NINETEENTH CONGRESS OF THE
REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES
First Regular Session



SENATE

S. No. 1908

23 FFR 21 P3:24

RECEIVED BY

Introduced by Senator MARK A. VILLAR

AN ACT INSTITUTIONALIZING THE EXPANDED TERTIARY EDUCATION EQUIVALENCY AND ACCREDITATION PROGRAM (ETEEAP) AND PROVIDING FUNDS THEREFOR

EXPLANATORY NOTE

Poverty remains to be a hindrance to achieve a student's dream to graduate. According to a report dated November 2022, there are over 5.6 million Filipino families living in poverty according to findings of the "Listahanan survey" released by the Department of Social Welfare and Development. Living below the poverty line normally causes students to surrender their dream careers and immediately seek for jobs to help for family expenses.

This is very true especially during the COVID-19 pandemic where the poor chose their family's survival at the expense of the dreams of their children. While they were able to gain immediate income due to their employment, it cannot be denied that they need to continue their education for them to qualify for promotion and salary increase as it entails educational qualification despite vast knowledge and experience.

The government is aware of this situation and had been helping Filipinos to continue their education while they were working. This is the objective of the Expanded Tertiary Education Equivalency and Accreditation Program (ETEEAP) - an alternative education program in the Philippines that allows working professionals, but were either unable to finish their college education or were completely unable to step into college for different reasons, to earn a bachelor's degree without going through traditional schooling methods.

Under ETEEAP, work experience is evaluated and converted to creditable educational units to reduce the number of subjects that a working professional has to earn to obtain a degree. With this program, only the remaining courses or subjects that did not have any equivalent in the evaluation process will be enrolled and should be completed in the traditional way.

This bill seeks to institutionalize ETEEAP as an integral part of the educational system in the Philippines. Through this bill, the existing ETEEAP shall be

strengthened and the criteria for basic qualifications thereof shall be laid down by the law to make it more accessible to Filipinos who wants to earn a degree while working. The law shall also create a consultative body headed by the Commission on Higher Education to provide a broad based inter-agency consultation to ascertain that the objective and reach of this program is being met by the government.

This is consistent with Section 2, Article XIV of the Constitution which provides that the State shall establish, maintain, and support a complete, adequate, and integrated system of education relevant to the needs of the people and society and, that the State shall encourage non-formal, informal, and indigenous learning systems, all well as self-learning, and out of school study programs particularly those that respond to community needs.

For this purpose, immediate approval of this bill is earnestly sought.

MARK A. VILLAR

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23 FEB 21 P3:24

SENATE S. No. <u>1908</u>



Introduced by Senator MARK A. VILLAR

AN ACT INSTITUTIONALIZING THE EXPANDED TERTIARY EDUCATION EQUIVALENCY AND ACCREDITATION PROGRAM (ETEEAP) AND PROVIDING FUNDS THEREFOR

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

- Section 1. Short Title. This Act shall be known as the "Expanded Tertiary Education Equivalency and Accreditation Program (ETEEAP) Act".
 - Sec 2. *Declaration of Policy.* It is hereby declared the policy of the State to protect and promote the right of all citizens to qualify education at all levels and shall take appropriate steps to make such education accessible to all.
 - Further, Section 2, Article XIV of the Constitution provides that the State shall establish, maintain, and support a complete, adequate, and integrated system of education relevant to the needs of the people and society and, that the State shall encourage non-formal, informal, and indigenous learning systems, all well as self-learning, and out of school study programs particularly those that respond to community needs.
 - In line with this, it is the goal of the Expanded Tertiary Education Equivalency and Accreditation Program (ETEEAP) to strengthen the system of academic equivalency and validation of the knowledge and expertise derived by individuals

- from relevant work experience and high-level, non-formal training in order to harness their full potentials.
 - Sec. 3. *Definition of Terms.* For purposes of this Act, the following terms shall mean:
 - a. Expanded Tertiary Education Equivalency and Accreditation Program refers to the alternate education program in the Philippines that allows working professionals but were either unable to finish their college education or were completely unable to step into college for different reasons, to earn bachelor's degree without going through traditional schooling methods;
 - b. *Higher Education Institution* refers to an institution of higher learning which primarily offers degree-granting programs duly recognized by the Commission on Higher Education (CHED) and leading to the conferment of a diploma; and
 - c. *Tertiary Education* refers to higher education degree programs and post-secondary technical-vocational programs.
 - Sec. 4. Expanded Tertiary Education Equivalency and Accreditation Program. Under this program, professionals with an aggregate of five (5) or more years of work experience can use the knowledge, experiences, achievements, and skills and obtained through their jobs to earn school credits that are then deducted from the total number of units or credits that they are required to earn before they graduate.
 - The following are the requirements to qualify for the program:
- a) Filipino citizens, whether in the Philippines or abroad;
 - b) Has at least five (5) years of working experiences;
- c) Birth Certificate issued by the Philippine Statistics Authority (PSA);
- d) 23 years of age or above;

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- e) Resume/Curriculum Vitae/Personal Data Sheet;
- f) Duly accomplished ETEEAP application form;
- g) Service Record or Employment Certificate signed by the Employer;
- 29 h) Job Description signed by the Employer; and
 - Transcript of Records.
- Sec. 5. *Commission on Higher Education.* The Commission on Higher Education (CHED) shall be the lead agency in the implementation of the provisions

of this Act. It shall accredit colleges and universities that seeks to offer the ETEEAP as part of their academic program.

