

SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE) **REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES**) First Regular Session)

16 AUG -3 P4:03

SENATE

REF

980 S.B. No.

Introduced by Senator SONNY ANGARA

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 84, 86, 89 AND 97 OF TITLE III, CHATER I, ESTATE TAX OF THE NATIONAL INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1997, AS AMENDED

EXPLANATORY NOTE

It has been said that there are only two things that are constant in this world, death and taxes. And for purposes of estate taxes, these two things occur almost simultaneously. Experiencing death in the family is not an easy burden. The number of things that need to be settled and the various costs attendant to it further intensify the feeling of grief and loss.

The last estate tax amendment was done in 1997 by virtue of Republic Act (RA) No. 8424 or the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997. However, after almost two decades, the threshold amounts on which the various taxes are based have not been adjusted. As inflation keeps rising and the purchasing power of Peso decreasing, the amount of taxes being paid by the taxpayers have encroached more on the income of ordinary Filipinos resulting to very little take home pay.

This bill intends to lessen the burden on the surviving spouse and heirs of a decedent in settling their estate tax liabilities. The threshold amount of P200,000 in net estate liable to estate taxes as well the allowable deductions for medical expenses, funeral expenses, standard deduction and value of family home no longer represents their present actual value. By increasing the value of the estate tax exemption and other allowable deductions, we are giving the surviving spouse and heirs of the decedent the opportunity to enjoy more the fruits of labor of their deceased loved ones. Moreover, in case of sudden death in the family, rich and affluent individuals are able to minimize their estate taxes by having availed estate tax planning in advance. However, poor and middle-income families are not able to avail such intricate and costly plan, thus, bearing the burden of paying such tax. Increasing the exemptions and deductions for estate tax purposes would also ensure that the administrative cost of collecting estate taxes be more efficient.

In view of the foregoing, the immediate passage of this bill is earnestly sought.

SONNY ANGARA

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AMENDING SECTIONS 84, 86, 89 AND 97 OF TITLE III, CHAPTER I, ESTATE TAX OF THE NATIONAL INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1997, AS AMENDED

Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

1 SECTION 1. Section 84 of the National Internal Revenue Code (NIRC) of 1997, as amended, is

2 hereby amended to read as follows:

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Section 84. Rates of Estate Tax. There shall be levied, assessed, collected and paid upon the transfer of the net estate as determined in accordance with Sections 85 and 86 of every decedent, whether resident or nonresident of the Philippines, a tax based on the value of such net estate, as computed in accordance with the following schedule:

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If the net estate is:

Over	But Not Over	The Tax shall be	Plus	Of the Excess Over
	P 460,000	Exempt		
P 460,000	1,150,000	0	5%	P 460,000
1,150,000	4,600,000	P 23,000	8%	1,150,000
4,600,000	11,500,000	299,000	11%	4,600,000
11,500,000	23,000,000	1,058,000	15%	11,500,000
23,000,000	And Over	2,783,000	20%	23,000,000

11 PROVIDED, THAT EVERY THREE (3) YEARS AFTER THE EFFECTIVITY OF THIS ACT,

12 THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES SHALL ADJUST THE AMOUNTS HEREINSTATED

13 TO ITS PRESENT VALUE USING THE CONSUMER PRICE INDEX (CPI) AS PUBLISHED BY

14 THE PHILIPPINE STATISTICS AUTHORITY (PSA).

SEC. 2. Section 86 of the National Internal Revenue Code (NIRC) of 1997, as amended, is
 hereby amended to read as follows:

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3 4 Section 86. Computation of Net Estate. - For the purpose of the tax imposed 5 in this Chapter, the value of the net estate shall be determined: 6 (A) Deductions Allowed to the Estate of Citizen or a Resident. - In the case of 7 a citizen or resident of the Philippines, by deducting from the value of the gross 8 estate -9 (1) Expenses, Losses, Indebtedness, and taxes. - Such amounts -10 (a) For actual funeral expenses or in an amount equal to five percent (5%) of 11 the gross estate, whichever is lower, but in no case to exceed FIVE HUNDRED 12 PESOS (P500,000.00) [Two hundred thousand pesos THOUSAND 13 (P200,000)]; 14 (b) x x x;15 $(c) \times \times \times;$ 16 (d) x x x; and 17 (e) x x x . 18 (2) Property Previously Taxed. - x x x. 19 (3) Transfers for Public Use. – x x x. 20 (4) The Family Home. - An amount equivalent to the current fair market value 21 of the decedent's family home: Provided, however, That if the said current fair 22 market value exceeds TWO MILLION PESOS (P2,000,000.00) [One million 23 pesos (P1,000,000)], the excess shall be subject to estate tax. As a sine qua 24 non condition for the exemption or deduction, said family home must have 25 been the decedent's family home as certified by the barangay captain of the 26 locality. 27 (5) Standard Deduction. - An amount equivalent to TWO MILLION PESOS 28 (P2,000,000.00) [One million pesos (P1,000,000)]. 29 (6) Medical Expenses. – Medical Expenses incurred by the decedent within ŧ 30 one (1) year prior to his death which shall be duly substantiated with receipts: 31 Provided, That in no case shall the deductible medical expenses exceed ONE 32 MILLION PESOS (P1,000,000.00) [Five Hundred Thousand Pesos 33 (P500,000)]. 34 $(7) \times \times \times$ 35 XXX. 36 37 SEC. 3. Section 89 of the National Internal Revenue Code (NIRC) of 1997, as amended, is 38 hereby amended to read as follows: 39 40 Section 89. Notice of Death to be Filed. - In all cases of transfers subject to tax, 41 or where, though exempt from tax, the gross value of the estate exceeds TWO 42 HUNDRED THOUSAND PESOS (P200,000.00) [Twenty thousand pesos

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(P20,000)], the executor, administrator or any of the legal heirs, as the case may be, within two (2) months after the decedent's death, or within a like period after qualifying as such executor or administrator, shall give a written notice thereof to the Commissioner.

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6 SEC. 4. Section 97 of the National Internal Revenue Code (NIRC) of 1997, as amended, is
7 hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 97. Payment of Tax Antecedent to the Transfer of Shares, Bonds or Rights. – x x x.

If a bank has knowledge of the death of a person, who maintained a bank deposit 12 account alone, or jointly with another, it shall not allow any withdrawal from the 13 14 said deposit account, unless the Commissioner has certified that the taxes 15 imposed thereon by this Title have been paid: Provided, however, That the 16 administrator of the estate or any one (1) of the heirs of the decedent may, upon 17 authorization by the Commissioner, withdraw an amount not exceeding TWO 18 HUNDRED THOUSAND PESOS (P200,000.00) [Twenty thousand pesos 19 (P20,000)] without the said certification. For this purpose, all withdrawal slips 20 shall contain a statement to the effect that all of the joint depositors are still living 21 at the time of withdrawal by any one of the joint depositors and such statement 22 shall be under oath by the said depositors.

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SEC. 5. *Implementing Rules and Regulations.* The Bureau of Internal Revenue shall, within
 sixty (60) days from the effectivity of this Act, issue the necessary rules and regulations for the
 effective implementation of this Act.

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SEC. 6. Separability Clause. If any provision of this Act is subsequently declared as invalid or
 unconstitutional, other provisions hereof which are not affected thereby shall remain in full force
 and effect.

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32 SEC. 7. *Repealing Clause.* All laws, decrees, orders, rules and regulations, and other 33 issuances, or parts thereof, inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed or 34 modified accordingly.

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36 SEC. 8. *Effectivity Clause.* This Act shall take fifteen (15) days after its publication in the
 37 Official Gazette or in a newspaper of general circulation

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39 Approved,