

SEVENTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES Second Regular Session

> SENATE S. No. 1735

18 MAR -8 A11 :43

Introduced by Senator Grace Poe

#### AN ACT

REORGANIZING AND STRENGTHENING THE DISATER RISK REDUCTION AND MANAGEMENT SYSTEM OF THE PHILIPPINES, ESTABLISHING FOR THE PURPOSE THE DEPARTMENT OF DISASTER RESILIENCE AND EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT, EMPOWERING THE REGIONAL FIELD OFFICES, ESTABLISHING COORDINATING MECHANISMS, STRENGTHENING COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION, APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

### **Explanatory Note**

Some events are so tragic and catastrophic that they are permanently imprinted on a nation's collective memory. In the case of Japan, it was the Nagasaki and Hiroshima bombings. In the case of the Unite States, it was the Pearl Harbor bombing and the September 11 attacks. In the case of the Philippines, it was Typhoon Yolanda (internationally known as Haiyan).

No typhoon in Philippine history has been as traumatically remembered as Yolanda. Above and beyond the data- 5,500 dead, 1.14 million houses destroyed and Php 24 billion worth of damaged infrastructure and agriculture- the imagery of 275 km/hour winds and huge waves of water wiping out communities will remain a national tragedy told and retold to generations hereafter.

We are witnesses not only to Yolanda, but also to a world of escalating risks and vulnerability. We have a responsibility not only to deliver justice not only to those whose lives were needlessly lost to the waves and winds of Yolanda, but also to prevent the same from happening to future generations. We have an inter-generational duty to leave a world where the next generations will be more prosperous and more resilient than before.

Our first step in fulfilling our duty is to strengthen our disaster risk reduction and management institutions. Currently, this is embodied by the National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Council (NDRRMC). The NDRRMC was created through Republic Act No. 10121, otherwise known the "Philippine Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Act of 2010". It was a response to Typhoon Ondoy which ravaged 4.9 million families, and led to the declaration of a state of calamity in 23 provinces and Metro Manila, and caused an outbreak of *leptospirosis*. However, Typhoon Yolanda was clearly several orders of magnitude above Ondoy. Therefore, our institutions must adjust and be be strengthened to be able to meet the "new normal" set by Yolanda.

This measure intends to open the policy discussion on reforming our DRRM institutions. It proposes to create a Department of Disaster Resilience and Emergency Management which shall be in charge of all disaster risk reduction and management programs, policies and activities in the country.

The Department shall consist of two separate and distinct entities: the National Disaster and Risk Reduction and Management Council (NDRRMC) and the Department Proper. The NDRRMC shall retain its policy-making and coordinating functions under R.A. 10121. However, the Department proper shall be the Secretariat and executive arm, converting the NDRRMC's plans into specific operational guidelines and programs. The Department will be led by its own Secretary and shall be empowered by three

bureaus- the Bureau of Disaster Resilience and the Bureau of Disaster Preparation and Response, and the Bureau of Knowledge Management and Dissemination.

It is envisioned that the Department proper will provide leadership with accountability. In the parlance of public management, the Department proper will "steer" the various stakeholders towards a disaster-resilient Philippines. The Secretary of the Department will wear two "hats" as he shall be the Chairperson of the NDRRMC and the Head of the Department Proper.

There shall also be created a National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Research and Training Center which will serve as a repository of all knowledge and research and development, and as a capacity building entity on disaster risk reduction and management. This measure also envisions the creation of a National Emergency Response Corps, which shall be a dedicated, trained and reliable team who can be deployed on short notice in the event of a disaster composed of full-time and part-time disaster managers, paramedics, debris clearing personnel, volunteers, and aid and relief managers.

This measure further proposes to empower the regional offices of the Department proper. The regional offices shall have the same administrative structure as the Department proper. They will have two bureaus on resilience and disaster preparedness and response. They will also have a regional research and training center and a regional emergency response corps. In normal times, they will provide technical assistance and capacity building to LGUs. In times of disaster, the regional offices will serve as an "operations center" for the coordination of disaster preparation and response.

These are but a few innovations which this measure seeks to introduce towards the improvement of our national disaster risk reduction and management system. speedy approval of this measure is eagerly sought.<sup>1</sup>

GRACE POE

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> We would like to acknowledge the invaluable assistance and inputs given to us by Vice Admiral Alexandar Pama, Mr. James Roman and Mr. Hector Brizuela in drafting this measure.



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### **AN ACT**

REORGANIZING AND STRENGTHENING THE DISATER RISK REDUCTION AND MANAGEMENT SYSTEM OF THE PHILIPPINES, ESTABLISHING FOR THE PURPOSE THE DEPARTMENT OF DISASTER RESILIENCE AND EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT, EMPOWERING THE REGIONAL FIELD OFFICES, ESTABLISHING COORDINATING MECHANISMS, STRENGTHENING COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION, APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

#### **ARTICLE I**

## **GENERAL PROVISIONS**

Section. 1. Short Title. - This Act shall be known as the "Philippine Disaster Risk Reduction and Management System Act of 2018"

Sec. 2. Declaration of Policy The State recognises the

Sec. 2. Declaration of Policy.- The State recognizes the country's severe vulnerability to natural and man-made disasters and their catastrophic impact on the people's constitutional rights to life, liberty and property, particularly of the poor and the marginalized. The State further recognizes the need to institutionalize the principles of climate change adaptation and disaster risk reduction and management, and the

imperative to embody these principles in responsive and capable institutions. As such, it

