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## SENATE S.B. No. 1749

### Introduced by Sen. Ramon B. Magsaysay, Jr.

#### EXPLANATORY NOTE

The information and communications technology (ICT) is a vital tool in the development of an electronic society. Being connected digitally provides us with easy access and fast links, thus, making the use of ICT highly essential in our economic growth, educational advancement, awareness enhancement, market facilitation and public participation.

The passage of Republic Act 8792, the E-Commerce Act, has liberalized the country from the confinement of the traditional way of transacting business and effecting communications. However, due to the dispersed attention of different agencies towards implementing its mandate, the country has lagged behind other Asian neighbors in terms of linking itself internally. Hence, it is but necessary to fortify the government's commitment to making the advantages of the ICT available to the Filipino people.

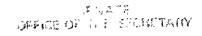
Issues on infrastructure, regulations, convergence, security, digital divide, interoperability of laws, among others, must be focused on by a single department to intensify government initiatives to catch up with the rest of the wired world. Hence, the creation of a separate key department that will focus exclusively on the promotion of communication and information technology is deemed vital.

This bill seeks to transform and integrate the existing Department of Transportation and Communications, National Computer Center and other ICT functions of other key agencies into two separate departments, namely, the Department of Information and Communications Technology (DICT) which shall be the primary agency in charge of the promotion and development of integrated and strategic information and communications technology (ICT) systems and reliable and cost-efficient communications facilities and services, and the Department of Transportation which will concentrate on government programs and projects related to transportation.

This proposed integration of functions is in fact putting in place a systematic direction in our government bureaucracy rather than establishing an unnecessary addition to the existing ones.

As declared in Article II Section 24 of the Constitution, "The State recognizes the vital role of communication and information in nationbuilding." Therefore, it is in pursuance of this policy and the consideration of the above premises that the passage of this bill is earnestly sought.

RAMON B. MAGSAYSAY, JR.



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# SENATE

# S.B. No. 1749

Introduced by Sen. Ramon B. M	aqsaysay,	Jr.
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#### AN ACT

CREATING THE DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY, DEFINING ITS POWERS AND FUNCTIONS, APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

**SECTION 1. Short Title** - This Act shall be known as the "Department of Information and Communications Technology Act of 2004."

**SEC. 2. Declaration of Policy** - It is hereby declared the policy of the State:

a. To ensure the provision of strategic, reliable and cost-efficient information and communications technology (ICT) infrastructure, system, and resources as instruments for nation-building and global competitiveness;

"Information and Communication Technology (ICT) is defined as the totality of electronic means to collect, store, process and present information to end-users in support of their activities. It consists of computer systems, office systems and consumer electronics, as well as networked information infrastructure, the components of which include the telephone system, the Internet, fax machines and computers.

- b. To ensure a policy and legal government that will promote a level playing field, partnerships between the public and the private sectors, strategic alliances with foreign investors, balanced investments between high-growth and economically-depressed areas, and broader private sector participation in ICT development;
- c. To foster and accelerate development of convergent networks of ICT facilities;
- d. To ensure universal access and high-speed connectivity at fair and reasonable cost;
- e. To ensure the provision of information and communication services in areas not adequately served by the private sector;
- f. To foster the widespread and effective regulatory system that will ensure consumer protection and welfare and foster a healthy competitive environment;
- g. To promote the development of ICT expertise in the country's human capital to enable Filipinos to competitive environment;

- h. To promote the development of ICT expertise in the country's human capital to enable Filipinos to compete in a fast-evolving information and communication age;
- i. To ensure the growth of the ICT industries;
- j. To preserve the rights of individuals to privacy and confidentially of their personal information;
- k. To encourage the use of ICT in support of efforts for the development and promotion of the country's arts and culture, history, education, public health and safety, and other socio-civic purposes;
- 1. To sustain the development of the nationwide postal system as an integral component of the overall development of ICT in the country.

**SEC. 3.** Creation of the Department of Information and Communications Technology - There is hereby created the Department of Information and Communications Technology, hereinafter referred to as the Department, which shall carry out the above-declared policy and assume the communications-related powers and functions of the Department of Transportation and Communications (DOTC).

**SEC. 4. Mandate** - The Department shall be the primary policy, planning , coordinating, implementing, regulating and administrative entity of the executive branch of the Government that will promote, develop, and regulate integrated and strategic ICT systems and reliable and cost-efficient communication facilities and services.

