	DEFICE OF THE SECRETARY
THIRTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES First Regular Session	) °04 JUN 30 P4:40
	RECEIVED BY : Lulls
SENATE S. No. <u>355</u>	
Introduced by Senator S. R.	Osmeña III

SENATE

#### EXPLANATORY NOTE

This bill seeks to amend RA 8239, otherwise known as the "Philippine Passport Act of 1996" to give life to the Constitutional right to travel guaranteed under Article III, Section 6 of the 1987 Constitution which provides in part "Neither shall the right to travel be impaired except in the interest of national security, public safety, or public health, as may be provided by law."

To safeguard the right to travel, the state has the obligation to preserve and maintain the integrity of a passport as a travel document. Cases of stolen blank passport forms and fake documentary evidences presented for the issuance of a passport persist, perpetuated presented by a criminal syndicates that have mastered the art of forgery and/or who are in cahoots with corrupt government officials by profit instead of upholding the integrity of public service for the public good.

This bill seeks to expand the coverage of punishable acts and the corresponding penalties related to passport forgery. It also aims to institute the safeguards on the issuance and amendment of diplomatic and restricted passports thus giving back the dignity and respect that a passport as a travel document deserves.

In particular, this proposed measure.

- emphasizes that a passport is a document superior to all other official documents, thus any act prejudicial to its integrity is a grave crime against the state to be penalized accordingly;
- expands the list of punishable acts such as accepting applications without lawful authority, selling application forms or lost or stolen passports to facilitate their processing while at the same time also ensuring their integrity;
- further rationalizes the requirements for the issuance of passports to facilitate their processing while at the same time also ensuring their integrity;
- 4. vest the secretary of Foreign Affairs with the discretion, after due notice and hearing, to deny issuance or cancel the same in the interest of national security and public interest;

5. increases the penalty of passport-related offenses from eighteen (18) months-six (6) years to six (6) years and one (1) day to twelve (12) years.

In view of the foregoing, early passage of this bill is earnestly requested.

٠

· · ·

.

· · ·

1 puia n

SERGIO OSMEÑA III Senator

THIRTEENTH CONGRESS OF	THE	REPUBLIC
OF THE PHILIPPINES		
First Regular Session		

°04	JUN	30	Ρ4	:ZN	

VEN ATE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY 

## RECEIVED BY :\_ Oulu

### SENATE

)

)

# s. No. <u>3</u>55

### Introduced by Senator S. R. Osmeña III

### AN ACT

## TO FURTHER PROTECT THE INTEGRITY OF A PASSPORT, AMENDING FOR THE PURPOSE REPUBLIC ACT NO. 8239, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE "PHILIPPINE PASSPORT ACT OF 1996", AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Republic of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

1	SECTION 1.	Section 5 of F	Republic Act	No. 8239	is hereby	amended to
2	read as follows:					

"SEC. 5. *Requirements for the issuance of Passport*. - No
 passport shall be issued to an applicant unless the Secretary or his duly
 authorized representative is satisfied that the applicant is a Filipino citizen
 who has complied with the following requirements:

"a. A duly accomplished application form and photographs of such
 number, size and style as may be prescribed by the
 Department;

"b. The APPLICANT'S birth certificate duly [issued or] 10 authenticated by the Office of the Civil Registrar General OR 11 ITS LOCAL CIVIL REGISTRAR: Provided, [however] That if 12 [the birth of] the applicant [has not been registered yet,] WAS 13 BORN BEFORE 1950 [or if] AND his birth certificate [is] HAS 14 BEEN destroyed, damaged, or IS not available due to other 15 causes, [he shall apply for delayed registration of his birth with 16

the Office of the Civil Registrar General which shall issue to 1 said applicant a certification of pending application for delayed 2 3 registration of birth attaching thereto a copy of an accomplished certificate of live birth. Such certification and the 4 accomplished certificate of live birth shall be sufficient to 5 support an application for passport in addition to other papers 6 which the Department may require from the applicant] HE 7 SHALL PRESENT A BAPTISMAL CERTIFICATE ISSUED BY 8 A CHRISTIAN RELIGIOUS ORGANIZATION OR SIMILAR OR 9 EQUIVALENT CERTIFICATE ISSUED BY A NON-CHRISTIAN 10 RELIGIOUS GROUP, ATTESTING TO THE APPLICANT HAVING BEEN ADMITTED TO SUCH RELIGIOUS GROUP 12 OR SECT AT AN EARLY AGE WHERE IT IS INDICATED 13 THAT THE APPLICANT IS A FILIPINO CITIZEN AND 14 ACCOMPANIED WITH A JOINT AFFIDAVIT BY TWO 15 PERSONS WHO HAVE PERSONAL KNOWLEDGE OF THE 16 APPLICANT AND OF SUCH AGE AS TO CREDIBLY STATE 17 THE APPLICANT'S DATE AND PLACE OF BIRTH. 18 DITIZENSHIP AND NAME OF PARENTS; PROVIDED, 19 FURTHER, THAT FILIPINOS WHO DO NOT SUBSCRIBE TO 20 ANY RELIGION AND WHOSE PARENTS FOR ANY REASON FAILED TO HAVE THE APPLICANT BAPTIZED SHALL BE 22 EXEMPTED FROM THE REQUIREMENT TO PRESENT A 23 BAPTISMAL CERTIFICATE PRESCRIBED HEREIN AND IN 24 LIEU THEREOF, THE APPLICANT SHALL EXECUTE AN 25 AFFIDAVIT TO THAT EFFECT DULY CORROBORATED BY THE AFIDAVIT OF AT LEAST TWO PERSONS OF GOOD 27 REPUTATION WHO PERSONALLY KNOW SUCH FACT; 28 PROVIDED, FURTHER, THAT, IF THE APPLICANT WAS

