

15 AUG -4 P3 50

RECEIVED BY:

\$.

## SIXTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES Third Regular Session

4

SENATE P. S. R. No. <u>1477</u>

) ) )

| RESOLUTION         DIRECTING THE PROPER SENATE COMMITTEE         TO CONDUCT AN INQUIRY, IN AID OF LEGISLATION,         ON THE REPORT THAT THE OVERALL QUALITY OF WORK         IN THE COUNTRY IS DETERIORATING         1       WHEREAS, the Constitution, Article 2, Section 18, provides:         2       The State affirms labor as a primary social economic force. It shall protect         3       the rights of workers and promote their welfare;         4       WHEREAS, scrutinizing the latest Labor Force Survey results from the N         Statistics Office (NSO), think tank IBON Foundation in June reported that the overall quade         work in the country is deteriorating despite a decline in unemployment;         7       WHEREAS, NSO data showed that the number of jobless Filipino workers drop         8       2.68 million in April 2015 from 2.92 million in the same period in 2014, while the num         employed members of the workforce rose to 39.2 million from 38.7 million;         WHEREAS, IBON however claimed that the job growth resulted primarily from         Statistics 15.5 million of the         WHEREAS, the think tank further alleged that the number of full-time workers d         WHEREAS, IBON however claimed that the number of full-time workers d         WHEREAS, the think tank further alleged that the number of full-time worke |          |
|---|----------|
| <ul> <li>The State affirms labor as a primary social economic force. It shall protect<br/>the rights of workers and promote their welfare;</li> <li>WHEREAS, scrutinizing the latest Labor Force Survey results from the N<br/>Statistics Office (NSO), think tank IBON Foundation in June reported that the overall qua<br/>work in the country is deteriorating despite a decline in unemployment;</li> <li>WHEREAS, NSO data showed that the number of jobless Filipino workers drop<br/>2.68 million in April 2015 from 2.92 million in the same period in 2014, while the num<br/>employed members of the workforce rose to 39.2 million from 38.7 million;</li> <li>WHEREAS, IBON however claimed that the job growth resulted primarily from<br/>544,000 additional jobs in the informal sector, which now comprises 15.5 million of the<br/>employed population;</li> <li>WHEREAS, the think tank further alleged that the number of full-time workers drop<br/>by some 137,000 to only 22.8 million in April;</li> </ul>   |          |
| <ul> <li>the rights of workers and promote their welfare;</li> <li>WHEREAS, scrutinizing the latest Labor Force Survey results from the N</li> <li>Statistics Office (NSO), think tank IBON Foundation in June reported that the overall qua</li> <li>work in the country is deteriorating despite a decline in unemployment;</li> <li>WHEREAS, NSO data showed that the number of jobless Filipino workers drop</li> <li>2.68 million in April 2015 from 2.92 million in the same period in 2014, while the num</li> <li>employed members of the workforce rose to 39.2 million from 38.7 million;</li> <li>WHEREAS, IBON however claimed that the job growth resulted primarily from</li> <li>544,000 additional jobs in the informal sector, which now comprises 15.5 million of the</li> <li>employed population;</li> <li>WHEREAS, the think tank further alleged that the number of full-time workers drop</li> <li>by some 137,000 to only 22.8 million in April;</li> </ul>   |          |
| <ul> <li>Statistics Office (NSO), think tank IBON Foundation in June reported that the overall qua<br/>work in the country is deteriorating despite a decline in unemployment;</li> <li>WHEREAS, NSO data showed that the number of jobless Filipino workers drop<br/>2.68 million in April 2015 from 2.92 million in the same period in 2014, while the num<br/>employed members of the workforce rose to 39.2 million from 38.7 million;</li> <li>WHEREAS, IBON however claimed that the job growth resulted primarily fro<br/>544,000 additional jobs in the informal sector, which now comprises 15.5 million of the<br/>employed population;</li> <li>WHEREAS, the think tank further alleged that the number of full-time workers drop<br/>by some 137,000 to only 22.8 million in April;</li> </ul>  |          |
