

EXPLANATORY NOTE

The enactment of Republic Act No. 8550, otherwise known as "The Philippine Fisheries Code of 1998" brought about very tight restrictions on fishing, which as a consequence, adversely affected the economic condition of coastal areas. Prior to the effectivity of the said Code, provinces situated adjacent to the sea had substantially derived their revenues from fishing, which specifically had provided livelihood and employment to the masses. At present, small and medium scale fishermen who had previously been allowed to fish using traditional means are inhibited despite of the absence of destructive effect of such traditional fishing on fishery and its habitat. Thus, rendering the loss of employment and income of many of our people who had depended on traditional fishing for a living. Meanwhile, large-scale commercial fishermen are given more freedom to exploit the seas at the expense of wanton destruction of fishery life. With these given facts, there is a need to fine-tune our laws to make them more effective in responding to the needs of our fellowmen.

It is true that it is the policy of the State to protect and to advance the right of the people to a balanced and healthful ecology in accord with the harmony and rhythm of nature. This is enshrined as one of the few self-executory provisions in the Constitution and has1 been repetitively enforced by the courts of justice in a series of cases. However, this provision must not be over-bent to the extent that the right of people to livelihood and sustainable development be denied, despite the fact that such exercise of decent occupation does not in any way sacrifice the right to a balanced ecology. After all, the State balances its interests, so that at the end of the day the primordial goal of providing total social and economic welfare and well being of all citizens would be achieved.

The prompt and immediate passage of this bill deserves utmost attention.

MANUEL B. VILLAR, JR.

	SENATE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY
THIRTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES First Regular Session	•04 JUN 30 P11:10
SENATE S. No. 799	FIECEIVED BY:
INTRODUCED BY HON. MANUI	EL B. VILLAR, JR.

AN ACT AMENDING REPUBLIC ACT NUMBERED EIGHTY-FIVE HUNDRED AND FIFTY OR OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE PHILIPPINE FISHERIES CODE OF 1998, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. Section 4 of Republic Act No. 8550 is hereby amended to read as follows:

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SEC. 4. *Definition of Terms.* – For purposes of this Act, the following terms and phrases shall mean as follows:

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15	10. Commercial Fishing – T
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23	c) Large-scale commercia
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25	d) COMMERCIAL HAN
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10. Commercial Fishing – THE CATCHING OR CULTURE [the taking] of fishery species [by passive or active gear] for trade, business or profit beyond subsistence or sports fishing to be further classified as:

a) Small-scale commercial fishing – fishing [with passive or active gear] utilizing fishing vessels of three point one (3.1) gross tons (GT) to twenty (20) GT.

b) *Medium-scale commercial fishing* – fishing utilizing [active gears and vessels] of twenty point one (20.1) to one hundred fifty (150) gross tonnage.

c) Large-scale commercial fishing – fishing utilizing active gears and vessels of more than one hundred fifty point one (150.1) GT.

d) COMMERCIAL HANDLINE FISHING. – A TRADITIONAL PASSIVE
FISHING METHOD, WHICH UTILIZES A SINGLE FISHING LINE AND
ATTACHED HOOK.

e) COMMERCIAL HANDLINE FISHING VESSEL. – A COMMERCIAL FISHING VESSEL WHICH EXCLUSIVELY UTILIZES THE COMMERCIAL HANDLINE FISHING METHOD.

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- 16. DESTRUCTIVE FISHING FISHING BY SCRAPING THE BOTTOM OF THE SEA/OCEAN FLOOR THAT DESTROYS SEA GRASS, CORAL REEFS AND OTHER FISH HABITAT SUCH AS THE USE OF FISHING GEARS AS FOLLOWS: MOTORIZED PUSH NET, LOCALLY KNOWN AS DALUNGKITAN, SUD-SOD; DREDGE FISHING, LOCALLY KNOWN AS KAR-KAR, PANGAHIG, AND; THE USE OF FINE MESH NETS SUCH AS MOSQUITO NETS THAT HINDER THE FOOD CHAIN OF FISH.
 - 17. *REGULATED FISHING* FISHING BY THE USE BEACH SEINE, LOCALLY KNOWN AS *BALING, SARAP, DACLIS, PUKOT, SINSORO, SAOG-SAOG*; DANISH SEINE, LOCALLY KNOWN AS *BULI-BULI, ZIPPER, LIKISIN, HUBOT-HUBOT*; BOTTOM TRAWL, LOCALLY KNOWN AS *KOTO-KOTO, GALADGAD, PANG-HIPON,* WHICH MAY BE REGULATED BY THE MUNICIPAL OR CITY GOVERNMENT;

40. *Fishing Gear* – any instrument or device and its accessories utilized in taking fish and other fishery species.

