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SENATE

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S. No. <u>1390</u>

RECEIVED BY:

Introduced by SENATOR RAMON BONG REVILLA, JR.

AN ACT

TO ENHANCE THE CAPABILITY AND STREAMLINE ORGANIZATIONAL ROLE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEFENSE AND ITS BUREAUS, APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

EXPLANATORY NOTE

The Administrative Code of 1987, under Subtitle II, Chapter 1, Section 15, clearly states that, "The defense establishment shall be maintained to maximize its effectiveness for guarding against external and internal threats to national peace and security, and provide support for social and economic development."

The past administration's Department of National Defense (DND) leadership boasted of the efforts and steady hard work of then President Rodrigo Roa Duterte for the country to attain a credible defense posture in the name of the sacred protection of our maritime territories. Likewise, the DND asserted that the Duterte administration's Armed Forces of the Philippines (AFP) was able to significantly step up its external defense operations to secure the Philippine strategic border areas and exclusive economic zone.¹

In his recent State of the Nation Address, President Ferdinand "Bongbong" Marcos, Jr. articulated the need to amend the National Defense Act of 1935 as one of his administration's priority legislative measures to provide a change in the military

¹ Philippine News Agency. *PH credible defense posture boosted under Duterte admin: DND.* Data retrieved at https://www.pna.gov.ph/articles/1176352 on 03 October 2022.

structure of the AFP, for it to become "more responsive to current and future non-conventional security threats to the country's territorial integrity and national sovereignty."

Given the pronouncement of President Bongbong Marcos to amend the 87-year-old National Defense Act and the urgent need for an improved strategy for our national defense, this bill seeks to streamline the defense bureaucracy by updating and codifying various laws and executive issuances on national defense, the AFP and the civilian bureaus in the defense establishment. Undoubtedly, this proposed measure's aim to streamline the organizational role of the DND and its Bureaus will be highly instrumental in achieving the mission of the Department to "defend against external and internal threats to territorial integrity and sovereignty, and promote the welfare of the people, in order to create a secure and stable environment conducive to national development."

In recognition of the DND's crucial role to serve and protect the Filipino people, the passage of this bill is earnestly sought.

RAMON BONG REVILLA, JR.



NINETEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES First Regular Session

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RECEIVED BY:

SENATE S. No. 1390

Introduced by SENATOR RAMON BONG REVILLA, JR.

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AN ACT

TO ENHANCE THE CAPABILITY AND STREAMLINE ORGANIZATIONAL ROLE OF THE DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEFENSE AND ITS BUREAUS, APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

Preliminary Provisions

- Section 1. Short Title. This Act shall be known as "National Defense Act of 2022."
 - Sec. 2. *Declaration of National Defense Policies.* The national defense policies of the Republic of the Philippines shall be as follows:
 - (a) In defending the Philippines, the paramount consideration shall be the national sovereignty, territorial integrity, national interest and the broad concern of national security.
 - (b) The preservation of the State shall be the obligation of every citizen. The security, freedom and independence of the Philippines shall be guaranteed by the mobilization of all citizens, without distinction of age, gender, civil status, ethnicity, religion, and all resources.
 - (c) The civil authority shall at all times be supreme over the military. The President of the Philippines, as the Commander-in-Chief of all military forces, shall ensure that mobilization measures are prepared at all times.

(d) The national defense organization shall be adapted as closely as possible to the territorial and administrative organization of the Philippines.

- (e) The employment of the nation's citizens and resources for national defense shall be effected by mobilization based on the defense posture prescribed in defense policies.
- (f) The mobilization shall include the execution of all measures necessary to pass from a peace to a war footing, or in any case of actual invasion, or when public safety and security so requires, as well as during its transition to normalcy or rehabilitation.
- (g) The mobilization plans of financial, industrial, economic, technological and social resources of the Philippines shall conform to the defense concept based on the defense policies and shall be prepared by the executive departments concerned in accordance with the following general policies:
 - (1) The respective responsibilities of the concerned executive departments in mobilization planning will be prescribed by the President; and
 - (2) Forces and resources shall be employed so as to ensure unity and continuity of effort until normalcy has been attained.
- (h) No profit incident to war shall accrue to any individual, corporation, association or partnership.
- (i) The State values the dignity of every human person, guarantees full respect for human rights, including but not limited to the rights of indigenous cultural communities, the equitable rights of women in peacebuilding, gender and development, the protection of children and other vulnerable groups, and adheres to the generally accepted principles of international law, including applicable conventions, protocols and other international agreements.
- (j) The State shall pursue the development of an industrial capacity necessary for the development of self-reliance defense posture, providing adequate support to local industries and partnership with international entities.
- Sec. 3. *Defense Conditions and Authority.* Defense conditions shall be the basis for the designation of persons and entities to act in behalf of the State. Defense Conditions, hereinafter referred to as DEFCON, shall refer to levels of national security—peace, conflict and war— that tend to, or actually threaten, the security of

the State. The level of defense conditions and the persons or entities designated to act in behalf of the State shall be prescribed by the President.