**Sec. 5. Powers and Functions** - The Department shall perform the following functions:

- a. Formulate and recommend national policies and guidelines that will promote ICT and the wider use of the internet and other cyberspace infrastructures and exchanges of universal application, in consultation with the private business sector, relevant civil society institutions, and other private and public entities, such as educational and training sectors;
- b. Establish and administer comprehensive and integrated programs for ICT at the nation, regional, and local levels with due consideration to advances in convergence and other emerging technologies; and for this purpose, may call on any agency, corporation or organization, whether public or private, whose development programs in ICT are an integral part thereof, to participate and assist in the preparation and implementation of such programs;
- c. Design, implement, and ensure the protection of an integrated government information and communications infrastructure development program that will coordinate all existing government entities, taking into account all their existing plans, programs, proposals, software and hardware inventory, installed systems, and programs;
- d. Develop and implement, in coordination with concerned government agencies, a comprehensive ICT application capability in the national government and determine the personnel qualification and other standards essential to the integrated and effective development and operation of government information and communications infrastructure;
- e. Encourage and establish guidelines for private sector funding of ICT projects for government agencies in order to fast-track said

projects which provide reasonable cost-recovery mechanisms for private sector, including but not limited to Build-Operate-Transfer (BOT) mechanisms;

- f. Assess, review and provide direction to ICT research and development programs of the government in coordination with other institutions concerned;
- g. Establish and prescribe rules and regulations for the establishment, operation and maintenance of ICT facilities in areas not adequately served by the private sector, in consultation with the private business sector, civil society, and other private and public entities, such as educational and training sectors;
- h. Formulate such rules and regulations and exercise such other powers as may be necessary to implement the objectives of this Act; and
- i. Perform such other tasks as may be provided by law or assigned by the President from time to time.

**SEC. 6. Composition** - The Department of Communication Technology shall be headed by a Secretary. The Department proper shall be composed of the Office of the Secretary, the Offices of the Undersecretaries and the Assistant Secretaries.

**SEC. 7. The Secretary of the DCT** - The Secretary shall be appointed by the President, subject to the confirmation by the Commission on Appointments.

The Secretary shall have the following functions:

- a. Provide executive direction and supervision over the entire operations of the Department of Communications Technology (DCT) and its attached agencies;
- b. Establish policies and standards for the effective, efficient and economical operation of DCT, in accordance with the programs of the Government;
- c. Rationalize delivery systems necessary for the effective attainment of the objectives of DCT, in accordance with the programs of the Government;
- d. Review and approve requests for financial and manpower resources of all operating offices of DCT;
- e. Designate and appoint all officers and employees of DCT, excluding the Undersecretaries, Assistant Secretaries, and Regional and Assistant Regional Directors, in accordance with Civil Service laws, rules and regulations;
- f. Coordinate with local government units, other agencies, and public and private interest groups, including NGOs and POs on Department policies and initiatives;
- g. Advise the President on the promulgation of executive and administrative orders and regulatory and legislative proposals on matters pertaining to ICT development;
- h. Formulate such rules and regulations and exercise such other powers as may be necessary to implement the objectives of this Act; and
- i. Perform such other tasks as may be provided by law or assigned by the President from time to time.

**SEC. 8.** The Undersecretaries - The Secretary shall be assisted by three (3) Undersecretaries, who shall be appointed by the President upon the recommendation of the Secretary: *Provided*, *that*, one (1) of the Undersecretaries shall be a career officer coming from the ranks of existing government information and communications agencies and offices or qualified IT and ICT professionals in the private sector.

**SEC. 9.** Assistant Secretaries - The Secretary shall be assisted by three (3) Assistant Secretaries who shall be career officers appointed by the President upon the recommendation of the Secretary.

The respective assignments of the Assistant Secretaries shall be determined by the Secretary.

**SEC. 10. Qualifications** - No persons shall be appointed Secretary, Undersecretary or Assistant Secretary of the Department unless he is a citizen and resident of the Philippines, of good moral character, and of proven integrity.

**SEC. 11. Regional Offices** - The Department shall have a Regional Office in each of the administrative regions in the country. The Regional Offices shall essentially be line in character and shall be responsible for the delivery of all front line services of the Department Each Regional Office shall be headed by a Regional Director who shall be assisted by Assistant Regional Director. The Regional Offices shall have, within their respective administrative regions, the following functions:

- a. Implement laws, policies, plans, programs, projects, rules, and regulations of the Department;
- b. Provide efficient and effective service to the people;
- c. Coordinate with regional offices of other departments, offices, and agencies;
- d. Coordinate with LGUs; and

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e. Perform such other functions as may be provided by law or assigned by the Secretary.