11

21

26

29

BORN IN OR AFTER 1950 AND HIS BIRTH CERTIFICATE HAS BEEN DESTROYED, DAMAGED OR IS NOT AVAILABLE AT THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL REGISTRAR GENERAL OR THE LOCAL CIVIL REGISTRAR DUE TO OTHER CAUSES, HE SHALL BE REQUIRED TO FILE A DELAYED REGISTRATION OF BIRTH WITH THE LOCAL CIVIL REGISTRAR; *PROVIDED, FINALLY,* THAT THIS PROVISION SHALL NOT PREVENT LATE REGISTRANTS BORH BEFORE 1950 FROM APPLYING FOR A DELAYED REGISTRATION OF BIRTH.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

28

29

"Ic) In the absence of a birth certificate, a baptismal certificate for 11 those who are members of a Christian religious organization, or 12 similar or equivalent certificate issued by a non-Christian 13 religious group, attesting to the applicant's having been 14 admitted to such religious group or sect at an early age and 15 where it is indicated that the applicant is a Filipino citizen, 16 which should be accompanied by a joint affidavit by two (2) 17 persons who have personal knowledge of the applicant and of 18 such age as to credibly state the applicant's date and place of 19 birth, citizenship, and names of parents: Provided, That 20 Filipinos who do not believe in any religion and whose parents 21 for any reason failed to have the said applicant baptized shall 22 be exempted from the baptismal certificate requirement: 23 Provided, further, That in lieu thereof, the applicant shall 24 execute an affidavit to that effect duly corroborated by affidavit 25 of at least two (2) persons of good reputation who personally 26 know such fact;] 27

"C) THE APPLICANTS VOTERS IDENTIFICATION R AFFIDAVIT DULY ISSUED BY THE COMMISSION ON ELECTIONS IN THE LOCALITY WHERE THE APPLICANT IS A REGISTERED VOTER IF THE APPLICANT IS AT LEAST EIGHTEEN (18) YEARS OF AGE;

1

2

3

"d) In case of a MARRIED woman who [is] OPTS TO ADOPT THE 4 SURNAME OF HER HUSBAND, AN AUTHENTICATED COPY 5 OF HER MARRIAGE CONTRACT: PROVIDED, THAT A 6 married[,] WOMAN WHO IS [separated, divorced or] widowed 7 or DIVORCED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ARTICLE 26 OF 8 EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 209, AS AMENDED 9 BY 10 EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 227, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS "THE FAMILY CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES OF 1988", OR 11 whose marriage has been annulled or declared by ANY court 12 OF LAW as void AND WHO OPTS TO REVERT TO THE USE 13 OF HER MAIDEN NAME, [a copy of the certificate of marriage, 14 court decree of separation, divorce or annulment or certificate 15 of SHALL PRESENT AN AUTHENTICATED death 16 CERTIFICATE of [the deceased] HER spouse, [duly issued 17 and authenticated by the Office of the Civil Registrar General: 18 Provided, That in case of [a] OR AN AUTHENTICATED COPY 19 OF THE divorce decree[,] or court decree of ANNULMENT, [or 20 declaration of marriage as void, the woman applicant may 21 revert to the use of her maiden name: Provided, further, That 22 such divorce is recognized under existing laws of the 23 Philippines] AS THE CASE MAY BE; 24

"e) In the case of naturalized citizens, a [certified] copy of the 25 naturalization certificate DULY ISSUED AND 26 AUTHENTICATED BY THE OFFICE OF THE CIVIL 27 REGISTRAR GENRAL; PROVIDED, THAT, IN CASE OF 28 DERIVATIVE NATURALIZATION, THE APPLICANT SHALL 29

BE REQUIRED TO PRESENT A COPY [or a certified] OF THE naturalization certificate of HIS [husband or] parent OR SPOUSE duly issued and authenticated by the Office of the Civil Registrar General [if citizenship is claimed through naturalization of spouse or parent];

1

2

3

4

5

"f) For [an] MINOR applicantS [who has not reached the age of 6 majority, an affidavit of consent from a parent as indicated in 7 the passport application] PERSONAL APPERANCE OF 8 EITHER PARENT SHALL BE REQUIRED: PROVIDED, THAT, 9 IF A PERSON OTHER THAN THE MINOR'S PARENT FILES 10 THE APPLICATION, A SPECIAL POWER OF ATTORNEY 11 DULY EXECUTED BY EITHER PARENT SHALL BE 12 PRESENTED FOR THIS PURPOSE; PROVIDED, FURTHER, 13 THAT [if the] minor PASSPORT APPLICANTS [is] travelling 14 with either parent[,] SHALL PRESENT THE PASSPORT OF 15 HIS TRAVELLING COMPANION; PROVIDED, FINALLY, 16 THAT, [and a clearance from the Department of Social Welfare 17 and Development,] if [the minor] HE is NOT travelling with [a 18 legal guardian or a person other than a] EITHER parent, AN 19 AFFIDAVIT OF SUPPORT AND CONSENT FROM EITHER 20 21 PARENT SHALL BE SUBMITTED;

