

Introduced by Senator S. R. Osmeña III

EXPLANATORY NOTE

The archipelagic nature of the Philippine's makes sea travel a major facet of domestic trade and commerce, and travel. The Philippine record of domestic maritime services has recently been marred by mishaps and sea tragedies that took a heavy toll of both life, limb and property. On hindsight, these tragedies could have been avoided by appropriate safeguards that should have been institutionalized by the appropriate laws.

Among the most obvious causes of the more recent tragic incidents overloading and overcrowding of ships beyond their authorized load capacities; the sea unworthiness of vessels plying the domestic inter-island routes; and the incompetence and dereliction among crew members.

This bill seeks to strengthen the existing provisions of law in order to prevent recurrences of these sea tragedies. Most of the existing regulations on maritime safety are in the form of Memoranda issued by the Maritime Industry Authority (MARINA) which lack the necessary deterrents against violations of the regulations. This bill specifies safety measures that should be observed, and safety equipment that must be required of every vessel, and provides for the adequate penalties to strengthen the enforcement of the law.

This bill also seeks to improve the coordination between the MARINA and the Coast Guard, by delineating their respective responsibilities in the enforcement of the law.

To date, no shipowner, officer or government personnel has been taken to account for the recent tragedies that claimed numerous lives, and inflicted countless injuries. The poor and underprivileged who can afford only the services and facilities available from the local maritime fleet have a right to better safeguards, better laws and regulations that will ensure their safety.

In view of the foregoing, the immediate approval of this bill is earnestly requested.

SERGIO OSMEÑA III Senator

THIRTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES

First Regular Session

104 JUN 30 P5:45

SECRETARY

SENATE

S. No. 467

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Introduced by Senator S. R. Osmeña III

AN ACT

MANDATING SHIPOWNERS, SHIP CREW, AND CONCERNED GOVERNMENT AGENCIES TO PROVIDE FOR AND ENSURE THE SAFETY OF PASSENGERS AT SEA, PROVIDING PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS THEREOF, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

1 SECTION 1. *Title*. – This Act shall be known as the "Maritime Safety

2 Act".

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SEC. 2. Declaration of Policies. - It is hereby declared the policy of the

4 State to:

a) Enhance and ensure the safety and quality of passenger-transport services in the country through the provision on board the ship of adequate safety equipment, strict observance by shipowners, ship crew, and passengers of minimum safety measures and standards, and the provision of qualified and competent crew personnel to man and operate the vessels;

10 b) Provide for the effective supervision and regulation of operations of all 11 water transport utilities in the country, particularly those engaged in the 12 commercial carriage of passengers by sea, through the rationalization of 13 functions and responsibilities of various government agencies involved in the 14 enforcement of maritime safety laws; and

1 c) Provide the basis for the criminal liability of shipowners and crew 2 members of ships for any injuries suffered by, or loss of lives of their passengers 3 resulting from their malicious or culpable negligence in the course of 4 performance of their contracts of carriage with such passengers.

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SEC. 3. Coverage. - The provisions of this Act shall apply to:

a) All vessels engaged in the carriage of passengers and goods for hire
regardless of tonnage, including such vessels of foreign registry temporarily used
in Philippine waters; and

b) All types of vessels required to be registered in the Philippines under
existing laws.

11 Warships, naval vessels, non-motorized bancas, sailboats and other 12 watercrafts of less than three (3) gross registered tonnage (GRT) shall not be 13 covered by this Act.

SEC. 4. Mandatory Minimum Safety Standards and Measures. – All
 vessels covered by the provisions of this Act shall strictly observe the following:

a) The showing of a film, at least of ten (10) minutes length and dubbed in
the local dialects of the points of origin and destination of the vessel, pertaining to
the ship's safety, health and sanitation in such places in the vessel, and in such
times that will ensure that most if not all passengers on board have effectively
seen and heard the same.

b) All watertight doors, portholes, ramps and manholes shall be securely
locked and checked prior to leaving port and must be regularly inspected during
the voyage.

c) During any emergency, the posting of crew members and other personnel of the vessel on strategic areas or points in the vessel as may be indicated in its general emergency plan for the purpose of assisting the passengers to, or prioritizing and ensuring their safety;

d) The clearing, at all times, of all passageways of any obstruction. Safe
 and convenient storage for passengers' hand carried luggages must be provided.

e) The wearing of the prescribed uniform and identification cards by the
ship's officers and crew, including security personnel, while they are on duty.

3 SEC. 5. *Provision of Standard Safety Equipment.* – All vessel covered
4 by the provisions of this Act, shall at all times be provided with:

a) Lifevests or lifejackets on board the vessel in the quantity of twenty
(20) units or pieces more than the passenger load capacity of such vessel as
determined and authorized by the Maritime Industry Authority (MARINA),
imprinted with the vessel's name, conspicuously stored in any locker, and must
be readily accessible for use in any case of emergency.

b) Lifeboats or rubber boats on board the vessel in the quantity of two (2)
units more than what is sufficient to accommodate the passenger load capacity
of such vessel, including the crew members of the vessel, imprinted with the
vessel's name conspicuously located in strategic points or areas of the vessel,
and must be readily accessible for use in any case of emergency.

