

16 JAN 28 P1:33

SENATE

MECERALIVED HY:-/ LOV

COMMITTEE REPORT NO. __444

Submitted by the Committees on Electoral Reforms and People's Participation; and on Constitutional Amendments and Revision of Codes on IAN 2 8 2016.

Re: Senate Bill No. 1224 taking into consideration HBN 4111.

Recommending Its approval with amendments.

Sponsor: Senator Pimentel III

MR. PRESIDENT:

The Committees on Electoral Reforms and People's Participation; and on Constitutional Amendments and Revision of Codes, to which were referred Senate Bill No. 1224, introduced by Senator Ejercito, entitled:

"AN ACT
IDENTIFYING OTHER PERSONS CRIMINALLY LIABLE
FOR ELECTION OFFENSES AND INCREASING THE
PENALTIES FOR ELECTION-RELATED OFFENSES,
AMENDING SECTIONS 263 AND 264 OF BATAS
PAMBANSA BILANG 881, AS AMENDED OR THE
"OMNIBUS ELECTION CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES",
AND SECTION 46 OF REPUBLIC ACT NO. 8189 OR "THE
VOTER'S REGISTRATION ACT OF 1996", AND FOR
OTHER PURPOSES

and taking into consideration House Bill No. 4111, introduced by Representatives Rodriguez (R), Rodriguez (M), Abayon, Aglipay, Erice, entitled:

"AN ACT

IDENTIFYING OTHER PERSONS CRIMINALLY LIABLE FOR ELECTION OFFENSES AND INCREASING THE PENALTIES FOR ELECTION-RELATED OFFENSES, AMENDING SECTIONS 263 AND 264 OF BATAS PAMBANSA BILANG 881, AS AMENDED, OR THE "OMNIBUS ELECTION CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES", AND SECTION 46 OF REPUBLIC ACT NO. 8189 OR "THE VOTER'S REGISTRATION ACT OF 1996"

have considered the same and have the honor to report it back to the Senate with the recommendation that it be approved with the following amendments; to wit:

- 1. On page 1, line 4 after the phrase "for election offenses" delete the punctuation mark comma "." and the phrase "more so when";
- 2. On page 1, line 12 after the word "responsible" delete the word "be" and in lieu thereof replace it with the word "IS";
- 3. On page 1, line 15 after the phrase "accessories shall be" insert the word "SEPARATELY";
- 4. On page 1, line 16 after the phrase "party or entity." Insert the article "THE":
- 5. On page 1, line 20 before the phrase "OFFICIALS OF THE COMMISSION" delete the phrase "AND/OR" and in lieu thereof replace it with the word "OR":
- 6. On page 2, line 5 after the word "deprivation" delete the punctuation mark comma ".";
 - 7. On page 2, line 16 after the phrase "in case of" insert the article "A";
- 8. On page 2, lines 21 to 22 delete the brackets "[_]" enclosing the phrase "prison mayor in its maximum period";

- On page 2, line 23 put a space between the words "OR" and 9. "interference":
- On page 2, line 23 after the phrase "in the election" delete the 10. punctuation mark comma "," and the phrase "AND THE SUBJECT PRISONER OR PRISONERS SHALL LIKEWISE BE SENTENCED TO RECLUSION PERPETUA";
- On page 3, line 4 put a space between the phrases "POLITICAL 11. COALITION," and "PARTY-LIST OR";
- On page 3, line 24 after the phrase "ELECTION OFFENSE UNDER 12. THIS" delete the word "CODE" and in lieu thereof replace it with the word "ACT";
- On page 4, line 17 after the number "No. 8189" insert the punctuation 13. mark comma "," and the phrase "AND OTHER EXISTING ELECTION LAWS,"

Respectfully submitted

Chairperson

Committee on Constitutional

Amendments and Revision of Codes

Chairperson

Committee on Electoral Reforms and

People's Participation;

Vice Chairperson

Committee on Constitutional

Amendments and Revision of Codes

F. TRILLANES IV

VIce Chairpe son

Committee of Constitutional

Amendments and Revision of Codes;

Member, Committee on Electoral Reforms and People's Participation **GRACE POE**

Vice-Chairperson

Committee on Electoral Reforms

and People's Participation

Members:

FRANCIS "CHIZ" G. ESCUDERO

Committee on Electoral Reforms

& People's Participation

-LOREN B. LEGARDA

Committee on Electoral Reforms

& People's Participation

TEÓFISTO L. GUINGONA III

Committee on Constitutional Amendments

CYNTHIA A. VILLAR Committee on Electoral Reforms &

& People's Participation

and Revision of Codes

Committee on Electoral Reforms & People's Participation Committee on Constitutional Amendments

and Revision of Codes

SERGIO R. OSMENA III

Committee on Electoral Reforms

news V

& People's Participation

JOSEPH VICTOR G. EJERCITO

Committee on Electoral Reforms

& People's Participation

GREGORIO B. HONASAN II

Committee on Electoral Reforms

& People's Participation

Committee on Constitutional Amendments

and Revision of Codes

Committee on Electòral Reforms

& People's Participation

Committee on Constitutional Amendments

and Revision of Codes

SONNY ANGARA

Committee on Constitutional Amendments

and Revision of Codes

MANUEL "LITO" M. LAPID

Committee on Constitutional Amendments

and Revision of Codes

FERDINAND/R. MARCOS, JR.

Committee or Constitutional Amendments and

Revision of Godes

JINGGOY EJERCITO ESTRADA

Committee on Constitutional Amendments and

Revision of Codes

Ex-Officio Members:

RALPH G. RECTO
President Plo Vempore

ALAN PETER "COMPANERO" S. CAYETANO
Minority Leader

JUAN PONCE ENRILE
Minority Leader

HON. FRANKLIN M. DRILON President Senate of the Philippines SENATE OF THE PHILIPPINES SIXTEENTH CONGRESS First Regular Session



13 AUG -6 P4 56 .

RECEIVED BY:

SENATE

Senate Bill No. 1224

Introduced by SENATOR JOSEPH VICTOR G. EJERCITO

EXPLANATORY NOTE

The orderly and peaceful conduct of elections is essential in any democratic country such as ours. During the electoral process, all eligible voters are given the chance to select candidates who are capable of becoming efficient political leaders. Most of all, it is an avenue of selecting individuals who are seeking public office to serve the best interest of the people and promote common good.

In this regard, it is of vital importance to ensure that election results represent the sovereign will of the people and not manipulated by individuals who desire the seat of power to protect their personal interests.

Cases of electoral fraud and election-related offenses have become common during elections. In the recent years, there have been cases involving members of the Board of Election Inspectors or Board of Canvassers and even officials of the Commission on Elections (COMELEC) who are supposed to ensure free, orderly, honest, peaceful and credible elections.

This measure seeks to prevent the occurrence of electoral fraud and election-related offenses by increasing the penalties thereof and by imposing criminal liabilities against any member of the Board of Election Inspectors, Board of Canvassers and/or official of the Commission on Elections who aid, assist or participate, directly or indirectly to the commission of electoral fraud and other election-related offenses.

The passage of this measure will reinforce the stability of the political community through transparent elections and nationally sustainable electoral process. Hence, immediate passage of the bill is earnestly sought.

JOSEPH VICTOR G. EJERCITO

SENATE OF THE PHILIPPINES SIXTEENTH CONGRESS First Regular Session

3

7

8

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

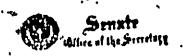
22 23

24

25 26

27

28



13 AUG -6 P4 55

SENATE

- RECEIVED BY:

Scnate Bill No. ____1224

Introduced by SENATOR JOSEPH VICTOR G. EJERCITO

AN ACT IDENTIFYING OTHER PERSONS CRIMINALLY LIABLE FOR ELECTION OFFENSES AND INCREASING THE PENALTIES FOR ELECTION-RELATED OFFENSES, AMENDING SECTIONS 263 AND 264 OF BATAS PAMBANSA BILANG 881, AS AMENDED OR THE "OMNIBUS ELECTION CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES", AND SECTION 46 OF REPUBLIC ACT NO. 8189 OR "THE VOTER'S REGISTRATION ACT OF 1996", AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Scnate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. The State shall ensure fair, honest, orderly and peaceful elections, safeguard the integrity and sanctity of the ballot and uphold the sovereign will of the electorate. It shall impose greater penalties for election offenses, more so when attended by violence, coercion, intimidation, force or threats.