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Sec. 6. *Powers and Functions of the Commission*. – For purposes of this Act, the Commission on Higher Education (CHED) shall discharge the following additional powers and functions in relation of the Expanded Tertiary Education Equivalency and Accreditation Program (ETEEAP):

- a) Certify, after thorough evaluation, the pertinent work experiences and knowledge of expertise acquired by individuals from high-level, non-formal and informal training towards the awarding of an appropriate academic degree;
- b) Determine the deficiencies of an applicant/awardee that would need remedial studies or academic supplementation through formal course work in order to satisfy pertinent requirements of a degree applied for;
- c) Develop, on a counting basis and with the assistance of technical panels and other competent authorities, standards, creative methodologies, and criteria for a diversified mode of assessing skills, values, knowledge, and levels of competence which should include, but not limited to, instruments such as written examinations, practical work and/or laboratory demonstrations, and qualification portfolio assessments;
- d) Deputize and/or accredit agencies, organizations and higher education institutions which will conduct equivalency assessments, develop assessments, and/or award degrees within their area of competence or specialization;
- e) Safeguard the continuing integrity and quality measures of the Expanded Tertiary Education Equivalency and Accreditation Program by linking and cooperating with appropriate development and regulatory agencies and institutions.
- f) Update the Social Development Committee of the National Economic and Development Authority (NEDA) Board on the implementation of the program for policy coordination and monitoring purposes;
- g) Set standard fees and other administrative charges for accreditation that will contribute to and be part of the Special Account of the Expanded

1	Tertiary Education Equivalency and Accreditation Program under the
2	Higher Education Development Fund (HEDF);
3	h) Convene a consultative or advisory body for the purpose of providing
4	broad-based inter-agency consultation, to be composed of:
5	1) Chairman of the CHED as the Chair;
6	2) Director-General of the Technical Education and Skills Development
7	Authority (TESDA) as the Vice-Chair;
8	3) Undersecretary for Programs of the Department of Education,
9	Culture, and Sports (DECS) as member;
10	4) Undersecretary of the Department of Science and Technology as
11	member;
12	5) Chairman of the Professional Regulation Commission (PRC) as
13	member;
14	6) Chairman of the National Youth Commission (NYC) as member;
15	7) Representative of private higher educations to be designated by the
16	Coordinating Council of Private Educational Assistance (COCOPEA)
17	as member;
18	8) Representative of state universities and colleges to the designated
19	by the Philippine Association of State Universities and Colleges
20	(PASUC) as member;
21	9) Representative of the business sector to be designated by the
22	Philippine Chamber of Commerce and Industry (PCCI) as member;
23	and
24	i) Such other powers and functions as may be provided by law.
25	Sec. 7. Technical Secretariat. – To ensure the effective implementation of the
26	Expanded Tertiary Education Equivalency and Accreditation Program (ETEEAP), the
27	CHED shall organize a permanent Technical Secretariat composed of highly
28	competent individuals with recognized expertise in alternative learning systems and
29	educational assessment. The Technical Secretariat shall provide technical support to
30	and shall be provided by and be lodged with the CHED. In addition, the CHED may
31	contract the services of external experts and authorities on equivalency and

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education measurement.

- Sec. 8. *Funding.* The amount necessary for the implementation of this Act shall be included in the annual General Appropriations Act. However, the Special Account in the Higher Education Development Fund (HEDF) may be used by the CHED as a supplemental source of funding whenever necessary and required for effective implementation of the Program.
- Sec. 9. *Implementing Rules and Regulations.* Within sixty (60) days from the approval of this Act, the Commission on Higher Education (CHED) shall promulgate the Implementing Rules and Regulations (IRR) to carry out the provisions of this Act.
- Sec. 10. *Separability Clause.* If any portion or provision of this Act is declared unconstitutional or invalid, the portions or provisions which are not affected shall continue to be in full force and effect.
- Sec. 11. Repealing Clause. All laws, decrees, orders, issuances, circulars, rules and regulations or parts thereof, which are inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed or modified accordingly. Nothing in this Act shall result in the diminution of the benefits and/or assistance given to overseas Filipino and migrant workers as provided in other laws, ordinances, rules, regulations, and issuances.
- Sec. 12. *Effectivity.* This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in the Official Gazette or in at least two (2) newspaper of general circulation in the Philippines.

Approved,