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# NINETEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES

First Regular Session

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S.B. No. 450

#### INTRODUCED BY SENATOR ROBINHOOD PADILLA

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#### AN ACT

# PROTECTING THE WELFARE OF WORKERS OR INDEPENDENT CONTRACTORS IN THE FILM, TELEVISION, AND RADIO ENTERTAINMENT INDUSTRY

#### EXPLANATORY NOTE

The State affirms labor as a primary social economic force and guarantees to protect the rights of workers and promote their welfare. (Sec. 18, Art. II, 1987 Constitution). The unusual work dynamics of the movie and entertainment industry have raised a number of issues on the coverage, work conditions, talent fees, and working hours, which are all considered a national concern.

A study by the Department of Labor and Employment's Institute for Labor Studies (2016) reveals that the industry's peculiar working conditions include, among others, long working hours in shootings or on-location; disparities in salaries and wages; experiences of pressures, and stressful situations; heavy demand on flexibility and mobility; and, overnight and overtime works.

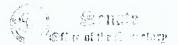
These work conditions pose risks to the safety, health, and even life of workers. Most recent of which was the unfortunate death of Mr. Eddie Garcia, a veteran and multi-awarded actor, who was met by an unfortunate accident on set due to supposed negligence on safety in the workplace. The death of other known personalities, Director Gilbert Perez in 2008 and Directors Wenn Deramas and Francis Xavier Pasion in 2016 were also attributed to poor working conditions in the industry.

The bill, called "Eddie Garcia Law" as a tribute to the veteran actor, is a response to the urgent call of the members of the television and movie industry for

the government to provide guidelines for safe and better working conditions for the protection of the workers' welfare in the industry.

In view of the foregoing, approval of this bill is highly and earnestly sought.

ROBINHOOD PADILLA



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### AN ACT

# PROTECTING THE WELFARE OF WORKERS OR INDEPENDENT CONTRACTORS IN THE FILM, TELEVISION, AND RADIO ENTERTAINMENT INDUSTRY

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

**SECTION. 1.** *Short Title.* – This Act shall be known as the "*Eddie Garcia Law*".

**SEC. 2.** *Declaration of Policy.* – The State recognizes the economic, social, and cultural contributions to nation-building of workers or independent contractors in the film, television, and radio entertainment industry. Towards this end, the State should continually review the working conditions to ensure that workers are provided opportunities for gainful employment and decent income, and are protected from abuse, harassment, hazardous working conditions, and economic exploitation.

11 **SEC. 3.** *Coverage.* – This Act applies to all workers or independent contractors 12 engaged in the film, television, and radio entertainment industry.

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SEC. 4. Definition of Terms. – As used in this Act, the term:

- a. *Employer* or *principal* refers to a person, group of persons, or an entity that engages or hires the services of a worker or independent contractor in the film, television, and radio entertainment industry.
- b. *Film, television, and radio entertainment industry* refer to any market of sound and visual components primarily produced, distributed, and exhibited for commercial purposes in film, television, and radio, including any related digital medium.
- c. Force majeure refers to an unforeseeable or unavoidable event that

interrupts a film, television, or radio entertainment production and prevents 1 workers or independent contractors from fulfilling their obligations relative 2 to the production. 3 4 d. Lock-in refers to a condition or instruction where a film, television, and radio 5 entertainment production requires the workers or the independent 6 contractors to remain within workplace for twenty-four (24) hours or more 7 on a continuous basis. 8 9 e. Out-of-town shoot refers to a set, location, or distance to be determined 10 by the Tripartite Council under Section 17 of this Act. 11 12 f. Worker or independent contractor or WIC refers to any person engaged or 13 hired by the employer or principal to render services involving the 14 production, distribution, and exhibition of film, television, and radio 15 entertainment content. 16 17 g. Workplace refers to any location under the direct or indirect control of the 18 employer or principal where the film, television, and radio entertainment 19 content is produced and where workers or independent contractors need 20 to be present or to go to by reason of their work. 21 22 SEC. 5. Protection of Workers or Independent Contractors. - The WIC 23 shall be protected by their employers or principal in the workplace; hours of work; 24 wages and salaries; social security and welfare benefits; basic necessity, health and 25 safety; working conditions and standards; and insurance, as provided in this Act. 26 27 SEC. 6. Applicability of Civil Code and Labor Code. - A worker or 28 independent contractor shall be governed by the provisions of the Civil Code on 29 contracts and other applicable laws, but not lower than the standards provided under 30 Presidential Decree No. 442 or the Labor Code of the Philippines, as amended. 31 32 SEC. 7. Agreement or Employment Contract. - The worker or independent 33 contractor and the employer or principal shall execute an agreement or an employment 34 contract in a language or dialect understood by both parties before the commencement 35 of service. 36 37 SEC. 8. Content of the Employment Contract. – The employer or principal 38 shall provide the worker or independent contractor a copy of the duly signed contract 39 which shall include the following: 40 41 a. Job position and status; 42 b. Job description; 43 c. Period of employment: 44 d. Details of compensation and other worker's or independent contractor's 45 benefits including rate, method, and schedule of payment; 46 e. Authorized deductions, if any; 47 f. Hours of work and proportionate additional payment or overtime pay; 48