9 is hereby declared a policy of the State to:

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 Address the root causes of vulnerabilities to disasters by strengthening the country's institutional capacity for disaster risk reduction and management and building the resilience of local communities to disasters including climate change impacts;

- b) Adopt a disaster risk reduction and management approach that is holistic, comprehensive, integrated, and proactive in lessening the socioeconomic and environmental impacts of disasters including climate change, and promote the involvement and participation of all sectors and all stakeholders concerned, at all levels, especially the local community;
- c) Promote a whole-of-government and whole-of society approach to the development of disaster risk reduction and management, to ensure the buy-in of all concerned stakeholders, whether from the government sector, private sector, or non-government sector;
- d) Adhere to and adopt the universal norms, principles and standards of humanitarian assistance and the global effort on risk reduction as concrete expression of the country's commitment to overcome human sufferings due to recurring disasters;
- e) Develop, promote, and implement a comprehensive National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Plan (NDRRMP) that aims to strengthen the capacity of the national government and the local government units (LGUs), together with partner stakeholders to build the disaster resilience of communities, and to institutionalize arrangements and measures for reducing disaster risks, including projected climate risks, and enhancing disaster preparedness and response capabilities at all levels;
- f) Incorporate internationally accepted principles of disaster risk management in the creation and implementation of national, regional and local sustainable development and poverty reduction strategies, policies, plans and budgets;
- g) Adopt and implement a coherent, comprehensive, integrated, efficient and responsive disaster risk reduction program incorporated in the development plan at various levels of government adhering to the principles of good

governance such as transparency and accountability within the context of poverty alleviation and environmental protection;

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- h) Mainstream disaster risk reduction and climate change in development processes such as policy formulation, socioeconomic development planning, budgeting, and governance, particularly in the areas of environment, agriculture, water, energy, health, education, poverty reduction, land-use and urban planning, and public infrastructure and housing, among others;
- i) Institutionalize the policies, structures, coordination mechanisms and programs with continuing budget appropriation on disaster risk reduction from national down to local levels towards building a disaster-resilient nation and communities;
- j) Streamline existing disaster risk reduction and management institutions, structures and mechanisms, in order to reduce redundancy, increase synergy and efficiency, and provide decisive and accountable leadership in times of crisis;
- k) Ensure that disaster risk reduction and climate change measures are gender responsive, sensitive to indigenous know ledge systems, and respectful of human rights;
- Develop and strengthen the capacities of vulnerable and marginalized groups to mitigate, prepare for, respond to, and recover from the effects of disasters;
- m) Incorporate community and people's participation on a greater level, to ensure that all national disaster risk reduction programs, activities and policies are aligned with and responsive to the needs of the people;
- Recognize the local risk patterns across the country and strengthen the capacity of LGUs for disaster risk reduction and management through decentralized powers, responsibilities, and resources at the regional and local levels;

- o) Recognize and strengthen the capacities of LGUs and communities in 1 mitigating and preparing for, responding to, and recovering from the impact 2 of disasters; 3 p) Engage the participation of civil society organizations (CSOs), the private sector and volunteers in the government's disaster risk reduction programs towards complementation of resources and effective delivery of services to 6 7 the Citizenry; q) Provide maximum care, assistance and services to individuals and families 8 affected by disaster, implement emergency rehabilitation projects to lessen 9 the impact of disaster, and facilitate resumption of normal social and 10 economic activities; and 11 r) Ensure that affected communities rise stronger than they were before 12 incidents of disasters, towards reducing their vulnerability and preventing the 13 repetition of the catastrophic loss of human life and livelihood and destruction 14 15 of property. 16 Sec. 3. Definition of Terms. - The following terms are defined for the purposes of 17 this Act: 18 19 a.) "Build Back Better" is an approach to disaster recovery and reconstruction 20 which not only rebuilds communities to pre-disaster standards but also 21 increases their resilience to future disasters; 22 b.) "LERC" refers to the Local Emergency Response Corps created under this Act; 23
  - c.) "Department" refers to the Department of Disaster Resilience and Emergency Management which encompasses the National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Council (NDRRMC) and the Department proper;

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 d.) "Department proper" refers to the offices, agencies, bureaus, and services under the authority of the Secretary of the Department of Disaster Resilience and Emergency Management;

1	e.) "Secretary" refers to the Secretary of the Department Resilience and
2	Emergency Management;
3	f.) "WERC" refers to the National Emergency Response Corps created under this
4	Act.
5	g.) "NDRRMC" refers to the National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management
6	Council created under R.A. No. 10121, otherwise known as the "Philippine
7	Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Act of 2010";
8	h.) "RERC" refers to the Regional Emergency Response Corps created under this
9	Act;
10	i.) "RFO" refers to the Regional Disaster Risk Reduction and Management
11	Councils created under R.A. No. 10121 and renamed as "Regional Field
12	Offices" under this Act.
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14	Unless expressly defined in this Section, the other technical terms and concepts
15	used in this Act shall be read as defined under Section 3 of Republic Act No. 10121,
16	otherwise known as the "Philippine Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Act of
17	<i>2010</i> ′.
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19	ARTICLE II
20	THE DEPARTMENT OF DISASTER RESILIENCE AND EMERGENCY
21	MANAGEMENT
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23	Sec. 4. The Department of Disaster Resilience and Emergency Management To
24	carry out the objectives of this Act and those of R.A. No. 10121, the Department of
25	Disaster Resilience and Emergency Management is hereby established. The Department

shall be the primary policy-making, planning, coordinating, integrating, supervising,

implementing, monitoring and evaluating authority with regard to disaster risk reduction

and management in the country.

