

Introduced by SENATOR JOEL VILLANUEVA

AN ACT TO ENHANCE THE CAPABILITY AND STREAMLINE ORGANIZATIONAL ROLES OF THE DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEFENSE AND ITS BUREAUS, APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

EXPLANATORY NOTE

The Philippines is facing serious internal and external security threats. Internally, the country is still dealing with the Moro Islamic Liberation Front (MILF), Abu Sayyaf Group, and Communist Party of the Philippines—New People's Army. Meanwhile, the territorial dispute between China and the Philippines over the Western Philippine Sea has yet to end.

To defend the Philippine territory against all current and future enemies, and uphold the sovereignty of the country, our national defense should be strengthened. Unfortunately, the National Defense Act has not been amended for over 88 years or since it was signed on December 21, 1935.

In preparation against internal and external hostilities of all kinds, this bill seeks to reform our defense policy by mandating the Department of National Defense (DND) as the primary government agency responsible for guarding against external threats to national security. It is also mandated to provide support to address internal threats, spur social and economic development, and promote the welfare of soldiers and veterans. This bill provides for the power and functions of the DND, its organizational structure, and its budget, among others.

In addition, this bill enumerates the powers and functions of the Armed Forces of the Philippines, and the functions of the Philippine Army, the Philippine Air Force, and the Philippine Navy in relation to Joint Force Operational Commands.

Lastly, this bill seeks to establish a Warrant Officer Corps, and strengthen the mandates of the Military Discipline and Justice System, the Government Arsenal, the National Defense University of the Philippines, the Office of Civil Defense, the Philippine Veterans Affairs Office, and the Veterans Medical Center.

As one of the priority measures supported by President Marcos, the immediate passage of this measure is earnestly sought.

SENATOR JØEL VILLANUEVA



NINETEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES

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Introduced by SENATOR JOEL VILLANUEVA

AN ACT

TO ENHANCE THE CAPABILITY AND STREAMLINE ORGANIZATIONAL ROLES OF THE DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEFENSE AND ITS BUREAUS, APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

PRELIMINARY PROVISIONS

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SECTION 1. Short Title. – This Act shall be known as "The National Defense Act of 2023."

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SEC. 2. *Declaration of National Defense Policies.* – The national defense policies of the Republic of the Philippines shall be as follows:

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(a) In defending the Philippines, the paramount consideration shall be national sovereignty, territorial integrity, national interest and the broad concern of national security.

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(b) The preservation of the State is the obligation of every citizen. The security, freedom, and independence of the Philippines shall be guaranteed by the mobilization of all citizens, without distinction of age, gender, civil status, ethnicity, religion, and all resources.

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(c) The civil authority shall at all times be supreme over the military. The President of the Philippines as the Commander-in-Chief of all armed forces shall be responsible in ensuring that mobilization measures are prepared at all times.

- (d) The national defense organization shall be adapted as closely as possible to the territorial and administrative organization of the Philippines.
- (e) The employment of the nation's citizens and resources for national defense shall be effected by mobilization based on the defense posture prescribed in defense policies.
- (f) The mobilization shall include the execution of all measures necessary to pass from a peace to a war footing or in any case of actual invasion or when public safety and security so requires as well as during its transition to normalcy or rehabilitation.
- (g) The mobilization plans of financial, industrial, economic, technological and social resources of the Philippines shall conform to the defense concept based on the defense policies and shall be prepared by the executive departments concerned in accordance with the following general policies:
 - (1) The respective responsibilities of the concerned executive departments in mobilization planning will be prescribed by the President; and
 - (2) Forces and resources shall be employed so as to ensure unity and continuity of effort until normalcy has been attained.
- (h) No profit incident to war shall accrue to any individual, corporation, association or partnership.
- (i) The State values the dignity of every human person, guarantees full respect for human rights, including, but not limited to, the rights of indigenous cultural communities, the equitable rights of all in peace building, gender and development, the protection of children and other vulnerable groups, and adheres to the generally accepted principles of international law, including applicable conventions, protocols and other international agreements.
- (j) The State shall pursue the development of an industrial capacity necessary for the development of self-reliant defense posture, providing adequate support to local industries and partnership with international entities.
- **SEC. 3.** Defense Conditions and Authority. Defense conditions shall be the basis for the designation of persons and entities to act on behalf of the State. Defense Conditions, hereinafter referred to as DEFCON, are levels of national security—peace, conflict and war— that tend to, or actually threaten, the security of the State. The level of defense conditions and the persons or entities designated to act in behalf of the State shall be prescribed by the President.

MOBILIZATION OF PERSONS AND RESOURCES

SEC. 4. *Military Service.* – Military service shall be obligatory for all ablebodied citizens 18 to 65 years of age, in case of war, invasion, rebellion, or a national emergency as declared by Congress. The methods and procedures for the classification, selection, examination, induction, training, mobilization, and release of all citizens from their military obligations shall be prescribed by the President.

