EIGHTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES



Second Regular Session

S E N A T E S. No. <u>1890</u> )

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Introduced by Senator Aquilino "Koko" Pimentel III

# AN ACT TO ESTABLISH THE ARCHIPELAGIC SEA LANES IN PHILIPPINE ARCHIPELAGIC WATERS, PRESCRIBING THE RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF FOREIGN SHIPS AND AIRCRAFT EXERCISING THE RIGHT OF ARCHIPELAGIC SEA LANES PASSAGE THROUGH THE DESIGNATED ARCHIPELAGIC SEA LANES, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

#### **EXPLANATORY NOTE**

Republic Act No. 9522 entitled, "An Act to Amend Certain Provisions of Republic Act No. 3046, as Amended by Republic Act No. 5446, to Define the Archipelagic Baselines of the Philippines, and for Other Purposes," made the country's archipelagic baselines system conform with the 1982 United Nations on the Law of the Sea (UNCLOS) to which the Philippines is a state party. R.A. No. 9522 attests to the continued commitment of the Philippines as an archipelagic State to harmonize its domestic legislation with UNCLOS.

Under UNCLOS, an archipelagic State has sovereignty over its archipelagic waters and the airspace above it, as well as its seabed and subsoil. All ships and aircraft, nevertheless, enjoy in the archipelagic waters the right of archipelagic sea lanes passage or the exercise in accordance with UNCLOS of the rights of navigation and overflight solely for the purpose of continuous, expeditious, and unobstructed transit between one part of the high seas or an exclusive economic zone and another part of the high seas or an exclusive economic zone. The archipelagic State may designate sea lanes and air routes suitable for the

continuous and expeditious passage of ships and aircraft through or over its archipelagic waters and the adjacent territorial sea. In case, however, that the archipelagic State does not designate archipelagic sea lanes, the right of archipelagic sea lanes passage may be exercised through the routes normally used for international navigation.

With its waters linked to important and busy navigational routes, it is imperative that the Philippines designate its archipelagic sea lanes in consideration of its own security, economic, and environmental interests. The exercise of the right of archipelagic sea lanes passage within the country's archipelagic waters can be rationalized by pursuing a balance between international maritime navigation and overflight requirements and domestic considerations. Non-designation of archipelagic sea lanes has the effect of waiving the right to designate in favor of other states who could freely exercise archipelagic sea lanes passage through Philippine archipelagic waters that they think are "the routes normally used for international navigation." This obviously is detrimental to the Philippines' interest.

This bill seeks to establish archipelagic sea lanes in Philippine archipelagic waters and the adjacent territorial sea, prescribing the rights and obligations of foreign ships, and aircraft exercising the right of archipelagic sea lanes passage through the established sea lanes and providing for the associated measures therein.

In view of the foregoing, the passage of this measure is earnestly requested.

**"KOKO" PIMENTEL III** AOUILINO

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# AN ACT TO ESTABLISH THE ARCHIPELAGIC SEA LANES IN PHILIPPINE ARCHIPELAGIC WATERS, PRESCRIBING THE RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF FOREIGN SHIPS AND AIRCRAFT EXERCISING THE RIGHT OF ARCHIPELAGIC SEA LANES PASSAGE THROUGH THE DESIGNATED ARCHIPELAGIC SEA LANES, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. Short Title. – This Act shall be known as the
 "Philippine Archipelagic Sea Lanes Act."

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4 SEC. 2. State Policy. – The State in the exercise of its duty to 5 protect its maritime domain shall implement and adhere to the 6 provisions of the 1982 United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea 7 (UNCLOS) and relevant international conventions to which the 8 Philippines is a party.

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10 SEC. 3. Scope of Application. – This Act shall apply to foreign 11 ships and aircraft exercising the right of archipelagic sea lanes passage 12 through designated archipelagic sea lanes; *Provided*, pending the 13 designation of said archipelagic sea lanes, ships and aircraft passing 14 through routes normally used for international navigation shall be 15 subject to the prohibitions and obligations set out in this Act. SEC. 4. Definition of Terms. - As used in this Act, the following
 terms are defined in accordance with the UNCLOS:

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(a) Archipelagic sea lane shall refer to the designated sea lanes
and air routes in the archipelagic waters through which foreign vessels
or aircraft may exercise the right of archipelagic sea lanes passage;

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8 (b) Archipelagic sea lanes passage shall refer to the exercise, in 9 accordance with the UNCLOS, of the rights of navigation and overflight 10 in the normal mode solely for the purpose of continuous, expeditious, 11 and unobstructed transit between one part of the high seas or an 12 exclusive economic zone (EEZ) and another part of the high seas or an 13 EEZ;

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15 (c) Archipelagic waters shall refer to the waters on the landward 16 side of the archipelagic baselines except as defined as Internal Waters;

