

SIXTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE)
REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES)
First Regular Session)



Senate
Office of the Secretary

13 JUL 10 09:14

SENATE

S. B. No. **698**

RECEIVED BY: *ja*

Introduced by Senator FRANCIS G. ESCUDERO

EXPLANATORY NOTE

This bill proposes to professionalize the practice of pharmacy by setting a national standard for the profession, likewise creating a professional regulatory board to ensure excellent, globally competitive, and accountable practice of the same.

Pharmacy as a health profession links the health sciences with the chemical sciences and is charged with ensuring the safe and effective use of pharmaceutical drugs. The scope of the pharmacy practice involves traditional roles such as compounding and dispensing medications, but also includes more modern services related to health care, including clinical services, reviewing medications for safety and efficacy, and providing drug information. Pharmacists, therefore, are and should be experts on drug therapy, and are the primary health professionals who optimize the use of medication to provide patients with positive health outcomes. Education and experience in the field should therefore be underscored.

This bill seeks to address the competency needs of the profession and also curb both unintentional or intentional harm that may be caused by an unregulated practice. This proposed measure will fulfill this objective through the:

1. Definition of the scope of nature and regulations of the professional practice of pharmacy;
2. Creation of the Professional Regulatory Board of Pharmacy;
3. Setting up of criteria or qualifications for the licensure of practitioners; and
4. Imposition of penalties for violators of this Act.

In view of the foregoing, the passage of this bill is earnestly sought.

FRANCIS G. ESCUDERO

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S. B. No. 698

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Introduced by Senator FRANCIS G. ESCUDERO

AN ACT
REGULATING THE PRACTICE OF PHARMACY IN THE PHILIPPINES,
REPEALING FOR THE PURPOSE REPUBLIC ACT NO. 5921, THE PHARMACY
LAW, AS AMENDED, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Republic of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

ARTICLE I
GENERAL PROVISIONS

Section 1. - Title. - This Act shall be known as the "Philippine Pharmacy Act".

Sec. 2. - Statement of Policy. The state recognizes the vital role of pharmacists in quality healthcare delivery through their services in providing safe, effective, and quality drugs or medicines; drug information, patient medication counseling, and health promotion. The pharmacists' professional service shall, therefore, be promoted as a component of the total healthcare system, which shall ensure the physical well-being of the Filipinos.

Hence, the state shall develop and nurture competent, productive, morally upright, and well-rounded pharmacists whose standards of professional practice and service shall be excellent, qualitative, world-class and internationally recognized, globally competitive through regulatory measures, programs, and activities that foster their continuing professional development.

Sec. 3. - Objectives. - This Act provides for, and shall govern:

- (a) the standardization and regulation of pharmacy education,
- (b) the examination for registration of graduates of schools and colleges of pharmacy,
- (c) the supervision, control, and regulation of the practice of pharmacy in the Philippines
- (d) the enhancement of professional competence through continuing professional development, research, and other related activities and
- (e) the integration of the pharmacy profession.

Sec. 4. - Definition of Terms. - For purposes of this Act, the term:

- 1 (a) *Biologic Products* are microorganisms, sera, toxins and similar products used for
2 the prevention or cure of human diseases.
- 3 (b) *Brand Name* means the proprietary or trade name given by the manufacturer to
4 distinguish its product from those of the competitors.
- 5 (c) *Cipher* means a method of secret writing that substitutes other letters or
6 characters for the letter intended or transpose the letter after arranging them in
7 blocks or squares.
- 8 (d) *Code* means a system of words or other symbols arbitrarily used to represent
9 words.
- 10 (e) *Compounding* is the preparation, mixing, assembling, packaging, or labeling of a
11 drug (i) as the result of a prescription or drug order by a physician, dentist,
12 optometrist, or veterinarian, based on the said practitioner-patient-pharmacist
13 relationship in the course of professional practice, or (ii) for the purpose of, or in
14 relation to, research, teaching, or chemical analysis and not for sale or
15 dispensing.
- 16 (f) *Cosmetics* are (i) products intended to be applied, poured, sprinkled, or sprayed
17 on, introduced into, or otherwise applied to the human body, or any part thereof
18 for cleansing, beautifying, promoting attractiveness or improving the
19 appearance, or (ii) ingredients or other substances intended for use as a
20 component of any such product.
- 21 (g) *Counterfeit drug/medicine/pharmaceutical* refers to medicinal products with the
22 correct ingredients but not in the amounts as provided, wrong ingredient,
23 without active ingredient/s, with insufficient quantity of active ingredient,
24 which result in the reduction of the drug's safety, efficacy, quality, strength or
25 purity. It is a drug that is deliberately and fraudulently mislabeled with respect
26 to identity and/or source or with fake packaging, and can apply to both branded
27 and generic products. It shall also refer to:
- 28 (i) the drug itself or the container or labeling thereof or any part of such
29 drug, container, or labeling bearing without authorization the trademark,
30 trade name or other identification mark or imprint or any likeness to that
31 which is owned or registered in the Bureau of Patent, Trademark and
32 Technology Transfer (BPTTT) in the name of another natural or juridical
33 person;
- 34 (ii) a drug product refilled in containers by unauthorized persons if the
35 legitimate labels or marks are used;
- 36 (iii) an imported drug product not registered with the Food and Drug
37 Administration (FDA), except drugs brought in the country for personal
38 use as confirmed and justified by accompanying medical records; and
- 39 (iv) a drug which contains no amount of a different active ingredient or less
40 than eighty percent (80%) of the active ingredient it purports to possess as
41 distinguished from an adulterated drug including reduction or loss or
42 efficacy due to expiration.

- 1 (h) *Dangerous drugs* include those listed in the Schedules annexed to the 1961 Single
2 Convention on Narcotic Drugs as amended by the 197 Protocol, and in the
3 Schedules annexed to the 1971 Single Convention on Psychotropic Substances as
4 enumerated in the attached annex in Republic Act No. 9165, which is an integral
5 part of the Act.
- 6 (i) *Devices* refers to any instrument, apparatus, implement, machine, implant, in
7 vitro reagent or calibrator, software, material or other similar or related article:
- 8 (a) intended by the manufacturer to be used, along or in combination, for
9 human beings for one or more of the specific purpose(s) of:
- 10 (i) diagnosis, prevention, monitoring, treatment, alleviation of diseases
11 of diseases,
- 12 (ii) diagnosis, monitoring, treatment, alleviation of or compensation for an
13 injury
- 14 (iii) investigation, replacement or modification or support of the anatomy of a
15 physiological process,
- 16 (iv) supporting or sustaining life,
- 17 (v) control of conception,
- 18 (vi) disinfection of medical devices,
- 19 (vii) providing information for medical or diagnostic purposes by means of an in
20 vitro examination of specimen derived from the human body; and
- 21 (b) which does not achieve its primary intended action in or on the human body
22 by pharmacological, immunological or metabolic means, but which may be
23 assisted in their intended function by such means.
- 24 (j) *Dispensing* is a process whereby a pharmacist receives and checks a valid
25 prescriber's medication order or prescription, and makes available drugs and
26 medicines, with advice on their proper use and other relevant information.
- 27 (k) *Drugs and Medicines* refer to chemical compounds or biological substances, other
28 than food, intended for use in the treatment, prevention or diagnosis of disease
29 in humans or animals, including but not limited to:
- 30 (i) any article recognized in the official United States Pharmacopoeia,-
31 National Formulary, official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United
32 States, Philippine Pharmacopoeia, Philippine National Drug Formulary,
33 British Pharmacopoeia, European Pharmacopoeia, Japanese
34 Pharmacopoeia, and any official compendium or any supplement to
35 them;
- 36 (ii) any article intended for use in diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or
37 prevention of disease of man and animals;
- 38 (iii) any article other than food intended to affect the structure or any function
39 of the human body or animals;