- SEC. 5. Registration. The registration of citizens for obligatory military service shall be a military function carried out by the Major Services through their respective Reserve Commands.
 - **SEC. 6.** *Mobilization*. During mobilization, the President shall have the power to secure all such resources as may be necessary for national defense. The President may authorize and delegate the Secretary of National Defense (SND) to undertake the action and activities related thereto.
 - **SEC. 7. Defense Budget.** Within a period of ten (10) years, the total annual budget for the Department and its bureaus shall be progressively increased to up to two percent (2%) of the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) at Constant Prices of the Philippines of the preceding year to sustain effective defense posture.

TITLE I

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEFENSE Article I – General Provisions

- **SEC. 8.** *Mandate.* The Department of National Defense (DND) is the primary government agency with the duty of implementing the provisions of this Act. The defense establishment shall maximize its effectiveness for guarding against external threats to national security, provide support, as directed by the President, to conduct operations to address internal threats, support social and economic development, and promote the welfare of soldiers and veterans.
- **SEC. 9.** *Powers and Functions of the DND.* To carry out the above-declared mandate, the DND shall exercise and perform the following powers and functions:
- (a) Design, formulate and prepare national defense concepts, policies, strategies, plans and programs;
- (b) Formulate, develop and update defense policies of the country, including the mobilization plan for the employment of the country's citizens and resources for national defense;
- (c) Develop and build defense capabilities of the Armed Forces to address readiness and mission requirements and threats;

(d) Continue to institutionalize and develop the Defense System of Management (DSOM) that shall integrate, but not be limited to, strategic defense assessment, planning, resource and financial management, acquisition, control, support, administration, and decision-making responsibilities of the SND and DND senior leaders;

- (e) Control, monitor, coordinate, supervise and evaluate the implementation of national defense policies, plans, programs and activities;
- (f) Exercise supervision and control over the AFP, Government Arsenal (GA), Office of Civil Defense (OCD), Philippine Veterans Affairs Office (PVAO) and the National Defense University of the Philippines (NDUP);
- (g) Formulate, establish, implement and supervise the quality management system;
- (h) Establish, promote and maintain bilateral and multilateral linkages for defense and military cooperation with its international counterparts for the purpose of addressing traditional and non-traditional security threats;
- (i) Implement the country's international defense and security commitments based on defense and security treaties, cooperation agreements, international conventions, protocols and other similar arrangements;
- (j) Implement a Self-Reliant Defense Posture (SRDP) program to guarantee the enhancement of responsive and progressive capabilities and maximum utilization of resources; and
- (k) Perform such other defense-related functions as may be provided by law or directed by the President of the Philippines.
- **SEC. 10.** Contracts. The DND is hereby authorized to enter into, make, perform and carry out contracts of every class, kind and description which are necessary or incidental to the performance of its mandate as provided herein, with any person, firm or corporation, public or private, and with foreign government entities, subject to the provisions of existing laws, rules and regulations. Within ninety (90) days from the approval of this Act, the Secretaries of National Defense, Finance, Budget and Management, Trade and Industry, and the Director General of the National Economic and Development Authority (NEDA), in coordination with other relevant government agencies and upon prior consultation with stakeholders, shall jointly promulgate the rules and regulations to facilitate the importation and exportation of defense articles compliant with international conventions on the sale, transfer, trade of such articles, and applicability of tax laws, if necessary.

SEC. 11. Administration, Management and Control of Defense Real Properties. –

(a) The Department is hereby authorized to administer, operate, manage, control, maintain and develop defense real properties for strategic basing and to use, hold, acquire, or lease any private real property, right of way, or easement which may be proper or necessary for the accomplishment of its mandate as provided in this Act.

(b) The sale and/or exchange of strategic defense real properties shall be prohibited unless otherwise recommended by the SND and approved by the President of the Philippines.

(c) The lease and/or development of defense real properties, by joint venture or otherwise shall be allowed upon recommendation of the SND and approval by the President of the Philippines.

SEC. 12. Special Defense Materiel Acquisition. — Direct contracting of defense materiel shall be allowed when the acquisition for use by the Armed Forces of the Philippines (AFP) involves special defense equipment or materiel or the SND has determined that the interests of the country shall be protected.

The DND shall give preference to the Self-Reliant Defense Posture as a means to acquire defense materiel and equipment prioritizing local defense industry manufacturers, and in case of foreign procurements, must be willing to set up an in-country manufacturing and production facility with technology. In all cases, technology transfer schemes and the employment and training of Filipino technical skilled workers, scientists and engineers shall be included prioritized. Collaboration among government, academe and industries shall likewise be encouraged, particularly in defense research and development (R&D).

The SND is hereby authorized to enter into contracts and agreements, particularly under international defense cooperation agreements with technology transfer industry development components.

A best rated offer shall be applied for Filipino-owned defense industries located within the Philippines.

Existing incentives provided by other existing laws, rules and regulation shall be accorded to both local and foreign-owned defense industries similar to the investment incentives of the Philippine Economic Zone Authority (PEZA), Board of Investments (BOI) and the like, to further promote incountry manufacturing and production.