[a. Active fishing gear – is a fishing device characterized by gear movements, and/or the pursuit of the target species by towing, lifting, and pushing the gears, surrounding, covering, dredging, pumping and scaring the target species to impoundments; such as, but not limited to trawl, purse seines, Danish seines, bag nets, paaling, drift gill net and tuna longline.

b. *Passive fishing gear* – is characterized by the absence of gear movements and/or the pursuit of the target species; such as, but not limited to, hook and line, fishspots, traps and gill nets across the path of the fish.]

57. *Municipal fishing* - refers to fishing within municipal waters by SMALL AND MEDIUM SCALE COMMERCIAL FISHING VESSELS IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 18 OF THIS CODE [using fishing vessels of three (3) gross tons or less], or fishing not requiring the use of fishing vessels.

43 SEC. 2. Section 18 of the same Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

1 SEC. 18. Users of Municipal Waters. - All fishery related activities in municipal 2 waters, as defined in this Code shall be utilized by municipal fisherfolk and their cooperatives/organizations who are listed as such in the registry of municipal fisherfolk. 3 4 5 The municipal or city, however, may, through its local chief executive and acting in pursuance to an appropriate ordinance, authorize and permit commercial fishing 6

vessels to operate FROM A DEPTH OF 40 FATHOMS UP [within the ten point one 7 8 (10.1) to fifteen (15) kilometer area from the shoreline in municipal waters as defined 9 herein], IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FOLLOWING: 10

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SMALL AND MEDIUM-SCALE COMMERCIAL FISHING VESSELS SHALL OPERATE BEYOND FIVE (5) KILOMETERS FROM THE SHORELINE;

a)

LARGE-SCALE COMMERCIAL FISHING VESSELS SHALL

b) OPERATE BEYOND FIFTEEN (15) KILOMETERS FROM THE SHORELINE.

18 19 COMMERCIAL FISHING WITHIN THE MUNICIPAL WATERS SHALL BE 20 ALLOWED AFTER THE ISSUANCE OF A PERMIT OR AUTHORIZATION FROM 21 THE MUNICIPAL OR CITY GOVERNMENT; PROVIDED THAT IN NO CASE 22 SHALL DESTRUCTIVE FISHING METHODS AS DEFINED IN THIS CODE BE 23 EMPLOYED WITHIN THE MUNICIPAL WATERS. [P]rovided FURTHER THAT IN 24 THE ISSUANCE OF PERMIT the following are met: 25

26 [a. no commercial fishing in municipal waters with depth less than seven (7) fathoms as 27 certified by the appropriate agency;] 28

29 [b] a. fishing activities utilizing methods and gears that are determined to be consistent 30 with national polices set by the Department.

31 32 [c] b. prior consultation, through public hearing, with the M/CFARMC has been 33 conducted; and 34

35 [d] c. the applicant vessel as well as the ship owner, employer, captain and crew have

36 been certified by the appropriate agency as not having violated this Code, environmental laws and related laws. 37

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39 In no case shall the authorization or permit mentioned above be granted for fishing in

40 bays as determined by the Department to be in an environmentally critical condition and 41 during closed season as provided for in Section 9 of this Code.

42 43 PROVIDED FURTHER THAT THE MUNICIPAL OR CITY GOVERNMENT, 44 MAY ENACT AN ORDINANCE WHICH MAY REGULATE FISHING THROUGH THE USE OF METHODS ENUMERATED UNDER REGULATED FISHING AS 45 DEFINED IN THIS CODE IN SPECIFIC AREAS IDENTIFIED TO BE THE 46

HABITAT OF ENDANGERED, RARE AND/OR THREATENED SPECIES AS DEFINED IN THIS CODEWITHIN THE MUNICIPAL WATERS.