1	Sec. 5. Organization of the Department The Department shall consist of two
2	separate and distinct entities: the National Disaster and Risk Reduction and
3	Management Council (NDRRMC) and the Department Proper. The NDRRMC shall be
4	attached for administrative and budgetary purposes to the Department.
5	2 , , , , and a spartment.
6	Sec. 6. Organization of the Department Proper The Department proper shall be
7	comprised of the following:
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9	a.) The Office of the Secretary, which shall encompass the Office of the
10	Secretary and the Offices of the Undersecretaries and the Assistant
11	Secretaries, and their immediate support staff;
12	b.) The Regional Field Offices;
13	c.) The Bureaus enumerated under Section 17 of this Act;
14	d.) The National Emergency Response Corps (NERC);
15	e.) The National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Research and Training
16	Center (NDRRMC-RTC)
17	f.) The attached agencies enumerated under Section 21 of this Act; and
18	g.) The Department Services enumerated under Section 18 of this Act;
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20	Sec. 7. Selection of Personnel The selection of the personnel of the Department
21	shall be based strictly on merit and fitness in accordance with the Civil Service Code and
22	other applicable laws and rules and regulations. The formulation of the organizational
23	structure and staffing pattern shall be completed within one (1) year after the effectivity
24	of this Act.
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26	ARTICLE III
27	THE NATIONAL DISASTER RISK REDUCTION AND MANAGEMENT COUNCIL
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29	Sec. 8. The National Disaster Risk Reduction Council The NDRRMC shall be the
30	policy-formulating and coordinating body of the Department which shall ensure a

whole-of-government approach to formulating and implementing the National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Plan.

Sec. 9. *Organization.*- The membership of the NDRRMC under R.A. No. 10121 shall be retained: *Provided,* that the NDRRMC shall be chaired by the President: *Provided further,* that the Secretary of the Department of Disaster Management shall be the vice-chair of the NDRRMC, and shall preside as Chairman when the President is unable to attend a meeting.

# Sec. 10. Powers and Functions of the NDRRMC.- The NDRRMC shall:

- a.) Formulate the NDRRMP which shall be a comprehensive, all-hazards, multi-sectoral, inter-agency and community-based approach to disaster risk reduction and management. The NDRRMP shall serve as the principal guide to disaster risk reduction and management efforts in the country and shall be reviewed on a ten (10)-year interval, or as may be deemed necessary, in order to ensure its relevance to the times;
- b.) Develop vertical and horizontal coordination mechanisms for a more coherent implementation of disaster risk reduction and management policies and programs by sectoral agencies and LGUs;
- c.) Constitute a technical management group composed of representatives of the concerned departments, offices, and organizations, that shall coordinate and meet as often as necessary to effectively manage and sustain national efforts on disaster risk reduction and management;
- d.) Serve as a coordinating body for all inter-agency efforts during risk reduction and management operations;
- e.) Advise the President on the status of disaster preparedness, prevention, mitigation, response and rehabilitation operations being undertaken by the government, CSOs, private sector, and volunteers, and submit proposals to restore normalcy in affected areas;

- f.) Recommend to the President the declaration of a State of Calamity in areas extensively damaged and to submit proposals to restore normalcy in the affected areas;
  - g.) In coordination with the Climate Change Commission, formulate and implement a single harmonized framework and action plan for climate change adaptation and disaster mitigation;
  - h.) Receive, administer, mobilize and report the National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Fund, and other recovery and rehabilitation funds;
  - Receive donations and grants from any person, government institution, corporation, international organization, and other similar entities, and the power to recommend the procurement of developmental assistance for the purpose of disaster risk reduction and management subject to Section 32 of this Act;
  - j.) Monitor and provide the necessary guidelines and procedures on the Local Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Fund (LDRRMF) releases as well as utilization, accounting and auditing thereof;
  - k.) Develop appropriate risk transfer mechanisms that shall guarantee social and economic protection and increase resiliency in the face of disaster; *and*
  - I.) Establish and monitor local and national capacity for disaster risk financing and insurance and other risk transfer strategies.

## Sec. 11. Monitoring and Reporting.-

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- a.) On or before the last quarter of the preceding year, the member-agencies of the NDRRMC shall submit to the Secretary their respective disaster risk reduction and management annual work and financial management plans for the next year;
  - b.) The member-agencies of the NDRRMC shall also submit to the Secretary quarterly progress reports on the implementation of their respective DRRM

