

NINETEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES First Regular Session

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SENATE

s. No. 202

RECEIVED BY

Introduced by SENATOR RONALD "BATO" DELA ROSA

## **AN ACT**

STRENGTHENING THE DRUG ABUSE PREVENTION, TREATMENT, AND REHABILITATION, AMENDING FOR THE PURPOSE REPUBLIC ACT NO. 9165, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS "THE COMPREHENSIVE DANGEROUS DRUGS ACT OF 2002" AS AMENDED, AND APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR

## **EXPLANATORY NOTE**

The problems brought about by the rampant use and proliferation of illegal drugs is usually tasked to law enforcers who are mandated to maintain public order. However, drug abuse is also a health and social concern. It affects not only the individual who uses or distribute said illegal drugs, but as well as, their family, community and the entire country.

Republic Act No. 9165, otherwise known as the Comprehensive Dangerous Drugs Act of 2002 recognizes the role of the health sector and as such, has specified the duties and responsibilities of the Department of Health (DOH) including the establishment of residential treatment and rehabilitation centers. Furthermore, the Philippine Anti-Illegal Drug Strategy (PADS) stated that drug demand reduction through drug rehabilitation, extensive preventive education and awareness programs is one of the two strategies to provide a balanced approach on the drug problem in the country.

Currently, the role of DOH in the drug abuse prevention, treatment and rehabilitation is being implemented through several offices such as the Dangerous Drugs Abuse Prevention and Treatment Program (DDAPTP), Health Facilities and

Services Regulatory Bureau (HFSRB), and the Field Implementation and Coordination Team (FICT). The establishment of a Bureau which will serve as the focal office of DOH on drug abuse prevention, treatment and rehabilitation, as proposed in this bill, will streamline efficient program management and health service delivery.

The proposed measure seeks to strengthen the country's public health approach in the prevention, treatment and rehabilitation of drug abuse by amending specific provisions of Republic Act No. 9165 and institutionalizing a Bureau which will perform specific duties and responsibilities of DOH relating to policy, program and standards development and the monitoring and evaluation of service provision.

In view of the foregoing, the passage of this bill is earnestly sought.

RONALD BATO" DELA ROSA

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Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

Section 1. *Declaration of Policy*. – It is hereby declared a policy of the State to protect and promote the right to health of the Filipino people and to instill health consciousness among them on the harmful effects of dangerous drugs through the adoption of a more integrated and comprehensive approach in the drug abuse prevention, treatment, and rehabilitation. For this purpose, the State shall strengthen the drug abuse prevention, treatment, and rehabilitation.

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Sec. 2. Section 15 of Republic Act No. 9165, otherwise known as "The Comprehensive Dangerous Drugs Act of 2002", is hereby amended, to read as follows:

"SEC 15. Use of Dangerous Drugs. A person apprehended or arrested, who is found to be positive for use of any dangerous drug, after a confirmatory test [shall be imposed a penalty of a minimum of six (6) months rehabilitation in a government center for the first offense, subject to the provisions of Article VIII of this Act] AND A SCREENING AND DRUG DEPENDENCY EXAMINATION SHALL BE REFERRED TO AN REHABILITATION **APPROPRIATE DRUG** TREATMENT AND **DOH-ACCREDITED** RECOMMENDED BY Α PROGRAM AS

PHYSICIAN. If apprehended using any dangerous drug for the second time AND SUBSEQUENTLY, [shall suffer the penalty of imprisonment ranging from six (6) years and one (1) day to twelve (12) years and a fine ranging from Fifty thousand pesos (P50,000.00) to Two hundred thousand pesos (P200,000.00)] THE PERSON SHALL BE CONSIDERED AS A CASE OF RELAPSE AND SHALL BE REFERRED AGAIN TO A DOH-ACCREDITED PHYSICIAN FOR RECOMMITMENT TO A DRUG TREATMENT AND REHABILITATION FACILITY: Provided, that this section shall not be applicable where the person is also found to have in his/her possession such quantity of any dangerous drug provided for under Section 11 of this Act, in which case the provisions stated therein shall apply."

