	OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY	
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First Regular Session) RECEIVED BY:	
SENATE		
S. No. 488		

Introduced by Senator S. R. Osmeña III

EXPLANATORY NOTE

In the year 2003 primary industries, including agriculture, fishery, and forestry, comprised no more than 18.12% of Gross National Product (GNP) in real terms. In contrast, industry accounted for 31.45% of GNP, and the service sector, 42.87%.

In the course of economic development and urbanization, it is natural that agriculture and primary sectors diminish relative to industry and services. However, even in advanced economies, agriculture continues to serve as an important resource base for other sectors, and the momentum of industrial development is often built upon the strength of the primary sectors.

The Philippines is richly endowed in natural resources yielding supplies of primary commodities – copper, zinc, forestry products, plantation crops like coconut, sugar, abaca and tobacco. The vertical integration of these sectors could lead to the production of higher value added products, generating employment for our workforce, and providing a cutting edge in our drive for competitiveness. It is important, however, that the benefits from agri-based industrialization should filter back to rural communities for the sake of efficiency and sustainability. It is important that the vertical integration of our primary industries should be pursued along lines anchored firmly on consensus and community-based management

The present structure of government intervention, drawn along lines of bureaucratic specialization among executive departments, and with a tendency towards fragmented intervention and divisive policy planning is ill-equipped to achieve vertical integration.

This bill proposes the creation of the Department of Primary Industries which will have the mandate to nurture, shepherd, and champion our primary commoditybased products to success in the world's markets. The Department will have multisectoral coverage, from agriculture and extractive sectors, to industry and the service sectors. Linkages across these sectors are crucial in developing products that our entrepreneurs can offer to the world's competitive markets. In view of the foregoing, early passage of this bill is earnestly requested.

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SERGIO OSMEÑA III Senator First Regular Session

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SENATE

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S. No. <u>488</u>

Introduced by Senator S. R. Osmeña III

AN ACT

CREATING THE DEPARTMENT OF PRIMARY INDUSTRIES, PROVIDING FUNDS THEREFOR AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Republic of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. *Title.* - This Act shall be known as the "Charter of the
 Department of Primary Industries."

SECTION 2. Declaration of Policy. - It is hereby declared to be the 3 policy of the State to promote the sustainable development of its primary 4 commodities as economically and socially strategic sectors. Commodity 5 sectors employ a large segment of the population, especially in the rural areas, 6 and commodity exports and the processed products thereof account for a 7 sizable proportion of the country's national income and export earnings. 8 Commodity sectors also have vast potentials for value added products on 9 the country's drive for global competitiveness can be securely 10 which For these reasons, measures aimed at increasing the efficiency, anchored. 11 productivity and competitiveness of the commodity sector will have both a 12 deep and widespread impact on the economy, on employment, and on 13 poverty alleviation. In order to pursue the above objectives, the state shall 14 encourage community responsibility in the management of natural resources, 15 consolidate and strengthen existing markets for primary commodities and 16

their products, and assist the private sector in penetrating new ones. The 1 state shall also support the development of various downstream linkages 2 through infrastructure and technology development. To carry out such a 3 purpose, and in recognition of the importance of a more effective consensus 4 mechanism that will integrate the often competing sectoral interests in the 5 promotion of our industries, the State finds that the establishment of an 6 executive department is desirable to achieve the best administration of the 7 development process for the commodity-based primary industries of our 8 9 country.

SECTION 3. Definition of Terms. When used in this Act, unless the
 context otherwise requires, the term

- a) "Commodity Board" shall refer to the agency of the Department of
 Primary Industries created under Sec. 8 in relation to a specific
 primary industry or class of primary industries, and placed under
 the supervision of A commodity Director with the rank of
 Department Assistant Secretary.
- b) "Commodity Fund" shall refer to the Commodity Fund established
 in respect to a Commodity Council under Sec.17;
- c) "Council" shall refer to a commodity council established under Sec.
 11;
- d) "primary industry" shall refer to any field of endeavor whose objective is (a) the production of agricultural or other primary produce; or (b) the extraction from the environment of minerals or substances from which energy is made available; or (c) the conservation and sustainable use and management of natural resource.
- e) "representative organization" means, in relation to a Commodity Board, an organization declared under Sec. 10 to be a representative organization in relation to the Commodity Council ;

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f) ".Selection Committee" shall refer to a selection committee
 established under Sec.19 in respect to a Commodity Council;
 SECTION 4. Establishment of Department. - There is hereby

established at the seat of government an executive department to be known as
the Department of Primary Industries.

