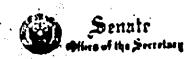
SIXTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC
OF THE PHILIPPINES
Third Regular Session



16 JAN 25 P5 :01

SENATE S. No. <u>3097</u>

RÉCEIVED BY:_

Introduced by Senator Miriam Defensor Santiago

AN ACT

TO PROVIDE FOR THE ANALYSIS OF THE INCIDENCE AND EFFECTS OF SEXUAL ABUSE IN DETENTION AND TO PROVIDE INFORMATION, RESOURCES, RECOMMENDATIONS, FUNDING, AND PUNISHMENT TO PROTECT INDIVIDUALS FROM SEXUAL ABUSE IN DETENTION

EXPLANATORY NOTE

The Constitution, Article 2, Section 11, provides that:

The State values the dignity of every human person and guarantees full respect for human rights.

Men and women are raped and sexually brutalized in prisons throughout the country. Once subjected to sexual abuse, through violence or intimidation, a prisoner is easily trapped into a sexually subordinate role. Prisoners refer to the initial rape as "turning out" the victim, and the suggestion of transformation is telling. Through the act of rape, the victim is redefined as an object of sexual abuse. A prisoner has been proven weak and vulnerable in the eyes of other inmates.

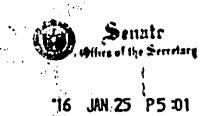
Prisoners who are unable to escape a situation of sexual abuse may find themselves becoming another inmate's "property." Victims of sexual abuse, in the most extreme cases, are literally the slaves of the perpetrators. Forced to satisfy another person's sexual appetites whenever demanded of the victim, the victim may also be responsible for washing clothes, giving massages, cooking food, cleaning cells, and other chores. The victims are frequently "rented out" for sex, sold, or even auctioned off to other inmates, replicating the financial aspects of traditional slavery.

Sexual abuse is a serious human rights abuse that derails justice and destroys human dignity. This bill seeks to provide for the analysis of the incidence and effects of Sexual abuse and to provide information, resources, recommendations, and punishment to protect individuals from sexual abuse.¹

MINIXM DESENSOR SANTIAGO

¹ This bill was originally filed during the Fourteenth Congress, First Regular Session.

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TO PROVIDE FOR THE ANALYSIS OF THE INCIDENCE AND EFFECTS OF SEXUAL ABUSE IN DETENTION AND TO PROVIDE INFORMATION, RESOURCES, RECOMMENDATIONS, FUNDING, AND PUNISHMENT TO PROTECT INDIVIDUALS FROM SEXUAL ABUSE IN DETENTION

Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

- SECTION 1. Short Title. This Act shall be known as the "Sexual Abuse in Detention Elimination Act."
- 3 SECTION 2. Declaration of Policy. It is the policy of state to value the dignity of
- 5 SECTION 3. Definition of Terms. As used in this Act, the term:

every human person and guarantee full respect for human rights.

- (A) "Inmate" or "prisoner" means any person incarcerated or detained in any facility who is accused of, convicted of, sentenced for, or adjudicated delinquent for, violations of criminal law or the terms and conditions of parole, probation, pretrial release, or diversionary program.
- 10 (B) "Jail" means a confinement facility of national, city, provincial, and
 11 municipal, or local law enforcement agency to hold -
- 12 (1) persons pending adjudication of criminal charges; or
- (2) persons committed to confinement after adjudication of criminal charges for sentences of one (1) year or less.
- 15 (F) "Office" refers to the National Statistics Office
- 16 (G) "Panel" refers to the Review Panel on Sexual Abuse in Detention

1	(C) Fonce lockup means a temporary holding facility of hational, city,
2	provincial, and municipal, or local law enforcement agency to hold -
3	(1) inmates pending bail or transport to jail;
4	(2) inebriates until ready for release; or
5	(3) juveniles pending parental custody.
6	(D) "Prison" means any national, city, provincial or municipal confinement
7	facility, whether administered by such government or by a private organization on behalf
8	of such government, and includes –
9	(1) any local jail or police lockup; and
10	(2) any juvenile facility used for the custody or care of juvenile inmates.
11	(E) "Prosecutor" refers to the Chief State Prosecutor
12	(F) "Sexual Abuse in Detention" refers to the rape, as defined in Article 266-A of
13	the Revised Penal Code and acts of lasciviousness, as defined in Article 336 of the
14	Revised Penal Code, of an inmate in the actual or constructive control of prison officials.
15	SECTION 4. Purposes The purposes of this Act are as follows:
16	(A) To establish a zero-tolerance standard for the incidence of Sexual Abuse in
17	Detention in prisons in the Philippines;
18	(B) To make the prevention of Sexual Abuse in Detention a top priority in each
19	prison system;
20	(C) To develop and implement national standards for the detection, prevention,
21	reduction, and punishment of Sexual Abuse in Detention;
22	(D) To increase the available data and information on the incidence of Sexual
23	Abuse in Detention, consequently improving the management and administration of
24	correctional facilities;
25	(E) To standardize the definitions used for collecting data on the incidence of
26	Sexual Abuse in Detention;