g. Board, lodging, and medical attention; 1 h. Code of conduct; 2 i. Worker's or independent contractor's grievance mechanism; 3 i. Employer's or principal's policies; and 4 k. Any other lawful condition agreed upon by both parties. 5 6 Lack of verification or acknowledgement from a notary public does not affect 7 the validity or enforceability of the agreement or employment contract. 8 9 SEC. 9. Non-Discrimination Against Workers or Independent 10 Contractors. - No agreement or employment contract shall discriminate against a 11 WIC who has contracts or projects with other outfits unless exclusivity is specified in 12 the contract. 13 14 SEC. 10. Hours of Work. - The hours of work of the worker or independent 15 contractor shall be based on the terms and conditions set in the employment contract 16 and other stipulations thereto signed with the employer or principal subject to the 17 following terms and conditions which are deemed written in the agreement or 18 employment contract. 19 20 a. The normal work hours shall be eight (8) hours a day, which can be 21 extended to a maximum of twelve (12) hours, served intermittently or 22 continuously, exclusive of meal periods; permissible working hours in 23 excess of the normal work hours shall be determined by the Tripartite 24 Council, except for the following: 25 26 WIC aged sixty (60) and above who shall be allowed, under i. 27 exceptional circumstances as defined by the Tripartite Council, to 28 work beyond twelve (12) hours in any twenty-four (24)-hour period; 29 Provided, that said workers or independent contractors voluntarily 30 execute a waiver in the proper form prescribed by the Department 31 of Labor and Employment (DOLE); and 32 33 Minors whose working hours shall be in accordance with the II. 34 pertinent provisions of Republic Act No. 9231, or the "Special 35 Protection of Children Against Child Abuse, Exploitation and 36 Discrimination Act". 37 38 In no case shall the total number of work hours be more than sixty 39 (60) hours in a week, with exceptions thereto to be determined by 40 Tripartite Council. the 41 42 b. Work hours include "waiting time" where the worker or independent 43 contractor is required to stay within the premises of the workplace and shall 44 be duly compensated. A worker or independent contractor working on a 45 scheduled shooting day shall be compensated based on work hours that shall 46 commence upon the entry into the workplace and until the departure from 47 work. 48

c. The time during which the worker or independent contractor is required to work, including time spent on ocular work, pre-production, and postproduction activities are considered work hours and are compensable. If a scheduled shoot is canceled less than twenty-four (24) hours immediately preceding its approved schedule, all on-call workers or independent contractors engaged for the day who are outside the premises of the set or location shall likewise be compensated. Workers or independent contractors may not be compensated in cases of cancellation due to *force majeure;* 

- d. Work rendered beyond eight (8) hours shall be compensable with overtime pay and other benefits provided under existing laws, unless a more favorable rate or fee is stipulated in the contract. Work in excess of eight (8) hours performed on ordinary working days, the worker or the independent contractor is entitled to twenty-five percent (25%) of the hourly rate or fee, unless a more favorable rate is stipulated in the contract. Additional premium pay shall be provided on overtime pay performed beyond 10:00 p.m. and during non-working days such as rest days, special holidays, and regular holidays unless a more favorable rate or fee is stipulated in the contract.
- e. A night shift premium of not less than ten percent (10%) of WIC wage for each hour of work performed between 10:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m., unless a more favorable rate or fee is stipulated in the contract.
- f. Travel time to and from out-of-town projects in reference to the residence of WIC shall be at the expense of the employer or principal. Travel time to and from out-of-town or base projects shall be considered compensable working time; *Provided*, that the WIC cannot gainfully utilize the travel time for one's own personal purpose, need or benefit.
  - g. The WIC shall be entitled to travel surcharges or transport services to be provided by the employer or principal, whichever is applicable;
  - h. The employer or principal shall provide a rest period of not less than twelve (12) hours between the end of work on one day and the beginning of work on the next day excluding travel time except for locked-in shoots where the rest period shall be determined by the Tripartite Council; and
- i. The employer or principal shall give notice to the worker or independent contractor of any engagement related to the contracted service not less than forty-eight (48) hours ahead of the schedule.
- SEC. 11. *Transportation Expenses.* Transportation expenses to and from
   out-of-town projects in reference to the residence of WIC shall be at the expense of
   the employer or principal.
- **SEC. 12.** *Wages.* The minimum wage of a worker or independent contractor 47 shall not be less than the applicable minimum wage in the region. Wages shall be paid

