendation of the Director-General, from the following sectors: business, academe, professional organizations on environmental protection practice, environmental non-government organizations (NGOs) and labor: *Provided*, That there shall be at least one (1) member representing the sectors as mentioned: *Provided*, further, That the Chairman of the Commission shall be an environmental protection practitioner for at least five (5) years prior to his appointment.

The Chairman and the Commissioners shall have a fix term of six (6) years from the time of the original date of appointment without prejudice to the termination of such appointment for just cause. Of those first appointed, three members shall hold office for six (6) years, two members for four (4) years, and the last member for two (2) years.

The Chairman shall have the status, rank and compensation equivalent to that of a cabinet undersecretary while the Commissioners shall have the status, rank and compensation equivalent to that of an assistant secretary.

The EAC shall have the following powers and functions:

- (a) Hear and decide all cases falling within its jurisdiction as provided for in Executive Order No. 192 and other related laws and issuances;
- (b) Make, issue, alter or modify orders necessary and incidental to the enforcement of decisions made by the Commission;
- (c) Serve as arbiter for the determination of reparation or restitution of damages and losses resulting from environmental degradation or pollution;
- (d) Deputize in writing or command and call the appropriate government agencies or instrumentalities for the purpose of enforcing its decisions;

(e) Issue, in case of imminent danger to life or property, an ex-parte order directing the discontinuance of pollution or wastes, or temporary suspension or cessation of operation of the equipment, project or activity and other acts causing environmental degradation, generating such pollutants or wastes, without the necessity of a previous public hearing;

- (f) Provide for its own organizational set up and rules of procedure in the conduct of its official functions; and
- (g) Exercise such powers and perform such other functions as may be necessary to carry out its duties and responsibilities under this Act.

The EACs powers and functions may be delegated to the Regional EACs in accordance with the rules and regulations to be promulgated by the Commission.

SEC. 17. Restructuring of the Philippine Council for Sustainable Development. – The Philippine Council for Sustainable Development (PCSD) created by Executive Order No. 15 is hereby restructured. The PCSD shall be chaired by the NEDA Director-General and co-chaired by the Secretary of Natural Resources and the Director-General of the Authority. The Secretariat functions of the PCSD shall be transferred to the Authority.

The PCSD may create and establish Regional Councils for Sustainable Development (RCSDs), to be chaired by a governor, elected from among the member provinces and vice-chaired by the highest regional officials of the Authority, the NEDA and the Department of Natural Resources.

SEC. 18. Policy and Program Advisory Body. - There is hereby created a Policy and Program Advisory Body hereinafter referred to as the Advisory Body to be composed of all relevant officials and staff of the Authority; officials and staff of other relevant government agencies and instrumentalities; relevant industry and business organization officials; registered/recognized non-government and people's organizations with known interest in environmental protection; and other interested individuals and entities with known contributions to environmental and pollution concerns.

The Advisory Body shall serve as the consultative assembly that shall assist the Authority in the formulation and development of comprehensive, strategic multi-year plans and programs for environmental protection, pollution prevention and control: *Provided*, That the Director-General shall issue a list of actual members and appropriate authorization for the attendance of such individuals and entities in every meeting or assembly of the Advisory Body: *Provided*, *further*, That the Advisory Body shall meet at least once every calendar

year: *Provided, finally,* That such attendance shall be voluntary and authorized attendees shall not be entitled to any form of compensation.

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SEC. 19. *Qualifications.* - No person shall be appointed Director-General, Deputy Director-General, or Assistant Director-General of the Authority unless he is a citizen and resident of the Philippines, of good moral character, and proven competence in any of the following fields: (a) environmental science and/or similar disciplines; (b) public administration; (c) law; (d) management; (e) relevant social science disciplines.

SEC. 20. *Organization.* - The Director-General, with the approval of the President, may reorganize, restructure, and redefine the functions of the offices defined in previous Sections in line with the effective discharge of the powers and functions of the Authority under this Act.

CHAPTER III

TRANSITORY PROVISIONS

SEC. 21. Abolition of Agencies, Transfer of Powers, Functions, Rights, Assets and Liabilities. - The Environmental Management Bureau and the Ecosystem Research and Development Bureau of the Department of Environment and Natural Resources created under Executive Order No. 192 and the Laguna Lake Development Authority created under Executive Order No. 927, series of 1983, are hereby abolished subject to the provisions of this Act.

The powers and functions, including the developmental and corporate mandates and field services of the said agencies are hereby transferred to the Authority and the Authority shall, by virtue of this Act, be subrogated to all the rights and assets of aforesaid agencies and all other agencies and government units whose functions and powers have been transferred to the Authority. All the contracts and liabilities of said offices and agencies are hereby transferred to and assumed by the Authority and shall be acted upon in accordance with the Auditing Code and other pertinent laws, rules and regulations.

