

NINETEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES

First Regular Session

°22 JUL -7 P2:44

SENATE S.B. No. ___14___

RECEIVED BY:

Introduced by Senator Maria Lourdes Nancy S. Binay

AN ACT CREATING THE ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AND ENFORCEMENT BUREAU (EPEB) UNDER THE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES (DENR), PROVIDING FOR ITS POWERS AND FUNCTIONS AND APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

EXPLANATORY NOTE

Section 16, Article II of the Constitution provides that the State shall protect and advance the right of the people to a balanced and healthful ecology in accord with the rhythm and harmony of nature. This bill seeks to create an Environmental Protection and Enforcement Bureau (EPEB) under the Department of Environment and Natural Resources for the furtherance of the right of the people to a balanced and healthful ecology.

The Philippines is a biodiversity hotspot as it contains two-thirds of the world's biodiversity in its isolated archipelagic topography, which makes it extremely vulnerable to threats and exploitation of its natural resources. Forest covers, mangrove areas, and our reefs, which house our endemic flora and fauna, are depleting daily and will continue to decrease if we do not actively protect it.

Illegal logging, wildlife trade, and improper disposal of hazardous waste are just some of the many problems our environment face, which hinder the natural equilibrium that we want to achieve. As a crime against the environment is a crime against all, it is necessary to strengthen the enforcement of environmental laws and regulations so that our children and our children's children may live to see and nurture the Philippine plants and animals which make up our unique ecosystem.

In view of the foregoing, the passage of this measure is earnestly sought.

MARIA LOURDES NANCY S. BINAY



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AN ACT CREATING THE ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AND ENFORCEMENT BUREAU (EPEB) UNDER THE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES (DENR), PROVIDING FOR ITS POWERS AND FUNCTIONS AND APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in congress assembled:

SECTION 1. Short Title. - This Act shall be known as the "Environmental Protection and Enforcement Bureau (EPEB) Act".

SEC. 2. Declaration of Policy. - It is the policy of the State to:

(a) Maintain an effective, competent, modern current and highly-trained enforcement body to address violations of environment and natural resources laws, rules, and regulations in order to protect and advance the right of the people to a balanced and healthful ecology in accord with the rhythm and harmony of nature;

(b) Strengthen and professionalize environment and natural resources protection and law enforcement with appropriate structure, science and technology, manpower, and capability;

 (c) Formulate plans and programs relative to environment and natural resources protection to enhance and modernize capacities to address all types of environmental crimes, including transnational/transboundary violations, taking cognizance of the worsening global environmental situation;

(d) Promote shared duties and responsibilities, and capacitate other law enforcement agencies and local government units on environmental law enforcement; and

1 2 3	(e)	Ensure fair, swift, and certain enforcement of environmental laws.
5 5 6		Definition of Terms As used in this Act, the following terms and mean as follows:
7 8 9 10 11 12 13	(a)	Abatement - refers to a legal document issued by the Bureau, its officers and enforcers, ordering the suspension or cessation, in whole or in part, or removal of a problem or nuisances, which is against environment and natural resources laws committed in prohibited areas, and/or other public areas, where such act is prohibited.
14 15 16	(b)	Bureau - refers to the Environmental Protection and Enforcement Bureau.
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	(c)	Cease and Desist Order (CDO) - refers to an order duly issued by the Secretary or the Bureau directing or enjoining any person, business or organization, or government agency, to stop or continue doing an act considered harmful or illegal and/or in order to protect, preserve or rehabilitate the environment. A CDO may be permanent, for specified period of time, or until a final administrative or judicial determination of its legality occurs.
25 26 27	(d)	Confiscation - refers to the act of taking in favor of the government, real or personal property, from a person without payment or compensation in an administrative proceeding.
28 29 30 31	(e)	Custody - refers to temporary holding or safekeeping of any evidence obtained or seized in an enforcement operation conducted by, or with the participation of the Bureau, while a case is pending before any administrative body or the courts.
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45	(f)	Department - refers to the Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR).
	(g)	<i>Emergency</i> - as used in this Act emergency occurs when there is a demonstrated impending threat to human life, biodiversity, or irreparable damage to the integrity and stability of the ecosystem.
	(h)	Enforcement areas - refers to any geographic area in the Philippines where priority enforcement response is needed.
	(i)	Forensic - refers to the application scientific methods of analyzing evidence and samples for purposes of criminal, civil, or administrative procedure.