### SEC. 12. Transfer of Agencies and Personnel -

- a. The following agencies and institutions are hereby absorbed by the Department:.
  - 1. the National Computer Center under the Department of Science and Technology and
  - 2. All offices, services, division, units, and personnel of the DOTC with functions and responsibilities dealing with communications.

All offices, services, divisions, units and personnel not otherwise covered by this Act for transfer or absorption into the new Department shall continue to perform their transportation-related functions and therefore, shall be retained under the Department of Transportation and Communications which is hereby renamed the Department of Transportation. The foregoing transfer of powers and functions shall be include all applicable funds and appropriations, records, equipment, property, and personnel as may be necessary.

- b. The following agencies are hereby attached to the Department for policy and program coordination, and shall continue to operate and function in accordance with Charters, laws or orders creating them, and with such other functions and responsibilities as it shall be mandated to regulated ICT in accordance with law and insofar as they are inconsistent with this Act.
  - 1. The National Telecommunications Commission (NTC); and
  - 2. Philippine Postal Corporation

The Department shall not exercise any power which will tend to influence or effect a review or a modification of the quasijudicial functions of the NTC.

c. The law and rules on government reorganization as provided for in Republic Act No. 6656, otherwise known as the Reorganization Law, shall govern the reorganization process as the Department is created.

### SEC. 13. Transfer of Agencies and Personnel.

- a. All offices, services, division, units and personnel of the DOTC with functions and responsibilities dealing with communications shall be absorbed by or attached to the Department of Communications Technology, as the case may by.
- b. The National Computer Center under the Department of Science and Technology is hereby absorbed by the Department of Information and Communications Technology.
- c. The following agencies are hereby attached to the Department of Communications Technology for supervision and policy and program coordination and integration, and shall continue to operate and function in accordance with their characters, laws or orders creating the, insofar as they are not inconsistent with this Act:
  - 1. National Telecommunications Commission;
  - 2. Philippine Postal Corporation;
  - 3. Telecommunications Office (TelOf);
  - 4. Municipal Telephone Project Office.
- d. The law and rules of government reorganizations as provided for in Republic Act No. 6656, otherwise known as the Reorganization Law, shall govern the reorganization process as the Department of Communication Technology is created.

**SEC. 14. Implementation of the RPWeb** - In consonance with the objectives of Administrative Order No. 332 and Republic Act No. 8792, the primary responsibility over the implementation of the RPWeb or the electronic on-line network of the government which shall serve as initial platform of the government information infrastructure (GII), is

hereby transferred to the Department. For this purpose, the Department shall continue the utilization of all funds, monies, interest, reflows, and properties outstanding and accruing from the RPWeb.

**SEC. 15. Sectoral and Industry Task Forces** - The Department may create sectoral and industry task forces, technical working groups, advisory bodies or committees for the furtherance of its objectives. Additional private sector representatives, such as from the academe and federation of private industries directly involved in ICT, as well as other National Government Agencies (NGAs), LGUs, and GOCCs, may be appointed to these working groups. Government IT professionals shall also be tapped to participate in the work of the Department through these working groups.

**SEC. 16. Structure and Staffing Pattern** - The Department shall determine it s organization structure and create new divisions or units as it may deem necessary, and shall appoint officers and employees of the Department in accordance with the Civil Service law, rules, and regulations.

**SEC. 17. Separation from Service** - Employees separated from the service as a result of this reorganization shall, within ninety (90) days therefrom, receive the retirement benefits to which they may be entitled under existing laws, rules, and regulations.

**SEC. 18. Appropriation** - The amount needed for the initial implementation of this Act shall be taken from the current year's appropriations of the DOTC and all government agencies herein absorbed by or attached to the Department. Thereafter, the amount needed for the operations and maintenance of the Department shall be included in the General Appropriations Act.

**SEC. 19. Repealing Clause** - All laws, decrees, executive orders, rules and regulations and other issuances or parts thereof which are inconsistent with this Act are hereby repealed, amended or modified accordingly.

**SEC. 20. Separability Clause** - If any provision of this Act shall be declared unconstitutional or invalid, the other provisions not otherwise affected shall remain in full force and effect.

**SEC. 21. Effectivity Clause** - This Act shall take effect after fifteen (15) days from its publication in at least two (2) papers of general circulation.

Approved,