1	annual work and financial management plans within thirty (30) days from the
2	end of each quarter.
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4	ARTICLE IV
5	THE DEPARTMENT PROPER
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7	Sec. 12. The Department Proper The Department proper shall be the
8	Secretariat and executive arm of the Department. It shall be in charge of implementing
9	and monitoring the implementation of disaster risk reduction and management policies,
10	activities and programs as embodied in the NDRRMP.
11	Sec. 13. The Secretary The Department shall be headed by a Department
12	Secretary who shall be a member of the Cabinet. He shall be appointed by the
13	President for a term of six (6) years and shall be a member of the Cabinet.
14	Sec. 14. Powers and Functions of the Secretary The Secretary shall:
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16	a) Monitor the integration of disaster risk reduction and management policies
17	into local and national development plans;
18	b) Oversee and direct the comprehensive implementation of disaster risk
19	reduction and management policies, plans and programs as embodied in the
20	NDRRMP;
21	c) Review and evaluate Local Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Plans to
22	ensure their consistency with the NDRRMP through the regional offices;
23	d) Call upon other instrumentalities or entities of the government and
24	nongovernment and civic organizations for assistance in terms of the use of
25	their facilities and resources for the protection and preservation of life and
26	properties in the whole range of disaster risk reduction and management,
27	which includes the power to call on the reserve force as defined in Republic
28	Act No. 7077 to assist in relief and rescue during disasters or calamities;
29	e) Exercise visitorial and examining powers over governmental and non-
30	governmental entities engaged in DRRM operations;

- f) Commandeer any private property for urgent public purposes, subject to payment of just compensation in appropriate cases;
  - g) Coordinate or oversee the implementation of the country's obligations with disaster risk reduction and management treaties to which it is a party and see to it that the country's disaster risk management treaty obligations be incorporated in its disaster risk reduction and management frameworks, policies, plans, programs, and projects; and
  - h) Lead the mainstreaming of disaster risk reduction and management in all stages and levels of national and local planning and budgeting processes;
  - Raise awareness among national agencies, local government units, and local communities on the importance of disaster risk reduction and management;
  - j) In lieu of the President, preside and lead meetings of the NDRRMC;
  - k) Coordinate with the members of the NDRRMC for the implementation, monitoring, review, and revision of the NDRRMP;
  - I) Provide secretarial support to the NDRRMC;

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- m) Advise the NDRRMC on matters relating to disaster risk reduction and management consistent with the policies and scope as defined in this Act;
- n) Assess the strengths and weaknesses of NDRRMC members on aspects of DRRM and provide the corresponding capacity building through the Department proper;
- o) Direct the deployment of the National Emergency Response Corps (NERC) and/oror Regional Emergency Response Corps (RERC) the to assist in relief and rescue during disasters or calamities;
- p) Create regional and field offices and such other service units and divisions as may be necessary;
- q) Exercise administrative supervision and control over the Regional Field Offices (RFOs);
- r) Exercise supervision over the Local Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Offices (LDRRMOs) in all provinces, cities, municipalities, and barangays in the country;

- s) Exercise all powers and functions provided to department secretaries under
  Book IV, Chapter 2 of Executive Order No. 292, otherwise known as the
  "Administrative Code of 1987"; and
  - t) Perform such other functions as may be necessary or proper to attain the objectives of this Act.

- Sec. 15. The Undersecretaries and Assistant Secretaries. The Secretary shall be assisted by three (3) undersecretaries for disaster mitigation, disaster preparedness and response, and disaster recovery and rehabilitation, respectively, and four (4) career assistant secretaries who shall perform such functions as may be assigned by the Secretary.
- Sec. 16. *Qualifications.* No person shall be appointed as Secretary, undersecretary or assistant secretary unless he is a citizen and resident of the Philippines, is of good moral character, and is of proven competence and expertise in disaster risk reduction and management over the course of his career. He shall not hold any other position, whether public or private, during his tenure.
- Sec. 17. *The Department Bureaus.* The Department shall have the following bureaus:
  - a.) The Bureau of Disaster Resilience (BDR)- The BDR shall assist the Secretary in formulating, implementing, monitoring, and reviewing policies and programs with regard to disaster mitigation, prevention, and post-disaster rehabilitation. To this end, the BDR shall:

- 1. Advise the Secretary on all matters regarding disaster and emergency mitigation and preparation;
- Advise the Secretary on the status of disaster mitigation and prevention and post-disaster rehabilitation operations being undertaken by the government, CSOs, private sector, and volunteers;
- Cascade technical expertise on disaster mitigation and prevention and post-disaster rehabilitation to LGUs through the RFOs;

4. Develop, update, and make available a Disaster Risk Reduction and 1 Management Information System and Geographic Information System-2 based national and local risk maps as policy, planning, and decision-3 4 making tools; 5. Conduct and institutionalize pre-disaster risk assessment to identify 5 vulnerable and at-risk communities and local government units, and 6 provide technical assistance and capacity building on the same to local 7 8 government units through the RFOs; 6. Develop unified and harmonized tools, guidelines, and policies on the 9 existing and potential hazards and risks brought about by climate change 10

in coordination with the Climate Change Commission;

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- 7. Conduct a review of the National Building Code and Fire Code of the Philippines, together with the relevant government departments and the concerned stakeholders and technical experts, and submit the same to the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines towards the development of legislation which seek to strengthen infrastructure in line with disaster prevention and mitigation;
- 8. Conduct public information campaigns and drills on disaster preparedness;
- Issue guidelines and rules and regulations to institutionalize the principle of "build back better" in all disaster reconstruction and rehabilitation operations;
- 10. Issue guidelines for the reconstruction and rehabilitation of disasteraffected areas and institutionalize the principles of "Build Back Better"; and
- 11. Recommend the issuance of government bonds to secure the funding for the reconstruction of disaster-stricken areas; *and*
- 12. Prepare, organize and lead post-disaster recovery and rehabilitation programs in coordination with the concerned regional field office and the local government unit.