- 1 (iv) any article intended for use as a component of articles specified in clauses
2 (i), (ii), and (iii) not including devices or their components, parts,
3 accessories; and
- 4 (v) herbal and/or traditional drugs which are articles of plant or animal
5 origin used in folk medicine which are: (a) recognized in the Philippine
6 National Drug Formulary; (b) intended for use in the treatment, or cure or
7 mitigation of disease symptoms, injury or body defects in humans; (c)
8 other than food, intended to affect the structure or any function of the
9 human body; (d) in finished or ready-to-use dosage form; and (e)
10 intended for use as a component of any of the articles specified in clauses
11 (a), (b), (c) or (d).
- 12 (l) *Drug or Pharmaceutical Laboratory or Pharmaceutical Manufacturing Laboratory*
13 means an establishment where pharmaceutical products, proprietary medicines,
14 or pharmaceutical specialties are formulated, prepared, compounded, and
15 standardized.
- 16 (m) *Drug Establishments* means FDA-registered companies involved in the
17 manufacture, importation, repacking, and/or distribution of drugs or medicines.
- 18 (n) *Drug Outlets* refer to drugstores, pharmacies, and other business establishments
19 which are registered with the FDA and which legally sell drugs and medicines.
- 20 (o) *Drugstore or Pharmacy* means a place or establishment licensed by FDA where
21 drugs, chemicals, pharmaceutical products, specialties, and devices are legally
22 sold at retail or wholesale and where medical, dental, and veterinary
23 prescriptions are compounded and dispensed.
- 24 (p) *Expiration Date* means the date after which the product is not expected to possess
25 its claimed potency, efficacy, quality, and safety; and after which it is not legal to
26 sell or distribute or use the said product.
- 27 (q) *Filling* of a prescription refers to the act of dispensing or giving out of medicines
28 in accordance with the doctor's order.
- 29 (r) *Household Remedies* shall refer to any preparation containing pharmaceutical
30 substances of common or ordinary use to relieve common physical ailments
31 which may be dispensed without a medical prescription in original packages,
32 bottles or containers, the nomenclature of which has been duly approved by
33 FDA in the process of registration as defined in FDA AO No.115 s. 1991)
- 34 (s) *Generic Name* means the scientifically and internationally recognized name of the
35 active ingredient/s as approved by the Food and Drug Administration.
- 36 (t) *Label* means a display of written, printed or graphic information upon the
37 immediate container, or attached to or accompanying any pharmaceutical
38 products.
- 39 (u) *Labeling* means all labels and other written, printed, or graphic matter (1) upon
40 any item or any of its containers or wrappers or (2) accompanying any such item.
- 41 (v) *Over-the-counter drugs* are drugs used for symptomatic relief of minor ailments
42 which may be dispensed without a prescription.

- 1 (w) *Pharmaceutical products or Pharmaceutical specialties* are drugs, preparations, or
2 mixture of drugs under a brand or generic name and intended for the cure,
3 mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in man or animals.
- 4 (x) *Pharmacist-only over-the-counter drugs* are FDA-classified over-the-counter drugs
5 and/or substances which should only be obtained from the drugstore or
6 pharmacy with mandatory pharmacist's advice on their selection and proper
7 use.
- 8 (y) *Person* includes an individual, partnership, corporation, or any juridical entity.
- 9 (z) *Pharmaceutical marketing* means any activity undertaken, organized or sponsored
10 by a drug establishment which is directed at promoting the prescription,
11 recommendation, supply, administration or consumption of its pharmaceutical
12 product(s) through direct personal contact and all media, including the internet.
- 13 (aa) *Pharmacy Assistants* are those persons who assist pharmacists in dispensing
14 medicines in community, hospital, industrial settings and in other activities,
15 such as, but not limited to medical missions, under the supervision of the
16 pharmacist and as described in Sections 17 and 42 of this Act.
- 17 (bb) *Physician's samples* refer to medicines given to a physician for free for
18 promotional purposes.
- 19 (cc) *Prescription drugs* are those drugs which can only be dispensed by a pharmacist
20 to a patient upon the presentation of a valid prescription from a physician,
21 dentist, optometrist or veterinarian and for which pharmacist's advice on their
22 proper use is necessary.
- 23 (dd) *Refilling* of a prescription refers to the act of dispensing or giving out the
24 remaining balance of medicines ordered in the prescription when the whole
25 quantity ordered is not yet completely filled.
- 26 (ee) *Secret Keys* means a characteristic style or symbols kept from the knowledge of
27 others or disclosed confidentially to a few individuals.

28 **Sec. 5. - Enforcement.** - The Professional Regulatory Board of Pharmacy and the
29 Professional Regulation Commission are the body responsible for the implementation
30 of the provisions of this Act.

31 **ARTICLE II**

32 **THE PROFESSIONAL REGULATORY BOARD OF PHARMACY**

33 **Sec. 6. - The Board of Pharmacy and its Composition.** - There is hereby created a
34 Professional Regulatory Board of Pharmacy, hereinafter called the Board, under the
35 administration, control, and supervision of the Professional Regulation Commission
36 therein after called the Commission, composed of a Chairman and four (4) members,
37 each of which represent the areas of practice of community, hospital, manufacturing,
38 academe, and government service, who shall be appointed by the President of the
39 Philippines from the recommendees ranked by the Commission from the list of
40 nominees submitted by the Accredited Integrated National Organization for
41 Pharmacists.

1 **Sec. 7. - Qualifications of Board Members.** - To be appointed as member of the Board
2 of Pharmacy, a person shall be:

- 3 (a) A citizen of the Philippines and a resident for at least five (5) years;
- 4 (b) A duly registered pharmacist, preferably a holder of a Master of Science in
5 Pharmacy, or its equivalent degree and has been in the practice of pharmacy for
6 at least ten years;
- 7 (c) Of good moral character with a valid certificate of registration, valid professional
8 identification card and preferably with teaching experience; and preferably
9 representing each field of practice;
- 10 (d) At the time of appointment, not a member of the faculty or administrative office
11 of any school, college or university offering degree programs in pharmacy nor
12 connected in a review school or center; nor has any direct or indirect pecuniary
13 interests in any school, college, or any institution offering pharmacy; and
- 14 (e) A member of good standing for at least five (5) years of the accredited integrated
15 national pharmacy association but, at the time of nomination, not an officer or
16 trustee thereof.

17 **Sec. 8. - Term of Office of Board Members.** - The chairman and the members of the
18 Board shall hold office for three (3) years after appointment or until their successors
19 shall have been appointed and duly qualified; Provided, the incumbent Board members
20 shall finish their terms to complete the membership of the Board. *Provided*, further, that
21 the chairman or any member may be re-appointed for another term but in no case shall
22 he/she serve for more than six years.

23 **Sec. 9. - Compensation of the Board of Pharmacy.** - As provided for in R.A. No. 8981,
24 known as the "PRC Modernization Act of 2000", the members of the Board shall receive
25 allowances and benefits equivalent to at least two salary grades lower than the salary
26 grade of the Commissioner, while the chairman of the Board shall receive a monthly
27 compensation equivalent to two steps higher than the members of the Board. The
28 chairman and members shall be entitled to other allowances and benefits provided
29 under existing laws.