SEC. 3. Section 28 of the same Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

Sec. 28. Commercial Fishing Vessel Registration. - The registration, documentation, 6 inspection and manning of the operation of all types of fishing vessels plying Philippine 7 waters shall be in accordance with existing laws, rules and regulations: PROVIDED, 8 HOWVER, THAT THE CONCERNED REGULATORY AGENCIES SHALL 9 10 PROMULGATE RULES AND REGUALTIONS FOR COMMERCIAL HANDLINE FISHING VESSELS THAT REFLECT THE SIMPLICITY AND TRADITIONAL 11 NATURE THEREOF. 12

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SEC. 4. Section 36 of the same Code is hereby amended to read as follows:

15 16 Complement of Fishing Vessels. - Every commercial fishing vessel of SEC. 36. Philippine registry when actually operated, shall be manned in accordance with the 17 requirements of the Philippine Merchant Marine rules and regulations: PROVIDED, 18 19 HOWEVER, THAT THE MARITIME INDUSTRY SHALL PROMULGATE 20 MANNING RULES AND REGULATIONS FOR COMMERCIAL HANDLINE FISHING VESSELS THAT REFLECT THE SIMPLICITY AND TRADITIONAL 21 22 NATURE THEREOF.

SEC. 3. Section 90 of the same Code shall be amended to read as follows: 24

SEC. 90. DESTRUCTIVE FISHING METHOD [Use of Active Gear in the 26 Municipal Waters and Bays and Other Fishery Management Areas] - It shall be unlawful 27 28 to engage in fishing in municipal waters and in all bays as well as other fishery management areas BY MEANS OF DESTRUCTIVE FISHING METHOD [using active 29 fishing gears] as defined in this Code. 30

Violators of the above prohibitions shall suffer the following penalties:

- (1) The boat captain and master fisherman of the vessels who participated in the 33 violation shall suffer the penalty of imprisonment from two (2) years to six 34 35 (6) years;
 - (2) The owner/operator of the vessel shall be fined from Two thousand pesos (Php 2,000.00) to twenty thousand pesos (Php 20,000.00) upon the discretion of the court.
- 40 If the owner/operator is a corporation, the penalty shall be imposed on the chief executive officer of the Corporation. 41

If the owner/operator is a partnership the penalty the penalty shall be imposed 42 43 on the managing partner. 44

- (3) The catch shall be confiscated and forfeited.
- SEC. 4. Section 97 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows: 46

Sec. 97. Fishing or taking of rare, Threatened or Endangered Species. - It shall
be unlawful to fish or TO WILLFULLY take rare, threatened or endangered species as
listed in the CITES and as determined by the Department.

"THE TERM ENDANGERED SPECIES IN THE CONTEXT OF THIS 6 7 SECTION AND FOR CLARIFICATION OF TH EPENALTY PROVISIONS OF THIS ACT, SHALL MEAN ANY OF THE RARE MARINE LIFE WHICH IS DECLINING 8 IN NUMBER AND IS IN DANGER OF EXTINCTION AND FOR THE PURPOSE OF 9 THIS ACT ARE SPECIES LITED IN THE CITES, BUT WILL NOT INCLUDE 10 SPECIES WHICH ARE REPLENISHED OR GROWN BY MAN WITH THE AID OF 11 RESEARCH AND TECHNOLOGY AND WHERE ACTUAL PROPAGATION IS IN 12 PLACE ASSURING THE PRESERVATION AND INCREASE OF SUCH MARINE 13 14 LIFE.

"Violation of the provision of this section shall be punished by imprisonment of 15 16 twelve (12) years too twenty (20) years and/or fine of One hundred and twenty thousand (P120,000) pesos and by forfeiture of the catch, the confiscation and the cancellation of 17 the fishing permit SHOULD THE CULPABLE VIOLATION BE THROUGH OR BY A 18 FISHING VESSEL MANNED BY MORE THAN TWO PERSONS, THE HEAD OR 19 CAPTAIN OF THE BOAT AND THOSE NECESSARILY INVOLVED IN THE 20 DECISION TO FISH AND CATCH SUCH PROTECTED MARINE LIFE SHALL BE 21 PRESUMED TO HAVE COMMITTED THE PROHIBITED ACT AND THE 22 PENALTY PROVIDED FOR IN THE IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING PARAGRAPH 23 24 SHALL BE IMPOSED ON THEM.

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28 SEC. 5. All laws, decrees, orders, rules and regulations, and other issuances or parts

29 thereof inconsistent with this Act are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.

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31 SEC. 6. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.

- 33 Approved.
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