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- (j) Impoundment the taking into custody of private property, such as a vehicle, facility or implements, by government action with custody documentation pending the outcome of a criminal prosecution under this Act.
- (k) Prohibited area refers to areas explicitly prohibited or deemed by law to be free from human habitation or interference such as, but not limited to, water easements, areas identified as geo-hazard zones, or in any other prohibited zones within protected areas including strict protection zones, multiple use zones, and buffer zones, or areas designated under disaster risk reduction and management plan of LGUs as hazard prone areas.
- (I) Regulated community refers to all persons, businesses or organizations, or government agencies or instrumentalities of the government whose use, utilization, exploitation, development, management, conservation and protection of environment and natural resources are governed under the administrative authority of the Department.
- (m) Secretary refers to the Secretary of the Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR).
- (n) Seizure as used in this Act, seizure refers to the taking by enforcement officers of potential evidence from a person who is suspected of violating environmental laws, rules and regulation. Seizure of evidence may be done by virtue of a search warrant, or on the occasion of a warrantless arrest or warrantless search.
- (o) Strategic Lawsuit Against Public Participation (SLAPP) as used in this Act the defense of SLAPP shall be available to Bureau enforcers and those they have deputized, complainants, and witnesses. This remedy is available even during preliminary investigation and relevant administrative cases. The Bureau shall provide sufficient assistance for those enforcers, deputies, complainants, and witnesses charged with SLAPP suits.
- (p) Transnational or transboundary violations refers to a continuing offense in contravention of both environmental laws and international treaties and conventions on environment to which the Philippines is a signatory. An act is deemed a continuing offense when the act may be prosecuted and tried not only in the court or administrative bodies of the place where it began, but also in the court or administrative bodies of the place where part of the offense was continued or consummated.

(q) Wildlife Trafficking - refers to transportation and/or transshipment of wildlife, wildlife by-products or derivatives, from, to, or through the Philippines

SEC. 4. *Creation*. - There is hereby created the Environmental Protection and Enforcement Bureau (EPEB) which shall be a uniformed service and a line agency under the Department.

This Act shall transfer and consolidate all enforcement functions performed by different Bureaus and attached agencies of the Department and those that may be created hereafter.

The Bureau shall exercise concurrent enforcement authority with agencies having jurisdiction under other laws.

SEC. 5. *Jurisdiction.* - The Bureau shall carry out environmental law enforcement functions in the entire Philippine archipelago including air space, territorial waters, exclusive economic zones, continental shelf, and other areas where the Philippines exercises sovereignty and sovereign rights, or jurisdiction, in accordance with Philippine and international laws. It shall be under the control and supervision of the Secretary.

SEC. 6. Powers and Functions. - The Bureau has the power and authority to:

- (a) Enforce, interdict ongoing violations, arrest, investigate, and prosecute all violations of environmental and natural resources laws, rules, and regulations, including those over which other agencies exercise jurisdiction;
- (b) Take custody of all seized and confiscated items, implements, conveyances, tools, and equipment;
- (c) Initiate the filing of appropriate cases and/or proceedings;
- (d) File the appropriate cases in court in consultation with the National Prosecution Service when necessary, and in coordination with the Office of the Ombudsman in cases involving government officials and employees;
- (e) Execute decisions and dispose of confiscated items in administrative cases pertaining to environment and natural resources violations, and in court cases as may be directed by the court;
- (f) Call on the Department of Justice (DOJ), Philippine National Police (PNP), Armed Forces of the Philippines (AFP), the National Bureau of Investigation (NBI), other government law enforcement agencies, including government-owned and/or-controlled corporations, to aid in the enforcement of laws against environmental crimes;

