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SIXTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC
OF THE PHILIPPINES
Third Regular Session

16 JAN 11 P3 :48

SENATE S. No. 3051

RECEIVED BY:

Introduced by Senator Miriam Defensor Santiago

AN ACT SUPPORTING AND REGULATING THE USE OF EMERGENCY TELEPHONE CALLS AND COMMUNICATIONS

EXPLANATORY NOTE

The Constitution, Article 13, Section 11, provides:

The State shall adopt an integrated and comprehensive approach to health development which shall endeavor to make essential goods, health and other social services available to all the people at affordable cost. There shall be priority for the needs of the under-privileged, sick, elderly, disabled, women, and children. The State shall endeavor to provide free medical care to paupers.

Part of the essential health and social services that the government implemented are hotlines such as Patrol 117 of the Department of Interior and Local Government. Their website defines an emergency call as a call that refers to an incident or a situation where a person's life or property is in danger or threatened. However, the nature of the calls that this hotline is receiving is far from that definition. DILG Baguio reported that 98.41 percent of the calls they received were prank calls made mostly by children requesting for food delivery. Other cities, such as Cagayan de Oro, filed ordinances to curb the increase of prank calls which results in the clogging of telephone lines, thereby depriving legitimate callers access to the hotline number. It is time that a national law be passed to address this abuse of an essential service.

MIRIAM DENINSOR SANTIAGO

¹ This bill was originally filed during the Fourteenth Congress, Second Regular Session.



SIXTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES Third Regular Session

16 JAN 11 P3 48

SENATE **3051**

RECEIVED BY:

Introduced by Senator Miriam Defensor Santiago

AN ACT TO SUPPORTING AND REGULATING THE USE OF EMERGENCY TELEPHONE CALLS AND COMMUNICATIONS

Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

1	SECTION 1. Title This Act shall be known as "Emergency Communications
2	Act."
3	SECTION 2. Definitions of Terms As used in this Act, the term -
4	(A) "Emergency Call" shall include:
5	(1) any call for emergency medical or ambulance service and;
6	(2) any call for assistance from a police or fire department or for other
7	assistance needed in an emergency to avoid serious harm to person or property.
8	(B) "Call" includes the use of any of the following methods of communication:
9	telephones, facsimiles, voice-over-internet protocols, e-mail messages, text messages and
10	electronic transmissions of an image or video.
11	SECTION 3. First Level Offenses The following acts shall be punished with
12	imprisonment of three months and a fine of P10,000.00:
13	(A) Refusing to immediately relinquish a telephone when informed that the line is
14	needed to make an emergency call;
15	(B) Securing a relinquishment of a telephone by falsely stating that the line is
16	needed for an emergency;

- 1 (C) Making a call for emergency medical or ambulance service, knowing that no 2 medical emergency exists;
- 3 (D) Making or initiating an emergency call, knowing that no emergency exists,
- 4 and with the intent to disrupt, interfere with, or reduce the provision of emergency
- 5 services or the emergency call center's resources, remains silent, or makes abusive or
- 6 harassing statements to the call center recipient.
- SECTION 4. Second Level Offenses. The following acts shall be punished with
- six months imprisonment and a fine of P20,000.00:
 - (A) Intentionally interrupts, disrupts, impedes, or interferes with an emergency call or who intentionally prevents or hinders another from placing an emergency call;
- (B) Places an emergency call and reports a fictitious emergency with the intent of
- 12 prompting an emergency response by law enforcement, fire, or emergency medical
- services personnel;

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- (C) Violates Section 2 of this Act after having been previously convicted or
- 15 adjudicated delinquent for violating that clause.
- SECTION 5. Aggravating Circumstance under this Act. Whoever violates
- 17 Section 3, paragraph B of this Act shall be sentenced to imprisonment of not less than 10
- years and a fine of P500,000.00 if the call triggers an emergency response and, as a result
- of the response, someone suffers great bodily harm or death.
- SECTION 6. Separability Clause. If any provision of this Act is held invalid or
- 21 unconstitutional, the same shall not affect the validity and effectivity of the other
- 22 provisions hereof.

- SECTION 7. Repealing Clause. All laws, decrees, orders, and issuances, or
- 2 portions thereof, which are inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, are hereby
- 3 repealed, amended or modified accordingly.
- 4 SECTION 8. Effectivity Clause. This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after
- 5 its publication in the Official Gazette or in two (2) newspapers of general circulation.

Approved,

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