Mobilization of Persons and Resources

- Sec. 4. *Military Service*. Military service shall be for all able-bodied citizens, in case of war, invasion, or rebellion, as declared by Congress. The methods and procedures for the classification, selection, examination, induction, training, mobilization, and release of all citizens from their military obligations shall be recommended by the Secretary of Defense and approved by the President.
- Sec. 5. *Registration.* The registration of citizens for military service shall be a military function carried out by the Major Services through their respective Reserve Commands.
- Sec. 6. *Mobilization.* During mobilization, the President shall have the power to secure all such resources as may be necessary for national defense. The President may authorize and delegate the Secretary of National Defense (SND) to undertake the action and activities related thereto.

17 TITLE I

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEFENSE

Article I — General Provisions

- Sec. 7. *Mandate.* The Department of National Defense (DND) shall be the primary government agency with the duty of implementing the provisions of this Act. The defense establishment shall maximize its effectiveness for guarding against external threats to national security, provide support as directed by the President to conduct operations to address internal threats, support social and economic development, and promote the welfare of soldiers and veterans.
- Sec. 8. *Powers and Functions of the DND*. To carry out the above-declared mandate, the DND shall exercise and perform the following powers and functions:
- (a) Design, formulate and prepare national defense concepts, policies, strategies, plans and programs;
- (b) Formulate, develop and update defense policies of the country, including the mobilization plan for the employment of the country's citizens and resources for national defense;

(c) Develop and build defense capabilities of the Armed Forces to address readiness and mission requirements and threats;

- (d) Continue to institutionalize and develop the Defense System of Management (DSOM) that shall integrate but not limited to, strategic defense assessment, planning, resource and financial management, acquisition, control, support, administration, and decision-making responsibilities of the SND and DND senior leaders;
- (e) Control, monitor, coordinate, supervise and evaluate the implementation of national defense policies, plans, programs and activities;
- (f) Exercise control and supervision over the Armed Forces of the Philippines (AFP), Government Arsenal (GA), Office of Civil Defense (OCD), Philippine Veterans Affairs Office (PVAO) and the National Defense University (NDU);
- (g) Formulate, establish, implement and supervise the quality management system;
- (h) Establish, promote and maintain bilateral and multilateral linkages for defense and military cooperation with its international counterparts for the purpose of addressing traditional and non-traditional security threats;
- (i) Implement the country's international defense and security commitments based on defense and security treaties, cooperation agreements, international conventions, protocols and other similar arrangements;
- (j) Develop a Self-Reliant Defense Posture (SRDP) program to guarantee the enhancement of responsive and progressive capabilities and maximum utilization of resources; and
- (k) Perform such other defense-related functions as may be provided by law or directed by the President of the Philippines.
- Sec. 9. *Contracts.* The DND shall be authorized to enter into, make, perform and carry out contracts of every class, kind and description, which are necessary or incidental to the performance of its mandate as provided herein, with any person, firm or corporation, public or private, and with foreign government entities, subject to the provisions of existing laws, rules and regulations. Within ninety (90) days from the approval of this Act, the Secretaries of National Defense, Finance, Budget and Management, Trade and Industry, and the Director General of the National Economic

and Development Authority shall jointly promulgate rules and regulations to facilitate the importation and exportation of defense articles compliant with international conventions on the sale, transfer, and trade of such articles.

- Sec. 10. Administration, Management and Control of Defense Real Properties—
 (a) The Department shall be authorized to administer, operate, manage, control, maintain and develop defense real properties for strategic basing and to use, hold, acquire, or lease any private real property, right of way, or easement which may be proper or necessary for the accomplishment of its mandate as provided in this Act;
- (b) The sale and/or exchange of strategic defense real properties shall be prohibited, unless otherwise recommended by the SND, approved by the President of the Philippines, with the consent of Congress; and
- (c) The lease and/or development of defense real properties, by joint venture or otherwise, shall be allowed upon approval of the President of the Philippines.