SECTION 2. Section 263 of Batas Pambansa Bilang 881, as amended, is hereby further amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 263. Persons criminally liable. – The principals, accomplices, and accessories, as defined in the Revised Penal Code, shall be criminally liable for election offenses. If the one responsible be a political party or an entity, its president or head, the officials and employees of the same, performing duties connected with the offense committed and its members who may be principals, accomplices, or accessories shall be liable, in addition to the liability of such party or entity. PERSON WHO MAY BE HELD CRIMINALLY LIABLE FOR ELECTION OFFENSE SHALL INCLUDE THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF ELECTION INSPECTORS, THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF CANVASSERS AND/OR OFFICIALS OF THE COMMISSION ON ELECTIONS WHO AID, ASSIST OR PARTICIPATE, DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, TO THE COMMISSION THEREOF."

SECTION 3. Section 264 of Batas Pambansa Bilang 881, as amended, is hereby further amended to read as follows:

"SEC 264. Penalties. – (A) Any person found guilty of any election offense under this Code shall be punished with imprisonment of not less than [one year] SIX YEARS AND ONE DAY but not more

than [six] TWELVE years and shall not be subject to probation. In sentenced guilty party shall be the suffer PERPETUAL disqualification to hold public office and deprivation of the right of suffrage. If [he] THE GUILTY PARTY is a foreigner, [he shall be sentenced to THE SENTENCE SHALL BE ONE OF deportation, which shall be enforced after the prison term has been served. Any political party, [found guilty] POLITICAL COALITION, PARTY-LIST, OR AGGRUPATION ORGANIZED FOR POLITICAL PURPOSE TO WHICH THE GUILTY PARTY IS A MEMBER shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than Iten thousand FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND pesos, [which shall be imposed upon such party after criminal action has been instituted in which their corresponding officials have been found guilty] AS PART OF THE CIVIL LIABILITY IN CONNECTION WITH THE ELECTION OFFENSE.

14 15 16

17

18 19

20 21

22

23

24

3

5

6

7

Я

9

10

11

12

13

"(B) In case of prisoner or prisoners illegally released from any penitentiary or jail during the prohibited period as provided in Section 261, paragraph (n) of this Code, the director of prisons, provincial warden, keeper of the jail or prison, or persons who are required by law to keep said prisoner in their custody shall, if convicted by a competent court, be sentenced to suffer the penalty of [prison mayor in its maximum period] if the prisoner or prisoners so illegally released commit any act of intimidation, terrorism [of] ORinterference in the election, AND THE SUBJECT PRISONER OR PRISONERS SHALL LIKEWISE BE SENTENCED TO RECLUSION PERPETUA.

25 26 27

28

29

30

[Any person found guilty of the offence of failure to register or failure to vote shall, upon conviction, be fined one hundred pesos. In addition, he shall suffer disqualification to run for public office in the next succeeding election following his conviction or be appointed to a public office for a period of one year following his conviction.]

31 32 33

34

35

36 37

38

39

"(C) ANY OFFICER OR EMPLOYEE OF THE COMMISSION ON ELECTIONS, OR ANY OFFICER, EMPLOYEE OR MEMBER OF THE ARMED FORCES OF THE PHILIPPINES, OR ANY POLICE FORCE, SPECIAL FORCES, HOME DEFENSE FORCES, BARANGAY SELF-DEFENSE UNITS AND ALL OTHER PARAMILITARY UNITS THAT NOW EXIST FOUND GUILTY OF ANY ELECTION OFFENSE UNDER THIS ACT SHALL BE PUNISHED WITH THE MAXIMUM PENALTY THEREOF.

40 41 42

43

44

45

46

47

48

49

50

51

52 53

54

55

"(D) ANY PERSON FOUND GUILTY OF AN ELECTION OFFENSE OR PROHIBITED ACT UNDER SECTIONS 261 AND 262 IN RELATION TO SECTION 264 OF THE OMNIBUS ELECTION CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES, AS AMENDED, WHICH BY ITS NATURE IS THROUGH OR WITH VIOLENCE, COMMITTED COERCION, INTIMIDATION, FORCE OR THREATS OR WHERE THE COMMISSION OF WHICH IS ATTENDED BY SUCH VIOLENCE, COERCION, INTIMIDATION, FORCE OR THREATS, SHALL PUNISHED WITH IMPRISONMENT OF NOT LESS THAN TWELVE YEARS AND ONE DAY BUT NOT MORE THAN TWENTY YEARS WITH THE ACCESSORY PENALTIES OF PERPETUAL DISQUALIFICATION TO HOLD PUBLIC OFFICE AND DEPRIVATION OF THE RIGHT OF SUFFRAGE. IF THE GUILTY PARTY IS A FOREIGNER, HE/SHE SHALL BE SENTENCED TO DEPORTATION, WHICH SHALL BE ENFORCED AFTER HIS/HER SERVICE OF THE IMPOSED PRISON TERM.