2	reduce, or punish Sexual Abuse in Detention.
3	SECTION 5. Annual Comprehensive Statistical Review
4	(A) IN GENERAL The National Statistics Office shall carry out, for each
5	calendar year, a comprehensive statistical review and analysis of the incidence and
6	effects of Sexual Abuse in Detention. The statistical review and analysis shall include
7	but shall not be limited to the identification of the common characteristics of -
8	(1) both victims and perpetrators of Sexual Abuse in Detention; and
9	(2) prisons and prison systems with a high incidence of Sexual Abuse in
10	Detention.
11	(B) CONSIDERATIONS In carrying out paragraph (A), the Office shall
12	consider-
13	(1) how the Office should collect information about staff-on-inmate sexua
14	assault;
15	(2) how the Office should collect information beyond inmate self -reports
16	of Sexual Abuse in Detention;
17	(3) how the Office should adjust the data in order to account for differences
18	among prisons;
19	(4) the categorization of prisons;
20	(5) whether a preliminary study of Sexual Abuse in Detention should be
21	conducted to inform the methodology of the comprehensive statistica
22	review.
23	(C) SOLICITATION OF VIEWS The Office shall solicit views from
24	representatives of the following: Bureau of Correction, National Bilibid Prisons
25	Women's Correctional and Municipal jails: the Bureau of Jail Management and

(F) To increase the accountability of prison officials who fail to detect, prevent,

- Penology; Department of Social Welfare and Development; former inmates; victim advocates; researchers; and other experts in the area of sexual assault.
 - (D) SAMPLING TECHNIQUES. The review and analysis under paragraph (A) shall be based on a random sample, or other scientifically appropriate sample, of not less than ten percent (10%) of National Bilibid Prisons, Women's Correctional, City jails, provincial and municipal prisons, and juvenile facilities. The selection shall include at least one prison from each city or province. The selection of facilities for sampling shall be made at the latest practicable date prior to conducting the surveys and shall not be disclosed to any facility or prison system official prior to the time period studied in the survey. Selection of a facility for sampling during any year shall not preclude its selection for sampling in any subsequent year.
 - (E) SURVEYS. In carrying out the review and analysis under paragraph (A), the Office shall, in addition to such other methods as the Office considers appropriate, use surveys and other statistical studies of current and former inmates from a sample of national, provincial and municipal prisons, city jails and juvenile facilities. The Office shall ensure the confidentiality of each survey participant.
 - (F) PARTICIPATION IN SURVEYS.—National, provincial, municipal and city officials or facility administrators who receive a request from the Office under paragraph (D) or (E) will be required to participate in the national survey and to provide access to any inmate in their custody.
 - SECTION 6. Review Panel on Sexual Abuse in Detention. -
- 22 (A) ESTABLISHMENT. There will be a Panel, established within the
 23 Department of Justice, to assist the Office in carrying out the review and analysis under
 24 Section 5 paragraph Λ.
 - (B) MEMBERSHIP. -

- (1) Composition. The Panel shall be composed of three members, each of whom shall be appointed by the Secretary of Justice, in consultation with the Secretary of Health and the Secretary of Social Welfare and Development.
- (2) Qualifications. Members of the Panel shall he selected from among individuals with knowledge or expertise in matters to be studied by the Panel.

(C) PUBLIC HEARINGS. -

(1) IN GENERAL. - The duty of the Panel shall be to carry out, for each calendar year, public hearings concerning the operation of the three national, provincial and municipal prisons with the highest incidence of Sexual Abuse in Detention and the two prisons with the lowest incidence of Sexual Abuse in Detention. The Panel shall hold a separate hearing regarding the three jails, police lockups and juvenile facilities with the highest incidence of Sexual Abuse in Detention. The purpose of these hearings shall be to collect evidence to aid in the identification of common characteristics of both victims and perpetrators of Sexual Abuse in Detention, and the identification of common characteristics of prisons and prison systems with a high incidence of Sexual Abuse in Detention, and the identification of common characteristics of prisons systems that appear to have been successful in deterring Sexual Abuse in Detention.

