

# NINETEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES

First Regular Session

22 SEP -6 P4:06

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**SENATE** 

S. B. NO. 1282

## Introduced by SENATOR JOEL VILLANUEVA

### **AN ACT**

PROVIDING FOR SUPPORT FOR THE GROWTH AND DEVELOPMENT OF BARANGAY MICRO BUSINESS ENTERPRISES AMENDING FOR THE PURPOSE REPUBLIC ACT NO. 9178, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE BARANGAY MICRO BUSINESS ENTERPRISES ACT OF 2002, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

#### **EXPLANATORY NOTE**

Micro-businesses comprise many existing enterprises in the Philippines. According to the Philippine Statistics Authority List of Establishments, there are 977,670 micro-enterprises in the country in 2021, constituting 90.5% of all business enterprises in the country. They also generate a total of over 2.5 million jobs. 2

Republic Act No. 9178, or the Barangay Micro Business Enterprises Act of 2002, declared it the policy of the state to hasten the country's economic development by encouraging the formation and growth of barangay micro business enterprises (BMBEs) which effectively serve as seedbeds of Filipino entrepreneurial talents. The law recognizes this sector's role in economic growth and employment and ensures that establishments registered as BMBEs are provided with certain incentives such, as among others, tax exemptions, exemptions from the Minimum Wage Law, and priority lanes/windows for credit facilities with financial institutions. Despite these incentives, a relatively small number of micro businesses are registered as BMBEs. Based on the latest report of the Department of Trade and Industry (DTI) in 2018, there were only 28,531 businesses registered as BMBE since the DTI started accepting

<sup>1</sup> January 6, 2022. More than 1.08 million Establishments Operated in 2021 which Generated Total Employment of 8.57 million (2021 Updating of the List of Establishments Preliminary Results). *Retrieved from*: https://psa.gov.ph/content/more-108-million-establishments-operated-2021-which-generated-total-employment-857-million (date last accessed: August 30, 2022).

<sup>2 2020</sup> MSME Statistics *Retrieved from*: https://www.dti.gov.ph/resources/msme-statistics/ (date last accessed: August 30, 2022) 3 CL registers highest number of barangay enterprises in 2017. *Retrieved from*: https://www.dti.gov.ph/regions/region-3/region-3-news/cl-registers-highest-number-of-barangay-enterprises-in-2017/ (date last accessed: August 30, 2022).

applications in January of 2016.4

Thus, a revisit of Republic Act No. 9178 is needed to ensure that its provisions are still relevant and reflect the present needs of the BMBE industry. Currently, BMBEs are still recovering from the effects of the pandemic and are still enduring further business shocks because of natural calamities, such as typhoons, and global economic events, such as the Russia-Ukraine conflict, unprecedented global inflation and rising fuel prices. Thus, amendments to the law, which aim to provide BMBEs with much needed support, concessions and incentives to register, are in order.

In view of the foregoing, the immediate passage of this bill is earnestly sought.

SENATOR JOEL VILLANUEVA

<sup>4</sup> May 18, 2018. DTI encourages micro enterprises to avail of incentives under BMBE Law. Retrieved from: https://www.dti.gov.ph/archives/news-archives/dti-micro-entrep-bmbe-law/ (date last accessed: August 30, 2022)



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Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

**SECTION 1.** Section 2 of Republic Act No. 9178, otherwise known as the "Barangay Micro Business Enterprises Act of 2002" is hereby amended to read as follows:

