SENATE

S. No. 1834

- PREPARED BY THE COMMITTEES ON LABOR, EMPLOYMENT AND HUMAN RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT; SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY; AND FINANCE WITH SENATORS ANGARA, VILLANUEVA, REVILLA JR., PACQUIAO, GO, MARCOS, POE, BINAY, ZUBIRI, VILLAR, GATCHALIAN AND CAYETANO AS AUTHORS THEREOF
- AN ACT TO ENHANCE THE PHILIPPINE DIGITAL WORKFORCE COMPETITIVENESS, ESTABLISHING FOR THE PURPOSE AN INTER-AGENCY COUNCIL FOR DEVELOPMENT AND COMPETITIVENESS OF PHILIPPINE DIGITAL WORKFORCE AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

1	ARTICLE I
2	STATE POLICIES AND BASIC PRINCIPLES
3	SECTION 1. Short Title. – This Act shall be known as
4	the "Philippine Digital Workforce Competitiveness Act".

SEC. 2. Declaration of State Policy. - The State, 1 2 recognizing the transformation in the world of work due to 3 rapid acceleration of digitalization and advances in technologies such as artificial intelligence and automation 4 5 across range of industries and sectors, shall enhance the skills and competitiveness of the Philippine workforce in 6 7 and digital technology and innovations. human, In furtherance thereof, the State shall ensure that all Filipino 8 9 workers have access to and provided with digital skills and 10 competencies that are at par with global standards and shall encourage digital innovations and entrepreneurship. 11 To this end, the State shall provide the necessary 12 infrastructure, and in collaboration with the private 13 stakeholders, shall undertake the upskilling, re-skilling 14 and training of the Filipino workforce on digital technology 15 and innovations for employability and competitiveness in 16 17 the Fourth Industrial Revolution.

1	ARTICLE II
2	DEFINITION OF TERMS
3	SEC. 3. Definition of Terms. – The following terms as
4	used in this Act shall mean:
5	(a) 21st century skills refer to skills that are required
6	by new jobs, including but not limited to critical thinking,
7	problem solving, good communication, collaboration,
8	information and technology literacy, flexibility and
9	adaptability, innovativeness, and creativity, among others;
10	(b) Certifications refer to any attestation of an
11	individual's knowledge, proficiency, or competence in a
12	certain subject matter or skillset by a reputable third
13	party, which can be public, private or non-profit in nature;
14	(c) Co-working or shared service facilities refer to
15	shared workspaces equipped with the necessary facilities
16	and support services for the needs of the digital workforce;
17	(d) Digital workforce refers to any natural person who
18	engages in remunerated activity through the use of digital
19	skills and digital technology, regardless of work or

1 employment arrangement, whether as a regular employee 2 of a company or as a freelancer;

3 (e) *Digital labor platforms* refer to digital technologybased platforms that facilitate the production, trade, and 4 5 commercial exchange of digital content, digital products, or 6 other goods and services arising from digital transactions. This includes web-based and online platforms where work 7 is outsourced through an open call to geographically-8 9 individuals location-based dispersed and online 10 applications where work is allocated to individuals in a specific geographical area; 11

(f) Digital content refers to any type of content that 12 exists in the form of digital data that are stored, and can 13 be created, viewed, processed, distributed, modified and 14 stored using computers and digital technologies. The 15 content can be either free or paid content such as web-16 pages and websites, social media, data and databases. 17 18 digital audio, such as mp3s or mp4s, and e-books, digital 19 imagery, digital video, video games, computer programs 20 and software;

(g) Digital entrepreneurship refers to the creation of
 new ventures or the transformation of existing businesses
 by developing novel digital technologies and/or novel usage
 of such technologies;

5 (h) *Digital inclusion* refers to the process of ensuring 6 that all members of society, especially those from 7 disadvantaged and marginalized groups have access and 8 are empowered to utilize and benefit from state-of-the-art 9 Information and Communications Technology (ICT);

(i) *Digital skills* refer to a range of skills,
encompassing a combination of behaviors, expertise, knowhow, work habits, character traits, dispositions, and
critical understanding on the use of digital devices,
communication applications, and networks to access and
manage information;