Unless otherwise provided in the Implementing Rules and Regulations of this Act, other appropriate modes of acquisition, including those under the Government Procurement Reform Act of Republic Act No. 9184 may apply.

SEC. 13. *Grants and Donations.* – The Department may accept donations, contributions, and grants from various sources, domestic or foreign, for purposes relevant to its functions or intended for its bureaus and agencies:

Provided, That in case of donations from foreign governments or persons, acceptance thereof shall be subject to existing laws, rules and regulations.

SEC 14 Defense and Cooperation - The DND may develop enhance and

SEC. 14. *Defense and Cooperation*. – The DND may develop, enhance and sustain multi-dimensional defense and security cooperation and engagements with the defense establishments and armed forces of other countries, and other regional and international organizations based on the principle of good governance, mutual benefit and respect, and in line with the foreign policies of the Philippines.

Article II - Organization

 SEC. 15. *Organizational Structure.* – The Defense Department shall be composed of the DND-Proper and its bureaus namely, the AFP, PVAO, GA, NDUP, OCD and other agencies and instrumentalities which shall be under the supervision and control of the SND.

SEC. 16. *Composition.* – The DND-Proper shall be composed of the Office of the SND and the Offices of the Undersecretaries and Executive Staff.

SEC. 17. *Defense Service Staff Personnel.* – There shall be a Defense Service Staff Corps to provide the skills, technical assistance, and support services in the DND. Within two years from the effectivity of this Act, the President, upon the recommendation of the SND and the Secretary of Budget and Management shall submit for the consideration of Congress a detailed plan for the organization, rank structure, salaries, benefits, promotion, separation, retirement, and such other management requirements for the operationalization of the Defense Career Service Staff Corps and its Career Program which shall be implemented by the DND.

SEC. 18. Office of the Secretary. – The Office of the Secretary shall consist of the SND and his/her immediate staff as determined by him/her.

SEC. 19. Powers and Functions of the Secretary. – The authority and responsibility for the exercise of the mandate of the DND and the discharge of its powers and functions shall be vested in the SND, who shall have control and supervision of the DND, including its bureaus and agencies. The Secretary shall also perform such other functions as may be necessary or proper to attain the objectives of this Act or as may be provided by law or directed by the President.

TITLE II

THE ARMED FORCES OF THE PHILIPPINES Article I – General Provisions

SEC. 20, Declaration of Policies. -

- (a) The AFP, as the protector of the people and the State, shall secure the sovereignty and defend the territory of the Republic of the Philippines against all threats;
- (b) The AFP shall uphold the Constitution and adhere to the rule of law at all times;
- (c) Professionalism in the armed forces and adequate remuneration and benefits of its members shall be a prime concern of the State; and
- (d) The AFP, as an institution, shall be insulated from partisan politics. No member of the military shall engage, directly or indirectly, in any partisan political activity, except to exercise his/her right to suffrage.

Article II - The Regular Force A. ORGANIZATION AND COMPOSITION Chapter 1 - General Provisions

- **SEC. 21.** *Mission and Functions.* The AFP is the protector of the people and the State. Its goal is to secure the sovereignty of the State and the integrity of the national territory. It shall have the duty to:
 - (a) Defend against all forms of threats to national defense and security;
- (b) Design, plan, organize, train, equip, develop, employ and sustain its Regular and Reserve Forces for national defense and security; and
- (c) Perform such other functions as may be provided by law or assigned by the Commander-in-Chief.
- **SEC. 22.** Chain of Command. The exercise of authority, direction, command and control over the AFP shall be carried out through the Chain of Command, which is the line of authority and responsibility along which orders are passed, beginning from the President as the Commander-in-Chief, through the SND, to the Chief of Staff of the Armed Forces of the Philippines (CSAFP) / Chairman of the Joint Chiefs (CJC) down to the commander of the lowest echelon of command in the AFP: Provided, That this does not preclude the SND from issuing orders directly to the AFP in accordance with its functions as Department Head.
- **SEC. 23.** Organization and Composition. The AFP shall be composed of a citizen armed force which shall undergo military training and service, as may be provided by law. The citizen armed force shall be composed of all reservists, officers, and enlisted men on inactive status. The AFP shall keep a regular force necessary for the security of the State. The AFP shall be initially composed of three (3) major services: the Philippine Army (PA), the Philippine Air Force (PAF), and the Philippine Navy (PN). The AFP composition shall be guided by the Table of Organization and Equipment (TOE) prescribed by the SND upon recommendation of the CSAFP/CJC.

SEC. 24. Size and Composition. - The Regular Force, alternately referred to as the Standing Force, shall be initially composed of the following: (a) Regular Officers and Enlisted Personnel;

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(b) Reservists called to active duty, or on active duty tour for training:

(c) Draftees, trainees and government-sponsored Filipino cadets enrolled in local or foreign military schools; and

(d) Warrant officers, as may be established pursuant to Section 43 and Section 44 of this Act.