6 **SECTION 5**. *Functions of the Department*. The Department shall 7 have the following functions :

8 a) to plan and manage the various commodity sectors

9 b) to maintain a data base on primary commodities

10 c) to deliberate on international commodity issues and problems

d) to administer the financial and development performance of the Department and its agencies and instrumentalities; and manage the operational and current issues in the various commodity sectors such as coconut, sugar, fiber, fisheries and aquaculture, abaca, tobacco, copper, etc.

SECTION 6. Powers of the Department. The Department shall have the power to do all things necessary or convenient to be done for, or in connection with the performance of its functions. In particular, the Department may

a) Adopt, alter, use a corporate seal; to contract, lease, buy, sell, 20 acquire, own and dispose, movable and immovable as well as personal and 21 real property of whatever nature (including but not limited to shares of stock or 22 participation in private corporations or in limited partnerships, or in joint 23 ventures with limited liability), bonds, precious metals in bullion, ingots, and 24 easily convertible foreign exchange; to sue and be sued in order to carry out 25 its duties, responsibilities, privilege, powers and functions as granted and 26 provided for in this Act, and to exercise the power of eminent domain for public 27 use and public purpose; 28

b) within the limitation provided by law, raise or borrow adequate and necessary funds from local or foreign sources to finance its projects and programs under this Act, and for that purpose to issue bonds, promissory notes and other forms of securities, and to secure the same by a guarantee, pledge, mortgage, deed of trust or an assignment of all or part of its property or assets;

c) form, establish organize and maintain subsidiary corporations as its
business and operations may require, whether under the laws of the
Philippines or not;

10 d) issue rules and regulations consistent with the provisions of this Act 11 as may be necessary to implement and accomplish the purposes, objectives 12 and policies herein provided; and

e) to exercise such powers as may be essential necessary or incidental to the power granted to it hereunder as well as those that shall enable it to carry out, implement and accomplish the purposes, objectives and policies of this Act.

SECTION 7. Designation, appointment and supervision of Department Secretary - There shall be at the head of the Department a Secretary of Primary Industries (hereinafter referred to as the "Secretary") who shall be appointed by the President by and with the advice and consent of Congress. The Department shall be administered under the supervision and direction of the Secretary.

(a) General duties of the Secretary. The Secretary shall, among his
responsibilities, advise the President with respect to government programs and
activities relating to the development of primary commodities and their
respective downstream industries; develop and recommend to the President
policies for fostering the orderly growth and development of the nation's primary
industries; exercise leadership at the direction of the President in coordinating
all government activities affecting the development of primary industries;

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provide technical assistance and information, including a clearinghouse service 1 to aid national and local governments, private corporations, cooperatives and 2 other organizations in developing solutions to the development of primary 3 consult and cooperate with other government agencies, other industries; 4 executive departments and local government units, including, when 5 appropriate, holding informal public hearings, with respect to government 6 programs for the development of primary industries; encourage comprehensive 7 planning by national and local governments with a view to coordinating public 8 and private sector activities and enterprises; encourage private enterprise to 9 serve as large a part in the country's development programs as it can and 10 develop the fullest cooperation with private enterprise in achieving the objectives 11 of the Department; and conduct continuing comprehensive studies, and make 12 available findings, with respect to the development of primary industries. 13

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SECTION 8. Officers of Department

(a) There shall be in the Department an Undersecretary, and three
 Assistant Secretaries, who shall be appointed by the President by and with the
 advice and consent of Congress, and who shall perform such functions,
 powers and duties as the Secretary shall prescribe from time to time.