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"Section 2. Declaration of Policy. – [It is hereby declared to be the policy of the State to hasten the country's economic development by encouraging the formation and growth of barangay micro business enterprises which effectively serve as seedbeds of Filipino entrepreneurial talents, and integrating those in the informal sector with the mainstream economy, through the rationalization of bureaucratic restrictions, the active intervention of the government specially in the local level, and the granting of incentives and benefits to generate muchneeded employment and alleviate poverty.] THE STATE RECOGNIZES THAT BARANGAY MICRO BUSINESS ENTERPRISES (BMBEs), WHILE THE SMALLEST TYPE OF ALL ENTERPRISES, IS AMONG THE SIGNIFICANT ESTABLISHMENTS IN THE COUNTRY, AND IS ONE OF THE BIGGEST GENERATORS OF EMPLOYMENT. THUS, IT IS HEREBY DECLARED THE POLICY OF THE STATE TO SUPPORT, STRENGTHEN AND FACILITATE THE GROWTH OF BMBEs TO HELP THIS SECTOR CONTINUE TO FLOURISH AMIDST PUBLIC HEALTH EMERGENCIES, NATURAL CALAMITIES AND GLOBAL **ECONOMIC SHOCKS.**"

**SEC. 2.** Section **4** of the Barangay Micro Business Enterprises Act of 2002 is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Section 4. Registration and Fees. – The Office of the Treasurer of each city or municipality shall register [the BMBE's] and PROMPTLY issue a Certificate of Authority, FREE OF CHARGE, TO ALL BMBES WITHIN ITS JURISDICTION UPON SUBMISSION OF PROOF OF TOTAL ASSETS, to enable the BMBE to avail of the benefits under this Act. Any such application shall be processed NOT LATER THAN FIVE [within fifteen (15)] working days upon submission of complete documents. Otherwise, the BMBEs shall be deemed registered. The Municipal or City Mayor may appoint a BMBE Registration Officer who shall be under the Office of the Treasurer. Local government units (LGUs) are encouraged to establish a One-Stop-Business Registration Center to handle the efficient registration and processing of permits/licenses of BMBEs. Likewise, LGUs shall make a periodic evaluation of the BMBEs' financial status, AS WELL AS THE NUMBER OF JOBS IT GENERATES, for monitoring and reporting purposes.

[The LGUs shall issue the Certificate of Authority promptly and free of charge. However,] NOTWITHSTANDING ANYTHING TO THE CONTRARY, to defray the administrative costs of registering and monitoring the BMBEs, the LGUs may charge a fee not exceeding One Thousand Pesos (P1,000.00).

The Certificate of Authority shall be effective for a period of THREE (3) [two (2)] years, renewable for ANOTHER [period of] THREE (3) YEARS [two (2)] UPON [years for every renewal.] COMPLIANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS.

[As much as possible,] IN ALL CASES, BMBEs shall be subject to minimal bureaucratic requirements and reasonable fees and charges."

**SEC. 3.** Section 5 of the Barangay Micro Business Enterprises Act of 2002 is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Section 5. Who are Eligible to Register. – Any person, natural or juridical, or cooperative, or association, having the qualifications as defined in Section 3(a) hereof may apply for registration as BMBE. EACH LGU SHALL MAINTAIN AND CONTINUOUSLY UPDATE A DATABASE CONTAINING ALL REGISTERED BMBES UNDER ITS JURISDICTION."

**SEC. 4.** Section 7 of the Barangay Micro Business Enterprises Act of 2002 is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Section 7. Exemption from Taxes and Fees. – All BMBEs shall be exempt from tax for income arising from the operations of the enterprise.

FIRST TIME BMBE REGISTRANTS SHALL, IN ADDITION, BE EXEMPT FROM LOCAL TAXES, FEES AND CHARGES FOR THE FIRST THREE (3) YEARS OF OPERATION SUBJECT TO SEMI-ANNUAL SUBMISSION OF PROOF OF EMPLOYMENT GENERATED IN THE LOCALITY.

[The LGUs are encouraged either to reduce the amount of local taxes, fees and charges imposed or to exempt BMBEs from local taxes, fees and charges.]"

