SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES



First Regular Session

16 JUL 26 A9:02

SENATE S. B. **875**

RICE TY:

Introduced by Senator Poe

AN ACT TO FURTHER ASSIST FILIPINO MIGRANT WORKERS, AMENDING FOR THE PURPOSE SECTION 10 OF REPUBLIC ACT NO. 8042, AS AMENDED

Explanatory Note

The 1987 Philippine Constitution is clear in its guarantee that "[t]he State shall afford full protection to labor, local and overseas, organized and unorganized, and promote full employment and equality of employment opportunities for all." Said Constitutional provision serves as the lamppost of government protection to Filipino human resources including the overseas Filipino workers (OFWs). This policy measure is a social legislation for the OFWs.

Many Filipinos believe that overseas employment is the way to financial security. Being an OFW carries with it the challenge of being alone in a foreign land and missing important events in the lives of their loved ones back home in exchange for a high paying job. Because of their desire to provide a better future for their children, however, they are left with no choice but to endure the hardships of working abroad with the uncertainty of the dangers they may have to face; and the changes in their family that they may have to adapt to.

¹ Article XIII, Section 3, first paragraph.

As per the September 2015 Survey on OFWs conducted by the Philippine Statistics Authority, the number of OFWs is estimated at 2.4 Million.² These OFWs are the modern day heroes of our country as they have helped cushion our economy from the effects of global financial crisis through their billion-dollar remittances each year and it is what keeps our economy afloat. Not all of our OFWs, however, are fortunate in seeking jobs abroad. Some OFWs end up being recruited illegally while some are promised jobs that are non-existent.

It is the State's duty to protect our modern day heroes and not treat them as export commodity as means to sustain economic growth. The sacrifices our OFWs make in their hope of enjoying the fruits of their hard-earned labor when they come home should not be taken for granted.

This bill seeks to amend the existing law, Republic Act No. 8042, or the "Migrant Workers Act of 1995", in order to provide equal protection for our OFWs. The amendment would be, that in cases of termination of overseas employment without just, valid or authorized cause as defined by law or contract, an OFW shall be entitled to the full reimbursement of his/her placement fee plus reasonable interest rate and that the Department of Labor and Employment (DOLE) shall be the main steward for OFWs and shall provide a comprehensive assistance program to our OFWs.

In light of the foregoing, immediate passage of this bill is earnestly sought.

grace Poe

² Philippine Statistics Authority. "Total Number of OFWs Estimated at 2.4 million" Retrieved from https://psa.gov.ph/content/total-number-ofws-estimated-24-million-results-2015-survey-overseas-filipinos-0

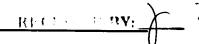


SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES

First Regular Session

16 JUL 26 A9:02

SENATE s. b. ___**875**



Introduced by Senator Poe

AN ACT TO FURTHER ASSIST FILIPINO MIGRANT WORKERS, AMENDING FOR THE PURPOSE SECTION 10 OF REPUBLIC ACT NO. 8042, AS AMENDED

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. The fifth paragraph of Section 10 of Republic Act No. 8042, otherwise known as the "Migrant Workers and Overseas Filipino Act", as amended by Republic Act. No. 10022, is hereby amended by repealing the clause" or for Three (3) months every year of the unexpired term, whichever is less", to read as follows:

4 5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

1

2

3

"Section 10. Money Claims. – Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the Labor Arbiters of the National Labor Relations Commission (NLRC) shall have the original and exclusive jurisdiction to hear and decide, within ninety (90) calendar days after filing of the complaint, the claims arising out of an employer-employee relationship or by virtue of any law or contract involving Filipino workers for overseas deployment including claims for actual, moral, exemplary and other forms of damages.

The liability of the principal/employer and the recruitment/placement agency for any and all claims under this section shall be joint and several. This provisions shall be incorporated in the contract for overseas employment and shall be a condition precedent for its approval. The performance bond to be filed by the recruitment/placement agency, as provided by law, shall be answerable for all money claims or damages that may be awarded to the workers. If the recruitment/placement

- 1 agency is a juridical being, the corporate officers and directors and partners as the
- 2 case may be, shall themselves be jointly and solidarily liable with the corporation or
- 3 partnership for the aforesaid claims and damages.

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

24

25

26

- Such liabilities shall continue during the entire period or duration of the employment contract and shall not be affected by any substitution, amendment or modification made locally or in a foreign country of the said contract.
- Any compromise/amicable settlement or voluntary agreement on money claims inclusive of damages under this section shall be paid within four (4) months from the approval of the settlement by the appropriate authority.
 - In case of termination of overseas employment without just, valid or authorized cause as defined by law or contract, the workers shall be entitled to the full reimbursement of his placement fee with interest of twelve percent (12%) per annum, plus his salaries for the unexpired portion of his employment contract [or for three (3) months for every year of the unexpired term, whichever is less.] PROVIDED THAT THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND EMPLOYMENT AND ITS ATTACHED AGENCIES SHALL PROVIDE NEW SKILL TRAININGS, RETRAINING PROGRAMS, LIVELIHOOD AND TECHNOLOGY ASSISTANCE, SEMINARS FOR MICRO-FINANCE ASSISTANCE, AND SIMILAR OPPORTUNITIES FOR RETURNING OVERSEAS FILIPINO WORKERS.
- Non-compliance with the mandatory periods for resolutions of cases provided under this section shall subject the responsible officials to any or all of the following penalties:
 - (a) The salary of any such official who fails to render his decision or resolutions within the prescribed period shall be, or caused to be, withheld until the said official complies therewith;
- 27 (b) Suspension for not more than ninety (90) days; or
- 28 (c) Dismissal from the service with disqualifications to hold any appointive 29 public office for five (5) years.

Provided, however, that the penalties herein provided shall be without
prejudice to any liability which any such official may have incurred under other
existing laws or rules and regulations as a consequence of violating the provisions of
this paragraph.
SECTION 2. Repealing Clause. – All laws, rules and regulation, orders circulars and memoranda inconsistent with this Act are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.
SECTION 3. Effectivity. – This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in a newspaper of general circulation.
Approved,