

EIGHTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES First Regular Session

20 JUN -3 A11:21

RECEIVED 3

SENATE

COMMITTEE REPORT NO. 100

Submitted jointly by the Committees on Constitutional Amendments and Revision of Codes and on Public Services on $\underline{JUN-3~2020}$

RE

Senate Bill No. 1530

Recommending its approval with amendments

Sponsor:

Senator Francis N. Pangilinan

MR. PRESIDENT:

The Committees on Constitutional Amendments and Revision of Codes and on Public Services, to which was referred **Senate Bill No. 1530**, introduced by Senator Franklin M. Drilon, entitled:

AN ACT AMENDING SECTION 18, BOOK VII, CHAPTER 3 OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES

have considered the same and have the honor to report it back to the Senate with the recommendation that it be approved with the following amendments:

1. On Page 1, Line 4, delete the phrase "ANY PROVISION OF LAW" and replace with "THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 1 HEREOF AND ANY OTHER PROVISION OF THIS CODE AND OTHER LAWS"

- 2. On page 1, line 5, before the word "licensee", insert the words "ADMINISTRATIVE OR LEGISLATIVE";
- 3. On Page 1, Line 16 after the word "THEREOF", replace the period with a colon and insert the phrase ": *PROVIDED*, THAT, AN APPLICATION FOR RENEWAL OF A LEGISLATIVE FRANCHISE IS IPSO FACTO DENIED WHEN A CONGRESS ADJOURNS SINE DIE WITHOUT HAVING APPROVED THE APPLICATION."
- 4. The provision shall now read as follows:

"SECTION 18. Non-expiration of License OR FRANCHISE.— [ANY-PROVISION OF LAW] THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 1 HEREOF AND ANY OTHER PROVISION OF THIS CODE AND OTHER LAWS TO THE CONTRARY NOTWITHSTANDING, where the ADMINISTRATIVE OR LEGISLATIVE licensee OR FRANCHISEE has made timely and sufficient application for the renewal of a license OR FRANCHISE with reference to any activity of a continuing nature, the existing license OR FRANCHISE shall not expire until the application shall have been finally determined by the agency, DEPARTMENT, OR BRANCH OF GOVERNMENT AUTHORIZED TO GRANT THE LICENSE OR FRANCHISE.

THERE IS FINAL DETERMINATION WHEN AN APPLICANT IS GIVEN WRITTEN NOTICE OF APPROVAL OR DENIAL OF ITS APPLICATION FOR RENEWAL. INACTION ON A PENDING APPLICATION SHALL NOT BE CONSIDERED A DENIAL THEREOF: *PROVIDED*, THAT, AN APPLICATION FOR RENEWAL OF A LEGISLATIVE FRANCHISE IS IPSO FACTO DENIED WHEN A CONGRESS ADJOURNS SINE DIE WITHOUT HAVING APPROVED THE APPLICATION."

- 5. On page 2, line 4, insert a new Section 4 to read as follows:
 - "SEC. 4. TRANSITORY PROVISION. THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ACT SHALL APPLY TO ALL APPLICATIONS FOR RENEWAL OF LEGISLATIVE FRANCHISES FILED WITH THE CONGRESS ON OR AFTER 1 JULY 2019, WHICH HAVE NOT BEEN APPROVED OR DENIED BY THE CONGRESS AS OF THE DATE OF THE EFFECTIVITY OF THIS ACT."
- 6. Renumber the succeeding section accordingly.

