NINETEENTH CONGRESS REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES *First Regular Session* 



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#### SENATE

s.b. no<u>226</u>4

## Introduced by SENATOR RONALD "BATO" DELA ROSA

#### **AN ACT**

# MANDATING THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE TO ESTABLISH A NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL CROP PROGRAM, APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

#### **EXPLANATORY NOTE**

Food security is one of the most important issues that any country must give priority to. It is essentially the ability of the people to have access to bountiful, nutritious, and reasonably priced food that would give daily sustenance to one's family.

President Ferdinand R. Marcos, Jr. shared in the recently concluded World Economic Forum that: "Food security remains at the forefront of our national agenda. Anchored in our vision for a prosperous, resilient, and secure Philippines by the year 2040." <sup>1</sup>

It is only fitting therefore, that all efforts should be geared towards propagation and conservation of food resources, and its equitable distribution to all families, so that incidence of hunger and malnutrition will be efficiently reduced by the Government.

It is however very frustrating, to say the least, that the issue of oversupply and wastage of vegetables and fruits, and other food supply, is one of the pressing concerns that the Government must address.

In the recent news<sup>2</sup>, "Farmers in Nueva Vizcaya were forced to throw away kilograms of tomatoes due to issues in oversupply."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Business World bworldonline.com "President Marcos, Jr. on Food and Nutrition Security", January 31, 2023, retrieved on February 13, 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> ptvnew.ph, February 1, 2023, retrieved on February 9, 2023

This news was greeted with so much regret and sadness. With the looming food crisis, and state of poverty in the country, one cannot afford to waste precious food resources that could relieve empty stomachs.

Unplanned and excessive supply of vegetables and fruits is a perennial concern in our agricultural section. And one possible cause is the lack of agricultural crop programming or planning in the country.

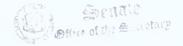
To provide the needed answer to this concern, this legislative measure proposes to mandate the Department of Agriculture to take the lead in crop programming, and formulate a that would systematically organize the physical planning of various agricultural crops to be planted, nourished and cultivated in the different regions in the country, and the appropriate quantity of agricultural products to be produced for each harvest season, so as to avoid unnecessary and unwanted wastage of resources.

Let us be thankful for our country's agricultural resources. And let us join hands in making sure that all these bounties will be conserved and equitably enjoyed by Filipino families.

Hence, approval of this bill is earnestly requested.

RONALD " BATO" DELA ROSA

NINETEENTH CONGRESS)REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES)First Regular Session)



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### SENATE

**S.B.** NO2264

# Introduced by SENATOR RONALD "BATO" DELA ROSA

## AN ACT

# MANDATING THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE TO ESTABLISH A NATIONAL AGRICULTURAL CROP PROGRAM, APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

*Be it enacted in the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Philippines in the Congress assembled:* 

Section 1. *Title*. – This Act shall be known as the "National Agricultural Crop
Program of 2023".

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Sec. 2. *Declaration of Policy.* – It is the policy of the State to boost the agricultural sector as one of the prime movers of the country's economic development. A sustainable agriculture is a sure indication of food security for our people. Hence, agricultural productivity and enhanced food quality should be promoted and protected, in order to ensure brighter and healthier nation.

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Sec. 3. *The National Agricultural Crop Program.* – There shall be a comprehensive agricultural crop program in the country. For this purpose, the Department of Agriculture is mandated to identify existing agricultural lands, recognize and determine the specific agricultural crop or farm products responsive to each region's natural resources, assess the corresponding quantity to be produced for each harvest season, and analyze and formulate diversification or variety of agricultural crops, based on the topographical features of each region in the country.