| <ul> <li>work in the country is deteriorating despite a decline in unemployment;</li> <li>WHEREAS, NSO data showed that the number of jobless Filipino workers drop</li> <li>2.68 million in April 2015 from 2.92 million in the same period in 2014, while the num</li> <li>employed members of the workforce rose to 39.2 million from 38.7 million;</li> <li>WHEREAS, IBON however claimed that the job growth resulted primarily fro</li> <li>544,000 additional jobs in the informal sector, which now comprises 15.5 million of th</li> <li>employed population;</li> <li>WHEREAS, the think tank further alleged that the number of full-time workers drop</li> <li>by some 137,000 to only 22.8 million in April;</li> </ul>  | ational  |
| <ul> <li>WHEREAS, NSO data showed that the number of jobless Filipino workers drop</li> <li>2.68 million in April 2015 from 2.92 million in the same period in 2014, while the num</li> <li>employed members of the workforce rose to 39.2 million from 38.7 million;</li> <li>WHEREAS, IBON however claimed that the job growth resulted primarily from</li> <li>544,000 additional jobs in the informal sector, which now comprises 15.5 million of the</li> <li>employed population;</li> <li>WHEREAS, the think tank further alleged that the number of full-time workers drop</li> <li>by some 137,000 to only 22.8 million in April;</li> </ul>   | ality of |
| <ul> <li>8 2.68 million in April 2015 from 2.92 million in the same period in 2014, while the num</li> <li>9 employed members of the workforce rose to 39.2 million from 38.7 million;</li> <li>10 WHEREAS, IBON however claimed that the job growth resulted primarily from 544,000 additional jobs in the informal sector, which now comprises 15.5 million of the employed population;</li> <li>13 WHEREAS, the think tank further alleged that the number of full-time workers day some 137,000 to only 22.8 million in April;</li> </ul>   |          |
| <ul> <li>employed members of the workforce rose to 39.2 million from 38.7 million;</li> <li>WHEREAS, IBON however claimed that the job growth resulted primarily from 544,000 additional jobs in the informal sector, which now comprises 15.5 million of the employed population;</li> <li>WHEREAS, the think tank further alleged that the number of full-time workers de by some 137,000 to only 22.8 million in April;</li> </ul>   | ped to   |
| WHEREAS, IBON however claimed that the job growth resulted primarily from<br>S44,000 additional jobs in the informal sector, which now comprises 15.5 million of the<br>employed population;<br>WHEREAS, the think tank further alleged that the number of full-time workers day<br>by some 137,000 to only 22.8 million in April;  | iber of  |
| <ul> <li>544,000 additional jobs in the informal sector, which now comprises 15.5 million of th</li> <li>employed population;</li> <li>WHEREAS, the think tank further alleged that the number of full-time workers d</li> <li>by some 137,000 to only 22.8 million in April;</li> </ul>  |          |
| <ul> <li>employed population;</li> <li>WHEREAS, the think tank further alleged that the number of full-time workers d</li> <li>by some 137,000 to only 22.8 million in April;</li> </ul>  | om the   |
| WHEREAS, the think tank further alleged that the number of full-time workers d<br>by some 137,000 to only 22.8 million in April;  | ne total |
| by some 137,000 to only 22.8 million in April;  |          |
|   | ropped   |
|   |          |
| 15 WHEREAS, job loss has also reportedly been observed in key sectors, wi   | ith the  |
| agriculture sector shedding 390,000 employees and the manufacturing sector losing 34,000  | ) jobs;  |
| WHEREAS, IBON criticized the emerging job generation matrix as an indicate  | tion of  |
| deterioration in the overall quality of work in the country;  |          |
| 19 WHEREAS, according to the think tank, informal work or jobs worked less than 40  | 0 hours  |
| a week are commonly low-paying, unstable, and do not accord benefits to workers;  |          |

1 WHEREAS, the government must continue to support growth in key production sectors, 2 particularly agriculture and manufacturing, even as it encourages expansion in the trade, retail 3 and services sectors;

WHEREAS, Congress must strengthen existing laws aimed at improving the agriculture,
manufacturing, and other employment sectors that register that highest labor productivity;

6 WHEREFORE, BE IT HEREBY RESOLVED BY THE PHILIPPINE SENATE to direct 7 the proper Senate committee to conduct an inquiry, in aid of legislation, on the report that the 8 overall quality of work in the country is deteriorating.

Adopted,

MIRIAM DEFENSOR SANTIAGO

/kamp