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(d) Associated protective measure shall refer to the measure that
a coastal State may adopt to regulate international maritime activities for
the protection of the area at risk;

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(e) *Hydrographic survey* shall refer to a survey measuring and describing the physical features of the navigable portion of the earth's surface (seas) and adjoining coastal areas, with special reference to their use for navigation;

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(f) Oceanographic survey shall refer to a study or examination
of any physical, chemical, biological, geological, or geophysical
condition in the ocean, or any part of it;

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(g) *Right of innocent passage* shall refer to the right of foreign vessels to navigate through the territorial seas of all States for the purpose of continuous and expeditious travel or for proceeding to or from internal waters. The passage is innocent when it is not prejudicial to the peace, good order, or security of the coastal State; and

1 (h) *Territorial sea* shall refer to the belt of sea measured twelve 2 (12) nautical miles from the baselines or from the low-water line, as the 3 case may be.

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**SEC. 5.** Right of Archipelagic Sea Lanes Passage of Foreign Ships 5 and Aircraft. - Foreign ships and aircraft may exercise the right of 6 archipelagic sea lanes passage in accordance with the provisions of 7 UNCLOS in order to navigate or fly from one part of the high seas or an 8 EEZ to another part of the high seas or an EEZ through or over the 9 Philippine archipelagic waters and its adjacent territorial sea. Such sea 10 lanes shall be defined by a series of continuous axis lines from the entry 11 points of passage routes to the exit points. 12

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The exercise of the right of archipelagic sea lanes shall be through a sea lane, or through the air above a sea lane, which has been determined to be an archipelagic sea lane that may be used for exercising the right of archipelagic sea lanes passage as described in Section 13 hereof.

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SEC. 6. Obligations of Foreign Ships and Aircraft When Exercising the Right of Archipelagic Sea Lanes Passage. – (a) Foreign ships and aircraft exercising the right of archipelagic sea lanes passage shall pass through or above the archipelagic sea lane as quickly as possible without delay and in the normal mode solely for the purpose of continuous, expeditious and unobstructed transit.

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(b) Foreign ships and aircraft that are conducting archipelagic sea lanes passage shall not deviate more than twenty-five (25) nautical miles to either side of the axis line of the sea lane: *Provided*, That such ships and aircraft shall not navigate closer to the coast more than ten percent (10%) of the distance between the nearest points on islands bordering the sea lane.

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(c) Foreign ships and aircraft, while exercising the right of archipelagic sea lanes passage, shall refrain from any threat or use of force against the sovereignty, territorial integrity, or political

independence of the Republic of the Philippines, or in any other manner
in violation of the principles of international law embodied in the
Charter of the United Nations.

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(d) No foreign ships and aircraft, including military aircraft and
warships, while exercising the right of archipelagic sea lanes passage,
shall perform any war game exercises or exercises using any type of
weapons, especially involving the use of ordnance.

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10 (e) Except when rendered necessary by force majeure or by 11 distress, an aircraft exercising the right of archipelagic sea lanes passage 12 shall not land in the Philippine territory.

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(f) No foreign ships exercising the right of archipelagic sea lanes passage shall stop, drop anchor or loiter, except when rendered necessary by force majeure or by distress in order to render assistance to a person or persons or a ship or ships experiencing a disaster.

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(g) No foreign ships or aircraft exercising the right of archipelagic sea lanes passage shall make covert transmissions, interfere with telecommunications systems, and communicate directly with an unauthorized person or group of persons in Philippine territory.

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SEC. 7. Permit to Conduct Oceanographic or Hydrographic 24 Surveys. - Foreign ships or aircraft, including research or hydrographic 25 survey ships of aircraft, while exercising the right of archipelagic sea 26 lanes passage, shall not conduct oceanographic or hydrographic surveys, 27 whether with the use of detection equipment or sample gathering 28 equipment, unless they have obtained prior permission to do so from the 29 appropriate agency of the Government of the Republic of the 30 Philippines. 31

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1 SEC. 8. Prohibition of Fishing, Loading, Unloading of Persons, 2 Goods or Currency. – (a) Foreign ships, including fishing vessels, while 3 exercising the right of archipelagic sea lanes passage, shall not conduct 4 any fishing operation or exploitation of marine resources of the 5 Philippines.

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7 (b) Foreign fishing vessels, while exercising the right of 8 archipelagic sea lanes passage, besides fulfilling their obligations under 9 paragraph (a), shall stow all their fishing equipment within the hold.

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(c) Foreign ships and aircraft, while exercising the right of archipelagic sea lanes passage, shall not load to a ship or unload from a ship persons, goods or currency in a manner that contravenes the laws and regulations concerning customs, immigration, fiscal matters and health, except when rendered necessary by force majeure or by distress.