(2) Testimony at hearings.-

(a) Public officials.- In carrying out the hearings required under subparagraph (C), the Panel shall request the public testimony of national, city, provincial and local officials, including the warden or director of each prison, who bears responsibility for the prevention,

1	detection, and punishment of Sexual Abuse in Detention at each
2	entity, and the head of the prison system encompassing such prison.
3	(b) Victims The Panel may request the testimony of Sexual Abuse
4	in Detention victims, organizations representing such victims, and
5	other appropriate individuals and organizations.
6	(3) Subpoenas
7	(a) Issuance The Panel may issue subpoenas for the attendance of
8	witnesses and the production of documents or other matters.
9	(b) Enforcement In the case of contumacy or refusal to obey a
10	subpoena, the Secretary of Justice may in a court of appropriate
11	jurisdiction obtain an appropriate order to enforce the subpoena.
12	(D) REPORTS
13	(1) Deadline Not later than June 30 of each year, the Secretary of Justice
14	shall submit a report on the activities of the Office and the Panel, with
15	respect to Sexual Abuse in Detention, for the preceding calendar year to -
16	(a) Congress;
17	(b) Secretary of Health and
18	(c) Secretary of Social Welfare and Development
19	(2) ContentsThe report required under paragraph (A) shall include-
20	(a) with respect to the effects of Sexual Abuse in Detention,
21	statistical, sociological, and psychological data;
22	(b) with respect to the incidence of Sexual Abuse in Detention-
23	(i) statistical data aggregated for the national, city, provincial,
24	municipal and juvenile prison systems, and the levels of
25	sexual abuse at individual prisons;

1	(ii) a listing of those institutions in the representative sample,
2	separated into each category identified under paragraph (F)
3	and ranked according to the incidence of Sexual Abuse in
4	Detention in each institution; and
5	(iii) an identification of those institutions in the representative
6	sample that appear to have been successful in deterring
7	Sexual Abuse in Detention; and
8	(iv) a listing of any prisons in the representative sample that
9	did not cooperate with the survey conducted pursuant to
10	Section 5.
11	(E) DATA ADJUSTMENTS In preparing the information specified in
12	paragraph (D), the Office shall use established statistical methods to adjust the data as
13	necessary to account for differences among institutions in the representative sample,
14	which are not related to the detection, prevention, reduction and punishment of Sexual
15	Abuse in Detention, or which are outside the control of the jurisdiction, prison, or prison
16	system, in order to provide an accurate comparison among prisons. Such differences may
17	include the mission, security level, size, and jurisdiction under which the prison operates.
18	For each such adjustment made, the Attorney General shall identify and explain such
19	adjustment in the report.
20	(F) CATEGORIZATION OF PRISONS The report shall divide the prisons
21	surveyed into three categories. One category shall be composed of all national and local
22	prisons. The other two categories shall be defined by the Prosecutor in order to compare
23	similar institutions.
24	(G) Contracts and GrantsIn carrying out its duties under this section, the
25	Prosecutor may

(a) provide grants for research through the Department of Justice;

1	(b) contract with or provide grants to any other entity the Prosecutor deems
2	appropriate.
3	SECTION 7. Sexual Abuse in Detention Prevention and Prosecution -
4	(A) INFORMATION AND ASSISTANCE
5	(1) National clearinghouse There will be a National Clearinghouse
6	established within the National Bilibid Prisons and Women's Correctional
7	for the provision of information and assistance to local authorities
8	responsible for the prevention, investigation, and punishment of instances
9	of Sexual Abuse in Detention.
10	(2) Training and education The National Bilibid Prisons and Women's
11	Correctional shall conduct periodic training and education programs for
12	national, city, provincial and local authorities responsible for the
13	prevention, investigation, and punishment of instances of Sexual Abuse in
14	Detention.
15	(B) REPORTS
16	(1) IN GENERALNot later than September 30 of each year, the National
17	Bilibid Prisons and Women's Correctional shall submit a report to
18	Congress and the Secretary of Health. This report shall be available to the
19	Director of the Office.
20	(2) CONTENTS The report required under paragraph (A) shall
21	summarize the activities of the Department of Justice regarding Sexual
22	Abuse in Detention abatement for the preceding calendar year.
23	(C) PENALTY The sentence imposed upon convicted offenders of Sexual
24	Abuse in Detention shall be one degree higher than those prescribed under the Revised
25	Penal Code for rape or acts of lasciviousness, as applicable.