30 **Sec. 10. - Powers, Functions and Duties of the Board.** - The Board shall exercise these
31 specific powers, functions, and duties:

- 32 (a) Conduct licensure examination for pharmacists;
- 33 (b) Approve the registration of pharmacists and the certification of drug handlers as
34 covered by Sec. 42 of this Act;
- 35 (c) Prepare, adopt, and issue the Table of Specifications for the subjects in the board
36 licensure examination for pharmacists in consultation with the academe;
37 determine and prepare the questions therefor; score and rate the examination
38 papers with the name and signature of the Board member concerned appearing
39 thereon and submit the results in all subjects duly signed by the members of the
40 Board to the Commission no later than three (3) days from the last day of
41 examination unless extended by the Commission for justifiable cause/s;
- 42 (d) Review and/or amend the scope of licensure examination;

- 1 (e) Add, delete, modify the scope, definition and standards of practice of pharmacy;
- 2 (f) Reprimand any pharmacist, suspend, or revoke his/her certificate of registration
3 on the grounds as provided for in Sec. 46 hereof, after a formal administrative
4 investigation;
- 5 (g) Promulgate from time to time the necessary rules and regulations for the
6 effective enforcement of this Act;
- 7 (h) Monitor the conditions affecting the practice of pharmacy in the Philippines and
8 adopt measures that may be deemed proper for the enhancement of the
9 profession and/or the maintenance of high professional, academic, ethical and
10 technical standards;
- 11 (i) Verify or confirm the qualifications and conditions of pharmacists employed in
12 drugstores, hospital pharmacies, drug or pharmaceutical laboratories, drug
13 traders, importers, cosmetics and medical device establishments for which the
14 Board may designate inspectors from the Food and Drug Administration and
15 other related institutions for such purpose;
- 16 (j) Investigate cases arising from violations of this Act, the rules and regulations
17 promulgated thereunder and the Pharmacist's Code of Ethics, technical
18 standards, and other Board issuances and for this purpose, may issue summons,
19 subpoena *duces ad testificandum* and subpoena *duces tecum* to the respondents
20 and/or witnesses to compel their attendance in such investigations or hearings:
21 *Provided that*, the decision of the Board shall, unless appealed to the Commission,
22 becomes final and executory after fifteen (15) days from receipt of notice of
23 judgment or decision;
- 24 (k) Cite a person in contempt for failure or refusal to obey the lawful order of the
25 Board in accordance with the Revised Rule of Court;
- 26 (l) Delegate the hearing or investigation of administrative cases filed before them
27 whereat the hearing shall be presided over by at least one (1) member of the
28 Board concerned assisted by a Legal or Hearing Officer of the Commission,
29 provided that if the charge is not related to the technical practice of the
30 profession, the hearing may be conducted without a member of the Board;
- 31 (m) Conduct, through the Legal Officers of the Commission, summary proceedings
32 on minor violations of the respective regulatory laws, as determined by the
33 Board. Violations of the rules and regulations issued by the Board to
34 implement this Act, including violations of the general instructions to
35 examinees committed by examinees, and render summary judgment thereon
36 which shall, unless appealed to the Commission, become final and executory
37 after fifteen (15) days from receipt of notice of judgment or decision;
- 38 (n) Subject to the final approval by the Commission, recommend registration
39 without examination and the issuance of corresponding certificate of registration
40 and professional identification card to foreign pharmacists duly licensed in
41 countries with agreement of reciprocity with the Philippine government;
- 42 (o) Prepare an annual report of accomplishments on programs, projects, and
43 activities of the Board during the year for submission to the Commission after

1 the close of each calendar year including appropriate recommendations on issues
2 or problems affecting the practice of pharmacy;

3 (p) Issue and promulgate guidelines on continuing professional development
4 education in coordination with the accredited professional organization;

5 (q) Recommend to the CHED for the closure of the program or course of pharmacy
6 offered by a school/college pursuant to the latter's policy thereon; and

7 (r) Perform any implied, incidental, necessary power for the effective
8 implementation of this Act.

9 **Sec. 11. - Grounds for Suspension or Termination of Term of Office of the Chairman or**
10 **Member of the Board from his/her Office.** - The President of the Philippines, upon the
11 recommendation of the Commission, after giving the Chairman or the member of the
12 Board an opportunity to defend himself/herself in an administrative investigation
13 conducted by the Commission, may remove or suspend him/her on any of the
14 following grounds:

15 (a) Gross neglect, incompetence or dishonesty in the discharge of his/her duty;

16 (b) Violation of any of the causes/grounds/ and the prohibited acts provided in
17 this Act and the offenses in the Revised Penal Code, the Anti-Graft and
18 Corruption Practices and other laws;

19 (c) Involvement in the manipulation, tampering or rigging of the licensure
20 examination, its questions and/or its results and the disclosure of classified and
21 confidential information pertaining to the licensure examination.

22 (d) Conviction of an offense involving moral turpitude by a court of jurisdiction.

23 The Commission, in the conduct of investigation shall be guided by Section 7, and
24 Section 15 of R.A. No. 8981 and the rules on administrative investigation thereof,
25 and the applicable provisions of the New Rules of Court.

26 ARTICLE III

27 EXAMINATION, REGISTRATION, CERTIFICATION, AND LICENSURE

28 **Sec. 12. - Passing of Licensure Examination Requirement.** - Except as otherwise
29 specifically allowed under this Act, applicants for registration for the practice of
30 pharmacy shall be required to pass a licensure examination as provided for in this Act
31 and in accordance with Sec. 7 (d) of R.A. No. 8981.

32 **Sec. 13. - Qualifications of Applicants.** - An applicant for the licensure examination for
33 pharmacy shall satisfactorily show that he/she possesses the following qualifications:

34 (a) Citizen of the Philippines or a foreign citizen whose country/state has
35 reciprocity with the Philippines in the practice of pharmacy;

36 (b) Of good moral character and reputation;

37 (c) A holder of a Bachelor's degree in pharmacy duly recognized or accredited by
38 the Commission on Higher Education (CHED) and conferred by a school/
39 college/university duly authorized by the government or its equivalent degree

1 obtained by either a Filipino or foreign citizen from an institution of learning in a
2 foreign country/state, provided it is duly recognized and/or accredited by
3 CHED;

4 (d) Not convicted of an offense involving moral turpitude by a court of competent
5 jurisdiction; and

6 (e) He must have completed an Internship Program which shall consist of at least
7 nine hundred sixty hours (960 hours), six hundred hours (600 hours) of which
8 shall be spent equally distributed in a community pharmacy, hospital pharmacy,
9 or pharmaceutical industry - manufacturing, regulatory, marketing, or research
10 - and other related fields, while three hundred sixty hours (360 hours) of
11 internship shall be spent in any of the accredited pharmacy establishments or
12 entity chosen by the candidate.

13 For this purpose, the abovementioned community pharmacy, pharmaceutical
14 company, and hospital pharmacy shall keep a separate record of pharmacy students
15 who underwent said internship program directly under their control and as a result
16 thereof, shall issue the proper certificate of said hours of internship. It shall also be
17 the duty of said establishments to submit semi-annually a complete report of the
18 names of those who have undergone training under their supervision and the
19 corresponding number of hours of internship credit of each of the pharmacy
20 students to their respective colleges or schools and to the Board.