(j) Digital technology refers to any product or service
that can be used to create, view, distribute, modify, store,
retrieve, transmit, and receive information electronically in
a digital form such as personal computers and devices like
desktop, laptop, netbook, tablet computer, smart phones,

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1	games consoles, media players, e-book readers, as well as
2	digital television, robots, personal assistant smart devices,
3	and smart boards; and
4	(k) Innovation refers to the creation of new ideas
5	using new or existing technologies that results in the
6	development of new or improved products, processes, or
7	services, which are then spread or transferred across the
8	market.
9	ARTICLE III
10	DEVELOPMENT OBJECTIVES AND STRATEGIES
11	SEC. 4. Development of the Digital Workforce In
12	developing and ensuring the competitiveness of Philippine
13	digital workforce, the State shall:
14	(a) Ensure and take pro-active measures to improve
15	the digital competence of all citizens of working age and
16	equip them with digital skills, including digital
17	entrepreneurship and remote work using digital skills in
18	order to gain from the benefits of the growing number of
19	jobs and opportunities that are enabled by digital
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- (b) Ensure that Filipinos are equipped with digital
 skills and 21st century skills;
- 3 (c) Ensure adequate protection and support for the
 4 digital workforce for the continuous improvement of their
 5 skills to effectively keep up with global standards;
- 6 (d) Provide support to the digital workforce through
 7 the provision of co-working or shared service facilities and
 8 loan facilities with concessional terms;
- 9 (e) Ensure digital inclusion by taking into account 10 special needs of sectors such as, but not limited to, persons 11 with disabilities (PWDs), indigenous peoples, senior 12 citizens, individuals located in geographically-isolated and 13 disadvantaged areas, and other sectors in designing 14 programs, activities and projects pursuant to this Act; and
- (f) Ensure that all stakeholders from the government, 15 industry and labor sector are properly consulted and in 16 17 collaboration in the crafting of policies, programs, activities 18 and projects for the upskilling, re-skilling and training of 19 Filipino workforce in the digital technology and 20 innovations.

ARTICLE IV

2	INTER-AGENCY COUNCIL FOR DEVELOPMENT AND
3	COMPETITIVENESS OF PHILIPPINE DIGITAL WORKFORCE
4	SEC. 5. Inter-Agency Council for Development and
5	Competitiveness of Philippine Digital Workforce. – There is
6	hereby established an Inter-Agency Council for
7	Development and Competitiveness of Philippine Digital
8	Workforce, hereinafter referred to as the "Inter-Agency
9	Council." It shall be chaired by the National Economic
10	Development Authority (NEDA) and shall be composed of
11	the following government agencies as members: the
12	Department of Labor and Employment (DOLE), the
13	Department of Trade and Industry (DTI), the Department
14	of Information and Communications Technology (DICT),
15	the Department of Science and Technology (DOST), the
16	Department of Interior and Local Government (DILG), the
17	Department of Education (DepED), the Commission on
18	Higher Education (CHED), and the Technical Education
19	and Skills Development Authority (TESDA).

The Inter-Agency Council shall be the primary 1 2 planning, coordinating and implementing body in the 3 development, enhancement promotion, and competitiveness of the Philippine digital workforce. 4 It 5 shall ensure that all Filipino youth, students and workers have access to and are provided with skills and 6 7 competencies in digital contents, platforms and technology 8 that are at par with global standards, and shall encourage 9 digital innovations and entrepreneurship. It shall consult 10 and collaborate with all stakeholders from the government, 11 industry and labor sector in the development and implementation of a national roadmap on upskilling, re-12 skilling and training of the Filipino workforce to address 13 the skills gaps particularly, in digital technology and 14 digital entrepreneurship. 15

SEC. 6. *Powers and Functions.* – The Inter-Agency
Council shall have the following powers and functions:

(a) Serve as the primary body responsible for the
promotion, development, enhancement and
competitiveness of Philippine digital workforce, and in

providing entrepreneurs with incubation programs as well
 as support in terms of funding, skills development, and
 exposure to business networks;

(b) With the DOLE as the lead agency, and in 4 5 collaboration with the DICT, the local government units (LGUs) and other stakeholders, conduct 6 digital а 7 digital skills mapping technology and nationwide identifying the available skills and competencies, skills 8 9 gaps and training needs, demographics of the Philippine workforce in digital technology and sectors, and the 10 availability and access to digital platforms and ICT 11 infrastructure, among others; 12