on time, as agreed upon in the contract, directly to the worker or independent contractor. The employer or principal shall not make any deductions from the wages unless otherwise required or allowed by law. The employer or principal shall at all times provide the worker or independent contractor with a copy of the pay slip containing the amount paid, and indicating all deductions made, if any.

SEC. 13. Social Security and Welfare Benefits. – The employee shall be
 covered by the Social Security System (SSS), the Home Development Mutual Fund or
 the Pag-IBIG Fund, and the Philippine Health Insurance Corporation (PhilHealth) upon
 employment.

The payment of SSS, Pag-IBIG Fund, and PhilHealth monthly contributions shall
 be jointly shared by the employee and the employer, when applicable, in accordance
 with existing rules and regulations.

The employee shall also be entitled to retirement benefits as provided under Republic Act No. 11199, otherwise known as the "Social Security Act of 2018", and other existing laws.

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Coverage with the insurance, retirement, and other benefits provided by the SSS, Pag-IBIG Fund, and PhilHealth shall not preclude employers or principals from providing social welfare benefits to the worker or independent contractor as may be agreed upon in the Tripartite Council.

SEC. 14. *Basic Necessities.* – The employer or principal shall provide for the
 basic necessities of the WIC as follows:

- a. Adequate and nutritious meals, in due consideration to the WIC's health and religion, shall be provided every six (6) hours from the start of work;
- b. Sufficient supply of safe drinking water shall be kept readily accessible;
- c. Clean, enclosed, person-with-disability (PWD)-friendly and genderconsiderate toilets with sanitary facilities shall be accessed easily, whether on location or not. The number of comfort facilities for a given number of workers or independent contractors shall be in conformity with the requirements of the Department of Health;
- d. Private dressing rooms, whether on location or not, shall have adequate
   provisions for the proper safekeeping of the WIC's valuables. There shall
   be separate dressing rooms for workers or independent contractors, child
   workers, and for each gender;
- 44 e. Safe, clean, comfortable, and properly ventilated holding areas with 45 emergency exits;
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   A. Free accommodation that is safe and adequate shall be provided if services
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   48 are required to be rendered in an out-of-town location; and

g. Dedicated vehicles for emergency purposes shall be readily available in the production.

SEC. 15. Standard of Treatment. - The employer or principal shall not 4 subject or allow the worker or independent contractor to be subjected to any kind of 5 abuse, physical violence or harassment, or any act that degrades the dignity of the 6 worker or independent contractor. The employer or principal shall set in place policies, 7 rules, and regulations to prevent sexual harassment in the workplace in conformity 8 with the provisions of Republic Act No. 7877 or the "Anti-Sexual Harassment Act of 9 1995", Republic Act No. 11313 or the "Safe Spaces Act, and Republic Act No. 11036 10 or the "Mental Health Act". Such policies, rules, and regulations shall include 11 procedures for the resolution of any conflict involving sexual harassment. 12

13 SEC. 16. *Health and Safety*. – The employer or principal shall strictly comply 14 with the occupational safety and health standards provided in Republic Act No. 11058, 15 entitled, "An Act Strengthening Compliance with Occupational Safety and Health 16 Standards and Providing Penalties for Violations Thereof, and Section 25 of Republic 17 Act No. 11036, entitled, "An Act Establishing a National Mental Health Policy for the 18 Purpose of Enhancing the Delivery of Integrated Mental Health Services, Promoting 19 and Protecting the Rights of Persons Utilizing Psychiatric, Neurologic and Psychosocial 20 Health Services, Appropriating Funds Therefor, and for Other Purposes." 21

In addition, the occupational safety and health (OSH) officer of the employer or principal shall conduct a risk assessment of the workplace or location of production to identify and eliminate or control any potential hazard to the film, television, and radio entertainment workers or independent contractors and shall use the appropriate safety manual for the industry.

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The DOLE shall initiate and oversee, in coordination with film, television, and radio entertainment workers' or independent contractors' organizations and groups, employers or principals, agencies, and field experts, the formulation, production, and distribution of the said manual.

Notwithstanding, the provisions of the contract between the employer or
 principal and a contractor or subcontractor, if any, the provisions of relevant
 occupational safety and health legislation and regulations shall apply.