"g) if the applicant is [an adopted person] FOR ADOPTION BY 22 FOREIGN PARENTS UNDER R.A. NO. 8043, OTHERWISE 23 KNOWN AS THE "INTERCOUNTRY ADOPTION ACT OF 24 1995", the [duly] certified TRUE copy of THE court [order of 25 26 adoption] DECREE OF ABANDONMENT OF CHILD, DEATH CERTIFICATE OF THE CHILD'S PARENT, OR THE DEED OF 27 VOLUNTARY COMMITMENT EXECUTED BY 28 EITHER 29 PARENT AFTER BIRTH OF THE CHILD: PROVIDED, THAT

[together with the original and amended] THE 1 2 AUTHENTICATED birth OR FOUNDING certificate[s], PLACEMENT AUTHORITY AND THE FORMAL 3 ENDORSEMENT OF THE CHILD TO THE INTER-COUNTRY 4 ADOPTION BOARD [duly issued and authenticated by the 5 Office of the Civil Registrar General shall be presented: 6 Provided, That in case the adopted person is an infant or a 7 minor or the applicant is for adoption by foreign parents, and 8 authority from] OF the Department of Social Welfare and 9 Development [shall be required:] ARE PRESENTED [Provided, 10 further, That the adopting foreign parents shall also submit a 11 12 certificate from their embassy or consulate that they are gualified to adopt such infant or minor child]; AND 13

"[h) In case of discrepancy between the applicant's name in the 14 birth certificate and in any other private documents, the former 15 shall prevail over the latter unless by operation of law or 16 through court order, the applicant is permitted to use name 17 other than what is officially recorded in the Civil Register; and] 18 "[i)] H) If the applicant is a government OFFICIAL OR employee, 19 [the] A travel authority [issued by the head of department, 20 agency or office may be] FROM THE APPROPRIATE HEADS 21 OF AGENCIES SHALL BE required [only] if [said applicant] HE 22 is applying for A DIPLOMATIC AND/OR [an] official passport." 23

SEC. 2. Section 6 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows:
 "SEC. 6. *Application*. – The application [may] SHALL be filed by
 ANY OF THE FOLLOWING:

27 "a) The applicant himself or herself [; or] *PROVIDED*, THAT, IF
 28 THE PERSON IS APPLYING FOR A PASSPORT FOR THE
 29 FIRST TIME, HE OR SHE SHALL PRESENT HIMSELF OR

HERSELF IN PERSON TO PROVE THAT HE OR SHE IS THE
SAME PERSON AND OF THE AGE CLAIMED IN THE
APPLICATION FORM; *PROVIDED, FURTHER*, THAT THIS
REQUIREMENT MAY BE WAIVED WHEN THE APLICANT IS
NOT MORE THAN EIGHT (8) YEARS OF AGE, OR AT LEAST
SIXTY (60) YEARS OLD, OR MENTALLY OR PHYSICALLY
INCAPACITATED; OR

"b) The parent or legal guardian on behalf of an applicant who is below the age of majority [.] OR A SENIOR CITIZEN AT LEAST SIXTY (60) YEARS OLD, OR VERBALLY AND PHYSICALLY CHALLENGED; OR

Ĩ

8

9

10

11

"[In case of first time applicants, the applicant must present 12 himself/herself in person to prove that he or she is the same 13 person and of the age claimed in the application form. In case of 14 renewal the application may be filed by any licensed travel agency 15 duly accredited by the Department of Foreign Affairs: Provided, 16 That the agent shall be responsible for the authenticity or bona fide 17 of the supporting documents being presented to meet the 18 requirement for the application of passports.] 19

20 "C) A LICENSED TRAVEL OR RECRUITMENT AGENCY DULY
21 ACCREDITED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF FOREIGN
22 AFFAIRS: *PROVIDED*, THAT THE AGENT SHALL BE
23 RESPONSIBLE FOR THE AUTHENTICITY OF THE
24 SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS BEING PRESENTED TO
25 MEET THE REQUIREMENT FOR THE APPLICATION OF
26 PASSPORTS.

27 "THE DEPARTMENT SHALL HAVE THE RIGHT TO
 28 REQUIRE ALTERNATIVE DOCUMENTS AS MAY BE

SPECIFIED IN THE IMPLEMENTING RULES AND l **REGULATIONS FORMULATED TO ENFORCE THIS LAW."** 2 SEC. 3. Section 7 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows: 3 "SEC. 7. Types of Passports. - The Secretary or the authorized 4 representative or consular officer may issue the following types of 5 passports: 6 a) Diplomatic passports [for persons imbued] ISSUED TO 7 PERSONS with diplomatic status or are on diplomatic mission such as: 8 9 "1. The President and former Presidents of the Republic of the Philippines; 10 "2. The Vice-President and former Vice-President of the Republic 11 of the Philippines; 12 "3. The INCUMBENT Senate President and the INCUMBENT 13 Speaker of the House of Representatives; 14 "4. The INCUMBENT Chief Justice AND ASSOCIATE JUSTICE of 15 the Supreme Court; 16 "5. The Cabinet Secretaries OF ALL DEPARTMENTS OF THE 17 EXECUTIVE BRANCH, [and] the Undersecretaries and Assistant 18 Secretaries of the Department of Foreign Affairs, AND THE SECRETARY 19 OF THE SENATE AND THE SECRETARY GENERAL OF THE HOUSE 20 OF REPRESENTATIVES: 21 "6. Ambassadors, CHIEFS OF MISSION, Foreign Service Officers 22 of all ranks in the career diplomatic service[,] INCLUDING DESIGNATED 23 FOREIGN SERVICE Attaches, AND DESIGNATED ATTACHES FROM 24 OTHER GOVERNMENT AGENCIES, and member of their families; 25 "7. Members of [the] Congress when on official mission abroad or 26 as delegates to international conferences; 27