Sec. 11. Special Defense Material Acquisition. — Upon prior approval of the President of the Philippines, and when the procurement for use by the AFP involves major defense equipment or material or major defense-related consultancy services, when the expertise or capability required is not available locally, and the Secretary of National Defense has determined that the interests of the country shall be protected by negotiating directly with an agency or instrumentality of another country with which the Philippines has entered into a defense cooperation agreement or otherwise maintains diplomatic relations, the AFP may be allowed to resort to negotiated procurement: *Provided*, however, that the performance by the supplier of its obligations under the procurement contract shall be covered by a performance security in accordance with Section 39 of the Implementing Rules and Regulations (IRR) of Republic Act No. 9184, otherwise known as the Government Procurement Act.

The DND shall give preference to the Self-Reliant Defense Posture as a means to acquire defense material and equipment; *Provided,* That, priority shall be given to local defense industry manufacturers; *Provided further,* That, in case of foreign procurements, the latter must be willing to set-up an in-country manufacturing and production facility with technology transfer schemes and will undertake to employ Filipino technical skilled workers, scientists and engineers; *Provided finally,* That

collaboration among government, academe and industries shall likewise be encouraged, particularly on defense research and development (R&D).

The Secretary of National Defense shall be authorized to enter into contracts and agreements, particularly under international defense cooperation agreements with technology transfer industry development components.

A best rated offer shall be applied for Filipino-owned defense industries located within the Philippines.

Sec. 12. *Grants and Donations.* — The Department, or any of the bureaus, agencies or offices under it, may accept donations, contributions, and grants from various sources, domestic or foreign, for purposes relevant to its functions: *Provided*, That, in case of donations from foreign governments or persons, acceptance thereof shall be subject to existing laws, rules and regulations.

Sec. 13. *Defense and Cooperation.* — Unless otherwise provided by the Constitution, the DND may develop, enhance and sustain multi-dimensional defense and security cooperation and engagements with the defense establishments and Armed Forces of other countries, and other regional and international organizations based on the principle of good governance, and mutual benefit and respect and in line with the foreign policies of the Philippines.

Article II - Organization

Sec. 14. *Organizational Structure.* — The DND shall be composed of the DND-Proper and its bureaus namely, the Armed Force of the Philippines (AFP), the Philippine Veterans Affairs Office (PVAO), the Government Arsenal (GA), National Defense University (NDU), and the Office of the Civil Defense (OCD).

Sec. 15. *Composition*. — The DND-Proper shall be composed of the Office of the SND and the Offices of the Undersecretaries and Executive Staff.

Sec. 16. *Office of the Secretary.* — The Office of the Secretary shall consist of the SND and their immediate staff as determined by them.

Sec. 17. *The Secretary of National Defense.* — Subject to qualifications and prohibitions under Republic Act No. 11709 and other existing laws, the SND shall be appointed by the President, subject to confirmation by the Commission on Appointments.

Sec. 18. *Powers and Functions of the Secretary.* - The SND shall be vested with the authority and responsibility to have control and supervision of the DND in the performance of its mandate, and perform such other functions as may be necessary to attain the objectives of this Act or as may be provided by law or directed by the President of the Philippines.

TITLE II

THE ARMED FORCES OF THE PHILIPPINES

Article I - General Provisions

Sec. 19. *Mission and Functions.* — The AFP shall be the protector of the people and the State. The goal of the AFP shall be to secure the sovereignty of the State and the integrity of the national territory. It shall have the duty to:

- (a) Defend against all forms of threats to national defense and security;
- (b) Design, plan, organize, train, equip, develop, employ and sustain its Regular and Reserve Forces for national defense and security; and
- (c) Perform such other functions as may be provided by law or assigned by the Commander-in-Chief.
- Sec. 20. *Chain of Command.* The exercise of authority, direction, command and control over the AFP shall be carried out through the Chain of Command. Such Chain of Command shall be the line of authority and responsibility along which orders are passed, beginning from the President as the Commander-in-Chief, through the SND, to the Chief of Staff of the Armed Forces of the Philippines (CSAFP) down to the commander of the lowest echelon of command in the AFP: *Provided,* that this shall not preclude the President from issuing orders directly to the AFP.
- Sec. 21. *Organization and Composition.* The AFP shall be initially composed of three (3) major services, namely: the Philippine Army (PA), the Philippine Air Force (PAF), and the Philippine Navy (PN). The AFP composition shall be guided by the Table of Organization and Equipment (TOE) prescribed by the SND upon recommendation of the CSAFP.