Sec. 3. Section 45 of Republic Act No. 9165 is hereby amended, to read as follows:

"SEC 45. Publication and Distribution of Materials on Dangerous Drugs.- — With the assistance of the Board, the Secretary of the Department of Education (DepEd), THE SECRETARY OF THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH (DOH), the Chairman of the Commission on Higher Education (CHED) and the Director-General of the Technical Education and Skills Development Authority (TESDA) shall cause the development, publication and distribution of information and support educational materials on dangerous drugs to the students, the faculty, the parents, and the community."

Sec. 4. Section 47 of Republic Act No. 9165 is hereby amended, to read as follows:

"SEC. 47. *Drug-Free Workplace.* – It is deemed a policy of the State to promote drug-free workplaces using a tripartite approach. With the assistance of the Board, the Department of Labor and Employment (DOLE) shall develop, promote and implement a national drug abuse prevention program in the workplace to be adopted by private companies with ten

(10) or more employees. Such program shall include the mandatory drafting and adoption of company policies against drug use in the workplace in close consultation and coordination with the DOLE, labor and employer organizations, human resource development managers and other such private sector organizations.

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SUCH PROGRAMS SHALL ENSURE THAT EMPLOYEES FOUND TO BE POSITIVE FOR DRUG USE WILL BE REFERRED TO A TRAINED HEALTH SERVICE PROVIDER FOR FURTHER SCREENING AND INTERVENTION.

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Sec. 5. Section 54 of Republic Act No. 9165 is hereby amended, to read as follows:

Voluntary Submission of a Drug Dependent to "SEC. 54. [Confinement,] Treatment and Rehabilitation. - A drug dependent or any person who violates Section 15 of this Act may, by himself/herself or through his/her parent, spouse, guardian or relative within the fourth degree of consanguinity or affinity, [apply to the Board or its duly recognized representative, for treatment and rehabilitation of the drug dependency. Upon such application, the Board shall bring forth the matter to the Court which shall order that the applicant be examined for drug dependency. If the examination by a DOH-accredited physician results in the issuance of a certification that the applicant is a drug dependent, he/she shall be ordered by the Court to undergo treatment and rehabilitation in a Center designated by the Board for a period of not less than six (6) months: Provided, That a drug dependent may be placed under the care of a DOH accredited physician where there is no Center near or accessible to the residence of the drug dependent or where said drug dependent is below eighteen (18) years of age and is a first time offender and non-confinement in a Center will not pose a serious danger to his/her family or the community.] SEEK TREATMENT AND REHABILITATION FROM A HEALTH FACILITY, BE SCREENED BY A TRAINED HEALTH SERVICE PROVIDER AND ASSESSED THEREAFTER BY A DOH-ACCREDITED PHYSICIAN. IF THE EXAMINATION BY A DOH-ACCREDITED PHYSICIAN RESULTS IN THE DIAGNOSIS OF DRUG DEPENDENCY, THE DRUG DEPENDENT SHALL BE REFERRED TO AN APPROPRIATE DRUG TREATMENT AND REHABILITATION FACILITY WITH THE DURATION DEPENDING ON THE SEVERITY OF THE DRUG DEPENDENCE AS DETERMINED BY A DOH-ACCREDITED PHYSICIAN.

Confinement in a Center for treatment and rehabilitation shall [not exceed one (1) year, after which time the Court, as well as the Board, shall be apprised by the head of the treatment and rehabilitation center of the status of said drug dependent and determine whether further confinement will be for the welfare of the drug dependent and his/her family or the community.] BE BASED ON THE DIAGNOSIS AND RECOMMENDATION OF A DOH-ACCREDITED PHYSICIAN.

Sec. 6. Section 56 of Republic Act No. 9165 is hereby amended, to read as follows:

"SEC. 56. [Temporary Release from the Center;] After-Care and Follow-up Treatment Under the Voluntary Submission Program. – Upon certification of [the Center] a **DOH-ACCREDITED PHYSICIAN** that the drug dependent within the voluntary submission program HAS AND **PRESCRIBED** TREATMENT COMPLETED THE **REHABILITATION PROGRAM** may be [temporarily] be released, the Court shall order his/her release on the condition that said drug dependent shall report to DOH for after-care and follow-up treatment, including urine testing [for a period not exceeding eighteen (18) months under such terms and conditions that the Court may impose] with a duration based on RECOMMENDATIONS OF A DOH-ACCREDITED PHYSICIAN BUT SHALL NOT EXCEED EIGHTEEN (18) MONTHS.