SECTION 8. Grants to Protect Inmates and Safeguard Communities -

Ţ	(A) GRANTS AUTHORIZED From amounts made available for grants under
2	this section, the Prosecutor shall make grants to assist national, city, provincial, and
3	municipal authorities in ensuring that budgetary circumstances (such as reduced national
4	and local spending on prisons) do not compromise efforts to protect inmates (particularly
5	from Sexual Abuse in Detention) and to safeguard the communities to which inmates
6	return. The purpose of grants under this section shall be to provide funds for personnel,
7	training, technical assistance, data collection, and equipment to prevent and prosecute
8	prisoner rape.
9	(B) USE OF GRANT AMOUNTS Amounts received by a grantee under this
10	section may be used by the grantee, directly or through sub-grants, only for one or more
11	of the following activities:
12	(1) Protecting inmatesProtecting inmates by-
13	(a) undertaking efforts to more effectively prevent Sexual Abuse in
14	Detention;
15	(b) investigating incidents of Sexual Abuse in Detention; or
16	(c) prosecuting incidents of Sexual Abuse in Detention.
17	(2) Safeguarding communitiesSafeguarding communities by-
18	(a) making available, to officials of national and local governments
19	who are considering reductions to prison budgets, training and
20	technical assistance in successful methods for moderating the growth
21	of prison populations without compromising public safety, including
22	successful methods used by other jurisdictions;
23	(b) developing and utilizing analyses of prison populations and risk
24	assessment instruments that will improve national and local
25	governments' understanding of risks to the community regarding
26	release of inmates in the prison population;

1	(c) preparing maps demonstrating the concentration, on a
2	community-by community basis, of inmates who have been released,
3	to facilitate the efficient and effective -
4	(i) deployment of law enforcement resources (including
5	probation and parole resources); and
6	(ii) delivery of services (such as job training and substance
7	abuse treatment) to those released inmates;
8	(d) promoting collaborative efforts, among officials of national and
9	local governments and leaders of appropriate communities, to
10	understand and address the effects on a community of the presence
11	of a disproportionate number of released inmates in that community;
12	or
13	(e) developing policies and programs that reduce spending on
14	prisons by effectively reducing rates of parole and probation
15	revocation without compromising public safety.
16	(C) GRANT REQUIREMENTS
17	(1) Period A grant under this section shall be made for a period of not
18	more than two years.
19	(2) Amount The amount of a grant under this Section shall be
20	appropriated from the National Treasury.
21	(3) Matching The National share of a grant under this section should not
22	exceed fifty percent (50%) of the total costs of the project described in the
23	application submitted under paragraph (D) for the fiscal year for which the
24	grant was made under this section.
25	(D) APPLICATIONS -

1	(1) IN GENERAL To request a grant under this section, the chief
2	executive of a national, city, provincial, or municipal government agency
3	shall submit an application to the Prosecutor at such time, in such manner,
4	and accompanied by such information as the Prosecutor may require.
5	(2) CONTENTS Each application required by paragraph (A) shall-
6	(a) include the certification of the chief executive that the
7	jurisdiction receiving such grant-
8	(i) has adopted all national Sexual Abuse in Detention
9	standards that, as of the date on which the application was
10	submitted, have been promulgated under this Act; and
11	(ii) will consider adopting all national Sexual Abuse in
12	Detention standards that are promulgated under this Act after
13	such date;
14	(b) specify with particularity the preventative, prosecutorial, or
15	administrative activities to be undertaken by the jurisdiction with the
16	amounts received under the grant; and
17	(c) in the case of an application for a grant for one or more activities
18	specified in subsection (2) of paragraph (B), review the extent of the
19	budgetary circumstances affecting the jurisdiction generally;
20	describe the rate of growth of the national, city, provincial, or
21	municipal prison population over the preceding 10 years and explain
22	why the jurisdiction may have difficulty sustaining that rate of
23	growth; and explain the extent to which officials (including law
24	enforcement officials) of national and local governments and victims
25	of crime will be consulted regarding decisions whether, or how, to

