SIXTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES

Second Regular Session



14 OCT 30 A8:32

SENATE S.B. No. 2442

RECEIVED BY: JUN

Introduced by Senator JOSEPH VICTOR G. EJERCITO

AN ACT PROHIBITING THE EXPLOITATION OF VOLUNTEER REGISTERED NURSES IN PUBLIC AND PRIVATE HOSPITALS, CLINICS AND HEALTH FACILITIES AND PROVIDING PENALTIES FOR VIOLATION THEREOF

EXPLANATORY NOTE

Section 15 Article II of the 1987 Philippine Constitution provides that the State shall protect and promote the right to health of the people and instill health consciousness among them.

Likewise, Republic Act 9173 also known as the Philippine Nursing Act of 2002, particularly Section 2 of Article II states that, "it is declared the policy of the State to assume responsibility for the protection and improvement of the nursing profession by instituting measures that will result in relevant nursing education, humane working conditions, better career prospects and a dignified existence for our nurses".

Our Constitution mandates as well the protection and promotion of the right and freedom of people to choose on which profession to practice. With this, numerous Filipinos personally choose to engage in nursing profession pursuant to their advocacy of promoting of health consciousness among individual and assisting sick people, among others, and because of the assurance of finding a decent and respectable job opportunities within and outside the country.

However, in spite of these expressly provided state policies, nurse-trainees have been repeatedly reported to be victims of abusive hospitals, taking advantage of the "Volunteer Training Programs for Nurses". This program enables nurse-trainees to gain work experience and/or to obtain certificate of work experience for purposes of meeting the mandatory requirements for employment abroad, and hospitals in

turn collect training fees from nurse-trainees. Sad but true, some of Filipino nurses label themselves as "willing victims of hospitals1".

Most, if not all, hospitals practice the nurse volunteerism program in the guise of training programs, calling "nurse-volunteers" as "nurse-trainees" in order to justify the collection of training fees. With this scheme, hospitals save expense by not paying salaries, and at the same time effectively increasing their revenue through their collections.

To remedy the situation, Department of Health Secretary Enrique T. ONA issued Memorandum 2011-0238, which mandates the termination of all "Nurse Volunteer Programs", "Volunteer Training Programs for Nurses" and all similar or related programs, in all DOH-retained hospitals in the Philippines.²

Nevertheless, this institution is believed to be responsible for the protection of nursing profession in the country by aiming to provide relevant nursing education, humane working conditions, better career prospects and a dignified existence for our nurses in pursuant with the policy provided by law and the Constitution.

This bill seeks to prevent the exploitation of services rendered by volunteer registered nurses in public and private hospitals, clinics and health facilities by defining measures, which will regulate these controversial hospital practices, and to provide corresponding penalties on those who violates.

In view of the foregoing, passage of the bill is earnestly sought.

JOSEPH VICTOR EJERCITO

 $^{1\} http://www.gmanetwork.com/news/story/213475/news/specialreports/oversupply-of-nurses-forces-them-to-pay-to-work-for-free$

 $^{^2\} http://nurseslabs.com/no-more-nurse-volunteer-programs-doh-orders-termination-of-nurse-volunteer-programs/$

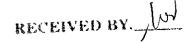
SIXTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES

Second Regular Session



14 OCT 30 A8:32

SENATE S.B. No. <u>2442</u>



Introduced by Senator JOSEPH VICTOR EJERCITO

AN ACT PROHIBITING THE EXPLOITATION OF VOLUTEER REGISTERED NURSES IN PUBLIC AND PRIVATE HOSPITALS, CLINICS AND HEALTH FACILITIES AND PROVIDING PENALTIES FOR VIOLATION THEREOF

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled.

SECTION 1. Short Title. - This Act shall also be known as the "Anti Exploitation of Volunteer Registered Nurses Act"

SECTION 2. Declaration of Policy. – As mandated by the Constitution, the state shall protect and promote the right to health of the people and instill health consciousness among them. The State also recognizes the vital role and contribution of Filipino nurses in providing quality health care services to the public.

Towards this end, the State shall protect the dignity of the nursing profession and ensure that Filipino nurses are protected against exploitation.

SECTION 3. Definition of Terms. - As used in this Act;

(a) **Clinic** refers to a place in which patients avail of medical advice, receive medical attention or treatment on an outpatients basis;

 (b) **Fee for work experience** refers to any amount collected in exchange for the issuance of any certification of employment or work experience as an actual or perceived requirement for employment application here or abroad;

(c) Government hospitals refers to a hospital operated and maintained either partially or wholly by the national, provincial, municipal of city government or other political

- subdivision, or by any department, division, board or other agency thereof;
- (d) **Health facility** refers to any infrastructure where medical and other allied profession health services are offered and where patients receive health care. They include hospitals, clinics, outpatient care centers such as birthing centers and psychiatric care centers;
- (e) **Hospitals** refers to a place devoted primarily to the maintenance and operation of facilities for the diagnosis, treatment and care of individuals from illness, disease, injury or deformity, or in need of obstetrical or other medical and nursing care. The term 'hospital' shall also be construed as any institution, building or place where there are installed beds, or cribs, or bassinets for twenty-four-hour use or longer by patients in the treatment of diseases, diseased conditions injuries, deformities, or abnormal physical and mental states, maternity cases, and all institutions such as those for convalescence, sanitaria care, infirmities, nurseries, dispensaries and such other names by which they may be designated;
- (f) **Nurse trainee** refers to a registered nurse who undergoes training under accredited programs of the Department of Health (DOH) in partnership with the Professional Regulation Commission (PRC) Board of Nursing;
- (g) Nurse Training Programs refers to training programs that are approved and accredited by the DOH in partnership with the PRC Board of Nursing that support a definite career progression for registered nurses and are aimed at providing advanced or specialty training;
- (h) **Private Hospital** refers to a hospital which is privatelyowned, established and operated with funds raised or contributed through donations, or by private capital or other means, by private individuals, association, corporation, religious organization, firm, company or joint stock association;
- (i) **Registerd Nurse** refers to any Filipino nurse who has graduated with a degree in Bachelor of Science in Nursing, has passed the PRC Board of Nursing examinations, and whose registration has not been revoked by the PRC;
- (j) **Volunteerism** refers to an act involving a wide range of activities, including those involving traditional forms of mutual aid and developmental interventions that provides