1	Article II - The Regular Force
2	A. ORGANIZATION AND COMPOSITION
3	Chapter 1 - General Provisions
4	Sec. 22. Size and Composition. — The Regular Force, alternately referred to as
5	the Standing Force, shall be initially composed of the following:
6	(a) Regular Officers and Enlisted Personnel;
7	(b) Reservists called to active duty, or on active-duty tour for training; and
8	(c) Draftees, trainees and government-sponsored Filipino cadets enrolled in
9	local or foreign military schools.
10	The size and composition of the Regular Force shall be prescribed by the TOE
11	as approved by the SND and shall be the basis of manning the AFP.
12	Sec. 23. Organizational Principle. — The SND, upon the recommendation of the
13	CSAFP, shall organize the AFP into such commands, forces and units in accordance
14	with operational requirements. For this purpose, the national territory may be divided
15	into such operational areas as the SND may direct.
16	Sec. 24. Organizational Structure. — The Regular Force of the AFP shall consist
17	of the Joint Headquarters; the Joint Force Operational Commands; the major Services
18	namely: the PA, the PN and the PAF; and the other existing commands, units, offices
19	and services of the AFP.
20	Sec. 25. Operational Principles. — The operational principles of the AFP shall
21	be as follows:
22	(a) The Commander-in-Chief shall exercise command and control through
23	the CSAFP with the supervision of the SND. The Joint Headquarters of the AFP, shall
24	be the command-and-control element of the AFP;
25	(b) The Joint Headquarters of the AFP shall exercise centralized command
26	and control to ensure unity and coordination of efforts throughout the military
27	establishment;
28	(c) The Joint Force Operational Commands as force employers shall be
29	responsible for the decentralized execution of joint operations to achieve maximum
30	operational effectiveness within the military establishment, unless otherwise
31	determined by the CSAFP through the supervision of the SND;

(d) The Major Services, as force providers, shall be responsible for the development, organization, training, equipping, maintenance and sustainment of combat forces, combat service forces, technical and administrative service, and combat service support forces;

(e) The AFP Reserve Force shall provide for the base of expansion of the Major Services.

Chapter 2

The General Headquarters of the Armed Forces of the Philippines

- Sec. 26. *Mandate.* The General Headquarters, which shall be headed by the CSAFP, shall be the command-and-control element of the AFP.
- Sec. 27. *Organization.* The General Headquarters shall be composed of the Office of the CSAFP, Office of the Vice Chief of Staff, Office of the Deputy Chief of Staff, the AFP Joint, Personal and Special Staff and the other key staff offices and units necessary for effective command and control of the AFP as recommended by the CSAFP with the approval of the SND.
 - Sec. 28. *Powers and Functions.* The Chief of Staff shall:
- (a) Serve as the principal military adviser to the President and the Secretary of National Defense;
- (b) Be responsible for the formulation of the national military strategy consistent with the national defense strategy;
- (c) Be responsible for the development of the policies, strategies, missions, plans and programs of the AFP;
- (d) Prescribe the organization, powers, functions and duties of the various staff, services, and other units of the AFP in accordance with the national defense policy.
- Sec. 29. *The Joint Staff.* The Joint Staff, as coordinating staff, shall advise and assist the CSAFP in the performance of their functions. The organization, functions and duties of the Joint Staff shall be prescribed by the CSAFP.
- Sec. 30. *Personal Staff.* The Personal Staff, as immediate staff, shall directly advise and assist the CSAFP in the performance of their functions. The organization, functions and duties of the Personal Staff shall be prescribed by the CSAFP: *Provided*, that coordination with other staff shall not be precluded.

Sec. 31. *Special Staff.* - The Special Staff, as specialized, technical and administrative staff, shall advise and assist the CSAFP in the performance of their functions. The organization, functions and duties of the Special Staff shall be prescribed by the CSAFP.

- Sec. 32. *Authority to Reorganize the General Headquarters.* In the interest of efficiency and effectiveness, the CSAFP, upon the approval of the SND, may:
- (a) Establish and organize staff, offices and units in the General Headquarters, in addition to the AFP Joint Personal and Special Staff, and prescribe the organization, mission and functions; and
- (b) Establish, organize, and/or abolish staff, offices and units in the AFP and prescribe their structure, mission, functions, duties and responsibilities, and other parameters and standards.

Chapter 3 - Joint Force Operational Commands

- Sec. 33. *Organization, Mission and Function.* The CSAFP, upon approval of the SND, shall organize and establish the Joint Force Operational Commands, which shall be under the command, control and operational direction of its Joint Force Commander; *Provided*, That the SND, upon the recommendation of the CSAFP, shall prescribe the mission, functions, duties and responsibilities and joint area of operations of the Joint Force Operational Commands.
- Sec. 34. *The Philippine Army (PA).* The PA, headed by the Chief of the Philippine Army, shall provide forces that are responsible for the conduct of prompt and sustained joint and combined ground operations in support of the AFP mission. It shall be composed of its headquarters, maneuver units, sustainment units, and such other units as may be necessary for the conduct of ground operations.