1	moderate the growth of the national, city, provincial or municipal
2	prison population.
3	(E) REPORTS BY GRANTEE
4	(1) IN GENERAL The Prosecutor shall require each grantee to submit,
5	not later than ninety (90) days after the end of the period for which the
6	grant was made under this Section, a report on the activities carried out
7	under the grant. The report shall identify and describe those activities and
8	shall contain an evaluation of the effect of those activities on-
9	(a) the number of incidents of Sexual Abuse in Detention, and the
10	grantee's response to such incidents; and
11	(b) the safety of the prisons, and the safety of the communities in
12	which released inmates are present.
13	(2) Dissemination The Prosecutor shall ensure that each report submitted
14	under paragraph (1) is made available under the national clearinghouse
15	established under Section 7.
16	SECTION 9. National Sexual Abuse in Detention Elimination Commission
17	(A) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established a commission to be known as the
18	National Sexual Abuse in Detention Elimination Commission (in this section referred to
19	as the "Commission").
20	(B) MEMBERS.—
21	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall be composed of nine
22	members, of whom—
23	(a) three shall be appointed by the President;
24	(b) two shall be appointed by the Speaker of the House of
25	Representatives, unless the Speaker is of the same party as the
26	President, in which case 1 shall be appointed by the Speaker of the

1	House of Representatives and 1 shall be appointed by the minority
2	leader of the House of Representatives;
3	(c) one shall be appointed by the minority leader of the House of
4	Representatives (in addition to any appointment made under
5	subparagraph (B));
6	(d) two shall be appointed by the majority leader of the Senate,
7	unless the majority leader is of the same party as the President, in
8	which case one shall be appointed by the majority leader of the
9	Senate and one shall be appointed by the minority leader of the
10	Senate; and
11	(e) one member appointed by the minority leader of the Senate (in
12	addition to any appointment made under subparagraph (D)).
13	(2) PERSONS ELIGIBLE.—Each member of the Commission shall be an
14	individual who has knowledge or expertise in matters to be studied by the
15	Commission.
16	(3) CONSULTATION REQUIRED.—The President, the Speaker and
17	minority leader of the House of Representatives, and the majority leader
18	and minority leader of the Senate shall consult with one another prior to the
19	appointment of the members of the Commission to achieve, to the
20	maximum extent possible, fair and equitable representation of various
21	points of view with respect to the matters to be studied by the Commission.
22	(4) TERM.—Each member shall be appointed for the life of the
23	Commission.
24	(5) TIME FOR INITIAL APPOINTMENTS.—The appointment of the
25	members shall be made not later than 60 days after the date of enactment of
26	this Act.

1	(6) VACANCIES.—A vacancy in the Commission shall be filled in the
2	manner in which the original appointment was made, and shall be made not
3	later than 60 days after the date on which the vacancy occurred.
4	(C) OPERATION.—
5	(1) CHAIRPERSON.—Not later than 15 days after appointments of all the
6	members are made, the President shall appoint a chairperson for the
7	Commission from among its members.
8	(2) MEETINGS.—The Commission shall meet at the call of the
9	chairperson. The initial meeting of the Commission shall take place not
10	later than 30 days after the initial appointment of the members is
11	completed.
12	(3) QUORUM.—A majority of the members of the Commission shall
13	constitute a quorum to conduct business, but the Commission may establish
14	a lesser quorum for conducting hearings scheduled by the Commission.
15	(4) RULES.—The Commission may establish by majority vote any other
16	rules for the conduct of Commission business, if such rules are not
17	inconsistent with this Act or other applicable law.
18	(D) COMPREHENSIVE STUDY OF THE IMPACTS OF SEXUAL ABUSE IN
19	DETENTION.—
20	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall carry out a comprehensive legal
21	and factual study of the penalogical, physical, mental, medical, social, and
22	economic impacts of Sexual Abuse in Detention in the Philippines on—
23	(a) National, provincial and local governments; and
24	(b) communities and social institutions generally, including
25	individuals, families, and businesses within such communities and
26	social institutions.

1	(2) MATTERS INCLUDED.—The study under paragraph (1) shall
2	include—
3	(a) a review of existing national, provincial and local government
4	policies and practices with respect to the prevention, detection, and
5	punishment of Sexual Abuse in Detention;
6	(b) an assessment of the relationship between Sexual Abuse in
7	Detention and prison conditions, and of existing monitoring,
8	regulatory, and enforcement practices that are intended to address
9	any such relationship;
10	(c) an assessment of pathological or social causes of Sexual Abuse
11	in Detention;
12	(d) an assessment of the extent to which the incidence of Sexual
13	Abuse in Detention contributes to the spread of sexually transmitted
14	diseases and to the transmission of HIV;
15	(e) an assessment of the characteristics of inmates most likely to
16	commit Sexual Abuse in Detention and the effectiveness of various
17	types of treatment or programs to reduce such likelihood;
18	(f) an assessment of the characteristics of inmates most likely to be
19	victims of Sexual Abuse in Detention and the effectiveness of
20	various types of treatment or programs to reduce such likelihood;
21	(g) an assessment of the impacts of Sexual Abuse in Detention on
22	individuals, families, social institutions and the economy generally,
23	including an assessment of the extent to which the incidence of
24	Sexual Abuse in Detention contributes to recidivism and to increased
25	incidence of sexual assault;