21 **Sec. 14. - Scope of Examination.** - The licensure examination for pharmacists shall be
22 divided into two major divisions: Pharmacy as Science and Pharmacy as Practice.
23 Pharmacy as Science shall consist of subjects in Group I (Public Health, Pharmaceutical
24 Microbiology and Parasitology), Group II (Drug Delivery Systems, Physical Pharmacy,
25 Manufacturing Pharmacy, Quality Control I, Quality Control II), Group III
26 (Pharmaceutical Biochemistry, Pharmacognosy, Plant Chemistry, and Philippine
27 Medicinal Plants, Pharmacy and Chemistry of Medicinals I and Pharmacy and
28 Chemistry of Medicinals II.

29 Pharmacy as Practice shall be made up of the following subjects: Group IV
30 (Pharmaceutical Calculations, Hospital Pharmacy, Clinical Pharmacy, Dispensing and
31 Medication Counseling), Group V (Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics,
32 Pharmacology I, Pharmacology II, Clinical Toxicology), and Group VI (Pharmaceutical
33 Jurisprudence and Ethics, Pharmaceutical Marketing and Entrepreneurship and
34 Pharmaceutical Administration and Management).

35 The subjects shall be weighed as follows: Group I, 10%; Group II, 20%; Group III, 20%;
36 Group IV, 20%; Group V, 20%; and Group VI, 10 %.

37 The Board subject to the approval by the Commission may introduce relevant changes,
38 as the need arises, to the content of the examination and the relative weight attributed
39 to each subject in the examination may be made after consultation with the duly
40 recognized association of schools or colleges of pharmacy and the CHED.

41 **Sec. 15. - Holding of Examination.** - Examination for registration to practice pharmacy
42 in the Philippines shall be given twice a year in such places and dates as the
43 Commission may designate in the Resolution thereof on the Master Schedules for all
44 licensure examinations in accordance with Sec. 7 (d) of R.A. No. 8981. The said places
45 and dates may be subject to change under valid circumstances and reasons.

1 **Sec. 16. - Ratings in the Licensure Examination.** - In order to be registered and licensed
2 as a pharmacist, a candidate must obtain a general weighted average of seventy-five per
3 cent (75%) or over with no ratings of fifty percent (50%) in more than two (2) subjects.

4 **Sec. 17. Registration and Licensure of Pharmacy Assistant.** - A general weighted
5 average below 75% but not lower than 70%, with no ratings of fifty percent (50%) in
6 more than two subjects, shall qualify an examinee to be registered and licensed by the
7 Professional Regulation Commission to practice as a pharmacy assistant who shall work
8 under the supervision of a registered pharmacist. To be licensed as a pharmacist, a
9 pharmacy assistant must pass succeeding board licensure examination for pharmacists
10 with a general average rating as provided in Section 16.

11 **Sec. 18. - Report of Rating.** -The Board shall submit to the Commission the ratings
12 obtained by each candidate within ten (10) calendar days after the examination, unless
13 extended for just cause. Upon the release of the results of the examination, the
14 Commission shall send by mail the rating received by each examinee at his/her given
15 address using the mailing envelope submitted during the examination.

16 **Sec. 19. - Oath of Profession.** - All successful candidates in the licensure examination
17 shall take their oath of profession before the Chairman or any member of the Board or
18 any authorized officer of the Commission to administer oaths, prior to entering the
19 practice of pharmacy.

20 **Sec. 20. - Issuance of Certificate of Registration and Professional Identification Card.** -
21 A certificate of registration shall be issued to those who are registered upon payment of
22 fees prescribed by the Commission. It shall bear the signatures of the Chairperson and
23 the Commissioners of the Commission and the Chairman and Members of the Board,
24 stamped with the official seal of the Commission and of the Board, certifying the person
25 named therein is entitled to the practice of the profession with all the privileges
26 appurtenant thereto. Until revoked or suspended in accordance with this Act, it shall
27 remain in full force and effect.

28 A professional identification card bearing the registration number and date, its validity
29 and expiry duly signed by the Chairperson of the Commission shall likewise be issued
30 to every registrant who has paid the prescribed fee. It shall be reissued upon
31 compliance with the continuing professional development education requirement as
32 specified in Article IV, Sec. 27 (d) of this Act and upon payment of the prescribed three-
33 year registration fees therefor.

34 **Sec. 21. - Affixing RPh after a Registered Pharmacist's Name.** - Only pharmacists who
35 are duly registered and licensed by the Board and the Commission has the right to affix
36 this title, "Registered Pharmacist" or "R.Ph." after his/her name.

37 **Sec. 22. - Grounds for Non-registration.** - The Board shall not register any successful
38 examinee for registration who has been:

- 39 (a) Convicted of an offense involving moral turpitude by a court of competent
40 jurisdiction,
- 41 (b) Found guilty of immoral or dishonorable conduct by the Board,
- 42 (c) Summarily adjudged guilty for violation of the General Instructions to
43 Examinees by the Board,

1 (d) Declared of unsound mind by the court of competent jurisdiction, and

2 (e) Found addicted to dangerous drugs.

3 In refusing such registration, the Board shall give the applicant a written statement
4 setting forth the reasons therefor and shall file a copy in its records.

5 **Sec. 23. - Reissuance of Revoked Certificate of Registration, Replacement of Lost or**
6 **Damaged Certificate of Registration, Professional Identification Card or**
7 **Temporary/Special Permit. -** The Board may upon petition, reinstate or reissue a
8 revoked certificate of registration after two (2) years from the date of the revocation of
9 the certificate of registration or the surrender of the revoked certificate and/or the
10 professional identification card if still valid, to the Board and/or the Commission. The
11 Board may or may not require the pharmacist whose certificate had been revoked to
12 take another licensure examination. The petitioner shall prove to the Board that he/she
13 has valid reason/s to be reinstated to the practice of pharmacy. For the grant of his/her
14 petition, the Board shall issue a Board Resolution subject to the approval of the
15 Commission.

16 Duplicate copy of lost or damaged certificate of registration, professional identification
17 card or temporary/special permit may be reissued in accordance with rules thereon and
18 upon payment of the prescribed fee therefor.

19 **Sec. 24. - Non-payment of the PRC Registration Fees. -** The Board shall suspend a
20 registered pharmacist from the practice of his/her profession for non-payment of the
21 PRC registration fees for more than three (3) consecutive years from its last or previous
22 year of payment. The resumption of his/her practice shall take place only upon
23 payment of delinquency fees plus surcharges and interest and in accordance with the
24 rules of the Commission. The running of the three-year period may be interrupted upon
25 written notice about the discontinuance of his/her practice and surrender of his/her
26 certificate of registration with professional identification card to the Board and/or the
27 Commission.

28 **Sec. 25. - Vested Rights: Automatic Registration. -** All pharmacists registered before
29 the effectivity of this Act shall automatically be registered hereunder, subject to the
30 policy as to future requirements.

31 Certificates of registration and professional identification cards or temporary/special
32 permits held by such persons in good standing at such effectivity shall have the same
33 force and effect as though they were issued on or after the said effectivity.