Sec. 35. *Functions of the PA.* — The PA shall:

- (a) Develop, organize, train, equip, maintain, and sustain such ground forces or units as may be necessary for the conduct of prompt and sustained operations;
- (b) Prepare such forces or units as may be necessary for the effective implementation of the national defense plans and programs and armed forces missions;

- 1 (c) Formulate and develop, in coordination with the other Major Services, doctrines, systems, tactics, techniques and procedures peculiar to the Army;
 - (d) Implement mobilization of the Army Reserve: and

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- (e) Perform such other functions and duties as may be provided by law or assigned by the CSAFP.
- Sec. 36. The Philippine Air Force (PAF). The PAF, headed by the Chief of the Philippine Air Force, shall provide forces that will be responsible for the conduct of prompt and sustained air operations in support of the AFP mission. It shall be composed of its headquarters, air combat, combat support sustainment units, and such other units as may be necessary for the conduct of air and support operations.
 - Sec. 37. Functions of the PAF. The PAF shall:
- (a) Develop, organize, train, equip, maintain, and sustain such air forces or units as may be necessary for the conduct of prompt and sustained operations;
- (b) Prepare such forces or units as may be necessary for the effective implementation of the national defense plans and programs and armed forces missions;
- (c) Formulate and develop, in coordination with the other Major Services, doctrines, systems, tactics, techniques and procedures peculiar to the Air Force;
 - (d) Implement mobilization of the Air Force Reserve; and
- (e) Perform such other functions and duties as may be provided by law or assigned by the CSAFP.
- Sec. 38. The Philippine Navy (PN). The PN, headed by the Chief of the Philippine Navy, shall provide forces that shall be employed for the conduct of prompt and sustained naval operations in support of the AFP missions. It shall be composed of its headquarters, naval forces, service support units, and such other units as may be necessary for the conduct of naval operations.
 - Sec. 39. Functions of the PN. The PN shall:
- Develop, organize, train, equip, maintain, and sustain such naval forces or units as may be necessary for the conduct of prompt and sustained operations;
- Prepare such forces or units as may be necessary for the effective implementation of the national defense plans and programs and armed forces missions;

- (c) Formulate and develop, in coordination with the other Major Services, doctrines, systems, tactics, techniques and procedures peculiar to the Navy;
 - (d) Implement mobilization of the Navy Reserve; and
- (e) Perform such other functions and duties as may be provided by law or assigned by the CSAFP.
- Sec. 40. *Technical and Administrative Service*. Each Major Service shall develop, organize, train, equip, maintain, and sustain their respective Technical and Administrative Service, composed of but not limited to, The Judge Advocate General Service, Medical Corps, Veterinary Corps, Medical and Administrative Corps, Nurse Corps, Dental Corps, Chaplain Service, and Corps of Professors.
- Sec. 41. *The Women's Auxiliary Corps.* The Women's Auxiliary Corps, as created by Republic Act No. 3835, as amended, shall be integrated in their respective Major Service. For this purpose, Republic Act No. 3835 is hereby repealed.

14 Chapter 4

A. MILITARY EDUCATION AND TRAINING INSTITUTIONS

Sec. 42. Organization, Mission and Function –

- (a) The Philippine Military Academy (PMA), AFP Education, Training, and Doctrine Command, Officer Candidate School (OCS), Non-commissioned Officer Academy and other military education and training institutions, organized and established by the CSAFP, with the approval of the SND, shall be under the command, control and direction of their respective military education and training Superintendent/Commandant;
- (b) the mission, functions, duties and responsibilities of the military education and training institutions shall be prescribed by the CSAFP, with the approval of the SND.
 - Sec. 43. The Philippine Military Academy (PMA). -
- (a) Mandate. The PMA categorized as a special higher education institution, is the primary training and educational institution of the AFP, which shall be its principal source of regular officers. PMA shall seek to have its academic program offerings be accredited by a reputable accrediting agency of national or international standard.
- (b) Organization. The PMA, headed by the Superintendent, shall be organized as prescribed by the SND, upon the recommendation of the CSAFP.

- (c) Development. The PMA, shall determine its teaching, manpower, curriculum, research and extension thrusts, plans and programs, standards and budget.
- (d) Cadet Corps. The student body of the PMA shall be known as the Cadet Corps Armed Forces of the Philippines (CCAFP) and shall have such strength, as the SND shall determine, upon the recommendation of the CSAFP.
- (e) Academic Board. There shall be an Academic Board organized by the Superintendent. The Board shall, in accordance with the rules and regulations prescribed by the CSAFP, have the power to confer baccalaureate degrees upon the cadets who satisfactorily complete the approved course of study.
- (f) Board of Visitors. The DND shall establish a board of visitors to look into the academic affairs of the PMA with the end of enhancing its educational systems. The composition of the Board of Visitors shall be prescribed by the SND.
- Sec. 44. *Authority to Establish Other Military Training Institutions.* The President, upon the recommendation of the CSAFP through the SND, is hereby authorized to establish other military training academies and institutions in the AFP.