**SEC. 5.** Section 9 of Barangay Micro Business Enterprises Act of 2002 is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Section 9. Credit Delivery - Upon the approval of this Act, the Land Bank of the Philippines (LBP), the Development Bank of the Philippines (DBP), the SMALL BUSINESS CORPORATION (SB CORPORATION) [Small Business Guarantee and Finance Corporation (SBGFC)], and the People's Credit and Finance Corporation (PCFC) shall set up a special credit window that will service the financing needs of BMBEs registered under this Act consistent with the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (BSP) policies; rules and regulations. The Government Service Insurance System (GSIS) and Social Security System (SSS) shall likewise set up a special credit window that will serve the financing needs of their respective members who wish to establish a BMBE. The concerned financial institutions (FIs) encouraged to wholesale the funds to accredited private financial institutions including community-based organizations such as credit. cooperatives. non-government organizations (NGOs) and people's organizations, which will in turn, directly provide credit support to BMBEs.

All loans from whatever sources granted to BMBEs under this Act shall be considered as part of [alternative] THE OTHER MODES OF compliance to [Presidential Decree No. 717, otherwise known as the Agri-Agra Law,] REPUBLIC ACT NO. 11901, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE AGRICULTURE, FISHERIES, AND RUAL DEVELOPMENT FINANCING ACT OF 2022, AND SUCH OTHER APPLICABLE LAW PROVIDING A LIMIT FOR LOANS GRANTED TO MICRO, SMALL AND MEDIUM ENTERPRISES (MSMES) [, or to Republic Act. No. 6977, known as the Magna Carta for Small and Medium Enterprises, as amended]. For purposes of compliance with THE FOREGOING LAWS, [Presidential Decree No. 717 and Republic Act No. 6977, as amended,] loans granted to BMBEs under this Act shall be computed at TWO AND A HALF TIMES (2.5) [twice] the amount of the face value of the loans.

To minimize the risks in lending to the BMBEs, THE PHILIPPINE GUARANTEE CORPORATION (PHILGUARANTEE) [SBGFC and the Quedan and Rural Credit Guarantee Corporation (QUEDANCOR) under the Department of Agriculture, in case of agribusiness activities,] shall set up a special guarantee window to provide the necessary credit guarantee to BMBEs under their respective guarantee programs.

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49 50 The LBP, DBP, PCFC, [SBGFC] SB CORPORATION, PHILGUARANTEE, SSS, AND GSIS[, and QUEDANCOR] shall annually report to the appropriate Committee of both Houses of Congress on the status of the implementation of this provision.

The BSP shall formulate the rules for the implementation of this provision and shall likewise establish incentive programs to encourage and improve credit delivery to the BMBEs.

TO FACILITATE THE GROWTH AND RECOVERY OF BMBEs. A BMBE REGISTERED UNDER THIS ACT SHALL BE ENTITLED TO INTEREST-FREE LOANS FROM THE CREDIT WINDOW OF THE DBP, SMALL BUSINESS CORPORATION AND PCFC; PROVIDED, THAT THE LOAN AMOUNT SHALL (I) NOT EXCEED ONE MILLION PESOS (P1,000,000.00), (II) NOT REQUIRE A COLLATERAL, AND (III) BE PAYABLE UP TO THREE (3) YEARS; PROVIDED, FURTHER, THAT IN THE EVENT THAT SUCH LOAN IS GRANTED TO ACCREDITED PRIVATE FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS, INCLUDING COMMUNITY BASED ORGANIZATIONS SUCH AS PEOPLE'S **ORGANIZATIONS** COOPERATIVES. **NGOS** AND ENGAGED IN GRANTING CREDIT, THAT IN TURN RELEND SUCH AMOUNT TO BMBES. ONLY THE LOAN GRANTED TO THE BMBE INTEREST-FREE AND ANY SUCH BE INTEREST FOREGONE BY THE PRIVATE FINANCIAL INSTITUTION SHALL BE DEDUCTED FROM THE INTEREST DUE ON ITS LOAN PROVIDED BY THE CONCERNED GOVERNMENT FINANCIAL INSTITUTION: PROVIDED, FINALLY, THAT IN ORDER TO PROPERLY IMPLEMENT THE PROVISION OF THIS SECTION, AN AMOUNT OF FIVE **MILLION** HUNDRED **PESOS** (P500,000,000) SHALL APPROPRIATED TO ANSWER FOR THE INTEREST SUBSIDY PROVIDED UNDER THIS ACT."

