NTH CONGRESS OF THE CONGRESS OF THE PHILIPPINES

First Regular Session

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22 JUL 12 P1:55

SENATE

S. No. 398

RECEIVED 6V.

INTRODUCED BY SENATOR JOSEPH VICTOR G. EJERCITO

AN ACT

STRENGTHENING THE SECURITY OF TENURE OF WORKERS IN THE PRIVATE SECTOR, AMENDING FOR THE PURPOSE ARTICLES 106, 107, 108, 109, AND 294 OF PRESIDENTIAL DECREE NO. 442 OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE LABOR CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES, AS AMENDED

FXPI ANATORY NOTE

The Filipino workers deserve better.

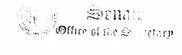
The 1987 Constitution affords protection to labor and assures the right of workers to security of tenure. The long history of workers' plight to attain this protected right paint their vulnerabilities and the inadequacy of State protection.

This proposed measure seeks to strengthen the security of tenure of workers in the private sector by absolutely prohibiting labor-only contracting and providing for stiffer penalties for violation thereof. These shall serve as deterrence for unscrupulous entities to take advantage of the vulnerable situation of the workforce.

To further protect workers' right to security of tenure, the bill clarifies that regardless of employment status of an employee, his/her employment may only be terminated for a just or authorized causes. More so, it emphasizes that the expiration of service agreement between the principal and the contractor shall not be a valid cause for termination of employment.

Finally, this measure also defines legitimate contractualization and provides for

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REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES	
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SENATE S. No. <u>3</u>98

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AN ACT

STRENGTHENING THE SECURITY OF TENURE OF WORKERS IN THE PRIVATE SECTOR, AMENDING FOR THE PURPOSE ARTICLES 106, 107, 108, 109, AND 294 OF PRESIDENTIAL DECREE NO. 442 OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE LABOR CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES, AS AMENDED

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

Section 1. Short Title. - This Act shall be known as the "Security of Tenure Act 1 of 2022". 2 Sec. 2. Article 106 of the Labor Code is hereby amended as follows: 3 [Contractor or subcontractor.] -"Art. 106. 4 **LEGITIMATE LEGITIMATE** CONTRACTOR. 5 CONTRACTOR REFERS TO ANY LICENSED PERSON 6 **LEGITIMATE** OR ENTITY **ENGAGED** IN CONTRACTING ARRANGEMENT **PROVIDING** 8 **SPECIALIZED** JOB OR SERVICES **FOR** Α 9 **UNDERTAKING UNDER A SERVICE AGREEMENT FOR** 10 **PREDETERMINED** DEFINITE OR 11 REGARDLESS SUCH WORK IS TO BE PERFORMED OR 12

13

COMPLETED WITHIN OR OUTSIDE THE PREMISES

OF THE PRINCIPAL.

THE SECRETARY OF LABOR AND EMPLOYMENT, BASED ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF THE NATIONAL TRIPARTITE INDUSTRIAL PEACE COUNCIL (NTIPC), UNDER ART. 290 (C) OF THE LABOR CODE, AS AMENDED, SHALL DETERMINE BY APPROPRIATE REGULATIONS SPECIFIC ACTIVITIES WHICH MAY BE CONTRACTED OUT.

Whenever an employer enters into a contract with another person for the performance of the former's work, the employees of the **LEGITIMATE** contractor [and of the latter's subcontractor, if any,] shall be paid in accordance with the provisions of this Code.

In the event that the **LEGITIMATE** contractor [or subcontractor] fails to pay the wages **AND OTHER WAGE-RELATED BENEFITS** of his employees in accordance with this Code, the employer shall be jointly and severally liable with his **LEGITIMATE** contractor [or subcontractor] to such employees to the extent of the work performed under the contract, in the same manner and extent that he is liable to employees directly employed by him.