3 4 5

2

"THE POLITICAL PARTY, POLITICAL COALITION, PARTY-LIST OR AGGRUPATION ORGANIZED FOR POLITICAL PURPOSE TO WHICH THE GUILTY PARTY IS A MEMBER SHALL BE SENTENCED TO PAY A FINE OF FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND PESOS AS PART OF THE CIVIL LIABILITY IN CONNECTION WITH THE ELECTION OFFENSE."

8 9 10

7

. 6

SECTION 4. Section 46 of Republic Act No. 8189 is hereby amended to read as follows:

11 12 13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

[SEC. 46. Penalties. – Any person found guilty of any Election offense under this Act shall be punished with imprisonment of not less than one (1) year but not more than six (6) years and shall not be subject to probation. In addition, the guilty party shall be sentenced to suffer disqualification to hold public office and deprivation of the right of suffrage. If he is a foreigner, he shall be deported after the prison term has been served. Any political party found guilty shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than One hundred thousand pesos (P100,000) but not more than Five hundred thousand pesos (P500,000).]

21 22 23

24

25

26

27

28

29

30

31

32

33

34

35

36

37

"SEC. 46. PENALTIES. - (A) ANY PERSON FOUND GUILTY OF ANY ELECTION OFFENSE UNDER THIS CODE SHALL BE PUNISHED WITH IMPRISONMENT OF NOT LESS THAN SIX YEARS AND ONE DAY BUT NOT MORE THAN TWELVE YEARS AND SHALL NOT BE SUBJECT TO PROBATION. IN ADDITION, THE GUILTY PARTY SHALL BE SENTENCED TO SUFFER PERPETUAL DISQUALIFICATION TO HOLD PUBLIC OFFICE AND DEPRIVATION OF THE RIGHT OF SUFFRAGE. IF THE GUILTY PARTY IS A FOREIGNER, THE SENTENCE SHALL BE ONE OF DEPORTATION, WHICH SHALL BE ENFORCED AFTER THE TERM SERVED. ANY **PRISON** HAS BEEN COALITION, PARTY-LIST OR AGGRUPATION PARTY, POLITICAL ORGANIZED FOR POLITICAL PURPOSE TO WHICH THE GUILTY PARTY IS A MEMBER SHALL BE SENTENCED TO PAY A FINE OF NOT LESS THAN FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND PESOS, AS PART OF THE CIVIL LIABILITY IN CONNECTION WITH THE ELECTION OFFENSE.

38 39 40

> 41 42

> 43

44 45

46

47 48

49

50

51 52 "(B) ANY PERSON FOUND GUILTY OF AN ELECTION OFFENSE OR PROHIBITED ACT UNDER SECTION 45, WHICH BY ITS NATURE IS THROUGH OR WITH COERCION, INTIMIDATION, FORCE OR THREATS OR WHERE THE COMMISSION OF WHICH IS ATTENDED BY SUCH VIOLENCE, COERCION, INTIMIDATION, FORCE OR THREATS, SHALL PUNISHED WITH IMPRISONMENT OF NOT LESS THAN TWELVE YEARS AND ONE DAY BUT NOT MORE THAN TWENTY YEARS WITH THE ACCESSORY PENALTIES OF PERPETUAL DISQUALIFICATION TO HOLD PUBLIC OFFICE AND DEPRIVATION OF THE RIGHT OF SUFFRAGE. IF THE GUILTY PARTY IS A FOREIGNER, HE/SHE SHALL BE SENTENCED TO DEPORTATION, WHICH SHALL BE ENFORCED AFTER HIS/HER SERVICE OF THE IMPOSED PRISON TERM.