Respectfully submitted:

Chairpersons

SENATOR GRACE POE

Committee on Public Services; Member, Constitutional Amendments & Revision of Codes SENATOR FRANCIS N) PANGILINAN

Committee on Constitutional Amendments & Revision of Codes;

Member, Committee on Public Services

Vice-Chairpersons

SENATOR RAMON BONG REVILLA JR

Committee on Public Services

SENATOR PANFILO M. LACSON

Committees on Constitutional Amendments & Revision of Codes; and Public Services

SENATOR WIN GATCHALIAN

Committee on Public Services

SENATOR EMMANUEL "MANNY" D. PACQUIAO

Committee on Public Services; Member, Committees on Constitutional Amendments & Revision of Codes

Respectfully submitted:

Chairpersons

SENATOR GRACE POE

Committee on Public Services; Member, Constitutional Amendments & Revision of Codes **SENATOR FRANCIS N. PANGILINAN**

Committee on Constitutional Amendments & Revision of Codes; Member, Committee on Public Services

Vice-Chairpersons

SENATOR RAMON BONG REVILLA JR

Committee on Public Services

SENATOR PANFILO M. LACSON

Committees on Constitutional Amendments & Revision of Codes; and Public Services

SENATOR WIN GATCHALIAN

Committee on Public Services

SENATOR EMMANUEL "MANNY" D. PACQUIAO

Committee on Public Services; Member, Committees on Constitutional Amendments & Revision of Codes Members

SENATOR JOEL VILLANUEVA

Committee on Public Services

SENATOR SONNY ANGARA

Committee on Constitutional Amendments

& Revision of Codes

Committee on Public Services

SENATOR RICHARD J. GORDON

Committees on Constitutional Amendments & Revision of Codes; and Public Services

SENATOR CYNTHIA A. VILLAR

Committee on Constitutional Amendments & Revision of Codes

SENATOR FRANCIS "TOL" N. TOLENTINO

Committees on Constitutional Amendments & Revision of Codes; and Public Services

will interpellate and/or amend

BA-CE. **SENATOR RISA HONTIVEROS**

Committees on Constitutional Amendments & Revision of Codes; and Public Services

SENATOR CHRISTOPHER LAWRENCE T. GO

Committees on Constitutional Amendments & Revision of Codes; and Public Services

Committees on Constitutional Amendments & Revision of Codes; and Public Services

Ex-Officio Members

SENATOR RALPH G. RECTO

President Pro-Tempore

SENATOR JUAN MIGUEL F. ZUBIRI

Majority Leader

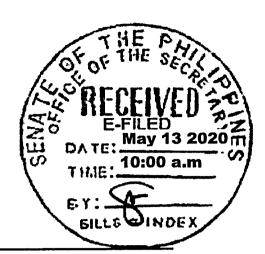
SENATOR FRANKLIN M. DRILON

Minority Leader

EIGHTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE)
REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES)
First Regular Session)

SENATE

S. No. 1530



Introduced by Senator FRANKLIN M. DRILON

AN ACT AMENDING SECTION 18, BOOK VII, CHAPTER 3 OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXPLANATORY NOTE

Aristotle, in Nichomachean Ethics has said, "the laws in their enactments on all subjects aim at the common advantage either of all or of the best or of those who hold power, or something of the sort; so that in one sense we call those acts just that tend to produce and preserve happiness and its components for the political society. And the law bids us do both the acts of a brave man, and those of a temperate man, and those of a good-tempered man, and similarly with regard to the other virtues and forms of wickedness, commanding some acts and forbidding others; and the rightly-framed law does this rightly, and the hastily conceived one less well." In the same treatise, he also wrote, "For where it is in our power to act, it is also in our power not to act."

The Constitution gives the government the power to regulate commerce. More stringent rules apply to public utilities, which render services to the public. Protection of public welfare underlies the requirement to obtain licenses, authorizations or franchises. Like it or not, entities are at the mercy of licensing authorities. There is little choice left, except to rely in good faith that such powers will be exercised judiciously, not arbitrarily, capriciously, or oppressively against anyone.

While it is recognized that a franchise, license or certificate is not a privilege, this rule must be tempered with considerations of equity, fairness, due process, and equal protection, particularly when the service being provided

has been so woven into everyday life, that its abrupt cessation could give rise to devastating consequences.