The size and composition of the Regular Force shall be prescribed by the Table of Organization and Equipment (TOE) as approved by the SND and

14 15 16 shall be the basis of staffing the AFP. 17

SEC. 25. Organizational Principle. - The SND, upon the recommendation of the CSAFP/CJC, shall organize the AFP into such commands, forces and units in accordance with operational requirements. For this purpose, the national territory may be divided into such operational areas as the SND may direct.

SEC. 26. Organizational Structure. - The Regular Force of the AFP shall consist of the Joint Headquarters: the Joint Force Operational Commands; the Major Services namely, the PA, the PN and the PAF; and the other existing commands, units, offices and services of the AFP.

SEC. 27. Operational Principles. - The operational principles of the AFP shall be as follows:

(a) The Commander-in-Chief shall exercise command and control through the CSAFP/CJC with the supervision of the SND. The Joint Headquarters AFP shall command and control the AFP;

(b) The Joint Headquarters AFP shall exercise centralized command and control to ensure unity and coordination of efforts throughout the military establishment;

(c) The Joint Force Operational Commands, as force employers, shall be responsible for the decentralized execution of joint operations to achieve maximum operational effectiveness within the military establishment, unless otherwise determined by the CSAFP/CJC through the supervision of the SND:

(d) The Major Services, as force providers, shall be responsible for the development, organization, training, equipping, maintenance and sustainment of combat forces, combat service forces, technical and administrative service, and combat service support forces; and

1 2	(e) The AFP Reserve Force shall provide for the base of expansion of the Major Services.
3 4 5	Chapter 2 - The General Headquarters Armed Forces of the Philippines
6	CEO CO Manufacto . The Consent the deventors which shall be been ded by
7	SEC. 28. <i>Mandate.</i> – The General Headquarters, which shall be headed by
8	the CSAFP/CJC, shall command and control the AFP.
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10	SEC. 29. <i>Organization.</i> – The General Headquarters shall be composed of
11	the Office of the CSAFP, Office of the Vice Chief of Staff, Office of the Deputy
12	Chief of Staff; the AFP Joint, Personal and Special Staff and other key staff
13	offices and units necessary for the effective command and control of the
14	AFP, as recommended by the CSAFP/CJC with the approval of the SND.
15	The factor of the control of the factor of the control of the cont
16	SEC. 30. Powers and Functions The CSAFP/CJC shall:
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18	(a) Serve as the principal military advisor to the President and the SND;
	(a) Serve as the philicipal military advisor to the Freshdent and the SND,
19	(b) De responsible for the fermination of the notional military strategy.
20	(b) Be responsible for the formulation of the national military strategy
21	consistent with the national defense strategy;
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23	(c) Be responsible for the development of the policies, strategies,
24	missions, plans and programs of the AFP; and
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26	(d) Prescribe the organization, powers, functions and duties of the
27	various staff, services, and other units of the AFP in accordance with the
28	country's national defense policy.
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30	SEC. 31. The Joint Staff The Joint Staff, as coordinating staff, shall advise
31	and assist the CSAFP/CJC in the performance of his/her functions. The
32	organization, functions and duties of the Joint Staff shall be prescribed by the
33	CSAFP/CJC.
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35	SEC. 32. Special Staff The Special Staff, as specialized, technical and
36	administrative staff, shall advise and assist the CSAFP/CJC in the
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37	performance of his/her functions. The organization, functions and duties of
38	the Special Staff shall be prescribed by the CSAFP/CJC.
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40	SEC. 33. Authority to Reorganize the General Headquarters In the
41	interest of efficiency and effectiveness, the CSAFP/CJC, upon the approval of
42	the SND, may:
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44	(a) Establish and organize staffs, offices and units in the General
45	Headquarters in addition to the AFP Joint, Personal and Special Staff, and
46	prescribe the organization, mission and functions; and

(b) Establish, organize, and/or abolish Staffs, offices and units in the AFP and prescribe their structure, mission, functions, duties and responsibilities, and other parameters and standards.

Chapter 3 – Joint Force Operational Commands

SEC. 34. Organization, Mission and Function. -

- (a) The Joint Force Operational Commands shall be organized and established by the CSAFP/CJC as approved by the SND, and shall be under the command, control and operational direction of its Joint Force Commander.
- (b) The mission, functions, duties and responsibilities and joint area of operations of the Joint Force Operational Commands shall be prescribed by the SND, in consultation with, or upon the recommendation of the CSAFP/CJC.
- **SEC. 35.** The Philippine Army (PA). The PA, headed by the Chief of the Philippine Army, shall provide forces that are responsible for the conduct of prompt and sustained joint and combined ground operations in support of the AFP mission. It shall be composed of its headquarters, maneuver units, and sustainment units and such other units as may be necessary for the conduct of ground operations.