- SEC. 22. Rationalization or Transfer of Functions of Related Agencies. The following functions of the respective agencies are hereby transferred to the Authority:
 - (a) The land use and zoning functions of the Metro Manila Development Authority, created by virtue of R.A. 7924;
 - (b) The land use and zoning functions of the Housing and Land Use Regulatory Board, formerly the Human Settlements Regulatory Commission created by virtue of E.O. No. 648, series of 1981, as amended by E.O. No. 90, series of 1986;

(c) The regulatory and control functions for pesticides and other agricultural chemicals of the Fertilizer and Pesticide Authority created by virtue of P.D. 1144;

- (d) The functions for fuel testing and regulatory activities for fuels and fuel additives and other similar chemicals of the Department of Energy created by virtue of R.A. 7638;
- (e) The mines safety and environmental protection functions of the Mines and Geo-Sciences Bureau provided under R.A. No. 7942;
- (f) The regulatory functions for drinking water quality standards of the Department of Health created by virtue of E.O. 192; and
- (g) The accreditation and authorization of private emission testing centers provided for under R.A. No. 8749 and subsequent issuances on emission regulations under the motor vehicle inspection systems.

The foregoing transfer of powers and functions shall include all applicable funds and appropriations, records, equipment, property, and such personnel as may be necessary: *Provided*, That only such amount of funds and appropriations of these agencies as well as only the personnel thereof which are completely or primarily involved in the exercise of the functions to be transferred to the Authority shall be affected by such transfer.

The Philippine Coast Guard (PCG) is hereby designated as the lead enforcement arm of the Authority in marine pollution regulation. For this purpose, the Authority and the PCG shall institute within sixty days (60) upon the approval of this Act, such mechanisms and collaborative networks and undertakings to implement this provision.

SEC. 23. Structure and Staffing Pattern. - The Director-General shall, within (60) days upon the effectivity of this Act, prescribe and approve the organizational framework and staffing pattern of the Authority.

The positions created therein shall be filled by regular appointments by the President or the Director-General as the case may be: *Provided*, That in the filling of positions created, preference shall be given to the personnel of the Environmental Management Bureau, Ecosystems Research and Development Bureau, the Laguna Lake Development Authority and related agencies affected by the provisions of this Act: *Provided, however*, That such individuals comply with the qualification standards set by the Civil Service Commission for the positions that they shall be appointed to: *Provided, finally*, That if such individuals possess the same qualifications, seniority shall be given preference.

SEC. 24. Personnel Rights and Separation from Service. - The Director-General, heads of concerned agencies and the Chairman of the Civil Service Commission shall see to it that all the rights of personnel affected by the abolition, rationalization and reorganization are respected in accordance with prevailing civil service laws, rules and regulations.

Employees separated from the service as a result of this reorganization shall, within six (6) months from their separation from the service, receive the retirement benefits to which they may be entitled under existing laws, rules, and regulations.

CHAPTER IV

APPROPRIATIONS

SEC. 25. Appropriations. - Such amounts as may be necessary to effectively and efficiently carry out the provisions of this Act is hereby appropriated from the funds of the National Treasury not otherwise appropriated: *Provided*, That the herein appropriated amount shall only be supplemental to the funds and similar proceeds provided for under Sections 21 and 22 of this Act. Thereafter, such amounts as may be necessary for the continued operation and maintenance of the Authority shall be included in the annual General Appropriations Act.

CHAPTER V

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

SEC. 26. Disclosure and Divestment of Financial Interests. - Before assumption of office, the Director-General of the Authority, the Deputy Director-General, and the Assistant Directors-General shall submit to the Civil Service Commission a list of all companies, partnerships, or business enterprises, including non-profit organizations, in which they or any immediate member of their families within the second degree of consanguinity or affinity have any form of financial interest or employment relationship, including consultancy work: *Provided*, That upon assumption of office, all other employment, including consultancy work, held by such officers of the Authority shall immediately be terminated.

Within thirty (30) days upon assumption of office, a complete divestment of financial interests in any institution, firm, or company, which fall under the supervisory or regulatory jurisdiction of the Authority, shall be made.

- SEC. 27. Record Keeping, Inspection, Monitoring, and Entry by the Philippine Environmental Protection Authority. -
 - (a) For purposes of developing or assisting the development of any implementation plan, any standard of performance or any emission

standard, and of determining whether any person violates any of 1 such standard or any requirement of such plan, the Authority may require any person who is subject to the provisions of this Act or 3 any other requirement provided for in this Act or its implementing 4 rules and regulations to: 5 (1) Establish and maintain records: 6 (2) Prepare reports: 7 8 (3) Install, use and maintain monitoring equipment or methods; (4) Sample emissions in accordance with the methods and at such 9 intervals and locations, as the Authority shall prescribe: 10 (5) Keep records on control equipment parameters, production 12

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- variables or other indirect data when direct monitoring of emission is impracticable; and
- (6) Provide such other information as may reasonably be required.
- (b) The Authority or its authorized representative, upon presentation of his credentials:
 - (1) Shall have the right of entry to, upon or through any premises of such person or entity in which any records required to be maintained under the paragraph (1) hereof are located; and
 - (2) May, at reasonable times, have access to and copies of any records, inspect any monitoring equipment or methods and sample any emission/discharges which such person is required to sample under paragraph (a) hereof;
- (c) The Authority shall, in the case of any person who is the owner or operator of a major stationary source, and may, in the case of any other person, require enhanced monitoring and submission of antipollution/emission/discharge compliance certification. Such compliance certifications shall include information regarding the following:
 - (1) Identification of the applicable requirement that is the basis of the certification;
 - (2) Compliance status;
 - (3) Whether compliance is continuous or intermittent; and
 - (4) Such other facts as may reasonably be required.
- (d) Submission of a compliance certification shall in no way limit the PEPA's authority to investigate or otherwise implement the provisions of this Act.