34 ARTICLE IV

35 REGULATION OF THE PRACTICE OF PHARMACY

36 **Sec. 26. - Scope of the Practice of Pharmacy. -** A person deemed to be practicing
37 pharmacy within the meaning of this Article is one who shall, with or without a fee,
38 salary, percentage or other rewards, paid or given directly to himself or indirectly
39 through another -

- 40 (a) Prepare, compound or manufacture, analyze, assay, preserve, store, distribute,
41 sell and/or dispense any medicine, drug, chemicals, cosmetics, pharmaceuticals,
42 devices or contrivances used in pursuance thereof; or

1 (b) render services, such as but not limited to (i) regulatory services, (ii)
2 pharmaceutical marketing, (iii) drug information service and (iv) medication
3 management which covers the following: drug selection and procurement,
4 storage and distribution, dispensing, medication counseling and medication
5 therapy monitoring, whenever the expertise and the technical knowledge of the
6 pharmacist is required, in any drug establishment/outlet or healthcare
7 institution or

8 (c) provide other services where pharmaceutical knowledge is required; or

9 (d) engage in teaching scientific, technical or professional pharmacy courses in a
10 school or college of pharmacy; or

11 (e) conduct or undertake scientific research in all aspects involving drugs and
12 healthcare, or

13 (f) dispense drugs during medical missions and in other situations where
14 supervision of drugs is required.

15 All government and non-government agencies, establishments, institutions, and
16 regulatory body with functions that involve the practice of pharmacy shall be headed
17 and managed only by a qualified, duly registered and licensed pharmacist.

18 All pharmacists are expected to abide by current standards such as the Good Pharmacy
19 Practice, Good Laboratory Practice, Good Distribution Practice, Good Manufacturing
20 Practice, and Good Clinical Practice, which are deemed vital in the performance of one's
21 roles and functions in different practice areas.

22 The Board, subject to the approval by the Commission, may add to, delete, or modify
23 the above acts, services, or activities as the need arises.

24 **Sec. 27. - Prerequisites for the Practice of Pharmacy.** - A person can practice pharmacy
25 in the Philippines provided he/she:

26 (a) has satisfactorily passed the licensure examination for pharmacists given by the
27 Board and the Commission,

28 (b) is duly registered with and licensed by the Board and the Commission,

29 (c) is an active member of the accredited integrated national professional
30 organization,

31 (d) has submitted continuing professional development education units as required
32 by the Continuing Professional Education Council for pharmacists or pertinent
33 laws and regulations for the renewal of his/her professional identification card,
34 and/or

35 (e) a holder of a valid temporary/special permit issued by the Board and the
36 Commission to foreign licensed pharmacists pursuant to this Act.

37 **Sec. 28. - Foreign Reciprocity.** - No foreigner shall be allowed to take the licensure
38 examination for pharmacists, register, receive his/her certificate of registration and
39 professional identification card, and practice pharmacy in the Philippines unless the
40 requirements for the licensure examination and registration and practice of pharmacy

1 imposed under the laws and the regulations in his/her foreign country or state are
2 substantially the same as those required and contemplated by the Philippine laws and
3 regulations, and unless the said foreign laws and regulations allow Filipino citizens to
4 practice pharmacy within the territory of the said foreign country/state on the same
5 basis and grant the same privileges as those enjoyed by the citizens, subjects or
6 nationals thereof.

7 **Sec. 29. - Practice through Temporary/Special Permit.** - A temporary/ special permit
8 may be issued by the Board subject to the approval of the Commission and payment of
9 applicable fees to the following:

10 (a) licensed pharmacists from foreign countries whose services whether for free or a
11 fee

12 (1) if they are internationally renowned pharmacists or experts in any field or
13 specialty of pharmacy,

14 (2) if their services are deemed necessary for lack of specialists or experts in a
15 particular field,

16 (b) licensed pharmacists from foreign countries or states whose services shall be for
17 free and limited to indigent patients as beneficiaries; or

18 (c) licensed pharmacists from foreign countries or states employed as visiting
19 faculty in a field or specialty of pharmacy.

20 The permit shall, among other things, contain these limitations and conditions for a
21 period of no more than one year, subject to renewal, the field or specialty of pharmacy,
22 and the specific place of practice including clinics, hospitals, and schools of pharmacy.
23 The Board subject to the approval by the Commission shall promulgate rules and
24 regulations on the implementation of this particular Section.

25 **Sec. 30. - Indication of Numbers: Certificate of Registration, Professional Tax Receipt
26 and Accredited Integrated National Organization (AINO) Membership.** - The
27 pharmacist shall be required to indicate on any document he/she signs, uses or issues
28 in connection with the practice of pharmacy the following information:

29 (a) his/her registration number and date of issuance,

30 (b) the expiration date of his/her professional identification card,

31 (c) the Professional Tax Receipt (PTR) Number and date of issuance, and

32 (d) the certificate of AINO membership (annual/lifetime), number and the official
33 receipt of payment, number and date.

34 **Sec. 31. - Registry of Pharmacists.** - The Board shall prepare and maintain a registry of
35 the names, residences and/or office addresses of all registered pharmacists which shall
36 be updated annually in cooperation with the Accredited Integrated National
37 Organization (AINO), indicating therein the status of the certificate of registration,
38 professional identification card and Accredited Integrated National Organization
39 (AINO) membership, whether valid or inactive due to death, or other reasons,
40 delinquent, suspended or with revoked certificate of registration. The said registry of

1 pharmacists shall be conspicuously posted within the premises of the Commission and
2 the information therein made available to the public upon inquiry or request.

3 **Sec. 32. - *Display of Certificate of Registration.*** - It shall be the duty of every
4 pharmacist engaged in the practice of pharmacy either on his/her own account or
5 under the employ of another to display his/her original certificate of registration in a
6 prominent and conspicuous place in a retail drug outlet or drug establishment which he
7 operates or in which he/she is employed in his/her professional capacity as
8 pharmacist. No pharmacist shall, with his/her knowledge, allow his/her certificate of
9 registration to be displayed in such establishment when he/she is not actually
10 employed or operating therein in his/her professional capacity.

11 **Sec. 33. - *Compounding and Dispensing.*** - No drug or pharmaceutical product of
12 whatever nature and kind shall be compounded, dispensed, sold or resold, or otherwise
13 be made available to the consuming public except through a FDA-licensed retail drug
14 outlet or other business establishments which are duly established in accordance with
15 the provisions of applicable laws.

16 Prescription drugs and pharmacist-only over-the-counter drugs shall be dispensed only
17 by registered pharmacists.

18 Prescription drugs shall be dispensed only upon presentation of a valid prescription.

19 Compounding and dispensing by duly registered and licensed pharmacists shall be in
20 accordance with current good manufacturing practice, good laboratory practice, and
21 good pharmacy practice, with the safety and protection of individual patients as
22 ultimate objective.

23 Licensed pharmaceutical manufacturers, importers and wholesalers are authorized to
24 sell their products only to duly licensed drug outlets, wholesalers and other drug
25 establishments.

26 A registered and licensed pharmacist may refuse to compound, dispense or sell drugs
27 and pharmaceutical products, if not in accordance with this Act.

28 **Sec. 34. - *Pharmacist Requirement and Compensation.*** - Every drug
29 establishment/outlet selling prescription and pharmacist only over-the-counter drugs
30 whether owned by the government or a private person or firm shall at all times when
31 open for business be under the direct control, supervision, and responsibility of a
32 registered and licensed pharmacist. For retail outlets selling only over-the-counter
33 drugs, they shall be under the supervision of a registered and licensed pharmacist.

34 Processes involving the preparation, quality control, or repacking of pharmaceutical
35 products in quantities greatly in excess of single therapeutic doses shall for each
36 respective operation be under the direct and immediate supervision of a registered and
37 licensed pharmacist. In the sale of pharmaceutical products, medicines and drugs, at
38 wholesale, such business shall be conducted under the immediate supervision of a
39 registered and licensed pharmacist.

40 All government and non-government agencies and units which handle the procurement
41 and distribution of drugs should have a supervising pharmacist. All rural health units
42 dispensing medicines should be supervised by a pharmacist or a pharmacy assistant as
43 defined in this Act.