53 54 55

56

"(C) ANY OFFICER OR EMPLOYEE OF THE COMMISSION ON ELECTIONS, OR ANY OFFICER, EMPLOYEE OR MEMBER OF

THE ARMED FORCES OF THE PHILIPPINES, OR ANY POLICE FORCE, SPECIAL FORCES, HOME DEFENSE FORCES, BARANGAY SELF-DEFENSE UNITS AND ALL OTHER PARAMILITARY UNITS THAT NOW EXIST FOUND GUILTY OF ANY ELECTION OFFENSE UNDER THIS ACT SHALL BE PUNISHED WITH THE MAXIMUM PENALTY THEREOF."

SECTION 5. Aggravating Circumstance. – If any of the crimes defined in the Revised Penal Code is committed in connection with an election or political exercise, such election-related element shall be appreciated as an aggravating circumstance in imposing the appropriate penalty.

SECTION 6. Separate and Concurrent Prosecution. - Any person who commits an election offense or prohibited act under the Omnibus Election Code of the Philippines and under Section 45 of Republic Act No. 8189 which act or acts also constitute felony under the Revised Penal Code, shall be prosecuted separately and concurrently under the Omnibus Election Code of the Philippines and the Revised Penal Code.

SECTION 7. Repealing Clause. — The pertinent provisions of the Omnibus Election Code of the Philippines, other laws, presidential decrees and issuances, executive orders, rules and regulations, or parts thereof inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.

 SECTION 8. Separability Clause. – If any provision of this Act shall be held to be unconstitutional or invalid, other parts or provisions hereof which are not affected thereby shall continue to be in full force and effect.

SECTION 9. Effectivity. – This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in the Official Gazette or in at least two (2) newspapers of general circulation which shall not be later than seven (7) days after the approval thereof.

Approved,

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

II. No. 4111

By Representatives Rodriguez (R.), Rodriguez (M.), Abayon, Aglipay, Aliping, Erice, Lagman, Reyes, Gerona-Robredo, Salvacion, Tinio and Chipeco, per Committee Report No. 137

AN ACT IDENTIFYING OTHER PERSONS CRIMINALLY LIABLE FOR ELECTION OFFENSES AND INCREASING THE PENALTIES FOR ELECTION-RELATED OFFENSES, AMENDING SECTIONS 263 AND 264 OF BATAS PAMBANSA BILANG 881, AS AMENDED, OR THE "OMNIBUS ELECTION CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES", AND SECTION 46 OF REPUBLIC ACT NO. 8189 OR "THE VOTER'S REGISTRATION ACT OF 1996"

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. The State shall ensure fair, honest, orderly and peaceful elections, safeguard the integrity and sanctity of the ballot and uphold the sovereign will of the electorate. It shall impose greater penalties for election offenses, more so when attended by violence, coercion, intimidation, force or threats.

SEC. 2. Section 263 of Batas Pambansa Bilang 881, as amended, is hereby further amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 263. Persons criminally liable. — The principals, accomplices, and accessories, as defined in the Revised Penal Code, shall be criminally liable for election offenses. If the one responsible be a political party or an entity, its president or head, the officials and employees of the same, performing duties

connected with the offense committed and its members who may be principals, accomplices, or accessories shall be SEPARATELY liable, in addition to the liability of such party or entity. The Person who may be held criminally liable for election offense shall include the members of the Board of Election Inspectors, the members of the Board of Canvassers and/or officials of the Commission on Elections who aid, assist or participate, directly or indirectly, to the Commission thereof."

SEC. 3. Section 264 of Batas Pambansa Bilang 881, as amended, is hereby further amended to read as follows:

"SEC. 264. Penalties. — (A) Any person found guilty of any election offense under this Code shall be punished with imprisonment of not less than [one year] SIX YEARS AND ONE DAY but not more than [six] TWELVE years and shall not be subject to probation. In addition, the guilty party shall be sentenced to suffer PERPETUAL disqualification to hold public office and deprivation of the right of suffrage. If [he] THE GUILTY PARTY is a foreigner, [he shall be sentenced to] THE SENTENCE SHALL BE ONE OF deportation which shall be enforced after the prison term has been served. Any political party, [found guilty] POLITICAL COALITION, PARTY-LIST, OR AGGRUPATION ORGANIZED FOR POLITICAL FURPOSE TO WHICH THE GUILTY PARTY IS A MEMBER shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than [ten thousand] FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND pesos, [which shall be imposed upon such party after criminal action has been instituted in which their

corresponding officials have been found guilty] AS PART OF THE CIVIL LIABILITY IN CONNECTION WITH THE ELECTION OFFENSE.