(b) Director of Programs. Designation; powers and duties; studies of 19 20 industrial development problems and recommendations for administration of public programs affecting such problems. The Undersecretary shall serve as 21 the Programs Director, who shall be designated by the Secretary. He shall 22 assist the Secretary in carrying out his responsibilities to the President with 23 respect to achieving maximum coordination of the programs of the various 24 departments and agencies of the government which have a major impact on 25 commodities and resource-based products. In providing such assistance, the 26 Director shall make such studies of industry problems as the Secretary shall 27 request, and shall develop recommendations relating to the administration of 28 the development of primary industries, particularly with respect to achieving 29

effective cooperation among national and local government agencies and statutory organizations concerned. Subject to the direction of the Secretary, the Director shall in carrying out his responsibilities, (1) establish and maintain close liaison with the Executive Departments and local government units, statutory bodies concerned and other government agencies, and (2) consult with national, local and regional officials, and consider their recommendations with respect to such programs.

(c) Commodity Directors. The Assistant Secretaries shall serve as 8 Executive Directors who shall head respectively the three Commodity Boards 9 within the Department: one for Agriculture and Livestock; another for 10 Fisheries and Aquaculture, and the third for Forestry and Mining. Each 11 Assistant Secretary shall exercise supervision over the development of the 12 respective commodities under his jurisdiction, and he/she shall have such 13 duties and powers as may be prescribed by the Secretary. He/she shall 14 under the supervision and direction of the Secretary, the 15 administer, departmental programs relating to the respective commodity markets. The 16 Secretary shall ensure to the extent practicable that managers of the 17 Commodity Board programs, at each level of the Department, shall be 18 accountable for program operation, risk management, management of cash 19 and other assets, and program financing related to activities over which such 20 managers have responsibility. 21

SECTION 9. Transfer of functions. Except as otherwise provided, 22 there are hereby transferred to and vested in the Secretary all of the functions, 23 powers and duties of the Philippine Coconut Authority (PCA), the Fiber 24 Industry Development Authority (FIDA), the National Tobacco Administration, 25 The Philippine Fisheries Development Authority, the Sugar Regulatory 26 Administration, the Livestock Development Council, The National Agriculture 27 and Fishery Council, and of the heads and other officers and offices of said 28 29 agencies.

1 SECTION 10. Representative Organizations - The Secretary may, in the Gazette, declare one or more specified 2 by notice published 3 organizations to be representative organizations in relation to a Commodity Council. A declaration may be made in respect of a Commodity Council at 4 any time after the making of regulation under Sec. 9 establishing the Council, 5 even if the regulations concerned are not in force at that time. The Secretary 6 must, in relation to each Commodity Council declare at least one organization 7 to be a representative organization. 8

9 **SECTION 11.** Establishment, functions and powers of Commodity 10 Councils - Where the regulations declare the establishment of an Commodity 11 Council in respect of a primary industry or class of primary industries, there 12 shall be established a Commodity Council, to be known by the name 13 specified in the regulations.

14 The functions of a Commodity Council are:

a) to prepare an industry development plan, and an annual operational
 plan subject to approval by the Secretary and for implementation by the
 respective Commodity Boards;

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b) to review and revise the plan;

19 c) to administer the respective Commodity Funds.

20 d) to evaluate, report to the Secretary and to Congress on projects 21 that are funded

22 (e) to facilitate the dissemination adoption and implementation of the 23 operation plan in relation to the primary industry or class of primary industries 24 in respect of which the Council was established;

25 f) such other functions as are conferred to the council by this Act or 26 any other Act

SECTION 12. *Powers of the Council* - A commodity council has the power to do all things that are necessary or convenient to be done for, or in connection with the performance of its functions. SECTION 13. Constitution and meetings of the Council - A commodity council shall meet at least once a month, or as often as deemed necessary. It shall consist of a Chairperson, a government member, and such number of other members, not fewer than 3 nor more than 7 as the Secretary determines in writing, to be appropriate for the Council.

6 SECTION 14. Appointment of Council members - The members of a 7 Commodity Council are to be appointed by the Secretary. The Secretary must 8 not appoint a person as a government member unless he is satisfied that the 9 person has experience in and knowledge of, government policy processes and 10 public administration. The nominated members of a Commodity Council are 11 to be appointed from persons nominated by a selection committee under 12 Sec. 21.