	(ii) all examination of the feasibility and cost of conducting
2	surveillance, undercover activities, or both, to reduce the incidence
3	of Sexual Abuse in Detention;
4	(i) an assessment of the safety and security of prison facilities and
5	the relationship of prison facility construction and design to the
6	incidence of Sexual Abuse in Detention;
7	(j) an assessment of the feasibility and cost of any particular
8	proposals for prison reform;
9	(k) an identification of the need for additional scientific and social
10	science research on the prevalence of Sexual Abuse in Detention in
11	national, provincial, and local prisons;
12	(l) an assessment of the general relationship between Sexual Abuse
13	in Detention and prison violence;
14	(m) an assessment of the relationship between Sexual Abuse in
15	Detention and levels of training, supervision, and discipline of prison
16	staff; and
17	(n) an assessment of existing national and provincial systems for
18	reporting incidents of Sexual Abuse in Detention, including an
19	assessment of whether existing systems provide an adequate
20	assurance of confidentiality, impartiality and the absence of reprisal.
21	(3) REPORT.—
22	(a) DISTRIBUTION.—Not later than one year after the date of the
23	initial meeting of the Commission, the Commission shall submit a
24	report on the study carried out under this subsection to—
25	(i) the President;
26	(ii) the Congress;

ı	(iii) the Secretary of Justice,
2	(iv) the Health Secretary;
3	(v) the Director of the Bureau of Corrections;
4	(vi) the Director of the Bureau of Jail Management and
5	Penology;
6	(vii) the Department of Social Welfare and Development;
7	(viii) the Governor of each province; and
8	(ix) the Director of the Jail Division of each province.
9	(b) CONTENTS.—The report under subparagraph (Λ) shall include—
10	(i) the findings and conclusions of the Commission;
11	(ii) recommended national standards for reducing Sexual
12	Abuse in Detention;
13	(iii) recommended protocols for preserving evidence and
14	treating victims of Sexual Abuse in Detention; and
15	(iv) a summary of the materials relied on by the Commission
16	in the preparation of the report.
17	(E) RECOMMENDATIONS.—
18	(1) IN GENERAL.—In conjunction with the report submitted under
19	subsection (d)(3), the Commission shall provide the Director of Justice and
20	the Health Secretary with national standards for enhancing the detection,
21	prevention, reduction, and punishment of Sexual Abuse in Detention.
22	(2) MATTERS INCLUDED.—The information provided under paragraph
23	(1) shall include recommended national standards relating to—
24	(a) the classification and assignment of prisoners, using proven
25	standardized instruments and protocols, in a manner that limits the
26	occurrence of Sexual Abuse in Detention;

1	(b) the investigation and resolution of rape complaints by
2	responsible prison authorities, the Philippine National Police, and
3	national and provincial prosecution authorities;
4	(c) the preservation of physical and testimonial evidence for use in
5	an investigation of the circumstances relating to the rape;
6	(d) acute-term trauma care for rape victims, including standards
7	relating to—
8	(i) the manner and extent of physical examination and
9	treatment to be provided to any rape victim; and
10	(ii) the manner and extent of any psychological examination,
11	psychiatric care, medication, and mental health counseling to be
12	provided to any rape victim;
13	(e) referrals for long-term continuity of care for rape victims;
14	(f) educational and medical testing measures for reducing the
15	incidence of HIV transmission due to Sexual Abuse in Detention;
16	(g) post-rape prophylactic medical measures for reducing the
17	incidence of transmission of sexual diseases;
18	(h) the training of correctional staff sufficient to ensure that they
19	understand and appreciate the significance of Sexual Abuse in
20	Detention and the necessity of its eradication;
21	(i) the timely and comprehensive investigation of staff sexual
22	misconduct involving rape or other sexual assault on inmates;
23	(j) ensuring the confidentiality of Sexual Abuse in Detention
24	complaints and protecting inmates who make complaints of Sexual
25	Abuse in Detention;