b.) The Bureau of Disaster Preparation and Response (BDPR)- The BDPR shall 1 assist the Secretary in formulating, implementing, monitoring, and reviewing 2 policies and programs with regard to disaster preparation and response. To 3 4 this end, the BDR shall: 5 1. Advise the Secretary on all matters regarding disaster preparation and 6 7 response; 2. Monitor and advise the Secretary on the status of disaster preparation and 8 response operations being undertaken by the government, CSOs, private 9 sector, and volunteers; 10 3. Cascade technical expertise on disaster preparation and response to LGUs 11 12 through the RFOs; 4. Exercise administrative control over the National Emergency Response 13 14 Corps (NERC); 5. Implement pre-positioning of necessary goods and supplies at least 15 twenty four (24) hours before an expected disaster; 16 6. If needed, procure goods and services during emergencies in accordance 17 with existing emergency procurement rules and regulations; 18 7. Establish and maintain an inventory of all necessary personnel, equipment 19 and supplies critical during disasters in all RFOs and LGUs, and ensure 20 that they are delivered within forty-eight (48) hours after the aftermath of 21 22 a disaster; 8. Establish and maintain a national early warning and emergency alert 23 system to provide accurate and timely advice to national or local 24 emergency response, and to the general public through diverse massmedia such as digital and analogue broadcast, cable, satellite television and radio, wireless communications, and landline communications; 9. Implement the provisions of Republic Act No. 10639, otherwise known as

"The Free Mobile Disaster Alerts Act";

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10. Establish and maintain an emergency communication system with and 1 2 among LGUs through the RFOs; 11. Establish standard operating procedures for emergency response and 3 cascade the same to the LGUs through the NDEMA RFOs; and 4 12. Establish unified guidelines and mechanisms for the recruitment, training, 5 and deployment of the NERC, in coordination with the concerned 6 government agencies and stakeholders. 7 c.) The Bureau of Knowledge Management and Dissemination (BKMD)- The 9 BKMD shall serve as the administrator of the Department's technical 10 knowledge, materials, and research and development on disaster risk 11 reduction and management. Towards this end, the BDKD shall: 12 13 1. Exercise supervision and control over the DRRM Research and Training 14 15 Center; 2. Expand the content and materials of the DRRM Research and Training 16 Center and ensure that they are up to date; 17 3. Liaise with international and domestic stakeholders towards the expansion 18 of the DRRM Research and Training Center; 19 4. Provide full and free access to the materials in the DRRM Research and 20 21 Training Center; 5. Disseminate materials on disaster risk reduction and management to the 22 LGUs through the RFOs, to all stakeholders, and to the general public; 23 6. Provide short courses and trainings on disaster risk reduction and 24 management and its various aspects, in coordination with the relevant 25 26 Bureau(s) of the Department; 7. Offer grants and other financial incentives for researchers, members of 27 the academe and/or developers in the field of disaster risk reduction and 28

management; and

- 8. Partner with the academe and research institutions, private sector, civil society, and community-based DRRM practitioners and other relevant sectors in developing research opportunities and programs on DRRM.
- Sec. 18. *The Department Services.* The Department shall have the following Services:

- a.) Planning Service.- The Planning Service shall provide the department with services relating to planning, programming, and project development, and discharge such other functions as may be provided by law;
- b.) Financial and Management Service. The Financial and Management Services shall advise and assist the Secretary on budgetary, financial and management matters and shall perform such other functions as may be provided by law; and
- c.) Administrative Service. The Administrative Service shall provide the Department with effective services relating to personnel, legal assistance, information, records, delivery and receipt of correspondence, supplies, equipment, collections, disbursement, security and custodial work.

Sec. 19. *The National Emergency Response Corps.*- There is hereby established a National Emergency Response Corps (NERC). The NERC shall be a dedicated, trained and reliable team who can be deployed on short notice in the event of a disaster. It shall be composed of full-time and part-time disaster managers, paramedics, debris clearing personnel, volunteers, and aid and relief managers. The NERC shall be under the administrative control of the BDPR.

Sec. 20. The National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Research and Training Center.- Within one (1) year from the approval of this Act, the Authority shall establish a National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Research and Training center which shall serve as the Department's centralized repository and for its technical materials and research and development on disaster risk reduction and management.

- Sec. 21. *The Attached Agencies.* The following agencies and offices and their respective appropriations, records, equipment, property and personnel are hereby transferred to the Department:
  - a) The Philippine Atmospheric, Geophysical and Astronomical Services Administration (PAG-ASA);
  - b) The Philippine Institute of Volcanology (PHIVOLCS);
  - c) The Bureau of Fire Protection (BFP);
  - d) The Health Emergency Management Bureau (HEMB);
  - e) The Philippine National Volunteer Service Coordinating Agency; and
  - f) All civilian personnel and operating units of the Department of National Defense (DND) and the Office of Civil Defense (OCD) with functions and responsibilities dealing with disaster risk reduction and management;

The agencies transferred above shall continue to perform such functions as provided in existing laws: *Provided*, that the Department shall exercise administrative supervision over the transferred agencies.