SEC. 36. Functions of the PA. - The PA shall:

- (a) Develop, organize, train, equip, maintain, and sustain such ground forces or units as may be necessary for the conduct of prompt and sustained operations;
- (b) Prepare such forces or units as may be necessary for the effective implementation of the national defense plans and programs and armed forces missions:
- (c) Formulate and develop, in coordination with the other Major Services, doctrines, systems, tactics, techniques and procedures peculiar to the Army;
 - (d) Implement mobilization of the Army Reserve; and
- (e) Perform such other functions and duties as may be provided by law or assigned by the CSAFP.
- **SEC. 37.** The Philippine Air Force (PAF). The PAF, headed by the Chief of the Philippine Air Force, shall provide forces that will be responsible for the conduct of prompt and sustained air operations in support of the AFP mission. It shall be composed of its headquarters, air combat, combat support and sustainment units and such other units as may be necessary for the conduct of air and support operations.

SEC. 38. Functions of the PAF. - The PAF shall:

- (a) Develop, organize, train, equip, maintain, and sustain such air forces or units as may be necessary for the conduct of prompt and sustained operations;
- (b) Prepare such forces or units as may be necessary for the effective implementation of the national defense plans and programs and armed forces missions;
- (c) Formulate and develop, in coordination with the other Major Services, doctrines, systems, tactics, techniques and procedures peculiar to the Air Force:
 - (d) Implement mobilization of the Air Force Reserve; and
- (e) Perform such other functions and duties as may be provided by law or assigned by the CSAFP.
- **SEC. 39.** The Philippine Navy (PN). The PN, headed by the Chief of the Philippine Navy, shall provide forces that shall be employed for the conduct of prompt and sustained naval operations in support of the AFP missions. It shall be composed of its headquarters, naval forces, service support and sustainment units and such other units as may be necessary for the conduct of naval operations.

SEC. 40. Functions of the PN. – The PN shall:

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- (a) Develop, organize, train, equip, maintain, and sustain such naval forces or units as may be necessary for the conduct of prompt and sustained operations;
- (b) Prepare such forces or units as may be necessary for the effective implementation of the national defense plans and programs and armed forces missions;
- (c) Formulate and develop, in coordination with the other Major Services, doctrines, systems, tactics, techniques and procedures peculiar to the Navy;
 - (d) Implement mobilization of the Navy Reserve; and
- (e) Perform such other functions and duties as may be provided by law or assigned by the CSAFP.
- **SEC. 41.** *Technical and Administrative Service.* Each Major Service shall develop, organize, train, equip, maintain, and sustain their respective Technical and Administrative Service composed of, but not limited to, The Judge Advocate General Service, Medical Corps, Veterinary Corps, Medical and Administrative Corps, Nurse Corps, Dental Corps, Chaplain Service, and Corps of Professors.

SEC. 42. *The Women's Auxiliary Corps.* – The Women's Auxiliary Corps as created by Republic Act No. 3835, as amended, otherwise known as An Act to Establish the Women's Auxiliary Corps in the Armed Forces of the Philippines, to Provide the Procurement of its Officers and Enlisted Personnel, and for Other Purposes, shall be integrated into their respective Major Service. For this purpose, Republic Act No. 3835 is hereby repealed.

Chapter 4 – Establishment of Warrant Officers Corps

SEC. 43. Warrant Officers Corps. – There is hereby established a corps of highly technical and specialized officers appointed to the regular force. Within two (2) years from the effectivity of this Act, the President, upon the recommendation of the SND and the Secretary of Budget and Management, shall submit for the consideration of Congress a detailed plan for the organization, rank structure, salaries, benefits, promotion, separation, retirement, and such other management requirements for the operationalization of the Warrant Officers Corps.

Chapter 5 – Military Education and Training Institutions

SEC. 44. Organization, Mission and Function. -

(a) The Philippine Military Academy (PMA), AFP Education, Training, and Doctrine Command, Officer Candidate School (OCS), Non-commissioned Officer Academy and other military education and training institutions organized and established by the CSAFP with the approval of the SND shall be under the command, control and direction of their respective military education and training Superintendent/Commandant.

(b) The mission, functions, duties and responsibilities of the military education and training institutions shall be prescribed by the CSAFP with the approval of the SND.

SEC. 45. The Philippine Military Academy (PMA). -

(a) Mandate. – The PMA shall be categorized as a special higher education institution which shall serve as the primary training and educational institution of the AFP and shall be its principal source of regular officers. The PMA shall seek to have its academic program offerings accredited by a reputable accrediting agency of national or international standard.

(b) Organization. – The Academy, headed by the Superintendent, shall be organized as prescribed by the SND, upon the recommendation of the CSAFP/CJC.

(c) Development. – The Academy shall determine its teaching, human resource, curriculum, research and extension thrusts, plans and programs, standards and budget.

(d) Cadet Corps. - The student body of the Academy shall be known as

the Cadet Corps Armed Forces of the Philippines (CCAFP) and shall have such strength, as the SND shall determine, upon the recommendation of the CSAFP/CJC.

(e) Academic Board. – There shall be an Academic Board organized by the Superintendent. The Board shall, in accordance with the rules and regulations prescribed by the CSAFP, have the power to confer baccalaureate degrees upon the cadets who satisfactorily complete the approved course of study.