•

"8. The Governor of the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas and delegates
 to international or regional conferences when on official mission or
 accorded full powers by the President; and

"9. Spouses and [unmarried] minor children INCLUDING UNMARRIED CHILDREN WHO ARE OF AGE BUT DEPENDENT [of] ON the above-mentioned officials when accompanying or following to join them in an official mission abroad.

8 "The President of the Philippines and the Secretary of the 9 Department of Foreign Affairs may grant diplomatic passports to officials 10 and persons other than those enumerated herein who are on official 11 mission abroad.

"b) Official passports [to be] issued to all government officials and employees on official trip abroad but who are not on a diplomatic mission or delegates to international or regional conferences or have not been accorded diplomatic status such as:

"1. Undersecretaries and Assistant Secretaries of the Cabinet
 other than the Department of Foreign Affairs, the PRESIDING
 JUSTICE AND Associate Justices OF THE COURT OF
 APPEALS, [and] other members of the Judiciary, [members of
 the Congress] and all other government officials and
 employees travelling on official business and official time;

23 "2. Staff officers and employees of the Department of Foreign
 24 Affairs assigned to diplomatic and consular posts and officers
 25 and representatives of other government departments and
 26 agencies assigned abroad;

27 "3. Persons in the domestic service and household members of
 28 officials assigned to diplomatic or consular posts[;] NOT
 29 EXCEEDING TWO (2);

•

4

5

6

7

12

13

14

15

16

- "4. Spouses and unmarried minor children of the officials mentioned above when accompanying or following to join them[,];
- "5. FORMER SENATE PRESIDENTS AND SPEAKERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES;
  - "6. RETIRED CHIEF JUSTICES AND ASSOCIATE JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT.
- "c) Regular Passport issued to Filipino citizens who are not eligible 8 or entitled to diplomatic or official passports, including 9 government officials or employees going abroad for pleasure 10 or other personal reasons. Government officials and 11 employees and members of their families may, during their 12 incumbency in office, hold two passports simultaneously: (1) a 13 regular passport for private travel; (2) a diplomatic or official 14 passport when travelling abroad on diplomatic or official 15 business. The wife and minor children of persons entitled to a 16 diplomatic or official passport shall be issued regular 17 passports, if they are not accompanying or following to join 18 them." 19

**SEC. 4.** Section 8 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 8. *Grounds for Denial, Cancellation or Restrictions.* –
 The application for passport may be denied, cancelled or restricted only
 on the following grounds:

"a) Denial of Passport

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

20

24

"1. On orders of the court, after due notice and hearing, to hold the
departure of an applicant because of a pending criminal case;
"2. When so requested by the natural or legal guardian, if the
applicant is a minor;

"3. When the applicant has been found to have violated any of the 1 provisions of this Act; 2 "4. FAILURE OF APPLICANT TO PRESENT DOCUMENTARY 3 THE PASSPORT REQUIREMENTS TO SUPPORT 4 APPLICATION; 5 **"5. UPON LAWFUL ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF FOREIGN** 6 AFFAIRS, AFTER DUE NOTICE AND HEARING, WHEN HE 7 DEEMS IT NECESSARY IN THE INTEREST OF NATIONAL 8 SECURITY OR PUBLIC SAFETY; 9 "6. CANCELLATION OF APPLICANT'S PASSPORT UNDER 10 SECTION 8 (B) HEREOF; AND 11 "[4] 7. Such other disgualification under existing laws. 12 "b) Cancellation OF PASSPORT 13 "1. When the holder is a fugitive from justice; OR 14 "2. When the holder [has] HAD been convicted BY FINAL 15 JUDGMENT of a criminal offense: Provided, That [the passport 16 may be restored after service of sentence] HE SHALL BE 17 ELIGIBLE TO APPLY FOR A NEW PASSPORT AFTER 18 GRANT OF PROBATION, SERVICE OF SENTENCE, GRANT 19 OF CONDITIONAL OR ABSOLUTE PARDON, OR ISSUANCE 20 OF AMNESTY; or 21 22 "3. [When a passport was acquired fraudulently or tampered with.] UPON FINDING BY THE SECRETARY OF FOREIGN 23 AFFAIRS OR HIS AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE OR 24 25 CONSULAR OFFICER OR UPON RECOMMENDATION OF THE COMMISSIONER OF THE BUREAU OF IMMIGRATION 26 THAT A PASSPORT HAS BEEN ACQUIRED THROUGH 27 FRAUD OR MISREPRESENTATION OR 28 HAS BEEN

TAMPERED WITH SUBSEQUENT TO ITS RELEASE OR ISSUANCE; OR

"4. UPON LAWFUL ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF FOREIGN
 AFFAIRS, AFTER DUE NOTICE AND HEARING, WHEN HE
 DEEMS IT NECESSARY IN THE INTEREST OF NATIONAL
 SECURITY OR PUBLIC SAFETY.