- The employer or principal shall regularly submit the required occupational safety and health reports, including timely notification of production location and schedule to the DOLE regional office with jurisdiction over the area where the workplace is located.
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43 **SEC. 17**. *Employment of Minors.* – The employer or principal shall strictly 44 adhere to the provisions of Republic Act No. 7610 or the "*Special Protection of Children* 45 Against Child Abuse, Exploitation and Discrimination Act", and Republic Act No. 9231 46 or the "*Elimination of the Worst Forms of Child Labor and Affording Stronger* 47 Protection for the Working Child Act'. **SEC. 18.** *Insurance.* – All workers or independent contractors shall be adequately insured by the employer or principal for work-related accidents or death in every film, television, and radio entertainment production.

SEC. 19. *Right to Self-organization and Collective Bargaining.* –
Workers or independent contractors in the film, television, and radio entertainment
industry shall have the right to form, join, or assist in the formation of a labor
organization of their own choosing for purposes of collective bargaining, for mutual
aid benefit, and to engage in concerted activities which are not contrary to law.

SEC. 20. Prohibition on Cabo System. – Any person, group of persons, or
 labor group acting as a labor contractor or engaging in the "Cabo" system, or
 otherwise engaging in any activity prohibited by law, shall constitute grounds for
 cancellation of union organization's registration.

SEC. 21. Settlement of Disputes. – All labor-related disputes shall be
 elevated to the DOLE regional office with jurisdiction over the workplace.

18 SEC. 22. Film, Television, and Radio Entertainment Industry Tripartite 19 Council. - There shall be created Film, Television, and Radio Entertainment Industry 20 Tripartite Council to be established by the DOLE that shall serve as a link among 21 various stakeholders such as employers or principals, workers or independent 22 contractors, cinematographers, artists, directors, assistant directors, composers and 23 production designers, animators, talent managers, videographers, 24 writers, photographers, digital radio technology experts, television and radio entertainment, 25 radio drama casts, digital creators, make-up artists, professional speakers, stunt 26 27 persons, cameramen, background performers, and non-government organizations concerned with labor issues. It shall also provide the film, television, and radio 28 entertainment industry with a platform for the employers or principals and workers or 29 independent contractors to represent their respective groups in the crafting of policy 30 decisions that will affect them and the industry as a whole, and serve as an avenue 31 to express their aspirations, present their programs or bridge gaps in cases of conflict 32 among them, subject to the accreditation of the DOLE. 33

SEC. 23. Rights to Remuneration. - The rights of a performer over 35 intellectual property, consisting of the performer's performance on all film, radio or 36 television production, shall at all times be protected and secured under this Act, 37 pursuant to the provisions of Republic Act 8293 or the Intellectual Property Code, as 38 amended. Contracts or engagement agreements may stipulate that the performer 39 transfers exclusive intellectual property rights in favor of the employer or principal: 40 *Provided,* that a performer shall enjoy the inalienable right to participate in the gross 41 proceeds of any subsequent use or broadcasting of such performance or intellectual 42 property to the extent of five percent (5%) as additional remuneration. 43

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44 45 **SEC. 24.** *Information and Education Campaign.* – The Intellectual 46 Property Office of the Philippines, DOLE, and the Philippine Information Agency, and 47 other pertinent national government agencies shall implement and initiate the 48 information and education campaign on the protection of the intellectual property

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rights of workers or independent contractors in the film, television, and radio
 entertainment industry, as enshrined in Republic Act No. 8293 or the *"Intellectual Property Code of the Philippines."*

5 **SEC. 25.** *Effect on Existing Company Policies and Contracts or* 6 *Collective Bargaining Agreements (CBAS).* – The minimum benefits provided in 7 this Act shall be without prejudice to any existing company policy, contract or CBA 8 providing better terms and conditions of employment.

10 **SEC. 26.** *Implementing Rules and Regulations.* – Within ninety (90) days 11 from the effectivity of this Act, the Secretary of the DOLE, in consultation with 12 stakeholders, concerned government agencies, and non-government organizations 13 shall promulgate the necessary rules and regulations for the effective implementation 14 of this Act.

SEC. 27. Separability Clause. – If any provision or part of this Act is declared
 invalid or unconstitutional, the remaining parts or provisions not affected shall remain
 in full force and effect.

SEC. 28. *Repealing Clause.* – All laws, decrees, executive orders, issuances,
 rules, and regulations or parts thereof inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are
 hereby repealed or modified accordingly.

SEC. 29. *Effectivity*. – This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its
 publication in the *Official Gazette* or in a newspaper of general circulation.

Approved,

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