SECTION 15. Commodity Development Plans and Annual Operational
 Plans - (a) A Commodity Council must prepare an Commodity Development
 Plan, and an annual operational plan that is expressed to relate to the
 financial year during which the plan is in force.

(b) An annual operation plan is to specify the broad groupings of 17 18 activities that the Commodity Council proposes to be funded, wholly or partly from the Council's Commodity Fund during the financial year; describe how 19 and to what extent funding those activities will give effect to the Development 20 plan in force during that financial year; in particular pursue the strategies 21 outlined in the development plan and help achieve the objectives described in 22 the plan; and provide an estimate of the total amounts likely to be spent from 23 the Council's Commodity Fund in respect of each broad grouping of activities 24 the Council proposes to be funded during the financial year; and the total 25 amounts that are likely to be paid into the Council's Commodity Fund during 26 the financial year. 27

(c) A Commodity Council must not submit a Commodity Development
 Plan to the Secretary for his approval or request the Secretary's approval to

the variation of a Commodity Development Plan unless the Council has at least one month beforehand, given a copy of the plan, variation or request to the respective Commodity Board; and if the respective Commodity Board has indicated to the Council that it wishes to have its comments accompany the plan, variation or request - the plan, variation or request is accompanied by the written comments that the Commodity Board has provided to the Council for that purpose.

e) To the extent that it is practicable to do so, a Commodity Council must ensure that at any time, the performance of its functions and the exercise of its powers are consistent with and designed to give effect to any *Commodity* Development Plan and annual operating plan prepared by it and in force at the time.

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SECTION 16. Accountability

(1) A Commodity Council must, as soon as practicable after the end
 of each financial year, prepare and give to the Secretary a report of its
 operations during the financial year just ended.

(2) Without limiting the matters that a Commodity Council may include 17 in its annual report for a period, it must include in the report particulars of : the 18 activities that it proposed should be funded, wholly or partly from its 19 Commodity Fund, during the period; and the amount that was spend from the 20 Fund during the period in relation to each of those activities; and revisions in its 21 Development plan or annual operational plan approved by the Secretary 22 during the period; agreements that the Board entered into in behalf of the 23 Council during the period and the activities of the Board within the period in 24 relation to agreements entered into during the period; and the Board's 25 activities on behalf of the Council during the period; significant acquisitions 26 and dispositions of real property by the Board on behalf of the Council during 27 the period; an assessment of the extent to which its operations during the 28 period have achieved its objectives as stated in the Development Plan, 29

implemented the annual operational plan applicable to the period; and an
assessment of the extent to which the Council has, during the period
contributed to the attainment of the objectives of the Act as set out in Section
2.

(d) A Council must not give its annual report to the Secretary unless the council has at least one month beforehand given a copy of the report to the Commodity Board, and if the Commodity Board has indicated to the Council that it wishes to have its comments accompany the report - the report is accompanied by the written comments that the Board has provided to the Council for the purpose.

(e) The Secretary must cause a copy of a Commodity Council's
 annual report to be laid before each House of Congress within 15 working
 days of that House after the Secretary receives the annual report.

(f) The Chairperson of a Commodity Council must as soon as 14 practicable after the Councils annual report has been submitted to the 15 provide copies of the report to each of the Council's 16 Secretary, representative organizations, and make arrangements with each of those 17 organizations to attend the organization' annual conference or a meeting or the 18 organizations executive for the purpose of enabling the annual report to be 19 considered, and the Chairperson to deliver an address in relation to the 20 Council's activities in the period to which the report relates; and the Council's 21 22 intended activities in the financial year following the end of the period and the Chairperson to be questioned in relation to those activities. 23

SECTION 17. Commodity Funds - (a) Where as a result of the making of regulations, a Commodity Council is established under Sec. 11 on a particular day, a Commodity Fund is established in respect of the Council on that day, to be known by the name specified in the regulation. A Commodity Fund vests in, and is administered by a Commodity Board.