1	(k) creating a system for reporting incidents of Sexual Abuse in
2	Detention that will ensure the confidentiality of Sexual Abuse in
3	Detention complaints, protect inmates who make Sexual Abuse in
4	Detention complaints from retaliation, and assure the impartial
5	resolution of Sexual Abuse in Detention complaints;
6	(1) data collection and reporting of—
7	(i) Sexual Abuse in Detention;
8	(ii) prison staff sexual misconduct; and
9	(iii) the resolution of Sexual Abuse in Detention complaints
10	by prison officials and national, provincial and local
11	investigation and prosecution authorities; and
12	(m) such other matters as may reasonably be related to the
13	detection, prevention, reduction, and punishment of Sexual Abuse in
14	Detention.
15	(F) CONSULTATION WITH RELATED ORGANIZATIONS.—In developing
16	recommended national standards for enhancing the detection, prevention, reduction, and
17	punishment of Sexual Abuse in Detention, the Commission shall consider any standards
18	that have already been developed, or are being developed simultaneously to the
19	deliberations of the Commission.
20	(G) HEARINGS.—
21	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall hold public hearings. The
22	Commission may hold such hearings, sit and act at such times and places,
23	take such testimony, and receive such evidence as the Commission
24	considers advisable to carry out its duties under this section.

1	(2) WITNESS EXPENSES.—Witnesses requested to appear before the
2	Commission shall be paid an appropriate fee, to be paid from funds
3	appropriated to the Commission.
4	(H) INFORMATION FROM NATIONAL AGENCIES.—The Commission may
5	secure directly from any national government department or agency such information as
6	the Commission considers necessary to carry out its duties under this section. The
7	Commission may request the head of any provincial or local department or agency to
8	furnish such information to the Commission.
9	(I) PERSONNEL MATTERS.—
10	(1) TRAVEL EXPENSES.—The members of the Commission shall be
11	allowed reasonable travel expenses.
12	(K) SUBPOENAS.—
13	(1) ISSUANCE.—The Commission may issue subpoenas for the
14	attendance of witnesses and the production of written or other matter.
15	(2) ENFORCEMENT.—In the case of contumacy or refusal to obey a
16	subpoena, the Secretary of Justice may obtain an appropriate order to
17	enforce the subpoena.
18	(3) CONFIDENTIALITY OF DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE.—
19	Documents provided to the Commission pursuant to a subpoena issued
20	under this subsection shall not be released publicly without the affirmative
21	vote of 2/3 of the Commission.
22	(L) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There are authorized
23	to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out this section.
24	(M) TERMINATION.—The Commission shall terminate on the date that is 60 days
25	after the date on which the Commission submits the reports required by this section.

1	(O) IMPLEMENTATION.—The Secretary of Justice shall establish procedures
2	and a timeline for the implementation of this subsection.
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4	SECTION 10: SADEA Independent Oversight Agency
5 6	(A) ESTABLISHMENT. – The Commission on Human Rights of the Philippines
7	(CHR) will establish, designate or maintain an independent oversight agency (IOA) to
8	oversee the implementation of SADEA, including by auditing and measuring compliance
9	with the SADEA standards developed by the Commission, pursuant to Section 9,
10	paragraph E.
11	(1) The IOA and the IOA personnel shall be wholly independent from the
12	Department of Justice, the Philippine National Police, the Department of
13	Social Welfare and Development, and the Bureau of Jail Management and
14	Penology.
15	(2) The CHR shall take necessary measures to ensure that the members of
16	the IOA have the required capabilities and professional knowledge to serve
17	the IOA effectively and efficiently.
18	(3) The IOA shall carry out its oversight and monitoring functions in
19	accordance with international treaties to which the Philippines is a state
20	party.
21	(B) POWERS OF THE IOA At a minimum, the IOA shall be authorized:
22	(1) to visit all facilities, as defined in Section 3, paragraphs A-C, at any
23	time without notification.
24	(2) to have private interviews with inmates without witnesses, either
25	personally or with a translator if deemed necessary, as well as with any
26	other person who the IOA believes may supply relevant information.