**SEC. 6.** Section 10 of the Barangay Micro Business Enterprises Act of 2002 is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Section 10. Technology Transfer, Production and Management Training, and marketing Assistance. –

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The Department of Trade and Industry (DTI), the Department of Science and Technology (DOST), the University of the Philippines Institute for Small Scale Industries (UP ISSI), Cooperative Development Authority (CDA), AND Technical Education and Skills Development Authority (TESDA)[, and Technology and Livelihood Resource Center (TLRC)] may avail of the said Fund for technology transfer, production and management training and marketing assistance to BMBEs.

The DTI, in coordination with the private sector and non-government organization (NGOs), shall explore the possibilities of linking or matching-up BMBEs with small, medium and large enterprises and likewise establish incentives therefor. THE DTI. IN COORDINATION **DEPARTMENT** WITH THE OF INTERIOR AND GOVERNMENT (DILG), SHALL ENACT PROGRAMS THAT PROVIDE BMBEs WITH MARKETING ASSISTANCE, SUCH AS, BUT NOT LIMITED, TO BUSINESS MATCHING ACTIVITIES, TRADE FAIRS, **OVERSEAS** MARKETING PROMOTIONS, AND BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES, INCLUDING ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND SKILLS DEVELOPMENT, AND OTHER RELATED ACTIVITIES.

THE DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (DOST), IN COORDINATION WITH THE DILG AND OTHER RELEVANT GOVERNMENT AGENCIES, SHALL ALSO IMPLEMENT PROGRAMS GEARED TOWARDS PROVIDING BMBEs WITH APPROPRIATE TECHNOLOGY INTERVENTIONS WHICH CAN HELP IMPROVE THEIR PRODUCTION PROCESSES, ACCOUNTING SYSTEMS, AND OTHER AREAS OF BUSINESS OPERATIONS.

The DTI, in behalf of the DOST, UP ISSI, CDA, AND TESDA [and TLRC] shall be required to furnish the appropriate Committees of both Houses of Congress a yearly report on the development and accomplishments of their projects and programs in relation to technology transfer, production and management training and marketing assistance extended to BMBEs."

SEC. 7. A new Section 10-A is hereby inserted to read as follows:

"SEC. 10-A. BMBE EDUCATION AND TRAINING. – THE DTI, IN COORDINATION WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION (DEPED), TECHNICAL EDUCATION AND SKILLS DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY (TESDA), AND COMMISSION ON HIGHER EDUCATION (CHED), SHALL PROVIDE FREE TRAININGS, COURSES, AND OTHER DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMS FOR OWNERS AND EMPLOYEES OF REGISTERED BMBES TO IMPROVE THEIR BUSINESS PRACTICES AND TO ENABLE THEM TO INNOVATE IN LIGHT OF RAPID TECHNOLOGICAL CHANGES."

**SEC. 8.** Appropriations. – In addition to the amount provided under Section 5 of this Act, amending Section 9 of the Barangay Micro Business Enterprises Act of 2002, the sums necessary for the implementation of this Act shall be charged against the responsible agency's current appropriations. Thereafter, such sums as necessary for the continued implementation of this Act shall be included in the annual General Appropriations Act.

**SEC. 9.** *Implementing Rules and Regulations.* – Within sixty (60) days from the effectivity of this Act, the DILG and DTI, upon consultation with appropriate government agencies and other stakeholders, shall promulgate the necessary rules and regulations to effectively implement this Act.

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- SEC. 11. Repealing Clause. All laws, ordinances, rules, regulations, other issuances, or parts thereof, which are inconsistent with this Act, are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.

declared unconstitutional or invalid shall not have the effect of nullifying other portions

or provisions hereof as long as such remaining portions can still subsist and be given

SEC. 10. Separability Clause. - Any portion or provision of this Act that is

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- SEC. 12. Effectivity. This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in the Official Gazette or in at least two (2) newspapers of general circulation.
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effect in their entirety.