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(b) There are to be paid into a Commodity Fund amounts equal to the amounts from time to time received by the government under the General 2 Appropriations Act for each levy attached to the Fund; and amounts payable 3 out of the General Fund which is appropriated accordingly. 4

(c) In addition a Commodity Board must pay into the Fund money paid to 5 the Board for the purposes of the Fund; amounts received by the Board from 6 the sale of any property paid for with money from the Fund; or from the sale of 7 any property purchased in the course of activity paid for with money from the 8 Fund; or in respect of any world paid for with money from the Fund; and 9 amounts received by the Board as interest from the investment of money 10 standing to the credit of the Fund. 11

(d) Except as otherwise provided by this Act, money that is in a 12 Commodity Fund may, with the approval of a Commodity Council in respect 13 of which the Fund was established, be spent only a) for the purpose of 14 funding commodity development activities included in the broad groupings of 15 activities specified in an annual operational plan prepared by the Council and 16 in force when payments are made; b) in payment or discharge of expenses 17 and liabilities incurred by the Board in the administration of the Fund; in 18 payment of remuneration and allowances payable under this Act to the 19 members of the Council; in payment or discharge of liabilities incurred by the 20 Board as a result of entering into agreements on behalf of the Council; and in 21 making payments in accordance with arrangements made between the Council 22 and the Board, for services rendered by the Board for the Council at the 23 Council's request. 24

(e) the Board is liable to pay from a Commodity Fund amounts 25 necessary to meet the expenses and discharge of liabilities, incurred by a 26 Selection Committee in connection with the performance of its function, and the 27 exercise of its powers, in relation to the selection of members for appointment 28 to the Commodity Council in respect of which the Fund was established. 29

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SECTION 18. Employees, consultants and administrative agreements The Chairperson of a Commodity Council may on behalf of the Council employ persons to perform administrative and clerical services in connection with the performance of its functions and the exercise of its powers, and engage persons having suitable qualifications and experience as consultants to the council, under terms and conditions of employment to be determined by the Council.

8 SECTION 19. Selection Committees - a) The Secretary must appoint 9 on a part-time basis, a person as Presiding Member of Selection Committees 10 for each Commodity Council. The Presiding Member shall hold office for a 11 period not exceeding three years, subject to reappointment, specified in the 12 instrument of appointment.

b) For purposes of appointing the nominated directors of a Commodity Council or filling a vacancy caused by the resignation of or termination of the appointment of any such director, the Secretary must give a written notice to the Presiding Member of Selection Committees for that Commodity Council requesting the Presiding Member to establish a Selection Committee, specifying the period within which the Selection Committee must nominate persons, or a person, for appointment.

c) Upon receipt of a request under paragraph b), the Presiding Member must establish a Selection Committee for the Commodity Council for the purpose of nominating a person or persons for appointment to the Council; give to each of the Council's representative organizations written notice requesting the organization to nominate to the Secretary persons for appointment to the Selection Committee.

d) The Selection Committee so established consists of the following members: The Presiding Member and 3 to 6 other members appointed by the Secretary on the nomination of the respective representative organizations. e) Where the Secretary is satisfied that nominations for membership of a Selection Committee as provided for in paragraph C will not be made within a reasonable time, the Secretary may appoint persons to be members of the Selection Committee as if they had been so nominated.

f) Where the Secretary is not satisfied that a person nominated for
appointment should be appointed, he may reject the nomination and request
another nomination.

g) For the purpose of enabling it to make a nomination, the Selection 8 nomination of persons for appointment Committee must invite by 9 advertisements placed in a newspaper of general circulation; must invite 10 nomination of persons for appointment from the representative organizations of 11 Council: and may invite nomination of persons the Commodity for 12 appointment in any other way it considers appropriate. 13

h) A notice is to include a statement containing in respect of each nominee: details of the nominee's qualifications and experience and any other information relating to the nominee that the Selection Committee considers will assist the Secretary in deciding whether or not to appoint the nominee; and specifying how, in the Selection Committee's opinion, the nomination will best ensure that the members of the Council concerned collectively possess an appropriate balance of expertise in accordance with paragraph i).

