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REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES First Regular Session)	°22 JUL 13 P2 :00
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Introduced by SENATOR RAMON BONG REVILLA, JR.

RESOLUTION

URGING THE SENATE COMMITTEE ON WAYS AND MEANS AND THE APPROPRIATE SENATE COMMITTEES TO CONDUCT AN INQUIRY, IN AID OF LEGISLATION, INTO THE POSSIBILITY OF IMPOSING AND COLLECTING TAXES FROM MULTINATIONAL ONLINE STREAMING SERVICES AND THE DIGITAL ECONOMY IN GENERAL

WHEREAS, the novel Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic and the imposition of community quarantine measures across the country have accelerated the country's shift towards digitalization and further growth of the digital economy;

WHEREAS, the use of technology-based services such as online streaming and 5 6

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online markets is expected to soar with the continued implementation of quarantine measures and amid the New Normal characterized by physical distancing and prohibition of mass gatherings;

WHEREAS, in 2021, Google, Temasek and Bain & Company reported that the Philippine digital economy earned a "gross merchandise value of \$17 billion through digital transactions" and it further forecasts that the economy will expand to as high as \$40 billion¹;

WHEREAS, according to a recent study by Sortlist, a marketing and advertising

¹ The Growing Philippine Digital Economy. A Focus on eCommerce and Digital Payments. CPBRD Notes No. 2022-01 https://cpbrd.congress.gov.ph/images/PDF%20Attachments/ CPBRD%20Notes/CN2022-01 The Growing Philippine_Digital_Economy.pdf Accessed on July 11, 2022

company based in Brussels, Filipinos typically spend around ten hours and 56 minutes of their time using the internet, exceeding the global average online time of six hours and 42 minutes daily²;

WHEREAS, the same report states that Filipinos spend around four hours and 15 minutes on various social media platforms every day³;

WHEREAS, Filipinos spend at least 3.3 hours daily watching online content on mobile devices⁴;

WHEREAS, the Bureau of Internal Revenue (BIR) issued Revenue Memorandum Circular No. 55-2013 reminding the taxpayers' obligations in relation to online business transactions including online shopping or online retailing, online intermediary service, online advertisement/classified ads, and online auction;

whereas, some multinational companies do not need to establish physical presence in our country in order to proceed with their business as technological advancements made it possible for them to offer their services into our country through various online platforms, even without local distributors;

WHEREAS, different countries such as Norway, Australia, Japan, France, South Korea, United Kingdom, Singapore, Malaysia, among others have adopted and passed their respective versions of digital service tax laws which enable them to collect taxes from local consumption and use of digital content and services from foreign providers;

WHEREAS, there are also multilateral efforts at unifying tax rules, such as the

² Licsi, A. 2022, Feb. 2, 2022. "Filipinos spend the most time online and on social media at almost 11 hours per day-study." https://philstarlife.com/geeky/844848-sortlist-social-media-filipinos-study?page=2 Accessed on July 11, 2022

³ Ibid.

⁴ "Cheapest Netflix in the Philippines to launch on mobile for P149." https://news.abs-cbn.com/business/03/12/20/cheapest-netflix-in-the-philippines-to-launch-on-mobile-for-pl49. Accessed on July 8, 2020.

one led by the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD), to address overlaps with individual state measures and avoid double taxation, considering the borderless nature of such transactions;

WHEREAS, there is a need to embrace the digital revolution of our time, and to comprehensively review and update our existing tax laws regarding digital economy;

WHEREAS, it is imperative to implement a fair and just taxation scheme, capture transactions of multinational companies related to the digital economy into our tax base, and plug the leakages in our tax laws;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, AS IT IS HEREBY RESOLVED, to urge the Senate Committee on Ways and Means and the appropriate Senate Committees to conduct an inquiry, in aid of legislation, into the possibility of imposing and collecting taxes from multinational online streaming services and the digital economy in general.

Adopted,

RAMON BONG REVILLA JR.