15 c) At least two (2) accessible emergency exits or escape openings in all 16 general areas, and the location of such shall be indicated by luminous signs 17 visible in all passenger areas showing the proper direction thereto.

d) Independent red blinking lights as a part of, and indicating each
 emergency exit or escape opening for the purpose of assisting the passengers in
 identifying such exits in cases of emergency.

e) Emergency lights, in good working condition, in all passenger
accommodations, passageways and stairways, that shall automatically switch on
in any case of power failure in the vessel.

f) Sketches of the vessel indicating the locations of lifejackets and lifeboats, firefighting equipment, emergency exits, and the major sections of the vessel, passageways and stairways, including the vessel's general emergency plan, must be conspicuously displayed in the passenger lounges and inside cabins and suites.

SEC. 6. *Passenger Overloading.* – The following measures shall also be
 strictly complied with:

a) No vessel shall leave port unless its manifest or passenger list shall
have been prepared and made available by the concerned ship officer.

b) No vessel, under any circumstance, carrying more than or in excess of
its authorized passenger load capacity shall be allowed to leave port.

c) No person or passenger without a valid ticket issued by the shipowner
or its authorized agents shall be allowed to board the vessel.

9 d) No shipowner, or its agent, or any of its authorized employee shall 10 issue tickets on board.

11 SEC. 7. Delineation of Functions. – Notwithstanding existing laws, rules 12 and memoranda and issuances the Maritime Industry Authority or MARINA shall 13 promulgate rules and regulations for the effective implementation of the 14 provisions of this Act.

The Philippine Coast Guard or PCG shall assist the MARINA in the enforcement of this Act and its implementing rules and regulations. For this purpose, it shall be primarily responsible for enforcing the provisions of this Act before any vessel leaves, or as it calls on, any port, and whenever, allowed by law, or when necessary in the interest of the safety of the passengers, while any such vessel is on its voyage at sea.

SEC. 8. *Penalties.* – Any violation of the provisions of this Act shall be
punished accordingly.

a) Any violation of the provisions of Section 4 of this Act, except
paragraphs (d) and (e), shall be punished with a fine not less than Fifty thousand
pesos (P50,000.00) but not more than One hundred thousand pesos
(P100,000.00) impassable on the shipowners or juridical entity concerned. For
the third violation of the same provisions, the shipowners and other responsible
officers, as the case may be, shall be punished by an imprisonment of two (2)
years and one (1) day.

b) Any violation of the provisions of Section 5 of this Act shall be
punished with a fine not less than One hundred thousand pesos (P100,000.00)
but not more than Two hundred thousand pesos (P200,000.00) impassable on
the shipowners or juridical entity concerned. For the third violation of the same
provisions, the shipowners and other responsible officers, as the case may be,
shall be punished by an imprisonment of three (3) years and one (1) day.

c) Any violation of paragraph (d) of Section 4 of this Act shall be punished
with a fine not less than Ten thousand pesos (P10,000.00) but not more than
Twenty thousand pesos (P20,000.00).

d) Any violation of paragraph (e) of Section 4 of this Act by any person
 enumerated therein shall be punished with automatic suspension for the first two
 infractions, and with summary dismissal form the service upon the third
 infraction: *Provided*, That, due process has been sufficiently complied with.

e) Any violation of the provisions of Section 6 of this Act shall be punished with a fine not less than One hundred thousand pesos (P100,000.00) but not more than Two hundred thousand pesos (P200,000.00) impossible on the shipowners or juridical entity, or employee or agent concerned. For the third violation of the same provisions, the shipowners and other responsible officer, or agent or employee, as the case may be, shall be punished by an imprisonment of three (3) years and one (1) day.

SEC. 9. *When Injuries or Deaths Occur.* – Whenever less grave or serious physical injuries or death of any passenger occur as a direct and efficient cause of any violation of Section 4, 5 and 6 of this Act as may be shown by evidence in a judicial proceeding, the following persons shall be punished with an imprisonment of not less than six (6) years but not more than twelve (12) years, without prejudice to the penalties imposed in the abovementioned sections:

a) The captain of the ship and/or any crew member, except upon a
showing that they have exercised due diligence in the discharge of their
respective functions, and that they have exerted all possible efforts to avert the

same given the particular circumstances attending the occurrence of the
 incidents.

b) The shipowners or any responsible officer of the juridical entity concerned upon a showing that they induced, facilitated, tolerated, or allowed the commission of any violation of this Act which efficiently caused the injuries or death suffered by any of the passengers, or had knowledge, actually or constructively, of the same and failed to take reasonable steps to restrain the violation, or avert the occurrence of the resulting injuries or deaths.

9 Nothing in this Section shall be construed to prejudice exiting causes of 10 action of affected passengers against the vessel's owners and crew members 11 arising from the breach of their contracts of carriage under pertinent laws.

SEC. 10. *Jurisdiction of Courts.* – The jurisdiction over a case arising from any violations of this Act shall be in accordance with the pertinent provisions of Batas Pambansa Bilang 129 as amended: *Provided*, That, if the violation occurred at sea, the court whose seat is the most proximate in distance to such location of the vessel at sea shall have jurisdiction.

17 SEC. 11. *Repealing Clause*. – All laws, decrees, executive orders, rules 18 and regulations, or parts hereof inconsistent with the provision of this Act are 19 hereby repealed, amended or modified accordingly.

20 SEC. 12. *Effectivity*. – This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its 21 publication in the *Official Gazette* or in at least two (2) newspapers of general 22 circulation whichever comes earlier.

Approved,