CONGRESS OF THE PHILIPPINES NINETEENTH CONGRESS First Regular Session

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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

H. No. 5001

BY REPRESENTATIVES TAMBUNTING, GO (M.), BONGALON, REVILLA (B.), CAGAS, BALINDONG, REVILLA (R.J.), ADIONG, RILLO, MANUEL, SUAN, CARDEMA, YU (J.V.), GARCIA (D.), DOMINGO, ABALOS, GARCIA (M.A.), EUDELA, CHUA, SACDALAN, AGARAO, SALO, QUIMBO, CASTRO (F.), GULLAS, DIMAPORO (S.A.), GALEOS, CHATTO, DIMAPORO (M.K.), GOMEZ AND VILLARICA, PER COMMITTEE REPORT NO. 50

AN ACT

MANDATING PRIVATE HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS TO WAIVE THE COLLEGE ENTRANCE EXAMINATION FEES TO UNDERPRIVILEGED GRADUATING HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS AND HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES BELONGING TO THE TOP TEN PERCENT (10%) OF THEIR GRADUATING CLASS

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. Short Title. – This Act shall be known as the "Free College Entrance Examinations Act."

SEC. 2. Declaration of Policy. – It is hereby declared the policy of the State to expand and further democratize access to quality college education in private higher education institutions by instituting mechanisms that promote the rights of the underprivileged graduating high school students and high school graduates belonging to the top ten percent (10%) of their graduating class.

- The exemption from the imposition of entrance examination fees is one such mechanism that shall give adequate assistance and equal opportunity to these students to pursue their dreams of obtaining a college education.
 - **SEC. 3.** *Definition of Terms.* As used in this Act:
 - (a) College entrance examinations refer to the examinations required and administered by higher education institutions on college entrants that is a criterion for determining admission to a college degree program;

1 (b) Higher education institution – refers to an educational institution recognized by the 2 Commission on Higher Education (CHED) and is legally authorized to offer a program of education leading to the conferment of a degree; 3 (c) Private Higher Education Institution - refers to a higher education institution not owned or 4 5 controlled by the government or its instrumentalities and may be sectarian (usually non-stock, non-profit, duly incorporated, owned and operated by a religious organization) or non-sectarian 6 (not affiliated to any religious organization, duly incorporated, owned and operated by private 7 entities); and 8 9 (d) Underprivileged graduating high school students and graduates – refer to graduating high school students or high school graduates entering college, whose parents have a combined 10 income that falls below the poverty threshold, as determined by the National Economic and 11 Development Authority (NEDA) and the National Household Targeting System of the 12 Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD). 13 14 SEC. 4. Waiver of Fees. - All private higher education institutions are hereby mandated to waive college entrance examination fees to underprivileged graduating high school students and high school 15 graduates belonging to the top ten percent (10%) of the graduating class who are applying for college 16 admission. 17 SEC. 5. Qualification Requirements. – A student shall become eligible as beneficiary under this 18 Act when the following qualifications are met: 19 (a) Must be a natural-born Filipino citizen; 20 (b) Must be a graduating high school student or a high school graduate who belongs to the top ten 21 percent (10%) of their graduating class and seeks to be admitted to a private higher education 22 institution within the country; and 23 (c) Must belong to a family whose combined income falls below the poverty threshold, as determined 24 by the NEDA and the DSWD. 25 SEC. 6. Sanctions. - The CHED shall reprimand any official or employee of a private higher 26 education institution or other individuals who violate Section 4 of this Act, and impose disciplinary 27 sanctions for a repetition of the same offense, pursuant to its powers under Section 8 (e) of Republic Act 28 No. 7722, otherwise known as the "Higher Education Act of 1994". 29 30 SEC. 7. Implementing Rules and Regulations. – Within ninety (90) days from the effectivity of this Act, the CHED shall, in coordination with the Department of Education and the Coordinating Council 31

of Private Educational Associations of the Philippines, issue the rules and regulations to implement the

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provisions of this Act.

- SEC. 8. Separability Clause. If, for any reason, any part or provision of this Act is declared invalid or unconstitutional, the remaining parts or provisions not affected shall remain in full force and effect.
 - SEC. 9. Repealing Clause. All laws, executive orders, decrees, instructions, rules and regulations contrary to or inconsistent with any provision of this Act are hereby amended, repealed or modified accordingly.
- SEC. 10. Effectivity. This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in the Official Gazette or in a newspaper of general circulation.

Approved,

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