Sec. 22. *The Regional Field Offices.*- The current Regional Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Councils are hereby renamed as the "Regional Field Offices" (RFOs) and are hereby transferred under the administrative supervision of the Department. RFOs shall have the following mandates:

- To ensure that the principles of disaster risk reduction and management are institutionalized on the local level, particularly in their Comprehensive Development Plan (CDP) and Comprehensive Land-Use Plan (CLUP), and in pursuit of this mandate thereof, review the Local Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Plan (LDRRMP) of LGUs within their jurisdiction and ensure their alignment with the NDRRMP;
- 2.) To ensure the compliance of LGUs with their mandates under R.A. 10121;

3.) To pro-actively assess the weaknesses and vulnerabilities of LGUs in all 1 phases of disaster risk reduction and management and remedy the same 2 through technical assistance and capacity building activities; 3 4.) To consult LGUs and communities within their jurisdiction on their 4 vulnerabilities in all phases of disaster risk reduction and management and 5 forward their concerns to the central office to be included in the formulation 6 7 and review of the NDRRMP; and 5.) To act as the operations center during disaster preparation and response 8 9 operations. 10 Sec. 23. Divisions. - To achieve the mandates stated above, each RFO shall have 11 the following divisions: 12 13 a.) Disaster Resilience.- This division shall be in charge of all matters on disaster 14 mitigation and rehabilitation. It shall have the following powers and functions: 15 16 1. Serve as liaison between the Department and the LGUs and establish 17 efficient lines of communication and coordination between them; 18 2. Provide technical assistance and capacity to LGUs on pre-disaster risk 19 assessment and empower them to identify vulnerable communities and 20 21 groups in their area; 3. Collect and consolidate information on the vulnerabilities of local 22 government units in their jurisdiction and submit the same to the Central 23 24 Office: 4. Provide technical assistance and capacity building to LGUs to empower 25 them to institutionalize and Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Information System and Geographic Information System-based national and local risk maps as policy, planning, and decision-making tools;

5. Conduct and institutionalize pre-disaster risk assessment to identify

vulnerable and at-risk communities and local government units, and

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1	provide technical assistance and capacity building on the same to local
2	government units through the RFOs;
3	<ol><li>Conduct drills and information campaigns on disaster preparedness;</li></ol>
4	7. Aid households in the preparation of disaster readiness kits, which shall
5	serve as a pack of essential goods needed in the aftermath of a disaster;
6	and
7	8. Lead rehabilitation operations and ensure their completion within their
8	established schedule.
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10	b.) Disaster Preparation and Response This division shall be in charge of all
11	matters on disaster preparation and response. It shall have the following
12	powers and functions:
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14	<ol> <li>Establish a Regional Emergency Response Corps (RERC);</li> </ol>
15	2. Establish a Regional Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Operations
16	Center (RDRRMC-OC) that shall be operated and staffed on a twenty-four
17	hour basis;
18	3. Establish and maintain an inventory of all necessary personnel, equipment
19	and supplies critical during disasters in all RFOs and LGUs, and ensure
20	that they are delivered within forty-eight (48) hours after the aftermath of
21	a disaster;
22	4. Implement pre-positioning of necessary goods and supplies at least
23	twenty four (24) hours before an expected disaster;
24	5. Establish and maintain an emergency communication system with and
25	among LGUs;
26	6. When necessary, procure goods and services during emergencies in
27	accordance with existing emergency rules and regulations;
28	7. Cascade the established Standard Operating Procedures for emergency
29	response to the LGUs; and

8. Receive donations and grants from any person, government institution, 1 corporation, international organization, and other similar entities, and the 2 power to recommend the procurement of developmental subject to 3 section 32 of this Act. 4 5 c.) Knowledge Management.- This division shall be in charge of managing and 6 disseminating technical knowledge and information on disaster risk and 7 reduction in the region. It shall have the following functions: 8 9 a.) Establish a Regional Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Research 10 and Training Center (RDRRM-RTC); 11 b.) Expand the content and materials of the DRRM Research and Training 12 Center and ensure that they are up to date; 13 c.) Liaise with international and domestic stakeholders towards the expansion 14 of the DRRM Research and Training Center; 15 d.) Provide full and free access to the materials in the DRRM Research and 16 Training Center; e.) Disseminate materials on disaster risk reduction and management to LGUs 18 19 and local communities; and f.) Provide short courses and trainings on disaster risk reduction and 20 management and its various aspects, in coordination with the relevant 21 22 divisions of the RFO. 23 SEC. 24. The Regional Directors.- The RFOs shall be headed by a Regional 24 Director who shall be assisted by three Assistant Regional Directors for Disaster 25 Resilience, Disaster Preparation and Response, and Knowledge Management. No person 26 shall be appointed as Regional Director unless he is a citizen and resident of the 27 Philippines, is of good moral character, and is of proven competence/expertise in

emergency management and disaster risk reduction and management over the course

28

of his career. He shall not hold any other position, whether public or private, during his tenure.

3 ARTICLE V

# DISASTER MITIGATION AND PREVENTION

Sec. 25. Harmonization of CCA and DRRM Plans- The NDRRMC shall ensure that the Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Plan is harmonized and consistent with the National Climate Change Action Plan as defined under Republic Act No. 9279, otherwise known as the "Climate Change Act of 2009" as amended. To this end, the NRRMC shall coordinate with the Climate Change Commission: Provided, that this provision shall not be construed as a limitation on the mandate, powers, and functions of the Climate Change Condition as set forth in R.A. No. 9279.