1	(5) to receive confidential communications from any interested stakeholder,
2	including inmates, their relatives, corrections staff, and advocates.
3	(4) to exercise the powers granted to the CHR under Section 18 of the
4	Constitution and Section 3 of Executive Order No. 163, except the power
5	to grant immunity from prosecution.
6	(C) DUTIES OF THE IOA.
7	(1) The IOA shall monitor implementation of SADEA at the national,
8	provincial, and municipal levels by:
9	(a) gathering the views and concerns of SADEA stakeholders,
10	including provincial, municipal and national departments of
11	corrections, professional organizations, prisoners' rights advocates,
12	former and current prisoners, and other organizations and individuals
13	with expertise and experience regarding Sexual Abuse in Detention
14	and policies and practices to eliminate it;
15	(b) reviewing statistical studies, academic and other analyses,
16	litigation addressing Sexual Abuse in Detention, and Sexual Abuse
17	in Detention criminal prosecutions;
18	(c) consulting with the National Statistics Office, the National
19	Clearinghouse, the Sexual Abuse in Detention Elimination
20	Commission, the Review Panel on Sexual Abuse in Detention, and
21	the Chief State Prosecutor.
22	(2) The IOA shall audit each facility, in accordance with Section D, to
23	measure compliance with the SADEA standards.
24	(3) The IOA shall publish reports of its findings, in accordance with
25	Section G.
26	(D) FACILITY AUDITS

1	(1) Effective one year after the release of the national standards, as
2	established in Section 9, the IOA shall audit each prison, jail, and police
3	lock-up to measure its compliance with the standards. These audits will
4	occur on a rotating basis, such that one-third of all facilities are audited
5	each year, and every facility has been audited within a three year period.
6	(2) As part of each audit, the IOA shall visit and examine facilities as
7	defined in Section 3, paragraphs A-C, and to examine the treatment of
8	inmates as defined in Section 3, paragraph E, to assess compliance with the
9	national standards.
10	(3) When conducting audits, the IOA must (a) identify and gather data to be
11	analyzed, (b) employ proper professional judgment when analyzing data,
12	and (c) work effectively with the appropriate authorities in planning audits.
13	(E) ACCESS TO INFORMATION In order to enable the IOA to fulfill its
14	duties, the Department of Justice undertakes to grant it:
15	(1) Access to all information concerning the number of inmates, as well as
16	the number of places of detention and their location;
17	(2) Access to all information referring to the treatment of inmates as well as
18	their conditions of detention;
19	(3) Access to all places of detention and their installations and facilities;
20	(4) The opportunity to have private interviews with any inmate without
21	witnesses, either personally or with a translator if deemed necessary, as
22	well as with any other person who the IOA believes may supply relevant
23	information;
24	(5) The liberty to choose places to visit and the persons to interview;
25	(F) PROTECTION OF INFORMATION

1	(1) No authority or official shall order, apply, permit or tolerate any
2	sanction against any person or organization for having communicated to the
3	IOA any information, whether true or false, and no such person or
4	organization shall be otherwise prejudiced in any way.
5	(2) Confidential information collected by the IOA shall be privileged. No
6	personal data shall be published without the express consent of the person
7	concerned.
8	(G) REPORTS
9	(1) The IOA shall submit an annual report to Congress, the Secretary of
10	Justice, the Secretary of Health, the Secretary of Social Welfare and
11	Development, and the National Clearinghouse established under Section
12	7 that includes:
13	(a) an assessment of national SADEA implementation;
14	(b) identified gaps in the progress of SADEA-related efforts;
15	(c) inconsistencies between SADEA and other laws and policies;
16	and
17	(d) recommendations for further action.
18	(2) At the conclusion of each facility audit, the IOA shall publish a report
19	measuring the level of compliance with the national standards. In addition
20	to identifying with which standards the facility is not in compliance, the
21	report will discuss the level of cooperation afforded by facility officials
22	and administration, the extent of changes made throughout the audit
23	process, and recommendations for further improvements.
24	(3) Facility audit reports shall be provided to the chief executive with
25	jurisdiction over that facility, the warden of the facility audited, the Review
26	Panel on Sexual Abuse in Detention, and the National Clearinghouse

1 (4) All reports shall be made publicly available on the CHR website and under the National Clearinghouse established under Section 7.

SECTION 11. Appropriations. - To carry out the provisions of this Act, such amount as may be necessary is hereby authorized to be appropriated from the National Treasury.

SECTION 12. Separability Clause. - If any provision or part hereof, is held invalid or unconstitutional, the remainder of the Act or the provision not otherwise affected shall remain valid and subsisting.

SECTION 13. Repealing Clause. - Any law, presidential decree or issuance, executive order, letter of instruction, administrative order, rule or regulation contrary to, or inconsistent with the provisions of this Act is hereby repealed, modified or amended accordingly.

SECTION 14. Effectivity Clause. - This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in at least two (2) newspapers of general circulation.

Approved,

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