1 Pharmacists in government service shall receive a starting salary equivalent to Salary
2 Grade 15 as provided in R.A. 6758 (Compensation and Position Classification Act of
3 1989) and its amendments. Those pharmacists in the private sector shall receive an
4 entry-level salary in peso equivalent of Salary Grade 15 being received by government
5 pharmacists.

6 **Sec. 35. - Responsibility for Quality of Drugs, Cosmetics and Medical Devices.** - It
7 shall be the duty of the registered pharmacist of drug outlet/establishment to ensure
8 that all drug products, cosmetics and medical devices conform to standards of safety,
9 quality and efficacy and strictly adhere to the guidelines as provided for in this Act and
10 other pertinent rules and regulations and issuances. Owners, managers, and/or
11 pharmacists in charge of the operation of drug outlets and drug establishments shall be
12 held responsible.

13 It shall be unlawful for any person to manufacture, prepare, sell or dispense any
14 prescription drug, pharmaceutical, medical devices, or cosmetics under any fraudulent
15 name, direction or pretense or to adulterate any drug, pharmaceutical, medical devices,
16 or cosmetics offered for sale. Any drug, pharmaceutical product, medical device/s or
17 cosmetics shall be held to be adulterated or deteriorated within the meaning of this
18 section if it differs from the standard or quality or purity given in the United States
19 Pharmacopeia/National Formulary and Philippine Pharmacopeia, in its latest edition,
20 or any standard reference for drugs and medicines given official recognition, and those
21 which fall within the meaning as provided for in the Food Drug, Cosmetic and Devices
22 Act, R.A. No. 3720, as amended by pertinent laws and the Food and Drug
23 Administration Act, R.A. 0711.

24 In cases of drug products sold in their original packings, the seal of which has not been
25 broken or tampered with, the liability that may arise because of their quality and purity,
26 rests upon the manufacturer or importer, the distributor, representative, or dealer who
27 is responsible for their distribution or sale.

28 **Sec. 36. - Filling and Partial Filling of Prescription.** - All prescriptions shall be filled or
29 compounded only by a registered and licensed pharmacist following the standards of
30 purity, safety and quality. Completely filled prescriptions should be surrendered to the
31 pharmacist for recording.

32 Partial filling of prescription is dispensing units less than the total quantity indicated in
33 the prescription. The prescription should contain information as to how many units
34 were served and shall be returned to the buyer after being recorded in the appropriate
35 book or equivalent system. The drugstore, which completes the filling of the
36 prescription, shall keep the prescription on file for a prescribed period of time.

37 **Sec. 37. - Physician's sample.** - Drugs, biologic products, devices or proprietary
38 medicines, given or intended to be given free to the physician and other qualified
39 person by any manufacturer or distributor or its medical representative/detailman as
40 part of its program or promotion, should not be sold.

41 The statement "Sample, not for sale" shall appear conspicuously on the container,
42 package, or carton of the drug or device to be given. It shall be unlawful to remove,
43 erase, deface already marked original labels of samples.

44 **Sec. 38. - Prohibition against use of cipher or unusual terms in prescriptions and**
45 **prescription switching** - Pharmacists should not compound or dispense prescriptions,

1 recipes or formulas which are written in ciphers, codes or secret keys or prescriptions of
2 drugs using unusual names which differ from those in standard pharmacopeias or
3 formularies.

4 The pharmacist dispensing or compounding prescriptions should not substitute the
5 drug or drugs called for in the prescription with any other drug or substance or
6 ingredient without prior consultation with, and a written consent of the person
7 prescribing, except in accordance with RA 6675, known as the Generics Act of 1988, and
8 other pertinent laws and regulations.

9 **Sec. 39. - Label of Dispensed Medicines.** - Upon every box, bottle or package containing
10 medicine compounded or dispensed by a registered and licensed pharmacist based on
11 prescription, there shall be pasted, affixed or imprinted a seal or label bearing, among
12 others, name of patient, generic name of drug; brand name, if any, strength, expiry date,
13 directions for use, and name and address of drugstore and other requirements
14 prescribed by the Cheaper Medicines Act (RA 9502) and its implementing rules and
15 regulations.

16 Every prescription which in its preparation contains any quantity of a drug, which is
17 habit-forming, or a derivative of such drug, shall have an auxiliary label or a notation,
18 "Warning - May be habit forming". Such prescriptions should comply with the
19 requirements of the R. A. 9165, the Comprehensive Dangerous Drugs Act of 2002, and
20 any future amendments thereto.

21 Filled prescription for external use shall bear the auxiliary label, "For External Use".

22 **Sec. 40. - Record Books for Prescription.** - All prescriptions dispensed in the drugstore
23 shall be recorded in the book or an equivalent recording system approved by FDA for
24 this purpose indicating therein, among others, the prescription number, name of
25 prescriber, generic name and brand, dosage strength, quantity of drug, name of the
26 patient and address, and initials of pharmacist. It shall be open to inspection by the
27 proper authorities at any time of the day when the pharmacy is open to the public and
28 must be preserved for a period of not less than two (2) years after the last entry in it has
29 been made.

30 All prescriptions shall be attached to the prescription book or compiled (for equivalent
31 recording system) and numbered consecutively and shall be preserved for the same
32 period of time as required.

33 All required information on dangerous drugs dispensed by a pharmacy shall be
34 recorded in the Dangerous Drugs book or an equivalent recording system as required
35 by R.A. 9165.

36 **Sec. 41. - Requirements for the Opening and Operation of Retail Drug Outlet or**
37 **Establishment.** - The minimum requirements necessary for the opening of retail drug
38 outlet or establishment shall be in accordance with the rules and regulations prescribed
39 by the Food and Drug Administration in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

40 The application for the opening of a retail drug outlet or other business establishments
41 should not be approved unless applied for by a Filipino registered pharmacist either as
42 owner or as pharmacist-in-charge pursuant to the provisions of this Act.

1 **Sec. 42. - Handling of Drugs by Persons Other than a Pharmacist.** - For the purpose of
2 this section, persons handling drugs other than the pharmacist are: professional medical
3 representatives, pharmacy assistants, pharmacy aides/clerks, and other persons who
4 assist pharmacists in dispensing medicines or any other person performing functions
5 involving the handling of drugs and drug products. It is preferred that these positions
6 are occupied by those who finished pharmacy degree, not necessarily licensed as
7 pharmacists and who has undergone the prescribed training from a Commission-
8 accredited provider.

9 The professional medical representative or detailman is one who represents any duly
10 authorized manufacturer, distributor, trader and wholesaler of drugs, pharmaceuticals,
11 biologic products and devices, whose primary duty is to introduce said products to
12 legitimate prescribers and which forms part of their program for promotion by
13 describing its use, composition, action, dosage, administration, contraindication,
14 advantages and other relevant information about the drugs being promoted.

15 The pharmacy assistant is one who helps the pharmacist in compounding, dispensing
16 of medicines and giving of information on proper use of medicines while the pharmacy
17 aide/clerk is involved in other aspects of operation assigned by the pharmacist.

18 Any person who shall be employed or engaged as professional medical representative
19 or pharmacy aide/clerk shall undergo comprehensive standardized training programs
20 approved by the Board with providers approved and/or accredited by the Board in
21 accordance with criteria established therefor.