Sec. 26. *Pre-Disaster Risk Assessment.*- The Department proper shall formulate a national policy on risk assessment for environmental risk, national disaster risk, natural disaster risk and climate change risk, and shall take into consideration the interdependence of disaster risk reduction, environmental management, climate change adaptation and sustainable development. The Department proper shall develop tools and standards for Pre-disaster risk assessment and ensure that it is cascaded to the LDRRMOs through the RFOs.

Sec. 27. National DRRM Information Management System.- The Department proper shall establish a National Information Management System for DRRM. It shall be the centralized repository of all disaster risk-reduction and climate change data, which shall include a geographic information system component, down to the barangay level. The database shall be available at all times to all levels of the DRRM system, to members of academe and experts in the field of DRRM, and to the general public.

Sec. 28. Risk Assessment on the Local Level.- The LDRRMOs and BDRRMOs shall conduct and risk assessments in coordination with the appropriate RFO and other stakeholders, which shall include vulnerable and marginalized groups, and submit the same to the RFOs. The LDRRMOs, with assistance provided by the RFOs, shall also

develop Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Information System and Geographic Information System-based national and local risk maps as policy, planning, and decision-making tools.

## ARTICLE VI

# DISASTER PREPARATION AND RESPONSE

Sec. 29. Standing Orders for Disaster Preparation and Response. Within one (1) year from the effectivity of this Act, the NDRRMC shall formulate and publish standing orders for all its member-agencies and their respective field office which shall delineate their respective roles and functions and the chain of command during disaster preparation and response: Provided, that the standing orders shall take into Section 15 of R.A. No 10121.

Sec. 30. Regional Field Offices as Operations Center. The Regional Field Offices shall serve as the Operations Center for all disaster preparation and response operations within their jurisdiction. For the purpose of effective coordination, there shall be formed a Disaster Response Committee to be composed, as a minimum, of the concerned local chief executives and their LDRRMO officers, the Regional Director of the RFOs, and such officers as may be assigned by the Secretary.

Sec. 31. *Evacuation Centers*, - LGUs shall identify and build permanent evacuation centers in accordance with standards to be issued by the Department proper to minimize the use of schools: *Provided*, that schools which are used as evacuation centers shall be provided with just compensation by the concerned LGU.

Sec. 32. *Donations.*- The Secretary shall have the power have the power to receive donations and grants from any person, government institution, corporation, international organization, and other similar entities, and the power to recommend the procurement of developmental assistance for the purpose of disaster risk reduction and management: *Provided*, that the Department shall certify the receipt of all DRRM donated funds and ensure their judicious management including their proper and accurate audit reporting to constituents.

1	Sec. 33. <i>Procurement</i> The declaration of a state of calamity, as defined in R.A.
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3	defined under R.A. No. 9184, otherwise known as the "Government Procurement
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6	ARTICLE VII
7	POST-DISASTER REHABILITATION AND RECOVERY
8	THE TENDESTIMATION AND RECOVERY
9	Sec. 34. Rehabilitation Committee The members of the Disaster Response
10	Committee as defined under Sec. 30 of this Act may continue to serve as the
11	coordinating committee for disaster rehabilitation and recovery operations.
12	SEC. 35. Standards for Rehabilitation and Recovery The Secretary shall
13	promulgate rules and regulations which will set standards for disaster rehabilitation
14	operations. Such rules and regulations shall:
15	The state of the s
16	a.) Improve the physical, social and economic resilience of the community, in
17	accordance with the principles of "Build Back Better";
18	b.) Redirect development outside of danger zones; and
19	c.) Maximize the use of Public-Private Partnerships.
20	, and the dee of Fublic Private Partite Ships.
21	ARTICLE VIII
22	COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION
23	COMMONITY PARTICIPATION
24	Sec. 36. Community Input in Dra Disease Bill 1
25	Sec. 36. Community Input in Pre-Disaster Risk Assessment In conducting pre-
26	disaster risk assessments, the LDRRMO and BDRRMO shall include interviews and
27	consultations with local communities in order to identify their vulnerabilities, Such
28	consultations shall complement data gathered from data-oriented pre-disaster risk
20	assessments and shall be incorporated in the formulation of all disaster risk reduction

and management plans on the local and national levels.

1	Sec. 37. Volunteers The Department proper and the RFOs shall provide training
2	in first aid, disaster management and leadership in times of disasters. Individuals who
3	complete such training shall be deputized by the Department and considered as
4	partners in disaster management who shall have the following responsibilities:
5	the removing responsibilities:
6	a.) Directly receive early warning messages from the Department and
7	disseminate the same to their communities;
8	b.) Mobilize their communities away from vulnerable areas;
9	c.) Disseminate the provisions of this Act as well as its corresponding rules and
10	regulations to local communities;
11	d.) Conduct interviews and consultations with local communities on their
12	satisfaction with the DRRM programs, activities and policies of the
13	government;
14	e.) Provide first aid when necessary; and
15	f.) Aid the government in distributing goods and maintaining order during
16	disaster response and rehabilitation operations.
	operations.
17	ARTICLE IX
18	RESOURCES FOR DISASTER RISK REDUCTION AND MANAGEMENT
19	MANAGEMENT
20	Sec. 38, Human Resources for Disactor Birly 2
21	Sec. 38. Human Resources for Disaster Risk Reduction and Management The department proper shall provide grants and all a

Sec. 38. Human Resources for Disaster Risk Reduction and Management.- The department proper shall provide grants and other forms of support for individuals who study and complete courses in disaster risk reduction and management: *Provided*, that individuals shall render disaster risk reduction and management service for at least two (2) years in a community determined by the Department proper.