(e) Any record, report or information obtained under this Section shall be available to the public, except upon a satisfactory showing to the Authority, that records, reports, or information, or parts thereof, if made public, would divulge methods or processes entitled to protection as trade secrets.

SEC. 28. Role of Local Government Units. - All local government units shall, pursuant to national policies and subject to the supervision, control and review of the Authority, enforce the provisions of this law, *Provided,* That the Authority shall take into consideration the principles and provisions of devolution and local autonomy in the Local Government Code.

Local government units shall design their own implementation plans to address the causes of environmental pollution with their respective jurisdictional boundaries to guarantee the national standards set by the Authority or stricter standards if desired by such local government units.

Each local government unit may develop and submit to the Authority a procedure for carrying out the provision of this Section in their respective localities. If the Authority finds the local government unit procedures adequate, it may delegate to such unit any authority in carrying out this function: *Provided, however,* That PEPA shall maintain its authority to independently inspect the enforcement procedure adopted: *Provided, further,* That the Authority shall have the power to take over all or parts of a local government program if the local government unit concerned lacks the capability to carry out the provisions of this Act, or fails to meet or fairly enforce the national standards set by the Authority.

SEC. 29. Cooperative Activities. - The Authority shall encourage cooperative activities by the national and local governments for environmental protection and pollution prevention and control. It shall also encourage the enactment of -- in so far as practicable and in the light of varying conditions and needs -- improved and uniform laws and local ordinances relating to environmental protection and pollution prevention and control so as to assure the utilization of all appropriate and available facilities and resources within the National Government.

SEC. 30. Participation of the People and Non-Government Organizations in Environmental Protection and Pollution Prevention and Control. - The people's right to a healthy environment shall also vest upon the people the duty to engage in activities to protect the environment and to prevent pollution.

People's and non-government organizations or NGOs undertaking environment-related activities shall be encouraged in their efforts to organize, educate and motivate the people in addressing pertinent environmental issues and problems at the local and national levels including their membership and participation to the activities of the Policy and Program Advisory Body provided for under Section 18 of this Act.

SEC. 31. *Citizen's Suit.* - Any citizen or group of citizens shall have the right and power to institute the appropriate legal action and administrative proceeding, as the case may be, against violators of environmental protection and pollution control laws.

No temporary or permanent injunction, or restraining order in any case involving or arising out of any administrative complaint filed before the Authority shall be issued by any court or other entity.

SEC. 32. Reorganization of the Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR). - As a consequence of the creation of the PEPA pursuant to this Act, the President is hereby authorized to reorganize the DENR into an agency that shall be responsible for the development and conservation of natural resources such as but not limited to, lands, mines and minerals, water, forestry, protected areas and similar resources: Provided, That the reorganization shall be in accordance with applicable civil service laws, rules and regulations.

SEC. 33. National Environment Protection Fund (NEPFUND). - There is hereby created a National Environment Protection Fund to be administered by the Authority for the purpose of financing adequate, suitable and appropriate measures to protect and improve environmental quality. The administration of the NEPFUND shall be in accordance with the corporate powers vested upon the Authority and shall be separate and distinct from the appropriations which the Authority shall receive in accordance with Section 25 of this Act: *Provided*, That the Authority, in coordination with the local government units and other relevant EMUs, shall institute a mechanism whereby funds collected under this Section shall be extended on a regular basis to concerned LGUs and relevant EMUs solely for the purpose of enforcing environmental protection laws and developing local regulations in furtherance of this Act.

To finance the said Fund, there is hereby imposed the following:

- (a) A national environment protection fee equivalent to ten percent (10%) of the total fees charged, which in no case shall exceed the amount of one hundred pesos (P100.00) for every business or non-business permit or license issued by the government.
- (b) An allocation equivalent to ten percent (10%) of the total unclaimed bank balances escheated in favor of the State under Act No. 3936, as amended (Unclaimed Balances Law);

- (c) Proceeds from fines and penalties and user charges prescribed in natural resource conservation and environmental protection laws and other penalties imposed by the Authority;
- (d) Proceeds from amounts levied by public utility firms as environment fees and/or environment protection fees; and
- (e) Grants, subsidies, endowments and donations in the form of contributions. Such contributions shall be exempt from the payment of taxes.
- **SEC. 34.** *Repealing Clause.* All laws, presidential decrees, executive orders, letters of instruction, rules and regulations or parts thereof inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.
- **SEC. 35.** Separability Clause. If, for any reason, any portion or part of this Act is declared unconstitutional or invalid, the rest of the provisions not affected thereby shall remain in full force and effect.
- **SEC. 36.** *Effectivity.* This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its complete publication in at least two (2) newspapers of general circulation.