22 **ARTICLE V**

23 **ACCREDITED INTEGRATED NATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR PHARMACISTS**

24
25 **Sec. 43. - The Accredited Integrated National Professional Organization (AINO) of**
26 **Pharmacists** - The pharmacists are integrated under one national accredited
27 professional organization that is duly registered with the Securities and Exchange
28 Commission (SEC). The Board subject to the approval by the Commission shall accredit
29 the said organization as the only integrated national organization for registered
30 pharmacists (and pharmacy assistants). All pharmacists (and pharmacy assistants)
31 whose names appear in the registry shall *ipso facto* or automatically become members
32 thereof and shall receive all the benefits and privileges accorded to its members upon
33 payment of the required fees and dues. Membership to the foregoing shall not be a bar
34 to membership in any other association of pharmacists.

35 **Sec. 44. - Membership to the Accredited Integrated National Professional**
36 **Organization.** - All registered pharmacists (and pharmacy assistants) must be members
37 of the AINO and must maintain membership throughout the duration of the practice of
38 the profession. Professional identification card shall not be renewed if the requirements
39 for membership with AINO are not met including credit units for attendance to duly
40 accredited continuing professional development (CPD) education activities.

41 **Sec. 45. - Specialty Boards in Various Areas of Pharmacy Practice.** - Specialty Boards
42 created within the affiliate organizations and societies for recognition of the AINO (1)
43 for the Board, subject to the approval of the Commissioner shall accredit specialties in
44 various areas of practice, (2) setting standards of practice within different specialties,
45 and (3) establishing qualifications and requirements for certification of practitioners
46 under each specialty.

1 **ARTICLE VI**

2 **VIOLATIONS, ADMINISTRATIVE SANCTIONS, AND PROCEDURES**

3 **Sec. 46. – Revocation or Suspension of the Certificate of Registration and Cancellation**
4 **of Temporary or Special Permit.** – The Board shall have the power, upon notice and
5 hearing to revoke or suspend the certificate of registration of a registered pharmacist or
6 to cancel a temporary or special permit granted to a foreign pharmacist on the basis of
7 the following:

- 8 (a) Violation of this Act on unauthorized practice of pharmacy, violation of any
9 provision of this Act, the Rules and Regulations (RR) thereof, the Code of
10 Ethics for Pharmacists, Code of Good Governance, Code of Technical
11 Standards for the practice of pharmacy, policy, and measure of the Board
12 and/or the Commission;
- 13 (b) Malpractice or gross incompetence; negligence, or imprudence resulting to
14 death or injury of the patient;
- 15 (c) Dishonorable conduct and/or conviction by a competent court of any
16 criminal offense involving moral turpitude;
- 17 (d) Fraud or deceit in the acquisition of the certificate of registration, professional
18 identification card or temporary/special permit or renewal of license;
- 19 (e) Display of certificate of registration of a pharmacist who is not actually
20 employed in such an establishment as required by law.
- 21 (f) Addiction to alcoholic beverages or to any habit-forming drug rendering him
22 incompetent to practice his/her profession;
- 23 (g) Aiding or abetting the illegal practice of a non-registered and licensed person
24 by allowing him/her the use of his/her certificate of registration and/or
25 professional identification card or his/her special/temporary permit;
- 26 (h) Acting as a dummy of an alien or a person who is not qualified to establish
27 and operate a retail drugstore;
- 28 (i) Insanity or any mental disorder that would render the person incompetent to
29 practice his/her profession;
- 30 (j) False, extravagant or unethical advertisements and product endorsements
31 where the pharmacist's name, professional organization he/she represents,
32 and similar information are used;
- 33 (k) Manufacture, sale, offering for sale of counterfeit drugs and committing other
34 acts in violation of Sec. 4 of the Special Law on Counterfeit Drugs, R.A. No.
35 8203;
- 36 (l) Illegal manufacturing, sale, possession, dispensing of dangerous drugs and
37 other pertinent acts in violation of Dangerous Drugs Act, R.A. No. 9165;
- 38 (m) Committing acts in violation of Sec. 6 of P.D. No. 881 on Hazardous
39 Substances; and

- 1 (n) Practicing pharmacy while under suspension.
- 2 (o) Practicing with an expired professional identification card.

3 **Section 47. - Non-renewal of license.** - The following are the grounds for the non-
4 renewal of professional identification card:

- 5 (a) Refusal to join or to remain a member of good standing of the AINO;
- 6 (b) Non-payment of annual registration fees for three (3) continuous years;
- 7 (c) Non-compliance with the continuing professional development requirement,
8 for the renewal of his/her professional identification card; and

9 The Board shall periodically evaluate the aforementioned grounds and revise as the
10 need arises subject to the approval of the Commission.

11 Any person, entity or organization may file charges according to the provision of this
12 section against any registrant, or the Board may investigate violation of any of the
13 abovementioned causes. Affidavit of complaint under oath shall be filed together with
14 the affidavits of witnesses and other documentary evidence with the Board through the
15 Legal and Investigation Office. The move to conduct an investigation shall be embodied
16 in a formal charge to be signed by at least a majority of the members of the Board. The
17 rules on administrative investigation issued by the Commission shall govern the
18 hearing or investigation subject to applicable provisions of this Act, R.A. No. 8981 and
19 its rules and regulations thereof, and Rules of Court.

20 **Sec. 48. - Administrative Investigation/Sanctions.** - Administrative investigations shall
21 be conducted by the Board assisted by the Legal or Hearing Officer of the Commission.
22 The existing rules of evidence shall also be observed and applied during administrative
23 investigations.

24 If the Board, by a majority vote of the members, shall find that the charges are sustained
25 by evidence adduced, it may, at its discretion reprimand the respondent or revoke or
26 suspend his certificate of registration.

27 **Sec. 49. - Procedure and Rules.** - The Board upon receipt of a formal complaint under
28 oath against any pharmacist shall furnish the latter a copy of the complaint, which shall
29 be answered in writing within ten (10) days from receipt thereof. If the Board, after
30 careful study of the records, finds that there

31 is a valid ground to the charge, it shall conduct a formal investigation and set the dates
32 of the hearing thereof. For this purpose, a subpoena and/or subpoena *duces tecum* may
33 be issued by the chairman of the Board or by the Chief, Legal and Investigation
34 Division. The investigation proceedings shall at all times be recorded. The investigation
35 shall have been terminated and resolved within ninety (90) days from the time the first
36 date of hearing shall be set and heard.

37 **Sec. 50. - Rights of Respondent.** - The respondent pharmacist is entitled to be heard or
38 be represented by counsel; to have speedy public hearing, to confront, and to cross-
39 examine the witness or witnesses against him; to summon and present witness or
40 witnesses in his behalf; or to avail himself/herself of any other process for the
41 protection of his/her constitutional rights

1 **Sec. 51. - Motion for Reconsideration.** - A motion for reconsideration within the
2 prescribed period may be made based on any of the following grounds:

- 3 (a) Grave abuse of discretion by the Board,
- 4 (b) Findings not supported by substantial evidence, and Irregularity in the conduct
5 of investigation.

6 **Sec. 52. - Appeal/Finality of Decision.** - The decision of the Board shall automatically
7 become final and executory fifteen (15) days from the appropriate service of the
8 decision to the respondent, unless the latter within the same period, has appealed the
9 decision to the Commission; provided that said decision of the Board and/or the
10 Commission may be appealed to the Court of Appeals.