(f) Board of Visitors. – The DND shall establish a Board of Visitors to look into the academic affairs of the Academy with a view to enhancing its educational systems. The composition of the Board of Visitors shall be prescribed by the SND.

SEC. 46. Authority to Establish Other Military Training Institutions. – The President, upon the recommendation of the CSAFP/CJC through the SND, is hereby authorized to establish other military training academies and institutions in the AFP.

B. ADMINISTRATION OF MILITARY DISCIPLINE AND JUSTICE SYSTEM

SEC. 47. Military Discipline and Justice. -

(a) There shall be a military discipline and justice system consisting of rules governing the conduct of military personnel and providing a method of punishment for the purpose of enforcement of discipline and administration of justice in the AFP.

(b) Military justice shall be applicable at all times and in all places to all persons subject to military law as defined by existing laws.

(c) The President as Commander-in-Chief and subordinate authorities as provided for in this Act shall have the exclusive authority to administratively discipline military personnel for purely service-related offenses or infractions. The power to investigate and adjudicate administrative cases against military personnel for acts arising from the performance of official duties shall be under the exclusive jurisdiction of the AFP.

(d) No order of separation, dismissal or discharge from the active service or acceptance of resignation of Commissioned Officers shall be implemented unless approved by the President.

 (e) There shall be a reduction in grade, suspension of active service, and forfeiture, suspension, or withholding of pay and allowances of Commissioned Officers found administratively liable. The procedure, extent, grounds or system for such shall be prescribed by the President as recommended by the SND. Other lower disciplinary measures against erring Commissioned Officers shall be prescribed by the SND.

1 2	(f) The procedure, extent, grounds or system of reduction in grade, demotion of rank, suspension of active service, and forfeiture, suspension or
3	withholding of pay and allowances of Enlisted Personnel shall be prescribed
4 5	by the CSAFP.
6	(g) The AFP shall review and revise the existing Manual for Courts-
7	Martial for the approval of the President through the SND.
8	wartarior the approvar of the Fresident through the GND.
9	C. LEGAL ASSISTANCE
10	SEC. 48. Extension of Legal Assistance. – All military personnel charged of
11	service-related or service-connected, civil or criminal cases, upon the
12	determination by The Judge Advocate General or the concerned Major
13	Service Judge Advocate of the fact of service connection, with the approval of
14	the concerned Chief of Major Services, shall be provided adequate and
15	competent legal representation and assistance by military lawyers or counsel
16	of their own choice until the logical conclusion of their cases. Reasonable
17	programmed allocation can be charged against the budget of the concerned
18	component service to support the effective handling and defense of this
19	category of cases.
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21	TITLE III
22	OTHER BUREAUS AND AGENCIES UNDER THE DEPARTMENT
23	ARTICLE I - GENERAL PROVISIONS
24	SEC 49 Supervision and Control The SND shall eversing supervision
25 26	SEC. 49. Supervision and Control. – The SND shall exercise supervision and control over the bureaus and agencies under this Title, as well as its
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29	SEC. 50. Organization. –
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31	(a) Unless otherwise provided by law, the organization, functions, duties
32	and responsibilities of the staff and operating units of each of the bureaus and
33	agencies under the DND shall be as prescribed by the SND in appropriate
34	rules and regulations issued for the purpose.
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36	(b) For this purpose, and in the interest of service, the SND may, in
37	accordance with the policies or directives of the President:
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39	(1) Establish and organize staffs, offices and units in the bureaus
40	or agencies and prescribe the titles, powers, functions and duties of the
41	positions therein;
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43	(2) Abolish existing staffs, offices and units in the bureaus or
44	agencies not specifically provided by law, or transfer or consolidate their
45	functions and duties with other staffs, offices or units; and
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47	(3) Abolish a position of any bureau or agency and transfer or
48	consolidate its functions and duties with those of another position.

SEC. 51. Separation Benefits of Officials and Employees of Affected Bureaus or Agencies. – Government employees displaced or separated from the service as a result of the restructuring pursuant to this Act shall be entitled to separation pay and other benefits in accordance with existing laws, rules or regulations.

ARTICLE II THE GOVERNMENT ARSENAL

SEC. 52. *Mandate.* – The Government Arsenal (GA) shall develop, operate, maintain and secure facilities for the manufacture of weapons, munitions and other defense materiel to support the requirements of the AFP, Philippine National Police (PNP) and other law enforcement agencies, and, to sell and export products in excess of the local demand.

SEC. 53. *Power and Functions.* – The GA shall have the following powers and functions:

(a) Formulate and implement plans and programs towards the achievement of self-sufficiency in weapons, small arms ammunition, mortars, medium and large caliber ammunition and other munitions needed by the country's defense and security establishments;

(b) Design, conduct research, develop, manufacture, procure, repair, stockpile and allocate weapons, munitions and other defense materiel subject to existing laws and regulatory requirements;

(c) Sell and export products in excess of the requirements of the AFP and other law enforcement agencies, subject to existing laws;

(d) Devise ways and means for the efficient mobilization of civilian/private industry to augment its production for use of the defense and security forces; and

(e) Establish, secure and operate government defense manufacturing plants, as necessary, in strategic locations within the country.