"(B) In case of prisoner or prisoners illegally released from any penitentiary or jail during the prohibited period as provided in Section 261, paragraph (n) of this Code, the director of prisons, provincial warden, keeper of the jail or prison, or persons who are required by law to keep said prisoner in their custody shall, if convicted by a competent court, be sentenced to suffer the penalty of [prision mayor in its maximum period] RECLUSION PERPETUA if the prisoner or prisoners so illegally released commit any act of intimidation, terrorism [of] OR interference in the election, AND THE SUBJECT PRISONER OR PRISONERS SHALL LIKEWISE BE SENTENCED TO RECLUSION PERPETUA.

[Any person found guilty of the offence of failure to register or failure to vote shall, upon conviction, be fined one hundred pesos. In addition, he shall suffer disqualification to run for public office in the next succeeding election following his conviction or be appointed to a public office for a period of one year following his conviction.]

"(C) ANY OFFICER OR EMPLOYEE OF THE COMMISSION ON ELECTIONS, OR ANY OFFICER, EMPLOYEE OR MEMBER OF THE ARMED FORCES OF THE PHILIPPINES, OR ANY POLICE FORCE, SPECIAL FORCES, HOME DEFENSE FORCES, BARANGAY SELF-DEFENSE UNITS AND ALL OTHER PARAMILITARY UNITS THAT NOW EXIST FOUND GUILTY OF ANY ELECTION OFFENSE UNDER THIS ACT SHALL BE PUNISHED WITH THE MAXIMUM PENALTY THEREOF.

| "(D) ANY PERSON FOUND GUILTY OF AN ELECTION |
|---------------------------------------------------------|
| OFFENSE OR PROHIBITED ACT UNDER SECTIONS 261 AND 262 IN |
| RELATION TO SECTION 264 OF THE OMNIBUS ELECTION CODE |
| OF THE PHILIPPINES, AS AMENDED, WHICH BY ITS NATURE IS |
| COMMITTED THROUGH OR WITH VIOLENCE, COERCION, |
| INTIMIDATION, FORCE OR THREATS OR WHERE THE COMMISSION |
| OF WHICH IS ATTENDED BY SUCH VIOLENCE, COERCION, |
| INTIMIDATION, FORCE OR THREATS, SHALL BE PUNISHED WITH |
| IMPRISONMENT OF NOT LESS THAN TWELVE YEARS AND ONE DAY |
| BUT NOT MORE THAN TWENTY YEARS WITH THE ACCESSORY |
| PENALTIES OF PERPETUAL DISQUALIFICATION TO HOLD PUBLIC |
| OFFICE AND DEPRIVATION OF THE RIGHT OF SUFFRAGE. IF THE |
| GUILTY PARTY IS A FOREIGNER, HE/SHE SHALL BE SENTENCED |
| TO DEPORTATION WHICH SHALL BE ENFORCED AFTER HIS/HER |
| SERVICE OF THE IMPOSED PRISON TERM. |
| |

"THE POLITICAL PARTY, POLITICAL COALITION,
PARTY-LIST OR AGGRUPATION ORGANIZED FOR POLITICAL
PURPOSE TO WHICH THE GUILTY PARTY IS A MEMBER SHALL BE
SENTENCED TO PAY A FINE OF FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND PESOS
AS PART OF THE CIVIL LIABILITY IN CONNECTION WITH THE
ELECTION OFFENSE."

SEC. 4. Section 46 of Republic Act No. 8189 is hereby amended to read as follows:

[SEC. 46. Penalties. — Any person found guilty of any Election offense under this Act shall be punished with imprisonment of not less than one (1) year but not more than six (6) years and shall not be subject to probation. In addition, the guilty party shall be sentenced to suffer disqualification to hold public office and deprivation of the right of suffrage. If he is a foreigner,

he shall be deported after the prison term has been served. Any political party found guilty shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than One hundred thousand pesos (P100,000) but not more than Five hundred thousand pesos (P500,000).]

