THIRTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE RESPUBLIC)
OF THE PHILIPPINES

First Regular Session

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104 JUL 27 PS 107

SENATE S. B. No. \_\_**1530**  MECHIVEO BY:

Introduced by Senator Miriam Defensor Santiago

#### **EXPLANATORY NOTE**

The Constitution, Article 2, Section 5, provides:

The maintenance of peace and order, the protection of life, liberty and property, and the promotion of the general welfare are essential for the enjoyment by all the people of the blessings of democracy.

Older victims of violent crime are almost twice as likely as younger victims to be raped, robbed, or assaulted at or in their own homes.

As the number of older Filipinos is growing both numerically and proportionally in the country, this bill seeks to develop strategies for preventing and punishing crimes that target or otherwise disproportionately affect seniors by collecting appropriate data to measure the extent of crimes committed against seniors and determine the extent of domestic and elder abuse of seniors.

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DER OF THE SECRETARY

THIRTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE RESPU	JBLIC)
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## Introduced by Senator Miriam Defensor Santiago

# AN ACT TO COMBAT ABUSE AND ENHANCE PENALTIES FOR CRIMES AGAINST SENIORS

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. Short Title. - This Act shall be known as the "Senior's Safety Act."

SECTION 2. *Purpose*. – The purpose of this Act is to develop strategies for preventing and punishing crimes that target or otherwise disproportionately affect seniors by collecting appropriate data to measure the extent of crimes committed against seniors and determine the extent of domestic and elder abuse of seniors.

## SECTION 3. Definitions. - In this Act -

- (1) the term "crime" means any criminal offense under the Penal Code and special laws; and
- (2) the term "senior" means an individual who is more than fifty five (55) years of age.

### SECTION 4. Study of crimes against seniors. —

- (1) IN GENERAL The Secretary of Justice shall conduct a study relating to crimes against seniors in order to assist in developing new strategies to prevent and otherwise reduce the incidence of those crimes.
- (2) ISSUES ADDRESSED The study conducted under this section shall include an analysis of —

- (A) the nature and type of crimes perpetrated against seniors, with special focus on-
  - (i) the most common types of crimes that affect seniors;
  - (ii) the nature and extent of elder abuse inflicted upon seniors;
  - (iii) the nature and extent of health care fraud and abuse targeting seniors;
  - (B) the risk factors associated with seniors who have been victimized;
- (C) the manner in which the criminal justice systems respond to crimes against seniors;
- (D) the feasibility of establishing and maintaining a centralized computer database on the incidence of crimes against seniors that will promote the uniform identification and reporting of such crimes;
  - (E) crimes targeting or disproportionately affecting seniors;
- (F) crime risk factors for seniors, including the times and locations at which crimes victimizing seniors are most likely to occur;
- (G) specific characteristics of the victims of crimes who are seniors, including age, gender, race or ethnicity and socio-economic status;
- (H) the nature and extent of crimes targeting seniors, such as health care fraud; and
- (I) other effective ways to prevent or reduce the occurrence of crimes against seniors.
- (3) REPORT Not later than eighteen (18) months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Justice shall submit to the House of Representatives and the Senate a report describing the results of the study under this section.
- SECTION 5. Enhanced sentencing penalties based on age of victim.- The Department of Justice shall. —
- (1) review existing sentencing guidelines and recommend the possibility of increased penalties for persons convicted of offenses in which the victim was a senior in

appropriate circumstances, given the serious economic and physical harms associated

with criminal activity targeted at seniors due to their particular vulnerability;

(2) consult with individuals or groups representing seniors, law enforcement

agencies, victims organizations, and the judiciary, as part of the review described in this

section;

(3) account for any aggravating or mitigating circumstances that may justify

exceptions in order to provide sentencing enhancements;

(4) REPORT – Not later than one (1) year after the promulgation of this Act, the

department shall submit to Congress a report on issues relating to the age of crime

victims, which shall include any recommendations of the department relating to any

revision or modification of penalty levels, including statutory penalty, for offenses

involving seniors.

SECTION 6. Separability Clause. - If any provisions, or part hereof, is held

invalid or unconstitutional, the remainder of the law or the provision shall remain valid

and subsisting.

SECTION 7. Repealing Clause. - Any law, presidential decree or issuance,

executive order, letter of instruction, administrative order, rule or regulations contrary to

or inconsistent with, the provisions of this Act is hereby repealed, modified, or amended

accordingly.

SECTION 8. Effectivity Clause. - This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after

its publication in at least two (2) newspapers of general circulation.

Approved.

Fn: 1835