NINETEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES *First Regular Session*



22 JUL -7 P3:17

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SENATE

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S.B. No. 144

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR RISA HONTIVEROS

AN ACT

PROVIDING FREE HEMODIALYSIS, PERITONEAL DIALYSIS, AND OTHER DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH APPROVED DIALYSIS PROCEDURES TO ALL SENIOR CITIZENS

EXPLANATORY NOTE

Chronic Kidney Disease (CKD) is an important contributor to global mortality and morbidity¹. In 2017, CKD resulted in 1.2 million deaths worldwide². With the natural aging of the kidneys, CKD becomes more common with Increasing age. Conditions prevalent in senior citizens, such as heart diseases, high blood pressure, and diabetes, also damage the kidneys³.

CKD is largely preventable and treatable through dialysis procedures such as hemodialysis and peritoneal dialysis⁴. However, the cost of medical treatment for kidney diseases in the country remains highly expensive. The Philippine Health Insurance Corporation (Philhealth) only subsidizes 90 out of the 144 dialysis sessions needed in a year of treatment⁵. The COVID-19 pandemic magnified the physical and financial vulnerabilities of our senior citizens. Not only are they at a high risk of contracting the virus due to their pre-existing medical conditions, but also many senior citizens only rely on their social pension- a measly amount of P 500 they receive monthly. Finding other means of income or employment would be difficult after the age of 60⁶. With a case rate of P 2,500 per session of dialysis, we cannot expect that our senior citizens needing this life saving treatment will be capable of paying the remaining 54 sessions amounting to P

¹Bikbov, Boris et al. Global, regional, and national burden ofclironic kidney disease, 1990-2017: a systematic analysis for the Global Burden ofDisease Study 2017. The Lancet, Volume 35, Issue 10225,709-733.

²Ibid.

³https://www.worldkidneyday.org/facts/chronic-kidney-disease/

⁴2018 United States Renal Data System Data Report Volume 2.

⁵Philhealth Circular 22-2015

⁶Horn, David, Charles Knox-Vydraanov, and Aura Sevilla. The Feasibility of a Universal Social Pension in the Philippines". Quezon City: Coalition of Services for the Elderly, and HelpAge International, 2017

135,000.

Consistent with Article XIII, Section 11 of the 1987 Constitution which seeks to endeavor to make essential goods and services available and affordable, especially for among others, the elderly, this bill seeks to provide free hemodialysis, peritoneal dialysis, and other Department of Health (DOH) approved dialysis procedures to senior citizens. To honor the efforts and contribution to society of our lolos and lolas, we must aid and safeguard them in their vulnerable state.

In view of the foregoing, the passage of this bill Is earnestly sought.

atortines sarapeel **A HONTIVEROS** Senator

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Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. *Short Title.* – This Act shall be known as the "Free Dialysis for Senior
 Citizens Act of 2022."

Sec. 2. Free Dialysis for All Senior Citizens. - The cost of all the needed 3 hemodialysis, peritoneal dialysis, and other Department of Health ('DOH") approved 4 dialysis procedure shall be fully reimbursed by the Philippines Health Insurance 5 Corporation (PHIC), provided such treatment is availed of at PHIC accredited hospitals or 6 free-standing dialysis centers. Provided further, that only those procedures that use the 7 dialysis solutions included in the latest edition of the Philippine National Drug Formulary 8 ("PNDF") shall be reimbursed by the Philhealth. Provided finally, that only laboratory 9 procedures and supplies considered necessary shall be covered by the Philhealth. 10 Philhealth shall, as soon as possible, reimburse all official receipts for drugs, supplies, and 11 laboratory procedures dated thirty (30) days prior to the date of the claimed session. 12

Sec. 3. *Appropriations.* – The amount needed for the implementation of this Act shall be charged against the appropriations of the DOH and the PHIC in the current and subsequent General Appropriations Act and their own respective funds. Thereafter, the amount needed for the continued implementation of this Act shall be included In the budget of the concerned departments In the annual General Appropriations.

Sec. 4. *Implementing Rules and Regulations.* – Within thirty (30) days from the approval of this Act, the DOH, the PHIC, and the National Commission on Senior Citizens (NCSC), in coordination with other implementing agencies, shall formulate rules and guidelines as may be necessary for the proper implementation and enforcement of this Act.

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Sec. 5. Separability Clause. – If any provision of this Act or the application thereof

to any person or circumstance is declared invalid or unconstitutional, the other provisions
or sections of this Act and the application of such provision or section to other persons
or circumstances, not affected thereby shall continue to be in full force and effect.

Sec. 6. *Repealing Clause.* – All laws, presidential decrees or issuances, executive orders, letters of instruction, administrative orders, rules or regulations contrary to or inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed, modified or amended accordingly.

Sec. 7. *Effectivity.* – This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication
in the Official Gazette or in a newspaper of general circulation.

Approved,