(c) Formulate digital technology and digital skills 13 14 roadmap for evolving jobs and skills, identifying job growth in specific professional areas, including but not limited to 15 16 the fastest-growing seven (7) professional areas identified 17 by the World Economic Forum, namely: care, engineering 18 and cloud computing, sales marketing and content, data 19 and Artificial Intelligence (AI), green jobs, people and 20 culture, and specialized project managers;

1 (d) With the DICT and DOST as lead agencies, and in 2 collaboration with various stakeholders, design and 3 implement programs for upskilling, re-skilling and 4 training, taking into consideration the results of digital 5 technology and digital skills mapping and the roadmap for 6 evolving jobs and skills;

7 (e) Encourage and incentivize technological
8 innovations for the growth of agri-fishery industries and
9 hospital care or public health services;

(f) With the DTI as the lead agency, promote business
or economic opportunities for digitization of start-ups and
MSMEs, and provide technical assistance and low interest
loans;

(g) Provide support and innovative strategies to
promote digital technology, digital careers and innovations
among students, youth and workers, including the
provisions of incentives such as:

(i) Full or partial scholarships or subsidies for
appropriate trainings and certifications, whether local or
abroad;

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(ii) Full or partial subsidy for the use of co-working or
 shared service facilities, equipment, and/or services
 provided by government or private enterprises or
 institutions;

5 (iii) Credit assistance, at low interest rate, from 6 government financial institutions for acquisition of 7 equipment necessary to carry out digital work, including 8 but not limited to computers, hardware and software 9 programs;

(iv) Afford priority access to DTI support and
assistance, under its program for start-ups and for micro,
small and medium enterprises (MSMEs), to digital
entrepreneurs, tech start-ups or innovators; and

(v) Such other incentives that may be issued for the
promotion, development and enhancement of digital
technology and digital skills across industries and business
sectors.

(h) Establish a centralized web portal for all related
training, skills development, certification, and scholarship
programs to allow access by all workers who are qualified

and willing to undergo upskilling or to acquire new skills
 in digital technology;

3 (i) Create committees, working groups and regional
4 inter-agency councils to carry out its mandate and
5 functions;

(j) Establish an Inter-Agency Council Secretariat,
which may be lodged with the NEDA or at any designated
member agency; and

9 (k) Conduct consultations, assessment, planning and 10 re-planning exercise with a view to ensuring the 11 development and availability of highly-skilled digital 12 workforce in the country.

13 ARTICLE V
14 ROLE OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNITS (LGUS)
15 SEC. 7. Role of LGUs. – All local government units
16 shall create local policies supporting and promoting the
17 growth and development of digital technology, digital
18 careers and innovations in their respective communities,
19 which may include providing incentives for technological

innovations for agri-fishery industries and hospital care or
 public health services.

3	SEC. 8. Role of Public Employment Service Offices
4	(PESOs). – All Public Employment Service Offices shall:
5	(a) Develop and maintain a webpage where PESO-
6	accredited employers may register and publish their
7	vacancies;

8 (b) Create a digital application help desk where job
9 seekers can ask for feedback or assistance with a job
10 application;

(c) Encourage and facilitate local access to jobs atcrowdwork, crowdsource, or work in-demand applications;

(d) Create a localized digital technology and digital
skills registry and encourage listing in the locality for
assistance and availment of local incentives; and

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(e) Conduct virtual job fairs.

SEC. 9. *E-Readiness of LGUs.* – The DICT,
Department of Budget Management (DBM), Department of
Public Works and Highways (DPWH) and other relevant
government agencies shall ensure universal access to high-