"c) ISSUANCE OF Restricted PASSPORTS.

1

2

7

- 8 "1. When the country of destination is in a state of political
   9 instability [which] AND could pose a danger to the Filipino
   10 traveler;
- "2. When THE COUNTRY OF DESTINATIN HAS SEVERED
   diplomatic ties[have been fractured or severed] with the
   Philippines;
- "3. When the country of destination is subject to travel restriction
   by government policy, enforcement of action by the United
   Nations or in a state of war[.];
- 17 "4. WHEN TRAVEL HAS BEEN AUTHORIZED BY A
   18 COMPETENT COURT OR THE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT
   19 TO A SPECIFIED DESTINATION ONLY; AND
- **"5. WHEN THE APPLICANT'S SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS** 20 APPEAR INADEQUATE TO ESTABLISH PHILIPPINE 21 CITIZENSHIP AND THE TRAVEL IS FOR URGENT MEDICAL 22 REASONS AS CERTIFIED BY A PHYSICIAN, OR TO 23 ATTEND TO A SERIOUSLY ILL FAMILY MEMBER WITHIN 24 DECREE OF CONSANGUINITY OR THE SECOND 25 AFFINITY." 26

Sec. 5. Section 10 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows:
 "SEC. 10. *Validity*. – Regular passports issued under this Act
 shall be valid for a period of five (5) years: *Provided*, however, That the

issuing authority may limit the period of validity to less than five (5) 1 years[;] whenever in the national economic interest or political stability of 2 the country, OR WHENEVER THE SECRETARY OF FOREIGN 3 AFFAIRS DEEMS THAT NATIONAL SECURITY, PUBLIC SAFETY OR 4 PUBLIC HEALTH SO REQUIRES, OR WHENEVER THE 5 SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS APPEAR INADEQUATE TO ESTABLISH 6 FILIPINO CITIZENSHIP AND THE TRAVEL IS FOR URGENT 7 MEDICAL REASONS AS CERTIFIED BY A PHYSICIAN, OR TO 8 ATTEND TO A SERIOUSLY ILL FAMILY MEMBER WITHIN THE 9 SECOND DEGREE OF CONSANGUINITY OR AFFINITY, such 10 restriction is necessary[:]; Provided, finally, That a new passport may be 11 issued to replace one which validity has expired, the old passport being 12 13 returned to the holder after cancellation.

"AFTER THE EXPIRATION OF THE FIVE YEAR PERIOD OF
VALIDITY, THE DEPARTMENT OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS MAY
REVALIDATE A PASSPORT FOR A VALIDITY PERIOD OF NOT LESS
THAN TEN (10) YEARS: *PROVIDED*, THAT, NO SUCH PASSPORT
SHALL BE ISSUED TO ANY INDIVIDUAL UNDER TWENTY (20
YEARS OLD.

"DIPLOMATIC AND OFFICIAL PASSPORT SHALL BE 20 SUBMITTED TO THE DEPARTMENT FOR REVALIDATION BEFORE 21 EACH DEPARTURE OF THE HOLDER: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, 22 THAT MEMBERS OF CONGRESS AND THE JUDICIARY SHALL BE 23 EXEMPTED FROM SUBMITTING THEIR DIPLOMATIC AND/OR 24 OFFICIAL PASSPORTS FOR VALIDATION; PROVIDED, FURTHER, 25 THAT MEMBERS OF CONGRESS AND OF THE JUDICIARY SHALL 26 27 BE REQUIRED TO OBTAIN TRAVEL AUTHORITY FROM THE SENATE PRESIDENT IN THE CASE OF SENATORS, THE SPEAKER 28 OF THE HOUSE IN THE CASE OF THE MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE 29

.

OF REPRESENTATIVES AND THE CHIEF JUSTICE OF THE
 SUPREME COURT FOR THE MEMBER FOR THE JUDICIARY."
 SEC. 6. Section 14 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as

4 follows:

"SEC. 14. Amendments. – A passport may be amended at the
request of the holder for any [lawful purpose,] OF THE FOLLOWING
PURPOSES, PROVIDED [but] THAT such amendment should be
approved by the Secretary or his duly authorized diplomatic or consular
officers[.];

"(A) AMENDMENT OF A WOMAN'S NAME DUE TO MARRIAGE;
OR

"(B) AMENDMENT OF A WOMAN'S NAME DUE TO DEATH OF
 SPOUSE, ANNULMENT OF MARRIAGE OR ISSUANCE OF A
 DIVORCE DECREE GRANTED BY A FOREIGN COURT CONSISTENT
 WITH ARTICLE 26 OF EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 209, AS AMENDED
 BY EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 227, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE
 FAMILY CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES OF 1988.

"[Diplomatic and official passports shall be submitted for
 revalidation before each departure of the holder.]

20 "AMENDMENT MAY NOT BE MADE DUE TO ERROR IN 21 SCRIPTING OR DISCREPANCY IN THE PERSONAL DATE OF THE 22 HOLDER."

SEC. 7. Section 17 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as
follows:

"SEC. 17. *Passport Revolving Fund.* – The Department may
 charge a REASONABLE service fee [of not more than Two Hundred Fifty
 Pesos (P250)] for such service rendered to applicants relating to the
 processing and issuance of passports requiring special consideration,
 waiver or issuance beyond regular office hours. The service fees

received by the Department under this section shall constitute a revolving fund to be called the "Passport Revolving Fund" which may be utilized by the Department for the improvement of its [passporting] PASSPORT and consular services and other Department services except travel and transportation allowances and expenses.