i) A Selection Committee must not nominate a person for appointment 21 to a Commodity Council unless the person appears to the Selection Committee 22 to be suitably qualified for appointment because of expertise in one of more of 23 24 the following fields: commodity production; commodity processing; commodity marketing; conservation of natural resources; environmental and ecological 25 development administration; business 26 matters; economics; finance; management; and sociology. 27

j) The Selection Committee is to nominate only one person in respect
 of each appointment to be made by the Secretary. In making the nomination,

the Selection Committee must choose from the available candidates the person who will best ensure that the members of the Council concerned collectively possess an appropriate balance of expertise in as many as possible fields referred to in paragraph i) having in regard to the particular primary industry or class of primary industries in respect of which the Council is to be established.

k) A person may be nominated by a Selection Committee even if, on
one or more previous occasions a proposal for a nomination for the person's
appointment to a Commodity Council has been rejected at a meeting of a
Selection Committee, or the Secretary has rejected such a nomination.

11 I) The Presiding Member of the Selection Committee must as soon as practicable after every calendar year prepare and give to the Minister a 12 report of the operations during the immediately preceding calendar year of 13 Selection Committees established by the Presiding member or another person 14 15 who was the Presiding Member of Selection Committees for the Commodity Council. A report for a calendar year may, subject to agreement between the 16 Presiding member and the Chairperson of the Commodity Council concerned, 17 be included as a discrete part in the Council's annual report for that calendar 18 year. 19

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SECTION 20. Administrative Provisions.

(a) *Transfer of personnel, assets, etc.* The personnel employed in
connection with and the assets, liabilities, contracts, property, records, and
unexpended balances of appropriations, authorizations, allocations, or other
funds held, used, arising from or available or to be made available in
connection with, the functions, powers and duties transferred by Sec. 9 of this
Act are hereby transferred with such functions, powers and duties, respectively.

27 (b) *Employment, compensation, authority and duties of personnel.* The 28 Secretary is authorized, subject to the civil service and classification laws, to 29 select, appoint, employ and fix the compensation of such officers and employees, including attorneys, as shall be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act and to prescribe their authority and duties: *Provided*, That any other provision of the law to the contrary notwithstanding, the Secretary may fix the compensation for not more than six (6) positions in the Department at the annual rate applicable to positions in level _____ provided by the Salary Standardization Law

(c) Delegation of authority; rules and regulations. The Secretary may
delegate any of his functions, powers and duties to such officers and employees
of the Department as he may designate, may authorize such successive redelegations of such functions, powers and duties as he may deem desirable,
and may make such rules and regulations as may be necessary to carry out his
functions, powers and duties.

(d) Temporary employment of experts or consultants; compensation. 13 The Secretary may obtain services at rates for individuals not the exceed the 14 per diem equivalent to the highest rate for GS___ of the Salary Standardization 15 Law. The Secretary is authorized to enter into contracts with private companies 16 for the provision of such managerial support to the Department as the Secretary 17 determines to be appropriate, including by not limited to the management of 18 corporate or cooperativized farms, the packaging of joint venture projects with 19 foreign investors; and the penetration of overseas markets for resource-based 20 products. 21

(e) Financial transactions. finality; checking accounts for funds in 22 Treasury; availability of funds for administrative expenses; consolidation of 23 24 cash for banking and checking purposes. Except as such authority is otherwise 25 expressly provided in any other Act administered by the Secretary, such 26 financial transactions of the Secretary as the making of loans or grants (and vouchers approved by the Secretary in connection with such financial 27 transactions) shall be final and conclusive upon all officers of the Government. 28 Funds made available to the Secretary pursuant to any provision of law for such 29

financial transactions shall be deposited in a checking account or accounts with 1 the Treasurer of the Republic of the Philippines. Such funds and any receipts 2 and assets obtained or held by the Secretary in connection with such financial 3 transactions shall be available, in such amounts as may from year to year be 4 authorized by the Congress, for the administrative expenses of the Secretary in 5 connection with such financial transactions. Notwithstanding the provisions of 6 any other law, the Secretary may with the approval of the Budget Secretary, 7 consolidate into one or more accounts for banking and checking purposes all 8 cash obtained or held in connection with such financial transactions, including 9 amounts appropriated from whatever source derived. 10