1 speed, quality, and affordable Internet by prioritizing and 2 facilitating the development of ICT infrastructures in the localities across the country. The DILG and DICT shall 3 jointly assess the e-readiness of all municipalities, cities, 4 provinces, and regions to ensure a thriving digital 5 6 workforce ecosystem. 7 For this purpose, the National Government shall prioritize the construction of digital infrastructures to 8 9 foster digital-based economic activity under their 10 infrastructure programs or initiatives. 11 ARTICLE VI 12 PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIP IN TRAINING 13 AND SKILLS DEVELOPMENT 14 SEC. 10. Public-Private Partnership in Trainings and Skills Development. - The Inter-Agency Council is hereby 15 authorized to enter into public-private partnerships with 16 17 experts, information technology-business process 18 outsourcing (IT-BPO) industry associations, private 19 companies and other stakeholders in the formulation and implementation of training, skills development, and 20

1 certification programs, covering areas, including but not 2 limited to: 3 (a) Web development and designing; (b) Online teaching and tutoring; 4 5 (c) Animation; 6 (d) Content creation (writing and copywriting and others); 7 Digital marketing (e-commerce, 8 (e) sales and 9 marketing); 10 (f) Creative design, graphic designing, 3D modelling and CAD, game development, logo design and illustration, 11 and audio and video production; 12 (g) Mobile application development; 13 14 (h) Search engine optimization; (i) Virtual assistance (administrative support or 15 16 assistance): (j) Branding and public relations, social media 17 18 coordinator and community management; 19 (k) Web research, business intelligence and data 20 analytics;

- 1 (l) Transcription and data entry jobs article and blog 2 writing; 3 (m) Customer service and technical support; (n) Human resource management and systems; 4 5 (o) Architecture services and other professional 6 services through the Internet; (p) Management of teams of remote workers, and 7 8 other competencies needed by companies and individuals 9 pursuant to the full implementation of Republic Act No. 10 11165, otherwise known as the Telecommuting Act; and (q) Such other skills requirements as may evolve or 11 be identified by the partners. 12 13 ARTICLE VII 14 DEVELOPMENTAL PROGRAMS SEC. 11. Digital Workforce Week. - The third week of 15 16 June shall be designated as the Digital Workforce Week, to 17 coincide with the National Information and 18 Communications Technology (ICT) Month promulgated 19 under Proclamation No. 1521, Series of 2008, to promote
- 20 awareness on evolving jobs and skills requirements in

1 digital technology and innovations, government assistance, 2 trainings and certifications, and digital career and 3 business opportunities. 4 ARTICLE VIII 5 SUPPORT ECOSYSTEM 6 SEC. 12. Digital Libraries and Learning Hubs. – The DICT and the National Library of the Philippines shall 7 promote the role of libraries in improving digital inclusion 8 and transform these libraries as providers of digital access, 9 10 trainings including those for certifications, and support for the development and enhancement of digital skills and 11 competencies of the workers and future members of the 12 13 workforce. SEC. 13. Co-Working or Shared Service Facilities. -14 The DTI, in coordination with relevant government 15 agencies and in partnership with the private sector, shall 16 17 establish co-working or shared service facilities to support 18 the development and enhancement of digital skills and competencies of the workers and future members of the 19 20 workforce.

1	ARTICLE IX
2	GENERAL PROVISIONS
3	SEC. 14. Implementing Rules and Regulations. $-$
4	Within six (6) months from the effectivity of this Act, the
5	NEDA, DOLE, DTI, DICT, DOST, DILG, DepEd, CHED,
6	TESDA, in consultation with relevant government agencies
7	and private sector stakeholders, shall promulgate the
8	necessary rules and regulations for the implementation of
9	this Act.
10	SEC. 15. Reportorial Requirement. – The Inter-Agency
11	Council and all implementing agencies shall submit a
12	report to Congress not later than June 30 of each year on
13	the status of the implementation of this Act.
14	SEC. 16. Appropriations. – The amount necessary for
15	the implementation of the provisions of this Act shall be
16	included in the General Appropriations Act for the year
17	following the approval of this Act.
18	SEC. 17. Repealing Clause All other laws, decrees,
19	executive orders and rules and regulations contrary to or

1	inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby
2	repealed or modified accordingly.
3	SEC. 18. Separability Clause – If any provision of this
4	Act is held invalid or unconstitutional, the same shall not
5	affect the validity and effectivity of the other provisions
6	hereof.
7	SEC. 19. <i>Effectivity</i> . – This Act shall take effect fifteen
8	(15) days after its publication in the Official Gazette or in
9	two (2) newspapers of general circulation.

Approved,