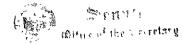
## SIXTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES Second Regular Session



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# SENATE S. No. 2530

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# Introduced by Senator Miriam Defensor Santiago

# AN ACT CRIMINALIZING THE FAILURE OF OWNERS AND LESSORS OF RESIDENTIAL AND COMMERCIAL BUILDINGS TO COMPLY WITH NATIONAL AND LOCAL FIRE SAFETY LAWS

#### EXPLANATORY NOTE

The Constitution, Article, Section 5 states:

The maintenance of peace and order, the protection of life, liberty, and property, and promotion of the general welfare are essential for the enjoyment by all the people of the blessings of democracy.

The Ozone Disco fire of 1996, the Manor Hotel fire of 2001, and the Great Eastern

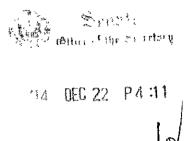
Hotel fire of 2007 are just some of the worst fire tragedies in the country. These would not have resulted had the owners of such buildings complied with our national and municipal fire-safety regulations.

Our country does not have a law that imposes a stringent penalty on the violators of the Fire Code of the Philippines. This Act seeks to discourage residential and commercial building owners from operating without strict compliance of our fire-safety laws. With the passage of this Act, it is hoped that by imposing a more severe penalty on violators of the Fire Code, the number of fire tragedies in our country will at least be reduced.<sup>\*</sup>

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<sup>\*</sup> This bill was originally filed during the Thirteenth Congress. First Regular Session.

# SIXTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES Second Regular Session



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# SENATE S. No. 2530

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Introduced by Senator Miriam Defensor Santiago

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

1 2 3 4		AN ACT LIZING THE FAILURE OF OWNERS AND LESSORS OF RESIDENTIAL MMERCIAL BUILDINGS TO COMPLY WITH NATIONAL AND LOCAL FIRE SAFETY LAWS	
5	SECTION 1. Purpose The purpose of this Act is to hold owners and lessors of		
6	residential and commercial building primarily and criminally liable for fire resulting from		
7	their non-compliance with national and local fire-safety laws.		
8	SECTION 2. Definition of Terms As used in this Act, the term:		
9	(A)	"National fire-safety laws" shall include the Fire Code of the Philippines	
10		(Presidential Decree No. 1185) and the National Building Code of the	
11		Philippines (Republic Act No. 6541).	
12	(B)	"Local fire-safety laws" shall include municipal ordinances providing for	
13		building fire protection.	
14	(C)	"Residential building" means any building intended as dwelling place, abode	
15		or habitation.	
16	(D)	"Commercial building" means any building intended for business or	
17		commerce and includes but is not limited to offices, restaurants, movie	
18		houses, malls, supermarkets, bars, discos and the like.	

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1	(E)	"Owner" refers to the proprietor of the building as shown by transfer	
2		certificate of title and/or tax declaration certificate.	
3	(F)	"Lessor" refers to the individual, entity or corporation that lets a building to	
4		another person, entity or corporation for a fee or consideration as indicated in	
5		the contract of lease.	
6	(G)	"Occupant of a residential building" refers to the lessee, member(s) of his	
7		family, domestic helper(s) and guest(s).	
8	(H)	"Occupant of a commercial building" refers to individuals doing business in	
9		said building or those availing of the services provided in said commercial	
10		building.	
11	SECTION 3. Penalties.		
12	(A)The owner and/or lessor of residential or commercial building found violating		
13	any national and/or local fire-safety laws shall be deemed prima facie liable for the death,		
14	injury and/or loss of property resulting from the fire.		
15	(B) The owner and/or lessor of residential or commercial building liable under the		
16	preceding paragraph shall be subject to a penalty of reclusion perpetua to death.		
17	(C) The owner and/or lessor of residential or commercial building shall indemnify		
18	the family of the deceased occupant of the building the sum of One Million Pesos		
19	( <b>₽</b> 1,000,000.00).		
20	(D)	The owner and/or lessor of residential or commercial building shall indemnify	
21	the occupant of the building suffering serious physical injuries as defined under the		
22	Revised Penal Code the sum of Five Hundred Thousand Pesos (#500,000.00) and such		
23	amount equ	vivalent to the expected salary of the occupant of the building for one (1) year.	

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(E) The owner and/or lessor of residential or commercial building shall indemnify
the occupant of the building suffering less serious and slight physical injuries as defined
under the Revised Penal Code the sum of Three Hundred Thousand Pesos (₱300,000.00)
and Two Hundred Thousand Pesos (₱200,000.00), respectively and such sum equivalent
to the expected salary of the occupant of the building for six (6) months.

6 (F) The lessor and/or owner of the residential or commercial building shall 7 indemnify the occupant of the building for the loss of his property in such sum equivalent 8 to treble the value of the property burned, lost, destroyed or damaged.

9 SECTION 4. Separability Clause. – If any provision or part hereof, is held invalid
 10 or unconstitutional, the remainder of the law or the provision not otherwise affected shall
 11 remain valid and subsisting.

12 SECTION 5. *Repealing Clause*. Any law, presidential decree or issuance, 13 executive order, letter of instruction, administrative order, rule or regulation contrary to 14 or inconsistent with, the provisions of this Act is hereby repealed, modified, or amended 15 accordingly.

SECTION 6. *Effectivity Clause*. – This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after
 its publication in at least two (2) newspapers of general circulation.

## Approved,

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