6 "The setting up, use and disbursement of funds shall be subject to 7 review, accounting and auditing rules and regulations of the Commission 8 on Audit and will be subject to an annual review by Congress, [but] AND 9 the Secretary [will] SHALL submit a report on the disbursement of the 10 fund [every six (6) months] ANNUALLY to both the Senate and the House 11 Committees on Foreign Relations."

SEC. 8. Section 19 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as
 follows:

"SEC. 19, Offenses and Penalties. - A passport being a 14 proclamation of the citizenship of a Filipino, is a document that is 15 superior to all other official documents[.] AND As such, it should be 16 accorded the highest respect by its holder [that to do damage to its 17 integrity and validity is a serious crime that should be penalized 18 accordingly: ]. ANY ACT PREJUDICIAL TO ITS INTEGRITY IS A GRAVE 19 CRIME AGAINST THE STATE AND SHALL BE PENALIZED 20 ACCORDINGLY: 21

22

"a) Offenses Relating to Issuances: Penalties – Any person who:

"1. Acting or claiming to act in any capacity or office under the
 Republic of the Philippines, without lawful authority, ACCEPTS
 PASSPORT APPLICATIONS, grants, issues or verifies any passport or
 travel document to any or for any person whomsoever OR IS CAUGHT
 SELLING IN WHATEVER CAPACTIY ANY PASSPORT APPLICATIONS
 FORMS OR LOST OR STOLEN PASSPORTS AND TRAVEL
 DOCUMENTS, shall be punished by a fine of not less than Fifteen

thousand pesos (P15,000.00) nor more than Sixty thousand pesos (P60,000.00) and imprisonment of not less than [eighteen (18) months nor more than] six (6) years AND ONE (1) DAY NOR MORE THAN TWELVE (12) YEARS; or

1

2

3

4

"2. Being a diplomatic or consular official authorized to grant, 5 issue, amend or verify passports, knowingly and willfully grants, issues, 6 amends or verifies any such passport to any or for any person not owing 7 allegiance to the Republic of the Philippines, whether citizen or not, shall 8 be punished by a fine of not less than Fifteen thousand pesos 9 (P15,000.00) nor more than Sixty Thousand Pesos (P60,000.00) and 10 imprisonment of not less than [eighteen (18) months but not more than] 11 six (6) years AND ONE (1) DAY BUT NOT MORE THAN TWELVE (12) 12 YEARS, and upon conviction, be PERPETUALLY disgualified from 13 holding [appointive] public office; OR 14

"3. Being a diplomatic consular officer knowingly and willfully 15 grants and issues to, amend or certifies to the authenticity of any 16 passport or travel document for any person not entitled thereto, or 17 knowingly and willfully issues more than one passport to any person 18 except as provided for in this Act, shall be punished by a fine of not less 19 than Fifteen thousand pesos (P15,000.00) nor more than Sixty thousand 20 pesos (P60,000.00) and imprisonment of not less than [eighteen (18) 21 months nor more than] six (6) years AND ONE (1) DAY BUT NOT MORE 22 THAN TWELVE (12) YEARS, and upon conviction, be disqualified from 23 holding [appointive] public office. 24

25 "b) Offenses Relating to False Statements: Penalties – any person
 26 who willfully and knowingly:

"1. Makes any false statement in any application for passport with
the intent to induce or secure the issuance of a passport under the
authority of the Philippine Government, either for his own use or the use

of another, contrary to this Act or rules and regulations prescribed pursuant hereto shall be punished by a fine of not less than Fifteen thousand pesos (P15,000.00) nor more than Sixty thousand pesos (P60,000.00) and imprisonment of not less than [three (3)] SIX (6) years AND ONE (1) DAY nor more than [ten (10)] TWELVE (12) years; or

"2. Uses or attempts to use any passport which was secured in
any way by reason of any false statements, shall be punished by a fine of
not less than Fifteen thousand peso (P15,000.00) nor more than Sixty
thousand pesos (P60,000.00) and imprisonment of not less than [three
(3)] SIX (6) years AND ONE (1) DAY, but not more than [ten (10)]
TWELVE (12) years[;or].

"[3. Travel and recruitment agencies whose agents, liaison officers 12 or representatives are convicted of offenses relating to false statements 13 shall in addition to the fines and penalties above-mentioned have their 14 license revoked with all deposits, escrow accounts or guarantee funds 15 deposited or made as a requirement of their business forfeited in favor of 16 the government without prejudice to the officials of the branch office or of 17 the agency being charged as accessories to the offense and upon 18 conviction barred from engaging in the travel or recruitment agency 19 business.] 20

21

"c) Offenses Relating to Forgery: Penalties – Any person who:

"1. Falsely makes, forges, counterfeits, mutilates or alters any
 passport or travel documentS, DEPARTMENT STAMPS, or any
 supporting document for a passport application, with the intent of using
 the same shall be punished by a fine of not less than Sixty thousand
 pesos (P60,000.00) nor more than One hundred fifth thousand pesos

(P150,000.00) and imprisonment of not less than six (6) year nor more than fifteen (15) years; or

• .

