Senate Where of the Secretary SIXTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE **REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES** ì First Regular Session) -4 A10 34 SENATE 民族の殺害 472 **S.B. NO.** Ś. Introduced by Senator TEOFISTO "TG" GUINGONA III

EXPLANATORY NOTE

The efficacy of our anti-corruption laws, as well as the deterrence intended through its enforcement cannot be overemphasized. Unfortunately, this is often lost in the length of proceedings that a case normally takes. Because of this, even high-profile cases involving senior public officials and huge amounts of money oftentimes become buried and lost in the memory of our citizens. The need to extract accountability in a timely and relevant manner thus suffers.

Findings from a study jointly sponsored by the Supreme Court and the World Bank entitled "Philippines: Formulation of Case Decongestion and Delay Reduction Strategy Project-Phase I, reveal that on an average, each justice has a workload of 441 cases. Since Sandiganbayan justices work in divisions, each division effectively handles more than 1,000 cases per year. Because of this large number of cases vis-à-vis the number of Sandiganbayan Divisions (only five), in many instances, around only four (4) to five (5) hearings for every case (assuming that there are no postponements) are conducted annually, with an alarming average of three to four months interval between each scheduled hearing. As a consequence, the average time for disposition of cases (from filing to decision) is almost seven (7) years.

This bill seeks to increase the number of Associate Justices in the Sandiganbayan and to allow this Court, despite the retention of decision-making by division, to assign a single justice to hear and receive evidence. It is hoped that these measures would allow for the continuous trial of more cases and to expedite the resolution of the same.

It is essential for the Sandiganbayan to conduct expeditious trials and speedy disposition of cases to impress upon the public its degree of responsibility, integrity, and accountability at all times. Increasing its capacity and rationalizing its procedures will make this court more capable in performing its principal function of eliminating grant and corruption in the government services.

The immediate enactment of this measure is earnestly requested

TO "TG" GUINGONA III **FEOF** Senator

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Senate

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Introduced by Senator TEOFISTO "TG" GUINGONA III

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AN ACT STREAMLINING THE JURISDICTION OF THE SANDIGANBAYAN AND INCREASING THE NUMBER OF SANDIGANBAYAN ASSOCIATE JUSTICES AND DIVISIONS AND, AMENDING FOR THE PURPOSE PRESIDENTIAL DECREEE NO. 1606, AS AMENDED BY REPUBLIC ACT NO. 7975 AND REPUBLIC ACT 8294, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. Section 1, first paragraph, of the same decree is hereby further amended to read
as follows:
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"Section 1. Sandiganbayan; Composition; Qualifications; Tenure; Removal and Compensation- A special court, of the same level as the Court of appeals and possessing all the inherent powers of a court of justice, to be known as the Sandiganbayan is hereby created composed of a presiding justice and [fourteen] FORTY FOUR (44) associate justices who shall be appointed by the President."

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SECTION 2. The first paragraph of Section 3 of the same decree is hereby further amendedto read as follows:

"Section 3. Divisions of the Court; Quorum- The Sandiganbayan shall sit in <u>FIFTEEN (15)</u> divisions of three justices each. The <u>FIFTEEN (15)</u> divisions may sit at the same time.

19The first SEVEN (7) divisions shall be stationed in the Metro Manila area,20FOUR divisions shall be STATIONED in ONE OR MORE CITIES IN21THE VISAYAS for cases coming from the Visayas region, and ANOTHER22FOUR DIVISIONS shall be STATIONED IN ONE OR MORE CITIES23IN MINDANAO for cases coming from the Mindanao region

1 SECTION 3. Section 5 of the same decree is hereby further amended to read as follows: 2 3 Section 5. Proceedings, how conducted; votes required. FOR ALL CASES, 4 THE SANDIGANBAYAN SHALL DESIGNATE A JUSTICE TO 5 HEAR THE CASE AND RECEIVE THE EVIDENCE. HOWEVER, the 6 unanimous vote of the three justices in a division shall STILL BE necessary 7 for the pronouncement of a judgment. In the event that the three justices do 8 not reach a unanimous vote, the Presiding Judge shall designate two other 9 justices from among the members of the Court to sit temporarily with them, forming a division of five justices, and the concurrence of a majority of such 10 11 division shall be necessary for rendering judgment. 12 13 URGENCY. RECOGNIZING THE CRITICAL NATURE 14 SECTION 4. OF 15 INCREASING THE DIVISIONS IN THE SANDIGANBAYAN AS AN 16 INDISPENSABLE PART OF THE EFFORT<u>S</u> AGAINST GRAFT AND 17 CORRUPTION, THE FUNDS FOR THE FIRST FIFTEEN (15) POSITIONS OF THE ADDITIONAL THIRTY POSITIONS FOR ASSOCIATE JUSTICES SHALL 18 19 BE RELEASED AND THE POSITIONS CREATED WITHIN THIRTY DAYS FROM 20 EFFECTIVITY OF THIS ACT, WHILE THE JUDICIAL AND BAR COUNCIL SHALL, IN THE MEANTIME, IMMEDIATELY COMMENCE THE PROCESS OF 21 22 NOMINATION AND SELECTION OF THE NAMES TO BE SUBMITTED TO THE 23 PRESIDENT FOR APPOINTMENT. AS FOR THE REST OF THE FIFTEEN POSITIONS FOR ASSOCIATE JUSTICES, THE SAME SHALL BE CREATED 24 25 AND THE FUNDS THEREFOR RELEASED WITHIN NINETY DAYS FROM 26 OF THE PRESIDENT SHALL EFFECTIVITY THIS ACT. MAKE 27 APPOINTMENTS TO SAID POSITIONS WITHIN THE PERIOD SET BY THE 28 **CONSTITUTION.** 29 30

31 SECTION 5. Separability Clause. - If any provision of this Act is declared unconstitutional,
32 the same shall not affect the validity and effectivity of the other provisions hereof.

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SECTION 6. Repealing Clause. - All laws, decrees, orders, and issuances or portions thereof,
which are inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, are hereby repealed, amended or
modified accordingly.

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40 SECTION 7. Effectivity. – This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days following its 41 publication in at least two (2) national newspapers of general circulation.

Approved,

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