- (g) Conduct intelligence operations and forensics investigation in furtherance of the foregoing powers and functions;
- (h) Issue subpoena for the appearance of any person for investigation or production of any documents, through its officers from the ranks of Director-General, Deputy Director, Directors for Enforcement, Investigation and/or Legal Services, and Regional Director, and cite in contempt any person who violates or disobeys orders and processes duly issued by the Bureau;
- (i) Accept in the name of the Philippine Government, funds or financial assistance for immediate disbursements or other property in the interest of, or as may be necessary to carry out its functions, and which shall be properly allocated and utilized directly and exclusively for environmental protection and enforcement;
- (j) Establish and maintain coordination mechanisms with other law enforcement agencies locally and internationally;
- (k) Develop enforcement systems and strategies based on best practices and using the most advanced and reliable technologies;
- (I) Impose administrative fines/citations for in-flagrante violations of environment and natural resources laws, rules and regulations pursuant to schedule of fines to be issued by the Office of the Secretary;
- (m) Maintain database of all relevant information such as, but not limited to, environmental cases, environment-related incidents, permittees, licensees, park and forest occupants, tenured migrants, and scientific research data and information;
- Issue and implement Cease and Desist Order, Closure Order, Notice of Violation, and Abatement Order in the exercise of its administrative powers pursuant to pertinent rules and regulations issued by the Department;
- (o) Formulate and implement policies, guidelines, and programs necessary to effectively carry out its mandate; and
- (p) Perform other related functions as the Secretary of the Department may assign.

Nothing herein shall prevent other law enforcement agencies from exercising jurisdiction over violations of environmental laws, rules and regulations. Provided that, once the Bureau takes cognizance of the aforementioned violations, the Bureau

shall take the lead and other law enforcement agencies shall collaborate and render assistance.

SEC. 7. Organizational Structure. - The Bureau shall be organized into the Office of the Director-General, Deputy Director-Generals for Operations and for Administration, Division Chiefs for Enforcement, Investigation and Legal, Finance and Logistics, Administrative and Human Resource, Planning and Knowledge Information Service, and Forensic Laboratory. Each service shall be composed of the necessary divisions and sections. The Bureau shall establish regional offices composed of district offices to cover designated enforcement areas. Field units may be established as needed to work with the PENR and/or CENR offices, or clusters thereof.

The Bureau's personnel and their respective positions and rank shall have appropriate staffing complement, as follows:

Job Title	Career Level	Salary Grade
Director General	Director VI	SG 30
Deputy Director General for Operations	Director V	SG 29
Deputy Director General for Administration	Director V	SG 29
Regional Director	Director III	SG 27
Chief for Enforcement Division	Director I	SG 25
Chief for Investigation and Legal Division	Director I	SG 25
Chief for Finance and Logistics Division	Director I	SG 25
Chief for Administrative and Human Resource Division	Director I	SG 25
Chief for Planning and Knowledge Information Division	Director I	SG 25
Director for Forensic Laboratory	Director I	SG 25
Regional Legal Division Chief	Attorney V	SG 25
Supervising Environmental Prosecutor	Attorney IV	SG 23
Environmental Prosecutor	Attorney III	SG 21
Regional Enforcement Division Chief	Division Chief	SG 24
Regional Management Division Chief	Division Chief	SG 24
Supervising Enforcement Officer	Senior Officer V	SG 22
Enforcement Officer IV	Officer IV	SG 19
Enforcement Officer III	Officer III	SG 16
Enforcement Officer II	Officer II	SG 13
Enforcement Officer I	Officer I	SG 11
Ranger Technician	Ranger III	SG 9
Ranger	Ranger II	SG 7
Ranger	Ranger I	SG 5

SEC. 8. Forensic Laboratory. - The Bureau shall establish and maintain an upto-date forensic laboratory to be headed by a Director and supported by as many sections as may be deemed necessary, which may include chemical and toxicology, genetics, criminalistics, veterinary, morphology, and digital. The Forensic Laboratory may be composed of the following staffing complement:

Job Title	Career Level	Salary Grade
Director for Forensic Laboratory	Director I	SG 25
Section Chief on Chemistry and Toxicology	Section Chief	SG 22
Section Chief on Genetics and Forensic Biology	Section Chief	SG 22
Section Chief on Criminalistics	Section Chief	SG 22
Section Chief on Veterinary	Section Chief	SG 22
Section Chief on Taxonomy and Morphology	Section Chief	SG 22
Section Chief on Geology	Section Chief	SG 22
Senior Computer Programmer and Information Technology Officer	ENRE Officer IV	SG 19
Analyst III	ENRE Officer III	SG 16
Analyst II	ENRE Officer II	SG 13
Analyst I	ENRE Officer I	SG 11

SEC. 9. Environment and Natural Resources Law Enforcement Academy. - The DENR shall establish an Environmental and Natural Resources Law Enforcement Academy which shall be responsible for the recruitment, development and conduct of basic and advanced-level environmental law enforcement training course, and continuing skills enhancement of all Bureau enforcers and personnel. The Academy shall provide other Philippine law enforcement agencies and institutions high-quality standardized trainings on environmental law enforcement, including local governments.

SEC. 10. *Powers and Functions of the Director General.* - The Director General shall have access to all official records of the Government and the regulated communities of the Department in the furtherance of his/her duties and responsibilities, and shall perform the following powers and functions:

(a) Direct, control and administer the operations of the Bureau, and deploy any of its officials and operatives for missions;

(b) Formulate policies, guidelines, programs and projects to implement this law and recommend policies that would enable the Bureau to take additional necessary measures in exercising its powers;

1 (b) To seize and initiate confiscation proceedings for prohibited 2 items including objects, implements, and conveyances used in 3 the violation of environmental law, as provided for by 4 applicable laws, rules and regulations, and to inventory said 5 items; 6 7 (c) To take and require sworn affidavits of person or persons summoned in connection with cases under investigation and to 8 9 administer oaths in cases under investigation, subject to limitations imposed by the Constitution and laws, rules and 10 regulations; 11 12 (d) To carry suitable and adequate agency-issued firearms for 13 14 enforcement operations and personal security; 15 16 (e) To have access to all official records of the Government and the regulated community, where such records relate to their 17 official functions under this law; and 18 19 20 (f) To perform such other functions as may be assigned by the Bureau. 21 22 23 SEC. 12. Benefits and Privileges. - The Bureau shall provide its personnel with the following benefits: 24 25 26 (a) Health care services or insurance for all its regular personnel; 27 (b) Accident insurance for all its employees and deputized officers; 28 29 30 (c) Hazard pay, subject to existing laws, rules and regulations; and 31 32 (d) Access to a legal assistance and support fund. 33 SEC. 13. Inter-agency Environmental Enforcement Coordination. - The 34 Bureau shall establish and maintain close coordination, cooperation and 35 linkages with national and international coordinative bodies, multi-lateral 36 37 agencies, and organizations that address environmental crimes. 38 SEC. 14. Stakeholder's Engagement/Peoples' Participation. - Active and 39 40 direct participation of national government agencies (NGAs), local government units (LGUs), academe, media, people's organization (POs), non-governmental 41 organizations (NGOs), including the citizenry, shall be encouraged. The Bureau 42 43 shall take measures to ensure responsiveness and feedback mechanisms for 44 maximum participation, engagement, and transparency.

SEC. 15. Strategic Lawsuit Against Public Participation (SLAPP) in the Enforcement of this Act. - The defense of SLAPP as defined by existing laws shall be available to Bureau enforcers and those they have deputized, complainants, and witnesses. This remedy is available even during preliminary investigation and relevant administrative cases. The Bureau shall provide sufficient assistance for those enforcers, deputies, complainants, and witnesses charged with SLAPP suits.

The Rules of Procedure for Environmental Cases shall govern the procedure in civil, criminal, and special civil actions involving the enforcement or violations of this Act, including actions treated as a SLAPP as provided in this section.