 SEC. 54. Organization and Administration. – The GA shall be headed by a Director with one or more Assistant Directors who shall support the Director in the administration, manufacturing operations and other affairs of the bureau; all of whom shall be appointed by the President upon the recommendation of the SND, and who shall have the relevant expertise, training and experience in the field of munitions.

SEC. 55. *Modernization of the Arsenal.* – The modernization of the GA for the development of production capabilities to enhance self-sufficiency in defense requirements, shall be part of the defense modernization program. The GA may use such production facilities as it may own or be provided with under this Act or as it may arrange, under joint venture, co-production or similar agreements with local and foreign entities, which arrangements may

include SRDP, sales, and tax privileges as concurred with by the Department of Finance in accordance with law.

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ARTICLE III NATIONAL DEFENSE UNIVERSITY

SEC. 56. Transformation of the National Defense College of the Philippines (NDCP). - In view of the rapidly evolving national and regional security environment, the current academic trends and research thrusts of defense institutions in the Asia Pacific, and the increasing need for specialized defense and security courses to enhance the academic foundation of promoting Philippine national security. The National Defense College of the Philippines (NDCP) is hereby transformed into the National Defense University of the Philippines (NDUP) categorized as a special higher education institution. To ensure the continuous operation of the College, all its personnel and resources shall be absorbed by the NDUP.

The degree programs, instruction, faculty complement, research, and facilities of the NDUP shall be accredited by the Commission on Higher Education (CHED). The NDUP shall likewise receive appropriate funding to fulfill the requirements of transforming into a defense university.

SEC. 57. Mandate. - In accordance with the standards set forth in pertinent laws and regulations on higher education, the NDUP shall train and develop potential national defense leaders, civilian officials of the different agencies and instrumentalities of the Government, and selected executives from the private sector in the formulation and review of national security policies and in undertaking research and studies which shall be the basis for the formulation of national defense and security policies, plans and programs.

The NDUP shall be headed by a President, and assisted by an Executive Vice President, and four (4) Vice-Presidents, all of whom shall be appointed by the President of the Philippines, upon the recommendation of the SND. The NDUP President shall have a term of six (6) years.

- SEC. 58. Powers and Functions. The University shall have the following powers and functions:
- (a) Confer the degree of Master in National Security Administration (MNSA) to candidates who have satisfactorily complied with the requirements of the program;
- (b) Develop and confer other baccalaureate, master's, and doctorate degrees on defense and security;
- (c) Conduct non-degree programs, special courses, seminar workshops and symposia on defense and security;
- (d) Undertake policy research and special studies as well as policy formulation on strategic defense and security issues;

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(e) Produce research and development output of practical application to the various organizational units of defense;

- (f) Establish relevant linkages and outreach programs that are mindful of service to the various organizational units of defense; and
 - (g) Perform other functions and duties as may be directed by the SND.

SEC. 59. Organization and Administration. -

(a) The NDUP President shall administer the affairs of the University with the assistance of the Executive Vice President, who shall act as NDUP President in the absence or incapacity of the NDUP President, and shall perform such other functions and duties as may be assigned to him/her by the NDUP President or the SND.

There shall be a Vice-President for Academic Affairs, who shall be responsible for the development, implementation, supervision and evaluation of academic programs; a Vice-President for Research and Special Studies, who shall be responsible for the conduct and supervision of research work and special studies for the Department; a Vice-President for Military and Security Affairs, who shall be responsible for the overall military and security support to all the activities of the University; and a Vice-President for Administration, who shall be responsible for the overall administrative support to all the activities of the University.

- (b) The University shall have an Academic Board to assist the President in discharging the following functions:
 - (1) Supervise the academic affairs of the University;
 - (2) Recommend academic consultants, professors, lecturers, instructors, research assistants and other resource persons of the University; and
 - (3) Recommend the courses of studies to be conducted by the University to accomplish its objectives.
- (c) All resource persons of the University, including, but not limited to, academic consultants, professors, lecturers, instructors, thesis advisers, members of examining and evaluating panels, examiners, correctors, and technicians who are regularly employed in the Government shall, in addition to their salaries, be entitled to receive honoraria, fees and other emoluments fixed by the SND in accordance with accounting and budgeting rules.
- (d) The SND may establish a Board of Regents to assist and advise him/her and the NDUP President in providing strategic direction and guidance necessary to ensure the accomplishment of the mandate of the University.