B. ADMINISTRATION OF MILITARY DISCIPLINES AND JUSTICE SYSTEM

Sec. 45. Military Discipline and Justice. -

- (a) There shall be a military discipline and justice system consisting of rules governing the conduct of military personnel and providing a method of punishment for the purpose of enforcement of discipline and administration of justice in the AFP.
- (b) Military justice shall be applicable at all times and in all places to all persons subject to military law as defined by existing laws.
- (c) The President as Commander-in-Chief and subordinate authorities as provided for in this Act shall have the exclusive authority to administratively discipline military personnel for purely service-related offenses or infractions. The power to investigate and adjudicate administrative cases against military personnel for acts arising from the performance of official duties shall be under the exclusive jurisdiction of the AFP.

- (d) No order of separation, dismissal or discharge from the active service or acceptance of resignation of Commissioned Officers shall be implemented unless approved by the President.
- (e) There shall be reduction in grade, suspension of active service, and forfeiture, suspension, or withholding of pay and allowances of Commissioned Officers found to be administratively liable. The procedure, extent, grounds or system of which shall be prescribed by the President, as recommended by the SND. Other lower disciplinary measures against erring Commissioned Officers shall be prescribed by the SND.
- (f) Procedure, extent, grounds or system of reduction in grade, demotion of rank, suspension of active service, and forfeiture, suspension or withholding of pay and allowances of Enlisted Personnel by the CASFP shall be prescribed by the President, as recommended by the SND.

C. LEGAL ASSISTANCE

Sec. 46. *Extension of Legal Assistance.* – All military personnel charged of service-related or service-connected administrative, civil or criminal offenses, upon approval of their Chiefs of Component Services, shall be provided adequate legal representation and assistance by military lawyers or counsel of their own choice until conclusion of the case. Reasonable allocation can be charged against the fund of component service to support such case.

22 TITLE III

OTHER BUREAUS AND AGENCIES UNDER THE DEPARTMENT ARTICLE I – GENERAL PROVISIONS

- Sec. 47. *Control and Supervision*. The SND shall exercise control and supervision over the bureaus and agencies under this Title, as well as its personnel.
 - Sec. 48. Organization. –
- (a) Unless otherwise provided by law, the organization, functions, duties and responsibilities of the staff and operating units of each of the bureaus and agencies under the DND shall be as prescribed by the SND in appropriate rules and regulations issued for the purpose.

- (b) For this purpose, and in the interest of service, the SND may, in accordance with the policies or directives of the President:
- (1) Establish and organize staff, offices and units in the bureaus or agencies, and prescribe the titles, powers, functions and duties of the positions therein;
- (2) Abolish existing staff, offices and units in the bureaus or agencies not specifically provided for by law, or transfer or consolidate their functions and duties with other staff, offices or units; and
- (3) Abolish a position of any bureau or agency, and transfer or consolidate its functions and duties with those of another position.
- Sec. 49. Separation Benefits of Officials and Employees of Affected Bureaus or Agencies. Government employees displaced or separated from the service as a result of the restructuring pursuant to this Act shall be entitled to a separation pay and other benefits in accordance with existing laws, rules and regulations.

15 ARTICLE II

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THE GOVERNMENT ARSENAL

- Sec. 50. *Mandate.* The Government Arsenal (GA) shall develop, operate, maintain and secure facilities for the manufacture of weapons, munitions and other defense materiel to support the requirements of the AFP, Philippine National Police (PNP) and other law enforcement agencies; and to sell and export products in excess of the local demand.
- Sec. 51. *Power and Functions.* The GA shall have the following powers and functions:
- (a) Formulate and implement plans and programs towards the achievement of self-sufficiency in weapons, small arms ammunition, mortars, medium and large caliber ammunition and other munitions needed by the country's defense and security establishments;
- (b) Design, conduct research, develop, manufacture, procure, repair, stockpile and allocate weapons, munitions and other defense materiel subject to existing laws and regulatory requirements;
- (c) Sell and export products in excess of the requirements of the AFP and other law enforcement agencies, subject to existing laws;

(d) Devise ways and means for the efficient mobilization of civilian/private industry to augment its production for use of the defense and security forces; and

- (e) Establish, secure and operate government defense manufacturing plants, as necessary, in strategic locations within the country.
- Sec. 52. *Organization and Administration.* The GA shall be headed by a Director with one or more Assistant Directors, who shall support the Director in the administration, manufacturing, operations and other affairs of the bureau; all of whom shall be appointed by the President upon the recommendation of the SND, and who shall have the relevant expertise, training and experience in the field of munitions.
- Sec. 53. *Modernization of the Arsenal.* The modernization of the GA, for the development of production capabilities to enhance self-sufficiency in defense requirements, shall be part of the defense modernization program. The GA may use such production facilities as it may own or be provided with under this Act or as it may arrange, under joint venture, co-production or similar agreements with local and foreign entities.