If during the period of after-care and follow-up, the drug dependent

is certified to be rehabilitated, he/she may be discharged [by the Court], subject to the provisions of Section 55 of this Act without prejudice to the outcome of any pending case filed in court.

However, should DOH find that during the initial after-care and follow-up program of eighteen (18) months, the drug dependent requires further treatment and rehabilitation, he/she shall be recommitted to [the Center for confinement.] A TREATMENT AND REHABILITATION FACILITY AS RECOMMENDED BY A DOH-ACCREDITED PHYSICIAN. Thereafter, he/she may again be certified [for temporary release] AS REHABILITATED AND ORDERED FOR another aftercare and follow-up program pursuant to this Section."

Sec. 7. Section 75 of Republic Act No. 9165 is hereby amended, to read as follows:

"SEC. 75. Treatment and Rehabilitation Centers. The existing treatment and rehabilitation centers for drug dependents [operated and maintained by the NBI and the PNP] shall be operated, maintained and managed by the DOH in coordination with other concerned agencies. For the purpose of enlarging the network of centers, the Board through the DOH shall encourage, promote or whenever feasible, assist or support in the establishment, operations and maintenance of private centers which shall be eligible to receive grants, donations or subsidy from either government or private sources. It shall also support the establishment of government-operated regional treatment and rehabilitation centers depending upon the availability of funds. The national government, through its appropriate agencies shall give priority funding for the increase of subsidy to existing government drug rehabilitation centers, and shall establish at least one (1) RESIDENTIAL drug rehabilitation center REGION, AND ONE (1) NON-RESIDENTIAL each REHABILITATION CENTER IN EACH PROVINCE depending on the availability of funds.

BASED FROM THE **EXISTING** 1 TREATMENT AND 2 REHABILITATION CENTERS, THE DOH SHALL ESTABLISH FIVE (5) APEX TREATMENT AND REHABILITATION CENTERS TO PROVIDE 3 SPECIALIZED CARE FOR DRUG DEPENDENTS. 4 5 FOR DRUG DEPENDENTS WITH CRIMINAL OFFENSES OTHER 6 THAN VIOLATION OF SECTION 2 OF THIS ACT, THE DEPARTMENT OF 7 JUSTICE (DOJ) THROUGH THE BUREAU OF CORRECTIONS (BuCor) 8 AND THE DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR AND LOCAL 9 GOVERNMENT (DILG) THROUGH THE PHILIPPINE NATIONAL 10 POLICE (PNP) AND BUREAU OF JAIL MANAGEMENT AND PENOLOGY 11 (BJMP) SHALL ESTABLISH TREATMENT AND REHABILITATION 12 CENTERS WITHIN THEIR PENITENTIARY FACILITIES. 13 14 Sec. 8. Section 76 of Republic Act No. 9165 is hereby amended, to read as 15 follows: 16 "SEC. 76. The Duties and Responsibilities of the Department of Health 17 (DOH) Under this Act. – The DOH shall: 18 (1) Oversee and monitor the integration, coordination and supervision of all 19 drug rehabilitation, intervention, after-care and follow-up programs, projects 20 and activities as well as the establishment, operations, maintenance and 21 22 management of privately-owned drug treatment rehabilitation centers and 23 drug testing networks and laboratories throughout the country in coordination with the Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD) other 24 agencies; 25 (2) License, accredit, establish and maintain drug test network and laboratory, 26 initiate, conduct and support scientific research on drugs and drug control; 27

competence, integrity and stability;

