

AUG 26 P3:08

SIXTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE) REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES)

Second Regular Session

SENATE

S. No. 2372

RECEIVED BY:

Introduced by Senator Ralph G. Recto

AN ACT

PROVIDING FOR A TWENTY PERCENT (20%) INCREASE IN THE BASIC SALARY OF GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS AND EMPLOYEES, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Explanatory Note

This bill seeks to improve the purchasing power of approximately 1.248 million civil servants¹ and about 400,000 uniformed personnel² in the country that was eroded by inflation by providing a twenty percent (20%) increase in the compensation schedule of government officials and employees across the board.

The Philippine Constitution states that Congress shall provide for the standardization of compensation of government officials and employees, including those in government-owned or – controlled corporations with original charters, taking into account the nature of the responsibilities pertaining to and the qualifications required for their positions.

In 1989, Republic Act (RA) No. 6758 otherwise known as the Compensation and Position Classification Act of 1989 was enacted in response to the aforesaid constitutional provision. The law was anchored on the basic principle of equal pay for substantially equal work.

Amendments to RA No. 6758 were instituted through subsequent Joint Resolutions of Congress. Reforms in the Compensation and Position Classification System and Pay schedule were further modified through Joint Resolution No. 4 of the Senate and the House of Representatives which was initially implemented on July 1, 2009 and on January 1, 2010, in the case of local government units (LGUs).

One of the governing principles of the modified Compensation and Position Classification System is its periodic review which shall be conducted every three (3) years, taking into account the changes in skills and competency requirement in the bureaucracy and the relative demand for certain expertise.

It has been two years since the last tranche of the salary increase mandated in Joint Resolution No. 4, S. 2008. Hence, it is imperative upon Congress to revise further the present Compensation Schedule to update the same, and to further encourage excellent performance and productivity.

Statistics show that the Consumer Price Index (CPI) using 2006 as the base year is 115.9 for the period of June 2009 while that for June 2014 is 139.6.³ Government employees can barely

¹ Table 1. Staffing Summary of the National Government. Fiscal Year 2015.

² Data from the Committee on National Defense for all uniformed personnel except NAMRIA is 390,000.

³ Consumer Price Index For All Income Households And Headline Inflation Rates, January 2004 - July 2014. National Statistical Coordination Board. <u>http://www.nscb.gov.ph/secstat/d_price.asp</u>.

afford to support their families as the inflation rate between June 2009 and June 2014 grew at a significant 20.44%.

The budgetary outlay for this proposal is admittedly substantial and would require \cdot additional funding sources. However, from fiscal year 2010 to 2013, government was able to generate savings of P50 billion to P60 billion⁴ annually.

The savings derived from the national budget may be used to increase salaries of government personnel in order to cushion the spiraling cost of goods instead of using it to finance various programs and projects that may have no clear and immediate impact on the economy.

This proposal will put more money in government employees' pockets and will increase disposable income, boost consumer spending, and in turn would stimulate activities in the industrial and service sector, and help generate more taxes.

With this bill, the government would alleviate the living condition of the 1.648 million public servants. Consequently, the much-needed relief that this measure offers will further motivate government personnel and invigorate public service.

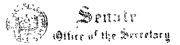
With the foregoing considered, immediate passage of this bill is earnestly sought.

ALPH S. IFETO

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⁴ As stated by DBM Secretary Florencio B. Abad at the Development Budget Coordinating Committee (DBCC) hearing on August 19, 2014.



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PROVIDING FOR A TWENTY PERCENT (20%) INCREASE IN THE BASIC SALARY OF GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS AND EMPLOYEES, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

1 **SECTION 1.** Declaration of Policy. Pursuant to the constitutional mandate that the State shall provide for the standardization of compensation of government officials and employees, 2 3 including those in government-owned or -controlled corporations with original charters, taking into account the nature of duties and responsibilities pertaining to and the qualifications required 4 5 for their positions, the State shall:

- implement a compensation schedule that is generally comparable with those in 6 (a) 7 the private sector doing comparable work and in accordance with the 8 provisions of existing compensation and position classification laws, in order to attract, retain and motivate a corps of competent civil servants; 9
- keep the compensation for government personnel fair and reasonable in 10 (b) recognition of fiscal realities and maintain personal services cost at a 11 12 reasonable proportion of over-all expenditures; and
- conduct a periodic review of the compensation and position classification 13 (c) system taking into account the changes in skills and competency requirements 14 15 and the possible erosion in the purchasing power due to inflation, and other factors. 16

SEC. 2. Coverage. The Compensation Schedule herein provided shall apply to all 17 18 positions for civilian government personnel in the Executive, Legislative and Judicial Branches, 19 including the military personnel of the Armed Forces of the Philippines and all uniformed 20 personnel under the Department of Interior and Local Government, the Philippine Coast Guard 21 and the National Mapping and Resource Information Authority, Constitutional Commissions, 22 State Universities and Colleges (SUCs), Government-Owned or -Controlled Corporations 23 (GOCCs), Government Financial Institutions (GFIs) and local government units (LGUs), 24 whether regular, casual or contractual in nature, appointive or elective, on full-time or part-time 25 basis, now existing or hereafter created.

