OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

THIRTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES

First Regular Session

104 AUG -4 A9 51

MECENED BY:

SENATE

s. No. 1634

Introduced by Senator S. R. Osmeña III

EXPLANATORY NOTE

Whenever tax data or statistics are required from the Bureau of Internal Revenue, any of its officer or employee can readily invoke Sections 270 and 278 of National Internal Revenue Code (quoted in full text below) as pretext for withholding information.

Sec. 270 Unlawful Divulgence of Trade Secrets. Except as provided in Section 71 of this Code and Section 26 of Republic Act No 6388, any officer or employee of the Bureau of Internal Revenue who divulges to any person or makes known in any other manner than may be provided by law information regarding the business, income, or estate of any taxpayer, the secrets, operation, style or work, or apparatus of any manufacturer or producer, or confidential information regarding the business of any taxpayer, knowledge of which was acquired by him in the discharge of his official duties, shall, upon conviction for each act or omission, be punished by a fine of not less than Fifty thousand pesos (P50,000) but not more than One hundred thousand pesos (P100,000), or suffer imprisonment of not less than two (2) years but not more than five (5) years, or both.

Sec 278 Procuring Unlawful Divulgence of Trade Secrets Any person who causes or procures an officer or employee of the Bureau of Internal Revenue to divulge any confidential information regarding the business, income or inheritance of any taxpayer, knowledge of which was acquired by him in the discharge of his official duties, and which it is unlawful for him to reveal, and any person who publishes or prints in any manner whatever, not provided by law, any income, profit, loss or expenditure appearing in any income tax return, shall be punished by a fine of not less than six (6) months nor more than five (5) years, or both

This inability of the Bureau of Internal Revenue to provide information of tax payments of individuals and corporations has been a hindrance to policy formulation in many instances. This bill therefore seeks to remove the legal impediment in ensuring transparency in the operations of the Bureau of Internal Revenue.

The confidentiality provision only protects the rich, reinforces graft and corruption in the Bureau and perpetuates dishonesty in tax declaration/tax payment. Thus, it is necessary for Congress to repeal the above-mentioned legal constraints.

In view of the foregoing, approval of this bill is earnestly requested.

SERGIO OSMEÑA III

Senator

THIRTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES First Regular Session

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NECEIVED BY:

SENATE

S. No. 1634

Introduced by Senator S. R. Osmeña III

AN ACT

INSTITUTING FULL TRANSPARENCY IN TAX COLLECTION, AMENDING FOR THE PURPOSE SECTIONS 71, 270 AND 278 OF THE TAX REFORM ACT OF 1997, AS AMENDED

Be it enacted by the House of Representatives and the Senate of the Republic of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

Section 1. Section 71 of the Tax Reform Act of 1997 is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SECTION 71.Disposition of Income Tax Returns, Publication of Lists of Taxpayers and Filers. — After the assessment shall have been made, as provided in this Title, the returns, together with any corrections thereof which may have been made by the Commissioner, shall be filed in the Office of the Commissioner and shall constitute public records [and be open to inspection as such upon the order of the President of the Philippines, under rules and regulations to be prescribed by the Secretary of Finance, upon recommendation of the Commissioner.]

"The Commissioner [may] SHALL, [in each] ON OR BEFORE MAY 31 FOLLOWING THE CLOSE OF EACH CALENDAR year, [cause to be prepared and published in any newspaper] PREPARE AND ORDER THE PUBLICATION BY ANY PUBLISHING COMPANY AND/OR MAGAZINE OF GENERAL

CIRCULA	TION t	he lists	contain	ing the	names	[and] a	iddresses,
TYPE	OF	BUSIN	ESS	WHETI	HER	CORPO	DRATION,
PARTNE	RSHIP	OR	SOLE	PROF	RIETOF	RSHIP,	GROSS
SALES/RECEIPTS DURING THE YEAR, AND THE AMOUNT OF							
INCOME	TAXES	PAID	BY [of]	person	s who	have file	ed THEIR
income tax returns WITH THE BUREAU DURING THE YEAR.							

Sec. 2. Section 271 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SECTION 270. Unlawful Divulgence of Trade Secrets. -

[Except as provided in Section 71 of this Code and Section 26 of Republic Act No. 6388,] [a]Any officer or employee of the Bureau of Internal Revenue who divulges to any person or makes known in any other manner than may be provided by law information regarding [the business, income, or estate of any taxpayer,] the secrets, operation, style or work, or apparatus of any manufacturer or producer, or confidential information [regarding] ABOUT the business of any taxpayer, knowledge of which was acquired by him in the discharge of his official duties, shall, upon conviction for each act or omission, be punished by a fine of not less than Fifty thousand pesos (P50,000) but not more than One hundred thousand pesos (P100,000), or suffer imprisonment of not less than two (2) years but not more than five (5) years, or both.

Sec. 3. Section 278 of the same Act is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SECTION 278. Procuring Unlawful Divulgence of Trade Secrets. — Any person who causes or procures an officer or employee of the Bureau of Internal Revenue to divulge any confidential information regarding the business [, income or

inheritance] of any taxpayer, knowledge of which was acquired by							
him in the discharge of his official duties, and which it is unlawful for							
him to reveal, and any person who publishes or prints in any							
manner [whatever], not provided by law, any [income, profit, loss or							
expenditure appearing in any income tax return] CONFIDENTIAL							
INFORMATION REGARDING THE BUSINESS OF ANY							
TAXPAYER, shall be punished by a fine of not more than two							
thousand pesos (P2,000), or suffer imprisonment of not less than							
six (6) months nor more than five (5) years, or both.							

Sec. 4. The Secretary of Finance shall, upon the recommendation of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, issue the necessary rules and regulations for the effective implementation of this Act.

Sec. 5. Effectivity. – This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days following its publication in the Official Gazette or in a newspaper of general circulation. Approved,

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