1 **SEC. 60.** Transition. – The SND shall determine the appropriate transition 2 period for NDCP to attain the status and competency of a university. Further, 3 Congress shall allocate the necessary funds for the transformation of NDCP 4 to NDUP. 5 6 **ARTICLE IV** 7 OFFICE OF CIVIL DEFENSE 8 9 SEC. 61. Mandate. - The OCD shall have the primary mission of 10 administering a comprehensive national civil defense and disaster risk reduction and management program during local and national emergencies 11 12 by providing leadership in the continuous development of strategic and 13 systematic approaches, as well as measures to reduce the vulnerabilities and 14 risks to hazards and manage the consequences of disasters. 15 16 SEC. 62. Powers and Functions. - The Office shall have the following 17 powers and functions: 18 19 (a) Establish and administer a comprehensive national civil defense and 20 civil assistance program, and to include sufficient allocation to agencies and 21 local government units (LGUs) such aid and funds as may be made available 22 by the national government, assisting governments, and international and 23 local organizations; 24 25 (b) Formulate policies and prepare plans for the protection and welfare 26 27 be determined by the President of the Philippines; 28 29 (c) Furnish guidance and coordinate the activities of national 30 31

- of the civilian population in times of war or other national emergencies as may
- government agencies, LGUs, private institutions, and civic organizations for natural and human-induced disasters:

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- (d) Develop and coordinate a program for informing, educating and training the general public, volunteer workers and civil defense groups on civil defense and assistance measures and activities:
- (e) Prepare and disseminate disaster control manuals and other publications related to measures on disaster prevention and mitigation, preparedness, response and rehabilitation and recovery;
- (f) Advise the SND on matters concerning civil defense and make recommendations from time to time as may be deemed appropriate or as the Secretary may require;
- (g) Provide assistance and secretariat services to the National Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Council (NDRRMC) to implement the policies set by the latter relative to disaster management;
- (h) Furnish guidance to various provinces, cities and municipalities in the planning, accreditation, organization and operation of their civil defense

organizations; and
(i) Perform such other civil defense functions as may be provided by law.
SEC. 63. <i>Organization.</i> – The OCD shall be headed by an Administrator who shall also serve as Executive Director of the NDRRMC and, as such, shall have the same duties and privileges of a department undersecretary. It shall operate under a duly approved organization and staffing pattern as recommended by the SND.
ARTICLE V PHILIPPINE VETERANS AFFAIRS OFFICE
SEC. 64. <i>Mandate.</i> – The Philippine Veterans Affairs Office (PVAO) shall be the government agency responsible for administering the benefits due to veterans and their qualified beneficiaries and shall provide medical assistance to veterans pursuant to existing laws. It shall also administer, maintain and develop military memorials and battle monuments proclaimed as national shrines.
SEC. 65. <i>Powers and Functions.</i> – The PVAO shall have the following powers and functions:
(a) Formulate and promulgate, subject to the approval of the SND, policies, rules and regulations governing the adjudication and administration of veterans claims and benefits;
(b) Adjudicate and administer benefits, pensions and other privileges granted to veterans, their heirs and beneficiaries;
(c) Provide medical care and treatment to veterans pursuant to existing programs and projects approved by the SND;
(d) Administer, develop and maintain military shrines;
(e) Develop patriotism and nationalism, and preserve and promote the ideas of <i>kagitingan</i> in the sacrifices and heroic deeds of veterans;
(f) Formulate policies concerning the affairs, placement and training of ex-service members and assist their widows/widowers and dependents, and other retired military personnel;
(g) Undertake the promotion of the general welfare of veterans and their families; and
(h) Perform such other functions as may be provided by law.
SEC. 66. <i>Organization.</i> – The PVAO shall be headed by an Administrator who may be assisted by one or more Deputy Administrators, all of whom shall

be appointed by the President upon the recommendation of the SND. It shall have such staff and other operating units as may be prescribed by the SND.

SEC. 67. Veterans Medical Center (VMC). – The Veterans Memorial Medical Center (VMMC) is hereby renamed as Veterans Medical Center (VMC) and placed under the supervision and control of DND through PVAO. The SND shall immediately include in the Department's programs the operationalization of the new VMC, the funding of which shall be included in the Annual General Appropriations Act.

FINAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 68. *Implementing Rules and Regulations.* – Within twelve (12) months from the effectivity of this Act, the DND and all concerned agencies, upon prior consultation with relevant stakeholders, shall formulate the appropriate Implementing Rules and Regulations (IRR) for the proper implementation of this Act. The IRR shall be approved by the President of the Philippines.

SEC. 69. Appropriations. – The amount necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act shall be included in the General Appropriations Act of the year following its enactment into law. Thereafter, such sums as may be necessary for its continued implementation, especially those pertaining to the approved TOE or its equivalent document in civilian bureaus, shall be included in the annual General Appropriations Act.

SEC. 70. Separability Clause. – If any part or provision of this Act is held invalid or unconstitutional, other provisions not affected thereby shall remain in force and effect.

SEC. 71. Repealing Clause. – All laws, Executive Orders, Presidential Decrees, rules and regulations inconsistent herewith are deemed modified and repealed accordingly. For the avoidance of doubt, all affected provisions of existing laws shall be deemed effective until the promulgation of the IRR of this Act.

SEC. 72. Effectivity Clause. – This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days upon its complete publication in the Official Gazette or in at least two (2) newspapers of general circulation, whichever comes first.

Approved,