SEC. 3.	Salary Schedule	e for Civilian	Government	Personnel.	The modif	ied Salary
Schedule for Civi	ilian Personnel sh	nall be as follo	ws:			

Step 1 Step 3 Step 4 Step 2 Step 5 Step 6 Step 7 Step 8 SG 11,017 10,908 1 10,800 11,128 11,238 11,351 11,465 11,579 2 11,610 11,726 11,843 11,962 12,082 12,203 12,324 12,448 3 12,732 12,859 12,988 12,481 12,606 13,117 13,248 13,381 14,101 13,550 13,686 13,962 14,384 4 13,417 13,823 14,243 15,008 5 14,423 14,567 14,713 14,860 15,158 15,311 15,463 6 15,505 15,660 15,816 15,974 16,134 16,296 16,459 16,624 7 16,668 16,835 17,003 17,173 17,345 17,518 17,693 17,870 8 17,917 18,097 18,278 18,461 18,646 18,832 19,020 19,211 9 19,261 19,454 19,649 19,846 20,044 20,244 20,447 20,651 10 20,706 20,914 21,122 21,334 21,547 21,762 21,980 22,200 11 22,482 22,706 22,933 23,162 23,394 23,628 23,864 22,259 24,409 24,900 25,655 12 23,928 24,168 24,654 25,150 25,400 25,980 26,240 26,503 26,767 27,035 27,306 27,578 13 25,723 27,929 28,208 28,490 28,775 29,063 14 27,653 29,353 29,647 31,200 30,193 30,526 30,862 31,543 31,891 32,242 15 29,864 32,609 32,968 33,330 33,696 34,067 34,442 16 32,254 34,820 34,834 35,218 35,605 35,996 36,392 36,793 37,198 37,607 17 38,035 38,453 38,876 39,304 39,736 18 37,621 40,174 40,615 19 41,986 42,448 40,631 41,077 41,530 42,914 43,387 43,865 20 43,880 44,364 44,851 45,346 45,844 46,348 46,858 47,374 47,912 48,973 21 47,392 48,440 49,511 50,056 50,606 51,163 22 51,745 52,315 52,890 53,472 54,060 51,182 54,655 55,256 23 55,277 55,885 56,500 57,121 57,750 58,385 59,028 59,677 24 59,700 60,356 61,020 62,370 63,056 61,692 63,750 64,451 65,902 67,360 25 64,476 65,185 66,626 68,100 69,607 68,850 71,174 26 69,634 70,423 71,957 72,749 73,549 74,358 75,175 75,204 76,868 78,569 27 76,032 77,713 79,433 80,306 81,190 81,221 28 82,114 83,017 83,930 84,853 85,787 86,731 87,685 29 87,719 88,684 89,659 90,644 91,642 92,650 93,670 94,699 30 94,735 95,778 96,832 97,896 98,974 100,062 101,162 102,276 31 108,000 109,188 110,389 111,604 112,831 114,072 116,596 115,327 32 123,600 124,960 126,334 127,724 129,128 130,549 131,986 133,438 33 144,000

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> SEC. 4. Salary Local Government Units - The salary or wage adjustments, provided in Sec. 3 shall also be applied to the LGUs in accordance with the applicable provisions of this Act. 4 SEC. 5. Military and Uniformed Personnel---The military personnel of the Department of 5

> 6 National Defense (DND) and the uniformed personnel of the Department of the Interior and

1 Local Government (DILG), the Philippine Coast Guard (PCG) and the National Mapping and

2 Resource Information Authority (NAMRIA) shall be covered by only one Base Pay Schedule

3 modified as follows:

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DND	BJMP and BFP	PNP and PPSC	PGC and NAMRIA	Pay	
Candidate					
Soldier				P13,518	
			Apprentice		
			Seaman/Seaman		
Private	Fire/Jail Officer I	Police Officer I	Third Class	17,801	
Private First				() · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Class			Seaman Second Class	19,142	
Corporal	Fire/Jail Officer II	Police Officer II	Seaman First Class	20,321	
Sergeant	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Petty Officer III	21,293	
	Fire/Jail Officer III	Police Officer III	Petty Officer II	22,398	
Technical					
Sergeant			Petty Officer I	24,191	
Master	Senior Fire/ Jail	Senior Police			
Sergeant	Officer I	Officer I	Chief Petty Officer	26,053	
the set of any state of the set of any set of the set o	Senior Fire/ Jail	Senior Police	Senior Chief Petty	20,000	
Sergeant	Officer II	Officer II	Officer	28,216	
Chief Master	Senior Fire/ Jail	Senior Police	Master Chief Petty		
Sergeant	Officer III	Officer III	Officer	30,473	
First Chief				50,172	
Master	Senior Fire/ Jail	Senior Police	First Master Chief	vereilinete vi mo	
Sergeant	Officer IV	Officer IV	Petty Officer	32,910	
Cadet		Cadet		32,910	
Probationary	a any analogo and an an an and an		needed on a specie reason of reach scale scale with reactions one on	J2,71(
Second		or an exe			
Lieutenant				32,910	
Second	 			52,710	
Lieutenant			Ensign	35,934	
First			Lieutenant Junior	1 33,75-	
Lieutenant	Inspector	Inspector	Grade	38,809	
Liouconant			Lieutenant Senior	50,002	
Captain	Senior Inspector	Senior Inspector	Grade	42,374	
Captani	Senior inspector		Lieutenant	1	
Major	Chief Inspector	Chief Inspector	Commander	44,776	
Lieutenant			Commander		
Colonel	Superintendent	Superintendent	Commander	48,358	
				+0,330	
r	Senior	Senior		741 ' V 44 '	
Colonel	Superintendent	Superintendent	Captain	52,225	
Brigadier	Chief	Chief	Loub min	52,22.	
General	Superintendent	Superintendent	Commodore	56,402	
Major General	and the second second second second second second second second second	Director	Rear Admiral	60,910	
wajor General				and a construction of the source of the sour	
1 			Vice Admiral	65,789	
Lieutenant		Deputy Dispates Concerd	A Juniural	71.000	
General		Director General	Admiral	71,052	
General		Director General		81,000	

SEC. 6. Non-diminution in the Basic Salaries of Incumbent Employees. - In no case shall
 there be any diminution in the basic salaries of incumbent salaries of incumbent employees upon
 the implementation of this Act. For this purpose, they shall receive the new salary rates
 prescribed herein which in no case shall be less than their existing salary rates.

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SEC. 7. Functions and Responsibilities. —

- (a) Governance Commission for GOCCS (GCG). For GOCCs and GFIs whether under the Salary Standardization Law or exempt therefrom, the GCG, in consultation with the DBM, shall:
- 9 . (1) Prepare and issue the guidelines, rules and regulations necessary to
 10 implement the modified Compensation Schedule which shall apply to
 11 all officers and employees of the GOCCs consistent with the executive
 12 order to be issued by the President;
- 13

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- (2) Administer the modified Compensation Schedule; and
- (3) Conduct compensation studies.

15 SEC. 8. Consolidated Compensation and Position Classification Report. – The DBM and 16 the GCG shall jointly prepare a Consolidated Compensation and Position Classification Report 17 for all government entities in the national government; GOCCs and GFIs including exempt 18 entities and the status of implementation thereof. The reports shall be periodically updated and 19 submitted to Congress and the Commission on Audit for public disclosure, monitoring, 20 compliance with established policies and as basis for future policy decisions.

- SEC. 9. Periodic Review of the Compensation and Position Classification System. The DBM, Civil Service Commission and GCG shall jointly review the Compensation and Position Classification System every three (3) years, develop and recommend to the President a competitive compensation and remuneration system which shall attract and retain talent.
- 25 SEC. 10. *Appropriations*. The funding sources for the amounts necessary to implement
 26 the modified Compensation Schedule shall be as follows:
- (a) For national government entities, the amount necessary for the immediate
 implementation of this Act shall be included in the General Appropriations Act (GAA);
- (b) For GOCCs and GFIs, the amounts shall come from their respective corporate
 funds in the approved corporate operating budgets. Government corporations which do
 not have adequate or sufficient funds shall only partially implement the established rates:
 Provided, That any partial implementation shall be at uniform proportion of the
 established rates for all positions in each government corporation; and
- 34 (c) For LGUs, the amounts shall be charged against their respective local
 35 government funds in accordance with the pertinent provisions of this Act and Republic
 36 Act No. 7160.

SEC. 11. Implementation. - The Compensation Schedule as provided herein shall take
 effect on January 1, 2015.

For GOCCs, GFIs and LGUs, the implementation period shall be for not more than four
(4) years depending on their financial capabilities: *Provided*, That the initial implementation
shall take effect January 1, 2015.

6 SEC. 12. Implementing Rules and Guidelines. - The DBM and GCG shall, within sixty 7 (60) days after the approval of this Act, jointly prepare and issue the necessary guidelines to 8 implement the same.

9 SEC. 13. General Repealing and Amendatory Clause. – All provisions of laws, decrees, 10 executive orders, corporate charters, implementing rules and regulations, circulars, and other 11 issuances prescribing salary grades for government officials and employees which are 12 inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed, amended or modified 13 accordingly.

SEC. 14. Separability Clause. - If any provision of this Act is subsequently declared
 unconstitutional, the validity of the remaining provisions hereof shall remain in full force and
 effect.

SEC. 15. *Effectivity Clause.* - The Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days following its
 publication in the *Official Gazette* or in at least two (2) newspapers of general circulation.
 Approved,

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