1

2

"2. Willfully or knowingly uses or attempts to use, or furnishes to 3 another for use any such false, forged, counterfeited, mutilated or altered 4 passport or travel document or any passport validly issued which has 5 become void by the occurrence of any condition therein prescribe shall 6 be punished by a fine of not less than Sixty thousand pesos (P60,000.00) 7 nor more than One hundred and fifty thousand pesos (P150,000.00) and 8 imprisonment of not less than six (6) years nor more than fifteen (15) 9 years: Provided, however, That officers of corporations, agencies or 10 entities licensed in the travel and recruitment industry would be held 11 similarly liable as their agents, liaison officers or representatives: 12 Provided, finally, That forgeries of five or more passports or travel 13 documents, would be considered as massive forgery tantamount to 14 national sabotage and shall be punished by a fine of not less than Two 15 hundred and fifty thousand pesos (P250,000.00) nor more than One 16 Million pesos (P1,000,000.00) and imprisonment of not less than seven 17 (7) years nor more than seventeen (17) years. 18

"d) Offense Relating to Improper Use: Penalties – Any person who
 willfully and knowingly:

"1. Uses or attempts to use, any passport issued or designed for
 the use of another or any supporting documents for a passport
 application which belongs to another; or

"2. Uses or attempts to use any passport or supporting document
 in violation of the conditions or restriction therein contained, or of the
 rules prescribed pursuant thereto; or

"3. Furnishes, disposes, or delivers a passport to any person, [for 1 use by another or other than the person for whose use it was originally 2 issued or designed] OTHER THAN THAT IN WHOSE NAME AND FOR 3 WHOSE USE IT WAS ISSUED, DESIGNED OR INTENDED, EXCEPT 4 WHEN THE APPLICANT IS A MINOR, A SENIOR CITIZEN OVER 5 SIXTY (60) YEARS OLD OR PHYSICALLY OR MENTALLY 6 INCAPACITATED AND THE PASSPORT IS RELEASED TO HIS 7 PARENT, GUARDIAN OR IMMEDIATE RELATIVE: PROVIDED, THAT, 8 IN CASE OF AN EMERGENCY AND FOR HUMANITARIAN REASONS, 9 THE HEAD OF THE OFFICE OF CONSULAR AFFAIRS OR THE HEAD 10 OF THE CONSULAR SECTION OF ANY EMBASSY OR THE CONSUL 11 GENERAL OF A CONSULATE MAY, UPON HIS DISCRETION, 12 RELEASE THE PASSPORT TO A THIRD PARTY UPON THE 13 SUBMISSION OF A WRITTEN AUTHORIZATION FROM THE 14 APPLICANT; or 15

"4. Defaces or destroys a Philippine passport, shall be a punished
 by a fine of not less than Sixty thousand pesos (P60,000.00) nor more
 than One hundred fifty thousand pesos (P150,000.00) and imprisonment
 of not less than six (6) years nor more than fifteen (15) years.

20 "TRAVEL AND RECRUITMENT AGENCIES WHOSE OFFICERS,
 21 AGENTS, LIAISON OFFICERS OR REPRESENTATIVES ARE
 22 CONVICTED OF OFENSES RELATING TO IMPROPER USE SHALL BE
 23 BARRED FROM ENGAGING IN THE TRAVEL AND RECRUITMENT
 24 AGENCY BUSINESS.

"e) Offenses Relating to Multiple Possession: Penalties – No
person or individual may hold more than one valid passport, except as
provided for in Section 7 hereof, and any individual who possesses more
than one unexpired passport shall, for every unexpired passport found in

his possession, be punished by a fine of not less than Fifteen thousand
pesos (P15,000.00) nor more than Sixty thousand pesos (P60,000.00)
and imprisonment of not less than [eighteen (18) months] SIX (6) YEARS
AND ONE (1) DAY but not more than [six (6)] TWELVE (12) years: *Provided*, That the maximum fine and imprisonment shall be imposed by
the court if he attempts to use or actually uses an unexpired passport
which is not in his name.

"In case any of the offenses prohibited in this Act constitutes a
 violation of the Revised Penal Code and the Penalty imposed in said
 Code is heavier than that provided in this Act, the latter penalty shall be
 imposed.

"F) OFFENSES RELATING TO FORGERY OF VISAS AND
 ENTRY DOCUMENTS; PENALTIES. – ANY PERSON WHO

"1. KNOWINGLY FORGES, COUNTERFEITS, ALTERS, OR 14 FALSELY MAKES ANY IMMIGRANT OR NON-IMMIGRAN VISA, 15 PERMIT, BORDER CROSSING, ALIEN REGISTRATION CARD, OR 16 OTHER DOCUMENTS PRESCRIBED BY STATUTE OR REGLATION 17 FOR ENTRY INTO OR AS EVIDENCE OF AUTHORIZED STAY OR 18 EMPLOYMENT IN THE PHILIPPINES OR ELSEWHERE, OR UTTER, 19 USES, ATTEMPTS TO USE, POSSESSES, OBTAIN, ACCEPTS, OR 20 RECEIVES ANY SCH VISA, PERMIT, BORDER CROSSING CARD, 21 ALIEN REGISTRATION RECEIPT CARD, OR OTHER DOCUMENTS 22 PRESCRIBED BY STATUTE OR REGULATION FOR ENTRY INTO OR 23 AN EVIDENCE OF AUTHORIZED STAY OR EMPLOYMENT IN THE 24 PHILIPPINES OR ELSEWHERE, KNOWING IT TO BE FORGED, 25 COUNTERFEITED, ALTERED, OR FALSELY MADE, OR HAVE BEEN 26 PROCURED BY MEANS OF ANY FALSE CLAIM OR STATEMENT, OR 27 28 TO HAVE BEEN OTHERWISE PROCURED BY FRAUD OR