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(3) Encourage, assist and accredit private centers, promulgate rules and

regulations setting minimum standards for their accreditation to assure their

1 2 3	(4) Prescribe and promulgate rules and regulations governing the establishment of such Centers as it may deem necessary after conducting a feasibility study thereof;
4	(5) The DOH shall, without prejudice to the criminal prosecution of those
5	found guilty of violating this Act, order the closure of a Center for treatment
6	and rehabilitation of drug dependency when, after investigation it is found
7	guilty of violating the provisions of this Act or regulations issued by the Board;
8	[ <del>and</del> ]
9	(6) Charge reasonable fees for drug dependency examinations, other medical
10	and legal services provided to the public, which shall accrue to the Board. All
11	income derived from these sources shall be part of the funds constituted as
12	special funds for the implementation of this Act under Section 87; and
13	(7) REGULATE THE LICENSE TO PRESCRIBE (A) DANGEROUS DRUG
14	PREPARATIONS IN ANY FORM AND/OR (B) DRUG PREPARATIONS
15	CONTAINING CONTROLLED CHEMICALS.
16	Sec. 9. Creation of the Bureau on Drug Abuse Prevention and Control. To carry
17	out the above policy, the Bureau shall be created under the DOH.
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19	(a) Objectives of the Bureau. The objectives of the Bureau are:
20	(1) To provide leadership in the implementation of the selected mandates
21	of the Department of Health as stipulated under the Republic Act 9165
22	otherwise known as the "Comprehensive Dangerous Drugs Act of 2002".
23	(2) To promote evidence-based and rights-based approach in the provision
24	of treatment and rehabilitation services.
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26	(b) Composition. The present Dangerous Drugs Abuse Prevention and Treatment
27	Program (DDAPTP) functionally created in the DOH shall be accordingly
28	modified and absorbed by the Bureau.
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The Bureau shall be headed by a Director IV, who shall be responsible for the general administration and management of the Bureau. The Director of the Bureau shall be appointed by the Office of the President, as recommended by the Secretary of Health and shall provide guidance, recommendations, and directions related to matters concerning drug abuse prevention and control, and perform such other duties that may be assigned. The Director IV must possess adequate knowledge, training and experience in the field of addiction and drug dependence.

The Bureau shall determine the composition and size of the organizational structure as it may be deemed necessary, in accordance with the Civil Service laws and regulations.

- (c) *Powers and Functions.* The Bureau shall have the following powers and functions:
  - (1) Develop standards, guidelines and systems including health promotion and advocacy programs on the prevention, treatment, rehabilitation and of dangerous drugs across identified key settings;
  - (2) Recommend and propose the establishment of additional Drug Abuse Treatment and Residential Centers (DATRCs) (residential and non-residential) based on needs, and aligned with the existing health facility development plan of the DOH;
  - (3) Provide technical, functional and advocacy assistance to end users, stakeholders and partner agencies relative to drug abuse prevention and treatment;
  - (4) Conduct health researches for the improvement of prevention and treatment services;
  - (5) Represent the DOH in the Dangerous Drugs Board, Inter-Agency Task Forces and other relevant committees; and
  - (6) Establish networks with various agencies, professional groups and organizations in implementing the mandates of the DOH.

Sec. 10. *Appropriations*. For the purpose of this Act, the amount needed for the initial implementation shall be taken from the current fiscal year's appropriation for the Operations of Drug Abuse Treatment and Rehabilitation Center – Central Office. Thereafter, the amount needed for the operations and maintenance of the BUREAU shall be included in the General Appropriations Act.

Sec. 11. *Implementing Rules and Regulations.* – The DOH, the Department of Budget and Management (DBM), and the Civil Service Commission (CSC), in consultation and in coordination with the Dangerous Drugs Board (DDB), Department of the Interior and Local Government (DILG), Civil Service Organizations, Non-Governmental Organizations, representatives from the private sector, and other stakeholders, shall promulgate a new set of implementing rules and regulations within ninety (90) days from the effectivity of this Act.

Sec. 12. *Separability Clause*. – If any provision of this Act is held invalid or unconstitutional, the same shall not affect the validity and effectivity of the other provisions hereof.

Sec. 13. *Repealing Clause.* – Sections 58, 59, and 61 of Republic Act No. 9165, otherwise known as "The Comprehensive Dangerous Drugs Act of 2002" are hereby repealed. All other laws, decrees, executive orders and rules and regulations contrary to or inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.

Sec. 14. *Effectivity Clause.* – This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in the Official Gazette or in a newspaper of general circulation.

Approved,