Sec. 39. *The NDRRM Fund.*- At least three per cent (3%) of all estimated regular government revenues shall be set aside for the NDRRM Fund to be used for the purposes identified under Section 22 of R.A. No. 10121. The NDRRM fund shall not be

reduced, transferred, realigned, or used for purposes other than those identified under 1 2 R.A. No. 10121. 3 4 ARTICLE X 5 MISCELLANEOUS AND FINAL PROVISIONS 6 Sec. 40. Transition Period.- The transfer of functions, assets, funds, equipment, 7 properties, transactions, assets, funds, properties transactions and personnel of the 8 affected agencies, and the formulation of the internal organic structure, staffing 9 pattern, operating and revised budget of the Department, shall be completed within six 10 (6) months from the effectivity of this Act, during which time the existing personnel 11 shall continue to assume their posts in holdover capacities until new appointments are 12 13 issued. Sec. 41. Separation from Service.- Employees separated from the service as a 14 result of this reorganization shall, within six (6) months from their separation from the 15 service, receive the retirement benefits to which they may be entitled under existing 16 laws, rules and regulations. 17 Sec. 42. Prohibited Acts. - The following Acts shall be prohibited: 18 19 a) Dereliction of duties which leads to destruction, loss of lives, critical damage 20 of facilities and misuse of funds; 21 b) Preventing the entry and distribution of relief goods in disaster-stricken areas, 22 23 including appropriate technology, tools, equipment, accessories, disaster 24 teams/experts: c) Buying, for consumption or resale, from disaster relief agencies any relief 25 goods, equipment or other and commodities which are intended for 26

d) Buying, for consumption or resale, from the recipient disaster affected

persons any relief goods, equipment or other aid commodities received by

distribution to disaster affected communities;

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them;

e) Selling of relief goods, equipment or other aid commodities which are 1 intended for distribution to disaster victims; 2 f) Forcibly seizing relief goods, equipment or other aid commodities intended for 3 or consigned to a specific group of victims or relief agency; 4 g) Diverting or misdelivery of relief goods, equipment or other aid commodities 5 to persons other than the rightful recipient or consignee; 6 h) Accepting, possessing, using or disposing relief goods, equipment or other aid 7 commodities not intended for nor consigned to him/her; 8 i) Misrepresenting the source of relief goods, equipment or other aid 9 10 commodities by: 11 1. Either covering, replacing or defacing the labels of the containers to 12 make it appear that the goods, equipment or other aid commodities 13 came from another agency or persons; 14 15 2. Repacking the goods, equipment or other aid commodities into containers with different markings to make it appear that the goods 16 17 came from another agency or persons or was released upon the 18 instance of a particular agency or persons; or 3. Making false verbal claim that the goods, equipment or other and 19 commodity m its untampered original containers actually came from 20 21 another agency or persons or was released upon the instance of a 22 particular agency or persons; 23 j) Substituting or replacing relief goods, equipment or other aid commodities 24 with the same items or inferior/cheaper quality; 25 k) Illegal solicitations by persons or organizations representing others as defined 26

in the standards and guidelines set by the Authority

Deliberate use of false at inflated data in support of the request for funding, relief goods, equipment or other aid commodities for emergency assistance or livelihood projects; and

- m) Tampering with or stealing hazard monitoring and disaster preparedness equipment and paraphernalia.
- Sec. 43. *Penal Clause.* Any individual, corporation, partnership, association, or other juridical entity that commits any of the prohibited acts provided for in the preceding section shall be prosecuted and upon conviction shall suffer a fine of not less than one hundred thouand pesos (Php 100,000.00) or any amount not to exceed seven hundred fifty thousand pesos (Php 750,000.00) or imprisonment of not less than six (6) years and one (1) day or more than twelve (12) years, or both, at the discretion of the court, including perpetual disqualification from public office if the offender is a public officer, and confiscation or forfeiture in favor of the government of the objects and the instrumentalities used in committing any of herein prohibited acts.
- Sec. 44. *Appropriations.* The amount needed for the initial implementation of this Act shall be taken from the current fiscal year's appropriation of the NDRRMC, OCD, and all agencies herein transferred to the Department as well. Thereafter, the amount needed for the operation and maintenance of the Authority shall be included in the General Appropriations Act.
- Sec. 45. *Implementing Rules and Regulations.* The members of the NDRRMC shall within sixty (60) days form the effectivity of this Act the implementing rules and regulations necessary for its effective implementation.
- Sec. 46. *Repealing Clause.* Sections 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 13, 19, and 20 of R.A. No. 10121 are hereby repealed. The provisions of R.A. No. 10121 not expressly repealed in this section shall remain in full force and effect: *Provided*, That all references to the NDRRMC and OCD shall be understood to refer to the Department, unless otherwise provided in this Act.

1	All other decrees, laws, executive orders, proclamations and administrative
2	regulations or parts thereof inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are likewise
3	repealed, amended or modified accordingly.
4	Sec. 47. Separability Clause If any provision or part of this Act is declared
5	unconstitutional, the remaining parts or provisions not affected shall remain in full force
6	and effect.
7	Sec. 48. Effectivity Clause This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its
8	complete publication in the Official Gazette or in a newspaper of general circulation.
٥	general circulation.

Approved,