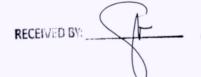
EIGHTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE)
REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES)
First Regular Session	ĺ



19 AUG 28 P1 :32

SENATE

P.S. Res. No.120



Introduced by Senator Ralph G. Recto

RESOLUTION

DIRECTING THE APPROPRIATE SENATE COMMITTEE TO CONDUCT AN INQUIRY, IN AID OF LEGISLATION, TO REVIEW THE EXISTING RADIO FREQUENCY ALLOCATION POLICY AND TO DETERMINE THE REMAINING UNCOMMITTED RADIO FREQUENCIES, WITH THE END IN VIEW OF ITS POSSIBLE REDISTRIBUTION TO QUALIFIED LICENCEES

WHEREAS, the National Telecommunications Commission (NTC) pursuant to Republic Act No. 3846, as amended, is mandated to ensure that the regulation, supervision and control of all communications, telecommunications and broadcast, including cable television facilities and services meet the requirements and standards set by the International Telecommunications Union;

WHEREAS, the NTC assigns specific frequencies within the allocated blocks to different licensees who will use the assigned frequencies to provide designated services, in exchange for paying the spectrum user fee;

WHEREAS, the radio frequency spectrum is a scarce public resource allocated by the government to service providers who will use it efficiently and effectively to meet public demand for telecommunications service and who may avail of new and cost effective technologies in the utilization of methods for its operation;

WHEREAS, the 700 MHz band is specially configured for deploying mobile

broadband technologies which allows networks to penetrate buildings and walls and

to	cover larg	er	geographic	areas	with	less	infrastructure	compared	to	the	1900-Mh			
or	or 2100-Mhz setup currently being used;													

WHEREAS, the Philippine Long Distance Telephone Company (PLDT) and Globe Telecom, Inc. (Globe) presently dominate the Philippine telecommunications industry;

WHEREAS, the NTC said in June 2019 that 30.32% of frequencies is owned by PLDT, 24.9% is owned by Globe, 39.35% is unassigned or under litigation, with about 5.41% still remaining;

WHEREAS, Dito Telecommunity Corp., formerly known as Mislatel Consortium, the country's third mobile player, will begin commercial operations next year and would initially focus on 4G;

WHEREAS, the consortium received radio frequency bands of 700 megahertz (MHz), 2100 MHz, 2000 MHz, 2.5 gigahertz (GHz), 3.3 GHz, and 3.5 GHz;

WHEREAS, of the nearly 800 mobile operators in the world, the average number of players in countries under the Association of Southeast Asian Nations and Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development range from three (3) to four (4) players;

WHEREAS, the inquiry should look into the available radio frequencies since the amount of spectrum assigned to a telecommunications provider will impact on the cost of the build capacity, overall network performance, ability to offer new multimedia services, and general customer experience of wireless services: Now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED BY THE SENATE, as it is hereby resolved, To direct the appropriate Senate Committee to conduct an inquiry, in aid of legislation, to review the existing radio frequency allocation policy and to determine the remaining uncommitted radio frequencies, with the end in view of its possible redistribution to qualified licensees.

Adopted,

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