UNLAWFULLY OBTAIN: *PROVIDED*, THAT, THE USE OF FORGED,
 COUNTERFEITED, ALTERED, OR FALSELY MADE VISA, PERMIT,
 BORDER CROSSING CARD, ALIEN REGISTRATION CARD, OR
 OTHER ENTRY DOCUMENT SHALL BE PRIMA FACIE EVIDENCE OF
 KNOWLEDGED; OR

"2. EXCEPT UNDER DIRECTION OF THE DEPARTMENT OF 6 FOREIGN AFFAIRS, OR OTHER PROPER OFFICER, KNOWINGLY 7 POSSESES ANY BLANK PERMIT, OR ENGRAVES, SELLS, BRINGS 8 INTO THE PHILIPPNIES, OR HAS IN HIS CONTROL OR POSSESSION 9 ANY PLATE IN THE LIKENESS OF A PLATE DESIGNED FOR THE 10 PRINTING OF PERMITS, OR MAKES ANY PRINT, PHOTOGRAPH OR 11 IMPRESSION IN THE LIKENESS OF ANY IMMIGRANT OR NON-12 IMMIGRANT VISA, PERMIT OR OTHER DOCUMENT REQUIRED FOR 13 ENTRY INTO THE PHILIPPINES OR ELSEWHERE, OR HAS IN HIS 14 POSESSION A DISTINCTIVE PAPER WHICH HAS BEEN ADOPTED 15 BY THE DEPARTMENT OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS FOR THE PRINTING 16 OF SUCH VISAS, PERMITS OR DOCUMENTS SHALL BE PUNISHED 17 BY A FINE OF NOT LESS THAN FIFTEEN (15) THOUSAND PESOS 18 (P15,000.00) NOR MORE THAN SIXTY (60) THOUSAND PESOS 19 (P60,000.00) AND IMPRISONMENT OF NOT LESS THAN THREE (3) 20 YEARS, BUT NOT MORE THAN TEN (10) YEARS: PROVIDED, THAT, 21 THE PERSON WHO FORGES, CUNTERFEITS, ALTERS, OR FALSELY 22 MAKES ANY IMMIGRANT OR NON-IMMIGRANTS VISA, PERMIT 23 BORDER CROSSING CARD, ALIEN REGISTRATION CARD, OR 24 OTHER ENTRY DOCUMENT SHALL BE PUNISHED WITH A FINE OF 25 NOT LESS THAN SIXTY (60) THOUSAND PESOS (P60,000.00) NOR 26 MORE THAN ONE HUNDRED FIFTY THOUSAND PESOS 27 (P150,000.00) AND IMPRISONMENT OF NOT LESS THAN SIX (6) 28

YEARS NOR MORE THAN FIFTEEN (15) YEARS FOR EACH VISA OR
 ENTRY DOCUMENT."

3 SEC. 9. Section 20 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as
4 follows:

"SEC. 20. Suspension/REVOCATION of accreditation. - [Any 5 duly accredited travel or recruitment agent or agency which violates the 6 prescription on application for passport under Section 6 hereof shall have 7 such accreditation suspended without prejudice to civil, criminal or 8 administrative sanctions including revocation of its license to operate.] 9 TRAVEL OR RECRUITMENT AGENCIES ARE ALLOWED THE 10 PRIVILEGE TO TRANSACT BUSINESS WITH THE DEPARTMENT ON 11 THE BASIS OF TRUST AN CONFIDENCE. FOR THE EXERCISE OF 12 THIS PRIVELEGE, TRAVEL AND RECRUITMENT AGENCIES SHALL 13 REQUIRED TO SECURE ACCREDITATION FROM THE ΒE 14 DEPARTMENT. 15

"A TRAVEL OR RECRUITMENT AGENCY WHICH VIOLATES 16 ANY PROVISION OF THIS ACT SHALL HAVE ITS ACCREDITATION 17 OR REVOKED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUSPENDED THE 18 SCHEDULE OF ADMINISTRATIVE PENALTIES TO BE FORMULATED 19 BY THE DEPARTMENT. ANY SUCH SUSPENSION OR REVOCATION 20 OF ACCREDITATION SHALL BE WITHOUT PREJUDICE TO CIVIL OR 21 CRIMINAL SANCTIONS AGAINST THE AGENCY, ITS OFFICERS, 22 AGENTS AND EMPLOYEES. 23

"The mere submission of spurious, forged or falsified documents
 supporting a passport application by any duly accredited travel or
 recruitment agent or agency shall be prima facie evidence that the said

travel or recruitment agent or agency is the author of such forgery of falsification."

SEC. 10. All laws or parts thereof, decrees, orders, rules and regulations
 inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed or modified
 accordingly.

6 **SEC. 11.** If any provision of this Act is unconstitutional or invalid, the 7 other provisions not affected shall remain in full force and effect.

SEC. 12. This Act shall take effect after fifteen (15) days following its
 complete publication in at least two (2) newspapers of general circulation.

10 Approved,

l

2

· · ·