11 **ARTICLE VII**
12 **PENAL PROVISIONS**

13 **Sec. 53. - Penal Provisions.** - Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of the
14 practice of pharmacy as defined in the following provisions of Article IV:

15 *Registration certificate (Section 32)*

- 16 (a) Allowing the display of his/her registration certificate in an outlet or
17 establishment by a pharmacist where he/she is not employed
- 18 (b) Display of a pharmacist's registration certificate by an outlet or establishment
19 when the pharmacist is not employed

20 *Dispensing and compounding (Sections 27, 33, 38, 42)*

- 21 (c) Dispensing done in, or offering for sale of prescription drugs in a place not
22 licensed by FDA as drug outlet
- 23 (d) Dispensing of prescription of and pharmacist-only over-the-counter drugs by a
24 person other than a registered pharmacist
- 25 (e) Dispensing of prescription drugs without presentation of a valid prescription
- 26 (f) Compounding of prescription drugs and pharmacist-only over-the-counter
27 drugs done by a person other than a pharmacist
- 28 (g) Selling of prescription and pharmacist-only over-the-counter drugs by
29 manufacturers, importers, and wholesalers to unlicensed drug outlets and other
30 drug establishments
- 31 (h) Substitution of prescription drugs which are not generically equivalent to what
32 was on the prescription without the consent of the prescriber
- 33 (i) Compounding not in accordance with the current Good Manufacturing Practices
34 and Good Pharmacy Practice
- 35 (j) Forcing, coercing or intimidating a registered pharmacist to compound or
36 dispense drugs not in accordance with this Act

1 (k) Preparation and compounding of pharmaceutical products in quantities greatly
2 in excess of single therapeutic doses without a registered pharmacist

3 (l) Non-compliance with the labeling requirement for dispensed medicines by a
4 drug outlet

5 (m) Allowing pharmacy assistants to dispense without the supervision of a
6 pharmacist

7 *Requirement of Pharmacist (Sections 33,34, 36)*

8 (n) Establishment/outlet selling prescription and pharmacist-only over-the-counter
9 drugs which opens for business without a licensed pharmacist

10 (o) Compounding by a non-registered pharmacist or pharmacist with
11 expired/revoked/suspended license

12 (p) Filling of prescription by a non-pharmacist or by a non-registered pharmacist or
13 pharmacist with expired/revoked/suspended license

14 (q) Wholesale of pharmaceutical products without the direct and immediate
15 supervision of a registered pharmacist

16 (r) Rural Health Units dispensing prescription drugs and pharmacist-only over-the-
17 counter drugs without the supervision of a registered pharmacist *Manufacturing*
18 *and selling of pharmaceutical products under fraudulent name and address (Section 35)*
19 *Adulteration and misbranding of drugs (Section 35) Manufacturing and selling of*
20 *unsafe and substandard drugs (Section 35) shall upon conviction thereof, be*
21 *sentenced to a fine of not less than Two Hundred Fifty Thousand*
22 *(Php250,000.00) Pesos but not exceeding Five Hundred Thousand*
23 *(Php500,000.00) Pesos and/or to an imprisonment of not less than one year and*
24 *one day but not more than six years, or both fine and penalty, at the discretion of*
25 *the court.*

26 **Sec. 54. - Other Penalties.** - Any person who shall violate any of the following
27 provisions of this Act:

28 (a) Affixing of the title, R.Ph. by a person who is not a pharmacist and a graduate of
29 pharmacy degree who is not registered with PRC (Section 21)

30 (b) Practice of pharmacy in the Philippines by a foreigner without special permit
31 (Section 28)

32 (c) Non-indication by a pharmacist of his/her registration number and Professional
33 Tax Receipt number in official documents requiring such information (Section
34 30)

35 (d) Non-display of certificate of registration of a pharmacist in drug establishment
36 requiring such (Section 32)

37 (e) Non-display of certificate of registration of a pharmacist by an
38 establishment/outlet (Section 32)

- 1 (f) Non-compliance with this Act's provision on the required salary for a registered
2 pharmacist (Section 34)
- 3 (g) Non-compliance by a pharmacist with the requirement on the filling of
4 prescription (Section 36)
- 5 (h) Non-compliance by a registered pharmacist on the requirement for partially
6 filled prescription (Section 36)
- 7 (i) Selling of physician's samples (Section 37)
- 8 (j) The removal, erasure and alteration of mark or label of physician's sample
9 (Section 37)
- 10 (k) Non-compliance with the filling up of Record Books by a drug outlet (Section 40)
- 11 (l) Employment of persons in a pharmacy without the provision of the required
12 training (Section 42)
- 13 (m) Rendering dispensing-related services by non-pharmacists in a drug outlet
14 without undergoing the required training (Section 42) shall upon conviction
15 thereof, be sentenced to a fine of not less than One Hundred Thousand
16 (Php100,000.00) Pesos but not exceeding Two Hundred Thousand
17 (Php200,000.00) Pesos or to an imprisonment of not less than Thirty (30) days
18 but not more than One (1) year, or both fine and penalty at the discretion of the
19 court.

20 Any person other than the citizens of the Philippines having been found
21 guilty of any violation as provided for in this and the preceding section shall,
22 after having paid the fine or having served his sentence or both when so
23 adjudged, be also subject to immediate deportation.

24 For any violation of the provisions of this Act penalized under this and
25 the preceding section, which also constitutes or considered as punishable
26 offense or described as a violation of other laws, the applicable penalty shall be
27 that of the law providing for a higher fine and/or imprisonment.

28 For any violation of the rules and regulations implementing the
29 provisions of this Act, appropriate penalty shall be imposed.

30 **ARTICLE VIII**
31 **FINAL PROVISIONS**

32 **Sec. 55. - Enforcement.** - The Commission shall be the enforcement agency of this Act.
33 As such, the Commission shall implement the appropriate provisions of this Act,
34 enforce its implementing rules and regulations as adopted by the Board, assist the
35 Board in the investigation of complaints against violators of this Act, its rules and
36 regulations, Code of Ethics for pharmacists, professional standards, and other policies
37 of the Board and the Commission.

38 The Commission and/or the Board shall call upon or request any department,
39 instrumentality, office, bureau, institution or agency of the government, including local
40 government units to render such assistance as it may require, or to coordinate or
41 cooperate in order to carry out, enforce or implement the provisions of this Act.

1 **Sec. 56. - Appropriations.** - The Chairperson of the PRC shall immediately include in its
2 programs on the implementation of this Act, the funding of which shall be charged
3 against their current years' appropriations and thereafter, in the annual General
4 Appropriations Act.

5 **Sec. 57. - Implementing Rules and Regulations.** - Within one hundred and twenty (120)
6 days after the approval of this Act, the Board subject to the approval by the
7 Commission, in consultation with the AINO, shall issue and formulate the rules and
8 regulations, the Code of Ethics and professional standards for pharmacists, to
9 effectively implement this Act.

10 **Sec. 58. - Separability Clause.** - If any clause, provisions, paragraph or part
11 hereof shall be declared unconstitutional or invalid, such judgment shall not affect,
12 invalidate, impair any other part thereof, but such judgment shall be merely confined to
13 the clause, provision, paragraph or part directly involved in the controversy in which
14 such judgment has been rendered.

15 **Sec. 59. - Repealing clause.** - R.A. No. 5921, known as the Pharmacy Law, as amended
16 by E.O. No. 174, and PD No. 1363, and all other laws are hereby repealed, Presidential
17 decrees, executive orders, and other administrative issuances and parts thereof which
18 are inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby modified, amended,
19 superseded or repealed accordingly.

20 **Sec. 60. - Effectivity.** - This Act shall take effect after fifteen (15) days following the full
21 and complete publication thereof in the Official Gazette or in any major daily
22 newspaper of general circulation in the Philippines.

23 Approved,