an enabling and empowering environment both on the part of the beneficiary receiving and the volunteer rendering the act, undertaken for reasons arising from socio-developmental commitment or conviction for the attainment of an individual or public good and where monetary and other incentives or reward are not the primary motivating factors; and

(k) Volunteer registered Nurse refers to any registered nurse who, for reasons arising from the persons commitment or conviction, contributes time, services and resources to a

hospital, clinic or health facility for free or without

compensation, on the belief that the activity is mutually

meaningful and beneficial to the individual or public

interest.

SECTION 4. Assessment and accreditation. – The DOH and the PRC Board of Nursing shall assess all the training programs for registered nurses that are being implemented in hospitals. Hospitals which offer such training programs shall be allowed to charge the nurse trainees corresponding fees to be determined jointly by the DOH and the PRC Board of Nursing.

SECTION 5. Hospital's capability. – The DOH shall assess the capability of all hospitals to provide training programs for registered nurses. The minimum criteria for the assessment shall include bed capacity, appropriate facilities, and availability of qualified trainers.

SECTION 6. Protection of volunteer Registered Nurses. – Any person, hospital or health facility that contracts or avails the services of a volunteer registered nurse is required to provide the following:

(a) Health, sanitary and safety equipment to the volunteer registered nurse;

(b) Free medical care, laboratory and hospitalization for any injury, sickness or disease that may be contracted by the volunteer registered nurse in the course of rendering volunteer service; and

(c) Capacity-building and skills enhancement training by the hospital or health care facility.

1) Contracting or availing the services of a registered nurse by a hospital, clinic or health facility that requires rendering tasks and responsibilities expected of a regular staff or community nurse, with or without the promise of a monetary allowance,

SECTION 7. Prohibited Acts. - To protect the welfare of volunteer

registered nurses, the following acts shall be prohibited:

employment benefits, or salaries below the applicable minimum wage for both private and public institutions;

. .

·12

- 2) Requiring any payment of money from a registered nurse who serves as volunteer in order to gain work experience in any hospital, clinic or health facility for employment purposes;
- 3) Requiring or obliging a volunteer registered nurse to do any of the following:
 - (a) Perform the regular work functions or workloads expected from a regular Staff Nurse employed by the hospital, clinic or any health facility without proper compensation;
 - (b) Render full-time service as a condition for the continued availment of volunteer services; and
 - (c) Serve as the only registered nurse on duty, except during disasters and calamities where such service is critical to the public health emergency.
- Contracting or availing the services of a volunteer registered nurse in order to fill-up a vacant position that requires the employment of a regular registered nurse on a full-time basis; and
 - 5) Contracting or availing the services of a volunteer registered nurse for free in exchange for the issuance of any type of certification by the hospital, clinic or health facility for employment purposes here and abroad.
 - SECTION 8. Penalties. Any person who shall commit any of the prohibited acts described in Section 7 hereof, shall suffer the penalty of imprisonment of not less than six (6) months but not more than one (1) year and a fine of not less than one hundred thousand pesos (P100,000.00) but not more than five hundred thousand pesos (P500,000.00).
 - If the offender is an association, corporation, or any other judicial person, the aforementioned penalty shall be imposed upon the owner, president, treasurer, or any other person responsible for the violation. In addition, a warning shall be issued any other person responsible for the violation. In addition, a warning shall be issued to the hospital, clinic or health facility for its first offense, suspension of its license to operate for a period of not less than one (1) month but not more than six (6) months for second offense and cancellation of its license to operate for third offense.
 - If the offender is a government facility under a national government agency, local government unit or government owned and controlled corporation, the above-stated penalty shall be imposed upon the concerned Department Secretary, Local Chief Executive, Chairman of the Board and the Hospital Director, Chief Hospital,

Provincial, City, Municipal Health Officer or head of the concerned health care facility, whichever is applicable.

ah i i je

If the offender is a foreigner, the offender shall be summarily deported after the payment of fine and service of sentence and be barred permanently from entering the country.

SECTION 9. Refund and Compensation. – A registered nurse found to have been a victim of any of the prohibited acts under Section 7 of this Act, shall be entitled to a:

 (a) Full refund of all legal fees illegally collected; and

(b) Payment of all unpaid salaries, which should not be less than the applicable minimum wage for the services rendered.

SECTION 10. Implementing Rules and Regulations. – The DOH, in coordination with the Private Hospitals Association of the Philippines (PHAP), Department of Labor and Employment, and PRC, shall issue the rules and regulations to implement the provisions of this Act sixty (60) days from its effectivity.

SECTION 11. Separability Clause. – If any portion or provision of this Act is declared unconstitutional or invalid, the other provisions hereof not affected thereby shall remain valid and effective.

SECTION 12. Repealing Clause. – All laws, executive orders, presidential decrees, presidential proclamations, rules and regulations or parts thereof inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.

SECTION 13. Effectivity. - This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in the Official Gazette or in a newspaper of general circulation.

36 Approved,