ARTICLE III

NATIONAL DEFENSE UNIVERSITY

Sec. 54. *Transformation of the National Defense College of the Philippines* (NDCP). – In view of the rapidly evolving national and regional security environment, the current academic trends and research thrusts of defense institutions in the Asia Pacific, and the increasing need for specialized defense and security courses to enhance the academic foundation of promoting Philippine national security, the NDCP is hereby transformed into the National Defense University (NDU) categorized as a special higher education institution. To ensure the continuous operation of the college, all its personnel and resources shall be absorbed by the NDU.

The degree programs, instruction, faculty complement, research and facilities of the NDU shall be accredited by the Commission on Higher Education (CHED). The NDU shall likewise receive appropriate funding to fulfill the requirements of transforming into a defense university.

Sec. 55. *Mandate.* – In accordance with the standards set forth in pertinent laws and regulations on higher education, the NDU shall train and develop the competence of potential national defense leaders, civilian officials of the different

1 agencies and instrumentalities of the government, and selected executives from the private sector in the formulation and reviews of national security policies and 2 3 undertake research and studies as basis for the formulation of national defense and security policies, plans and programs. The NDU shall be headed by a President, and 4 assisted by an Executive Vice President, and four (4) Vice Presidents, all of whom shall 5 6 be appointed by the President of the Philippines, upon the recommendation of the SND. The NDU President shall have a term of six (6) years who shall have the following 7 minimum qualifications: 8

(a) A natural-born citizen;

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- (b) Holder of a masters or doctorate degree on defense and security;
- 11 (c) Proven track record as an administrator, preferably in the academe, 12 whether public or private, for at least five (5) years; and
- 13 (d) Must not have been convicted of any administrative offense and of any crime involving moral turpitude.
- Sec. 56. *Powers and Functions.* The University shall have the following powers and functions:
 - (a) Confer the degree of Master in National Security Administration (MNSA) upon the graduates thereof;
 - (b) Develop and confer degrees relating to defense and security;
 - (c) Conduct non-degree programs, special course, seminar workshops and symposia on defense and security;
 - (d) Undertake policy research and special studies on strategic defense and security issues;
 - (e) Produce research and development output of practical application to the various organizational units of defense;
 - (f) Establish relevant linkages and outreach programs that are mindful of service to the various organizational units of defense; and
 - (g) Perform other functions and duties as may be directed by the SND.
- Sec. 57. Organization and Administration. -
 - (a) The NDU President shall administer the affairs of the University with the assistance of the Executive Vice President, who shall act as NDU President in the latter's absence or incapacity, and shall perform such other functions and duties as

may be assigned to him by the NDU President or the SND. There shall be a Vice President for Academic Affairs, who shall be responsible for the development, implementation, supervision and evaluation of academic programs; a Vice President for Research and Special Studies, who shall be responsible for the conduct and supervision of research work and special studies for the Department; a Vice President for Military and Security Affairs, who shall be responsible for the overall military and security support to all the activities of the University; and a Vice President for Administration, who shall be responsible for the overall administrative support to all activities of the University.

- (b) The University shall have an Academic Board to assist the President discharge the following functions:
 - (1) Supervise the academic affairs of the University;

- (2) Recommend academic consultants, professors, lecturers, instructors, research assistants and other resource persons of the University; and,
- (3) Recommend the courses of studies to be conducted by the University to accomplish its objectives.
- (c) All resource persons of the University, including but not limited, to academic consultants, professors, lecturers, instructors, thesis advisers, members of examining and evaluating panels, examiners, correctors, and technicians who are regularly employed in the Government shall, in addition to their salaries, be entitled to receive honoraria, fees and other emoluments fixed by the SND, in accordance with accounting and budgeting rules.
- (d) The SND may establish a Board of Regents to assist and advise him in providing strategic direction and guidance necessary to ensure the accomplishment of the mandate of the University.
- Sec. 58. *Transition.* The SND shall determine the appropriate transition period for NDCP to attain the status and competency of becoming a university, provided not longer than three (3) fiscal years. Further, Congress shall allocate the necessary funds for the transformation of NDCP to NDU.