The bill provides that where a licensee or franchisee has made a timely and sufficient application for renewal of a franchise or license, the same shall not expire until after finally determined by the relevant department, agency or branch of government. The bill amends an existing provision under the Revised Administrative Code to also include franchises. This makes it incumbent upon the issuing authority to act on an application and avoid situations where silence or inaction could effectively bar the operations of an enterprise.

The bill will not violate the power of the Congress with regard to franchises under the Constitution. *Article XII, Section 11* of the Constitution provides that no franchise, certificate or authorization shall be granted "except under the condition that it shall be subject to amendment, alteration or repeal by the Congress when the common good so requires". While the Constitution reserves to Congress the right to amend, alter or repeal a franchise, it does not say that a Congressional franchise is required before each and every public utility may operate. This was the ruling in the case of *Albano v. Reyes.*1

The Supreme Court, in the case of Associated Communications & Wireless Services v. National Telecommunications Commission2 has recognized that there are existing statutes which delegate to agencies the power to issue a franchise, certificate or authorization for certain classes of public utilities. It noted that there is a modern trend in legislation toward that direction. Therefore, the requirement of an existing and valid franchise is not Constitutional but merely statutory.

The Court has even gone as far as saying that there is no reason for imposing a prior congressional franchise except to impose added burden and expenses on the part of the applicant. It even quoted "the forceful denunciation of Justice Holmes against a stubborn adherence to an anachronistic rule of law" where Holmes has described it as "revolting to have no better reason for a rule of law than that it was laid down in the time of Henry IV."

^{1 175} SCRA 264

² G.R. No. 144109, 17 February 2003

The criticism of the Court notwithstanding, the bill does not propose to do away with the license or franchise requirement. The amendment we propose would merely encourage the concerned agency or branch of government to act decisively on an application for renewal, and to express its decision in clear, unmistakable terms, to ensure that the applicant is not punished for the authority's indecision or inaction.

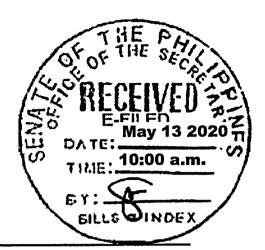
In view of the foregoing, the urgent approval of this bill is earnestly sought.

FRANKLIN M. DRILON

EIGHTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE)
REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES)
First Regular Session)

SENATE

s. _{No.} 1530



Introduced by SENATOR FRANKLIN M. DRILON

AN ACT AMENDING SECTION 18, BOOK VII, CHAPTER 3 OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. Section 18, Book VII, Chapter 3 of Executive Order No. 292, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"SECTION 18. Non-expiration of License OR FRANCHISE.—
ANY PROVISION OF LAW TO THE CONTRARY
NOTWITHSTANDING, where the licensee OR FRANCHISEE has
made timely and sufficient application for the renewal of a license OR
FRANCHISE with reference to any activity of a continuing nature, the
existing license OR FRANCHISE shall not expire until the application
shall have been finally determined by the agency, DEPARTMENT, OR
BRANCH OF GOVERNMENT THAT GRANTS OR RENEWS SUCH
LICENSE OR FRANCHISE.

THERE IS FINAL DETERMINATION WHEN AN APPLICANT IS GIVEN WRITTEN NOTICE OF APPROVAL OR DENIAL OF ITS APPLICATION FOR RENEWAL. INACTION ON A PENDING APPLICATION SHALL NOT BE CONSIDERED A DENIAL THEREOF."

SEC. 2. Separability Clause. – If any provision of this Act is declared unconstitutional or invalid, the provisions not affected thereby shall continue to be in full force and effect.

- SEC. 3. Repealing Clause. All laws, decrees, orders, rules and regulations
- 2 inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed or modified
- 3 accordingly.
- SEC. 4. Effectivity. This Act shall take effect upon its publication in the
- 5 Official Gazette or in a newspaper of general circulation.

Approved,