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SEC. 9. Compliance with Navigational Regulations, Procedures, and Traffic Scheme. – (a) Foreign ships, while exercising the right of archipelagic sea lanes passage, shall comply with the generally accepted international regulations, procedures and practices concerning safety of navigation, including regulations relating to the prevention of collisions at sea.

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(b) Foreign ships, while exercising the right of archipelagic sea lanes passage in a sea lane where a traffic separation scheme has been established for the regulation of navigation, shall comply with the provisions of the traffic separation scheme.

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(c) Foreign ships, while exercising the right of archipelagic sea
lanes passage, shall not cause disturbance or damage to navigational
facilities or submarine cables or pipes.

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(d) Foreign ships, while exercising the right of archipelagic sea
lane passage, shall not sail too close to prohibited zones as determined
by concerned agencies.

SEC. 10. Obligations of Foreign Aircraft. - (A) Foreign civil 1 aircraft exercising the right of archipelagic sea lanes passage shall: 2 3 observe the Rules of the Air established by the International (1) 4 Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO); and 5 6 monitor the radio frequency assigned by the competent (2)7 internationally designated air traffic control authority or the appropriate 8 international distress radio frequency at all times. 9 10 (B) Foreign national aircraft exercising the right of archipelagic 11 sea lanes passage shall: 12 13 respect the regulations concerning flight safety as detailed in (1)14 Section 10(A) hereof and at all times operate with due regard for the 15 safety of navigation; and, 16 17 fulfill their obligations as detailed in Section 10(A)(2) hereof. (2) 18 19 **SEC.11.** Prevention of Marine Pollution and Nuclear Weapon. – 20 (a) Foreign ships exercising the right of archipelagic sea lanes 21 passage shall not expel oil, oily wastes or other noxious substances into 22 the marine environment, or conduct other activities in contravention of 23 international regulations and standards for the prevention, reduction and 24 control of marine pollution that originates from ships. 25 26 (b) Foreign ships exercising the right of archipelagic sea lanes 27 passage shall not dump waste in Philippine waters. 28 29 (c) Consistent with the national interest, the exercise of the right of 30 archipelagic sea lanes passage by all foreign ships must be consistent 31 with the constitutional mandate of freedom from nuclear weapons in 32 Philippine territory. 33 34 SEC. 12. Liability for Damage. – (a) The person or legal body 35 responsible for the operation or cargo of foreign commercial ships or 36 6

aircraft or foreign government ships or aircraft operated for commercial
purposes shall be liable for any loss or damage suffered by the
Philippines or any third party as a result of noncompliance with any of
the provisions of this Act while exercising the right of archipelagic sea
lanes passage.

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(b) The flag State shall bear international responsibility for any 7 loss or damage suffered by the Philippines or any third party as a result 8 of non-compliance with any of the provisions of this Act by a foreign 9 for other government ship operated aircraft or warship or 10 noncommercial purposes while exercising the right of archipelagic sea 11 lanes passage in Philippine waters. 12

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14 SEC. 13. Power to Designate Archipelagic Sea Lanes. – The 15 Department of Foreign Affairs (DFA), taking into account relevant 16 provisions of the 1987 Constitution and existing laws, shall be the lead 17 agency tasked to implement the provisions of this Act. For purposes of 18 achieving the objectives of this Act, the DFA shall:

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 Establish a mechanism for the designation of archipelagic sea lanes;

- 2. Determine appropriate measures for the protection of areas along said sea lanes in accordance with international conventions and agreements to which the Philippines is a party; and
- 3. Coordinate with the Philippine Coast Guard (PCG), National Mapping and Resource Information Authority (NAMRIA), and other concerned agencies for the effective implementation of this Act.
- 29 30

SEC. 14. Implementing Rules and Regulations. – Within one (1) year from the effectivity of this Act, the Department of Foreign Affairs (DFA) shall, in consultation with the Philippine Coast Guard (PCG), National Mapping and Resource Information Authority (NAMRIA), and other concerned agencies, promulgate the implementing rules and

regulations necessary to ensure the efficient and effectiveimplementation of this Act.

SEC. 15. *Right of Innocent Passage.* – The provisions of this Act
shall not diminish the rights of foreign ships to exercise the right of
innocent passage in archipelagic sea lanes.

8 SEC. 16. Separability Clause. – If any portion or provision of this 9 Act is declared unconstitutional or invalid, the other portions or 10 provisions hereof which are not affected thereby shall continue to be in 11 full force and effect.

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SEC. 17. Repealing Clause. – All laws inconsistent with or
 contrary to the provisions of this Act are deemed amended, modified or
 repealed accordingly.

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SEC. 18. Effectivity. - This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days
 after its publication in the Official Gazette or in two (2) newspapers of
 general circulation

Approved,