[The Secretary of Labor and Employment may, by appropriate regulations, restrict or prohibit the contracting-out of labor to protect the rights of workers established under this Code. In so prohibiting or restricting, he may make—appropriate—distinctions—between—labor only contracting and job contracting as well as differentiations within these types of contracting and determine—who among the parties involved—shall—be considered—the employer for purposes of this Code, to prevent any violation

or circumvention of any provision of this Code.]

[There is "labor-only" contracting where the person supplying workers to an employer does not have substantial capital or investment in the form of tools, equipment, machineries, work premises, among others, and the workers recruited and placed by such person are performing activities which are directly related to the principal business of such employer. In such cases, the person or intermediary shall be considered merely as an agent of the employer who shall be responsible to the workers in the same manner and extent as if the latter were directly employed by him.]"

Sec. 3. A new article, Article 106-A, is hereby inserted after Article 106, to read as follows:

"ART. 106-A. CONDITIONS OF LEGITIMATE CONTRACTING. CONTRACTING ALLOWED UNDER THE PRECEDING ARTICLE SHALL BE DONE ONLY IF THE PERSON OR ENTITY ACTING AS CONTRACTOR OBTAINS A LICENSE FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND EMPLOYMENT (DOLE) AND ONLY IF IT PERFORMS A JOB, WORK, OR SERVICE IDENTIFIED BY THE SECRETARY OF LABOR AND EMPLOYMENT, BASED ON THE RECOMMENDATION OF THE NATIONAL TRIPARTITE INDUSTRIAL PEACE COUNCIL (NTIPC), UNDER ART. 290 (C) OF THE LABOR CODE, AS AMENDED.

SUCH LICENSE SHALL BE ISSUED AND MAINTAINED ONLY IF THE APPLICANT:

A. HAS A PAID-UP CAPITAL OF AT LEAST TEN MILLION PESOS (P10,000,000.00), WHICH

1	MAY BE INCREASED BY THE SECRETARY OF
2	LABOR AND EMPLOYMENT AS DEEMED
3	APPROPRIATE THROUGH TRIPARTITE
4	CONSULTATION;
5	B. ENGAGES IN AN IDENTIFIED SPECIALIZED
6	JOB, WORK, OR SERVICE WHICH ARE NOT
7	DIRECTLY RELATED TO THE MAIN BUSINESS
8	OF THE PRINCIPAL;
9	C. FURNISHES A BOND UNDER ARTICLE 108 OF
10	THIS CODE EQUAL TO TWENTY-FIVE
11	PERCENT (25%) OF THE TOTAL CONTRACT
12	COST; AND
13	D. PAYS A LICENSE FEE OF FIFTY THOUSAND
14	PESOS (P50,000.00), WHICH MAY BE
15	INCREASED BY THE SECRETARY OF LABOR
16	AND EMPLOYMENT AS DEEMED
17	APPROPRIATE THROUGH TRIPARTITE
18	CONSULTATION;
19	THE LICENSE SHALL BE VALID FOR A PERIOD OF
20	TWO (2) YEARS AND MAY BE RENEWED UPON
21	COMPLIANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS
22	PRESCRIBED AND OTHER REQUIREMENTS AS MAY
23	BE DETERMINED BY THE DOLE. PROVIDED, THAT
24	THE JOB, WORK, OR SERVICE TO BE PERFORMED
25	CONTINUES TO BE DETERMINED BY THE
26	SECRETARY OF LABOR AND EMPLOYMENT AS VALID
27	FOR CONTRACTING, BASED ON THE
28	RECOMMENDATION OF THE NATIONAL TRIPARTITE
29	INDUSTRIAL PEACE COUNCIL (NTIPC)."
30	Sec. 4. Article 107 of the Labor Code is hereby deleted and replaced as follows:

"ART, 107, ABSOLUTE PROHIBITION AGAINST 1 LABOR-ONLY CONTRACTING. THERE IS LABOR-2 ONLY CONTRACTING WHEN THE CONTRACTOR 3 MERELY RECRUITS, SUPPLIES, OR **PLACES** 4 WORKERS TO PERFORM A JOB OR WORK FOR A 5 PRINCIPAL. 6 LABOR-ONLY CONTRACTING, WHICH IS 7 TOTALLY PROHIBITED, REFERS TO AN 8 **ARRANGEMENT WHERE:** 9 1, a. THE CONTRACTOR DOES NOT HAVE 10 SUBSTANTIAL CAPITAL, OR 11 **b. THE CONTRACTOR DOES NOT HAVE** 12 INVESTEMENTS IN THE FORM OF TOOLS, 13 EOUIPMENT, MACHINERIES, 14 SUPERVISION. WORK PREMISES. 15 **AMONG OTHERS, AND** 16 c. THE CONTRACTOR'S **EMPLOYEES** 17 RECRUITED AND PLACED **ARE** 18 PERFORMING ACTIVITIES WHICH ARE 19 DIRECTLY RELATED TO THE MAIN 20 BUSINESS OPERATION OF THE 21 PRINCIPAL; OR 22 2. THE CONTRACTOR DOES NOT EXERCISE THE 23 TO CONTROL OVER THE RIGHT 24 PERFORMANCE OF THE WORK OF THE 25 EMPLOYEE. 26 THE LICENSE OF THE CONTRACTOR ENGAGED 27 LABOR-ONLY CONTRACTING SHALL 28 REVOKED. IN ADDITION, A FINE OF FIVE MILLION 29

PESOS (P5,000,000.00) SHALL BE IMPOSED.

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PROPRIETORS, PARTNERS, OFFICERS, AND/OR DIRECTORS DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE COMMISSION OF LABOR-ONLY CONTRACTING SHALL BE PROHIBITED FROM FURTHER ENGAGING IN THE BUSINESS OF CONTRACTING."

Sec. 5. Article 108 of the Labor Code is hereby amended as follows:

"Art. 108. Posting of bond. - [An employer or indirect employer may] THE PRINCIPAL SHALL require the contractor [or subcontractor] to furnish a bond [equal to the cost of labor under contract] EQUAL TO TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT (25%) OF THE TOTAL CONTRACT COST, on condition that the bond will answer for the wages AND WAGE-RELATED BENEFITS due the employees should the contractor [or subcontractor, as the case may be,] fail to pay the same."

Sec. 6. Article 109 is hereby amended as follows:

"Art. 109. Solidary liability. The provisions of existing laws to the contrary notwithstanding, every **PRINCIPAL** [employer or indirect employer] shall be held responsible with his contractor [or subcontractor] for any violation of any provision of this Code. For purposes of determining the extent of their civil liability under this Chapter, they shall be considered as direct employers."

Sec. 7. Article 294 of the Labor Code is hereby amended as follows:

"Art. 294. Security of tenure. [In cases of regular employment, the employer shall not terminate] [t]The services of an employee, **IRRESPECTIVE OF EMPLOYMENT STATUS OR POSITION, SHALL NOT BE**

by this Title. An employee who is unjustly dismissed from work shall be entitled to reinstatement without loss of seniority rights and other privileges and to his/HER full backwages, inclusive of allowances, and to his/HER other benefits or their monetary equivalent computed from the time his/HER compensation was withheld from him/HER up to the time of his actual reinstatement.

THE MERE EXPIRATION OF THE SERVICE AGREEMENT UNDER ARTICLE 106 OF THIS CODE SHALL NOT BE DEEMED AS A TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT OF THE CONTRACTOR'S EMPLOYEES WHO ARE REGULAR EMPLOYEES OF THE LATTER.

- Sec. 8. Separability Clause. If any portion or provision of this Act is declared unconstitutional, the remainder of this Act or any provisions not affected thereby shall remain in force and effect.
- Sec. 9. Repealing Clause. Any law, presidential decree or issuance, executive order, letter of instruction, rule or regulation inconsistent with the provisions of this Act is hereby repealed or modified accordingly.
- Sec. 10. *Effectivity.* This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in the Official Gazette or in a newspaper of general circulation.

Approved,