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(f) Fees and charges. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the 11 12 Secretary is authorized to establish fees and charges, chargeable against program beneficiaries and project participants, which shall be adequate to 13 cover over the long run, costs of project supervision, review and financing 14 15 audit by the Commission On Audit and other beneficial rights, service. privileges, licenses and other services. Such fees and charges heretofore or 16 hereafter collected shall be considered non-administrative and shall remain 17 18 available for the operating expenses of the Department in providing similar services on a consolidated basis. 19

20 (g) Gifts and services, acceptance; taxable status of property, investments; disbursement. The Secretary is authorized to accept and utilize 21 voluntary and uncompensated services and accept, hold, administer and utilize 22 23 gifts and bequests of property, both real and personal for the purpose of aiding or facilitating the work of the Department. Gifts and bequests of money and the 24 proceeds from sales of other property received as gifts or bequests shall be 25 deposited in the Treasury in a separate fund and shall be disbursed upon order 26 Property accepted pursuant to this paragraph and the 27 of the Secretary. proceeds thereof shall be used as nearly as possible in accordance with the 28 terms of the gift or bequest. 29

For purpose of government income, estate and gift taxes, property accepted under paragraph (g) shall be considered as a gift or bequest to or for use of the Republic of the Philippines.

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Upon request of the Secretary, the Secretary of the Treasury may invest and reinvest in securities of the Philippine government or in securities guaranteed as to principal and interest by the Philippine government any moneys contained in the fund provided in. paragraph (e). Income accruing from such securities and from any other property held by the Secretary pursuant to paragraph (e) shall be deposited to the credit of the fund and shall be disbursed upon order of the Secretary.

(j) Authorization of Appropriations; allocations for staff and training.
 Notwithstanding any other provisions of law, there is authorized to be
 appropriated for salaries and expenses to carry out the purposes of this section
 P_____ million which shall be available for each of the fiscal years 1998 and
 1999, which amounts shall be used to provide staff in regional field or zone
 offices of the Department to supervise the development of primary industries.

Of the amounts authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section, not less that P____ million of such amount shall be available for each fiscal year exclusively for the purposes of providing ongoing training and capacity building for Department personnel.

21 **SECTION 21.** *Annual Reports.* The Secretary shall as soon as 22 practicable after the end of each calendar year, make a report to the President 23 for submission to the Congress on the activities of the Department during the 24 preceding calendar year.

25 **SECTION 22.** *Transitory Provisions.* All officials and employees of 26 the agencies mentioned in Sec. 6 of this Act shall be absorbed by the 27 Department and shall continue in the service. Those who prefer to retire from 28 the service, if qualified for retirement or to be laid off, shall be given gratuity 29 equivalent to one and one-fourth (1 ¼) months gross pay for every year of service, but in no case more than twenty-two months gross pay, in addition to
all other benefits to which they are entitled under existing laws and regulations.
For this purpose there is hereby appropriated the sum of ______ pesos so
much thereof as may be necessary, out of funds of the National Treasury not
otherwise appropriated.

6 SECTION 23. *Repealing Clause*. All laws, decrees, orders, 7 proclamations and regulations or parts thereof inconsistent with the provisions of 8 this Act are hereby repealed, amended or modified accordingly.

SECTION 24. Separability of Provisions. Notwithstanding any other 9 evidence of the intent of Congress, it is hereby declared to be the intent of 10 Congress that if any provision of this Act or the application thereof to any 11 persons or circumstances, shall be adjudged by any court of competent 12 jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, impair or invalidate the 13 remainder of this Act, or its application to other persons and circumstances but 14 shall be confined in its operation to the provision of this Act or the application 15 thereof to the persons and circumstances directly involved in the controversy in 16 which such judgment shall have been rendered. 17

SECTION 25. Effectivity. This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days
 after its publication in two (2) newspapers of general circulation.

Approved,

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