SEC. 16. Prohibition on the Issuance of Temporary Restraining Orders, Preliminary Injunctions, and Preliminary Mandatory Injunctions. - No court, other than the Supreme Court, shall issue injunction or restraining order against the Department and Bureau in the lawful enforcement of environmental and natural resources laws.

SEC. 17. Assaults against Environment and Natural Resources Enforcement Officers and Deputies. - Any person, and persons whether natural or juridical, who, shall attack, employ force or seriously intimidates any environment and natural resources enforcement officer or his deputies, while engaged in the performance of official duties, or on the occasion of the performance of such duties shall be charged with direct assault under the Revised Penal Code.

The penalties of indirect assault as defined under the Revised Penal Code shall be imposed upon any person coming to the aid of the environment and natural resources enforcement officer or his deputy in the enforcement of his duties.

 SEC. 18. Administrative Adjudication. - The Secretary is authorized to organize and standardize administrative adjudication mechanisms to impose fines and other penalties provided for under existing laws, rules, and regulations and cause the issuance of procedural rules and regulations as may be appropriate.

SEC. 19. Power to Issue Cease and Desist Orders and to Summarily Abate Without the Necessity of Judicial Order. - The Bureau may, subject to the requirements of administrative due process, issue cease and desist order/s, and to summarily eject any person and/or issue abatement order, removal, dismantling, or demolition of any illegal structures from a prohibited area, without the necessity of judicial order.

Provided, that in cases of emergency, the Bureau may order the immediate exit or departure of the offender from the prohibited area. The Bureau may call on other enforcement agencies to assist in executing the order to vacate.

SEC. 20. Authority of the Director-General of the Bureau or the Duly Authorized Representative to Issue Notice of Violation and Seizure Order. - In all cases of violations of environmental laws, rules and regulations, the Director-General or his duly authorized representative, may, in appropriate cases, issue notices of violation and order the seizure of any property subject of the offense, including conveyances, implements, tools and equipment used in the commission of the offense.

SEC. 21. Funding Source and Appropriation. - The funds required for the implementation of this Act shall be taken from the General Appropriations Act (GAA) and may be augmented from the following:

(a) Integrated Protected Area Fund (IPAF);

(b) Environmental and user fees;

(c) EPIRA;

(d) Road users' tax; and

(e) Administrative fines and penalties.

Provided, that, all funds collected shall be pooled together as a single account that will cover all operational expenses.

SEC. 22. Transitory Provisions. - All unexpended appropriations, real and personal properties, documents, records and other papers related to enforcement which are kept and/or managed by enforcement divisions, sections and units of the Department and attached agencies shall be transferred to the Bureau.

 All incumbent officials and personnel currently assigned and/or designated at the regional enforcement divisions, PENR enforcement sections, or CENR enforcement units who have undergone the mandatory training on enforcement as provided under this Act may continue to serve as an officer or enforcer of the Bureau, or choose to be reassigned in non-enforcement offices or Bureaus of the Department.

All incumbent enforcement officials, enforcers and personnel of the Department, Bureaus, and attached agencies who have undergone the mandatory training on enforcement as provided under this Act may serve as officer or enforcer of the Bureau, or choose to be reassigned in non-enforcement functions or offices of the said agencies.

All incumbent enforcement officials, enforcers and personnel of the Palawan Council for Sustainable Development (PCSD) and BARMM shall be trained under the Bureau as part of the one-system approach.

SEC. 23. *Implementing Rules and Regulations.* - The Department, in consultation with concerned government agencies and stakeholders, shall promulgate the implementing rules and regulations of this Act, within six (6) months from the effectivity of this Act.

SEC. 24. Separability Clause. - If any portion of this Act is declared unconstitutional or invalid, the portions or provisions which are not affected shall continue to be in full force and effect.

SEC. 25. *Repealing Clause.* - All laws, decrees, executive orders and rules and regulations or parts thereof which are inconsistent with this Act are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.

SEC. 26. *Effectivity Clause.* - Notwithstanding the non-issuance of the implementing rules and regulations, this Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in the Official Gazette or in at least two (2) national newspapers of general circulation.

Approved,