"SEC. 46. PENALTIES. - (A) ANY PERSON FOUND GUILTY OF ANY ELECTION OFFENSE UNDER THIS ACT SHALL BE PUNISHED WITH IMPRISONMENT OF NOT LESS THAN SIX (6) YEARS AND ONE (1) DAY BUT NOT MORE THAN TWELVE (12) YEARS AND SHALL NOT BE SUBJECT TO PROBATION. IN ADDITION, THE GUILTY PARTY SHALL BE SENTENCED TO SUFFER PERPETUAL DISQUALIFICATION TO HOLD PUBLIC OFFICE AND DEPRIVATION OF THE RIGHT OF SUFFRAGE. IF THE GUILTY PARTY IS A FOREIGNER. THE SENTENCE SHALL BE ONE OF DEPORTATION WHICH SHALL BE ENFORCED AFTER THE PRISON TERM HAS BEEN SERVED. ANY POLITICAL PARTY, POLITICAL COALITION, PARTY-LIST OR AGGRUPATION ORGANIZED FOR POLITICAL PURPOSE TO WHICH THE GUILTY PARTY IS A MEMBER SHALL BE SENTENCED TO PAY A FINE OF NOT LESS THAN FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND PESOS (P500,000), AS PART OF THE CIVIL LIABILITY IN CONNECTION WITH THE ELECTION OFFENSE.

"(B) ANY PERSON FOUND GUILTY OF AN ELECTION OFFENSE OR PROHIBITED ACT UNDER SECTION 45 OF REPUBLIC ACT NO. 8189, WHICH BY ITS NATURE IS COMMITTED THROUGH OR WITH VIOLENCE, COERCION, INTIMIDATION, FORCE OR THREATS OR WHERE THE COMMISSION OF WHICH IS ATTENDED BY SUCH VIOLENCE, COERCION, INTIMIDATION, FORCE OR THREATS, SHALL BE PUNISHED WITH IMPRISONMENT OF NOT LESS THAN TWELVE (12) YEARS AND ONE (1) DAY BUT NOT MORE THAN TWENTY (20) YEARS WITH THE ACCESSORY PENALTIES OF

PERPETUAL DISQUALIFICATION TO HOLD PUBLIC OFFICE AND DEPRIVATION OF THE RIGHT OF SUFFRAGE. IF THE GUILTY PARTY IS A FOREIGNER, HE/SHE SHALL BE SENTENCED TO DEPORTATION WHICH SHALL BE ENFORCED AFTER THE SERVICE OF THE IMPOSED PRISON TERM.

"(C) ANY OFFICER OR EMPLOYEE OF THE COMMISSION ON ELECTIONS, OR ANY OFFICER, EMPLOYEE OR MEMBER OF THE ARMED FORCES OF THE PHILIPPINES, OR ANY POLICE FORCE, SPECIAL FORCES, HOME DEFENSE FORCES, BARANGAY SELF-DEFENSE UNITS AND ALL OTHER PARAMILITARY UNITS THAT NOW EXIST FOUND GUILTY OF ANY ELECTION OFFENSE UNDER THIS ACT SHALL BE PUNISHED WITH THE MAXIMUM PENALTY THEREOF."

SEC. 5. Aggravating Circumstance. — If any of the crimes defined in the Revised Penal Code is committed in connection with an election or political exercise, such election-related element shall be appreciated as an aggravating circumstance in imposing the appropriate penalty.

SEC. 6. Separate and Concurrent Prosecution. — Any person who commits an election offense or prohibited act under the Omnibus Election Code of the Philippines and under Section 45 of Republic Act No. 8189, which act or acts also constitute felony under the Revised Penal Code, shall be prosecuted separately and concurrently under the Omnibus Election Code of the Philippines and the Revised Penal Code.

| 1 | SEC. 7. Repealing Clause The pertinent provisions of the |
|----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 2 | Omnibus Election Code of the Philippines, other laws, presidential decrees and |
| 3 | issuances, executive orders, rules and regulations or parts thereof inconsistent |
| 4 | with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed or modified accordingly. |
| 5 | SEC. 8. Separability Clause If any provision of this Act shall be |
| 6 | held to be unconstitutional or invalid, the other parts or provisions hereof |
| 7 | which are not affected thereby shall continue to be in full force and effect. |
| 8 | SEC. 9. Effectivity This Act shall take effect fisteen (15) days after |
| 9 | its publication in the Official Gazette or in at least two (2) newspapers of |
| 10 | general circulation. |
| | t |

Approved,