ARTICLE IV

OFFICE OF CIVIL DEFENSE

Sec. 59. *Mandate.* – The Office of the Civil Defense (OCD) shall have the primary mission of administering a comprehensive national civil defense and disaster risk reduction and management program during local and national emergencies by providing leadership in the continuous development of strategic and systematic approaches, as well as measures to reduce the vulnerabilities and risks to hazards and manage the consequences of disasters.

- Sec. 60. *Powers and Functions.* The OCD shall have the following powers and functions:
- (a) Establish and administer a comprehensive national civil defense and civil assistance program to include the allocation to agencies and local government units such aid and funds as may be made available by the national and other local governments, foreign governments, and international and local organizations;
- (b) Formulate policies and prepare plans for the protection and welfare of the civilian population in times of war or other national emergencies as may be determined by the President of the Philippines;
- (c) Furnish guidance and coordinate the activities of national government agencies, local government units, private institutions and civic organizations for natural and human-induced disasters;
- (d) Develop and coordinate a program for informing, educating and training the general public, volunteer workers and civil defense groups on civil defense and assistance measures and activities;
- (e) Prepare and disseminate disaster control annuals and other publications related to measures on disaster prevention and mitigation, preparedness, response, and rehabilitation and recovery;
- (f) Advise the SND on matters concerning civil defense and make recommendations from time to time as may be deemed appropriate or as the Secretary may require;
- (g) Provide assistance and secretariat services to the National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Council (NDRRMC) to implement the policies as set by the latter relative to disaster management;

- (h) Furnish guidance to the various provinces, cities and municipalities in the planning, accreditation, organization and operation of their civil defense organizations; and
 - (i) Perform such other civil defense functions as may be provided by law.
- Sec. 61. *Organization.* The OCD shall be headed by an Administrator who shall also serve as Executive Director of the NDRRMC and, as such, shall have the same duties and privileges of a department undersecretary. It shall operate under a duly approved organization and staffing as recommended by the SND.

9 ARTICLE V

PHILIPPINE VETERANS AFFAIRS OFFICE

- Sec. 62. *Mandate.* The Philippine Veterans Affairs Office (PVAO) shall be the government agency responsible for administering the benefits due to veterans and their qualified beneficiaries, and shall provide medical assistance to veterans pursuant to existing laws. It shall also administer, maintain and develop military memorials and battle monuments proclaimed as national shrines.
- Sec. 63. *Powers and Functions.* The Office shall have the following powers and functions:
- (a) Formulate and promulgate, subject to the approval of the SND, policies, rules and regulations governing the adjudication and administration of veterans claims and benefits;
- (b) Adjudicate and administer benefits, pensions and other privileges granted to veterans, their heirs and beneficiaries;
- (c) Provide medical care and treatment to veterans pursuant to existing programs and projects approved by the SND;
- (d) Administer, develop and maintain military shrines to promote patriotism and nationalism;
- (e) Formulate policies concerning the affairs, placement and training of former servicemen, and assist their widows and dependents, and other retired military personnel;
- 30 (f) Undertake the promotion of the general welfare of veterans and their 31 families; and
 - (g) Perform such other functions as may be provided for by law.

Sec. 64. *Organization.* - The PVAO shall be headed by an Administrator who may be assisted by one or more Deputy Administrators, all of whom shall be appointed by the President upon the recommendation of the SND. It shall have such staff and other operating units as may be prescribed by the SND.

FINAL PROVISIONS

Sec. 65. *Implementing Rules and Regulations*. - The DND and all concerned agencies shall formulate the corresponding IRR for proper implementation of this Act within six (6) months from the effectivity hereof. The said rules and regulations shall be approved by the President of the Philippines.

Sec. 66. *Appropriations.* — The initial funding requirements for the implementation of this Act shall be charged against existing appropriations of the concerned agencies and such other appropriate funding sources as the Department of Budget and Management may identify, subject to relevant laws, rules and regulations. Thereafter, such sums as may be necessary for the continued implementation of this Act shall be included in the General Appropriations Act.

Sec. 67. *Separability Clause.* - If any part or provision of this Act is held invalid or unconstitutional, other provisions not affected thereby shall remain in full force and effect.

Sec. 68. *Repealing Clause.* — All laws, decrees, orders, rules and regulations or parts thereof, which are contrary to or inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, shall hereby be repealed or modified accordingly. All affected provisions of existing laws shall be deemed effective until such promulgation of the IRR.

Sec. 69. *Effectivity Clause.* - This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days upon its complete publication in the *Official Gazette* or in at least two (2) newspapers of general circulation.

Approved,