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Pursuant to this Program, the Department of Agriculture shall, as far as practicable, identify the municipalities, cities, or provinces for each region, that would plant, cultivate, nourish, and harvest selected varieties of vegetables, fruits, and other agricultural crops, based on the topographical features of each area, and its corresponding climate conditions. 1 In consultation with the local government units, farmers' groups and 2 cooperatives, and other farm growers, traders and consumer groups, there shall be 3 an assessment of the quantity of agricultural crops to be produced for each harvest 4 season. 5

- 6 The end goal of this Program is to properly manage crop growth, seed 7 germination, sustained productivity, and manage pre-harvest and post-harvest 8 marketing all over the country. It aims to provide sufficient supply of agricultural 9 products, and avoid overabundance of production of goods.
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Sec. 4. Objectives of the Program. - The Department of Agriculture, in 11 formulating the National Agricultural Crop Program, shall be guided by the following 12 objectives: 13

- 14 a) Maximize agricultural production based on each region's natural resources, 15 and topographical settings;
  - a) Monitor agricultural produce and crop maintenance in each region;
- 17 b) Properly manage agricultural crop cultivation and harvest in each municipality or city or province in every region; 18
- c) Avoid unnecessary overproduction of vegetables, fruits, and other food crops 19 20 and other local agricultural products in one area; 21
  - d) Strictly monitor price stability of agricultural products;
  - e) Ensure steady supply of agricultural crops to consumers;
- 23 f) Assist farmers' groups, cooperatives, and local growers and traders in 24 transporting goods from farm to market, and access to other institutional buyers; and 25
  - g) Equally distribute oversupply of produce, if there is any, to consumers, exporters, restaurants, hotels and other institutional buyers.
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29 Sec. 5. Coverage. – The Program envisioned under this Act shall cover seeded 30 plants, trees, vegetables, fruits, root crops, and other food crops planted, cultivated, and harvested in different regions in the country, which shall be commercially available 31 to retail and wholesale purchases. 32

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34 Sec. 6. *Inventory of all agricultural lands.* – The Department of Agriculture, in 35 coordination with the local government units, shall conduct an inventory of all existing 36 agricultural lands in the country, including the present crops planted, cultivated and harvested in each region. Such inventory shall be maintained and regularly monitored 37 and updated by the Department of Agriculture. 38

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40 Sec. 7. Continuing Research and Development. - The Department of 41 Agriculture, with the assistance of the Department of Interior and Local Government, Department of Science and Technology, Department of Environment and Natural 42 43 Resources, and other related government agencies, shall conduct a continuing 44 research and development on the propagation of other agricultural products that may be planted, cultivated and harvested in the country. Likewise, an in depth-study and 45 46 investigation shall be made on applicable technological advancement in the field of 47 agricultural crops.

Sec. 8. *Technical and Financial Assistance by the Department of Agriculture.* – Upon completion of the Program, the Department of Agriculture shall provide the necessary technical and financial assistance to farmers' groups, farmers' cooperatives, local government units, non-government organizations involved in agricultural crops. High quality seedlings, organic fertilizers, irrigation, soil, may likewise be provided by the Department of Agriculture.

8 Accessibility to organic fertilizer, cold storage facilities, equipment to load vegetables 9 and fruits, and other post-harvest activities and facilities, may likewise be extended to 10 farmers' groups and cooperatives by the Department of Agriculture.

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Sec. 9. *Appropriations.* – The initial amount necessary to implement the provisions of this Act shall be charged against the current appropriations of the Department of Agriculture. Thereafter, such sums as may be necessary for the continued implementation of this Act shall be included in the succeeding General Appropriations Act.

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Sec. 10. *Implementing Rules and Regulations.* – The Department of Agriculture, together with the Department of Interior and Local Government, Department of Science and Technology, Department of Environment and Natural Resources, shall within ninety (90) days the effectivity of this Act, promulgate the rules and regulations to effectively implement the provisions of this Act.

Sec. 11. *Separability Clause.* – If any portion of this Act is declared unconstitutional, the remainder of this Act or any provisions not affected thereby, shall remain in force and effect.

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Sec. 12. *Repealing Clause.* – All existing laws, rules and regulations or parts thereof deemed inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.

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Sec. 13. *Effectivity Clause.* – This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days following its complete publication in the Official Gazette or in a newspaper of general circulation.

Approved,