

## NINETEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES Second Regular Session

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**SENATE** 

P.S. Res. No.  $\frac{672}{}$ 



## Introduced by SENATOR WIN GATCHALIAN

## RESOLUTION

DIRECTING THE SENATE COMMITTEE ON BASIC EDUCATION TO CONDUCT AN INQUIRY, IN AID OF LEGISLATION, FOR A REEVALUATION OF THE CRITICAL FACTORS TO DETERMINE THE SCHOOL OPENING, FOR THE PURPOSE OF RECOMMENDING POLICY INTERVENTIONS FOR THE EFFECTIVE IMPLEMENTATION OF REPUBLIC ACT NO. 11480 OR "AN ACT AMENDING SECTION 3 OF REPUBLIC ACT NO. 7797, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS 'AN ACT TO LENGTHEN THE SCHOOL CALENDAR FROM TWO HUNDRED (200) DAYS TO NOT MORE THAN TWO HUNDRED TWENTY (220) CLASS DAYS'"

WHEREAS, Republic Act (R.A.) No. 11480 was enacted on July 17, 2020, amending Section 3 of R.A. No. 7797, otherwise known as "An Act to Lengthen the School Calendar from Two Hundred (200) Days to Not More Than Two Hundred Twenty (220) Class Days". It prescribes that "[t]he school year shall start on the first Monday of June but not later than the last day of August: *Provided*, that in the event of a declaration of a state of emergency or state of calamity, the President, upon the recommendation of the Secretary of Education, may set a different date for the start of the school year in the country or parts thereof";

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**WHEREAS,** Section 1 of R.A. No. 11480 also provides that the deferred school opening shall apply to all basic education schools, including foreign or international schools. The Secretary of the Department of Education (DepEd) shall determine the end of the regular school year, taking into consideration the Christmas and summer vacations, and the peculiar circumstances of each

region. Lastly, the DepEd Secretary may authorize the holding of Saturday classes for elementary and secondary levels for public and private schools;

**WHEREAS,** Section 1 of R.A. No. 7797 lengthened the school calendar beginning school year 1995-1996 from two hundred (200) days to not more than two hundred twenty (220) class days;

**WHEREAS**, basic education classes in the Philippines have been held during the months of June to March;

WHEREAS, due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the DepEd issued DepEd Order (DO) No. 007, s. 2020 dated May 11, 2020, setting the opening of classes for School Year (SY) 2020-2021 of public schools¹ on August 24, 2020 until April 30, 2021. The DO stated that "[t]he push back in the formal school opening by nearly three months from the traditional opening on the first Monday of June, is intended to afford DepEd enough time to undertake the necessary preparations in what will be an extraordinarily challenging school year." Also, this school year conducted alternative modes of delivery other than face-to-face learning;

**WHEREAS**, SY 2021-2022 under DO No. 029, s. 2021 dated August 5, 2021, further pushed the start of the school year to September 13, 2021 until June 24, 2022. Face-to-face classes were then still prohibited unless permitted by the Office of the President;

**WHEREAS,** SY 2023-2024 opened on August 22, 2022 and ended on July 7, 2023, as provided under DO No. 034, s. 2022 dated July 11, 2022. The guidelines were issued in accordance with DepEd's commitment to the resumption of 5 days in-person classes despite the health crisis brought on by the COVID-19 pandemic;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Private schools and state and local universities and colleges (SUCs and LUCs) offering basic education were allowed to open classes within the period authorized by R.A. No. 7797, which is on the first Monday of June but not later than the last day of August, subject to certain conditions set in the DO.

**WHEREAS,** with the reopening of classes from a two-year school closure, SY 2022-2023 was the first instance for public schools to hold full face-to-face classes during the summer months of March to May. Meanwhile, the Philippine Atmospheric, Geophysical and Astronomical Services Administration (PAGASA) weather bureau announced the start of the dry season on March 21, 2023<sup>2</sup>;

WHEREAS, the beginning of the dry season brought about an unfortunate incident on March 23, 2023, when it was reported that over 100 students were sent to the hospital after participating in a fire drill conducted in Gulod National High School Mamatid Extension, a public school in Cabuyao City, Laguna. The drill, involving 3,000 students, started at around 12 noon and lasted for over 3 hours, with a temperature at the time reportedly ranging from 36 to 43 degrees Celsius. The students were sent to an open field, where they stayed for 30 minutes under the heat, which resulted in fainting, dizziness, and seizures<sup>3</sup>;

**WHEREAS**, on May 13, 2023, PAGASA reported the highest heat index recorded so far in the country this year to be at 50°C in Legazpi City in Albay, Bicol. Temperatures from 42°C to 51°C fall in the "danger" level which may cause heat cramps and heat exhaustion in some people, and heat stroke if heat exposure continues;<sup>4</sup>

**WHEREAS,** the DepEd reminded school authorities that they could call off in-person classes to safeguard the health of their learners and personnel as they have the "authority and responsibility to suspend in-person classes and switch to alternative delivery modes (ADMs) if it is really hot and already affecting [their] health xxx"<sup>5</sup>;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> PAGASA logs highest heat index yet since start of summer (cnnphilippines.com), April 10, 2023

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Over 100 students sent to hospital after fire drill participation | ABS-CBN News, March 24, 2023

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> https://www.cnnphilippines.com/news/2023/5/13/legazpi-50-degrees-celcius-heat-index.html, May 13, 2023

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Schools can call off classes due to heat - DepEd | Inquirer News, April 23, 2023

**WHEREAS**, DO No. 034, s. 2022 also pre-determined the school period for the next two (2) years which is from August 28, 2023 to June 28, 2024 for SY 2023-2024, and from August 26, 2024 up to June 27, 2025 for SY 2024-2025. A separate DO shall still be issued for these school calendars;

**WHEREAS**, there have been several calls to revert to the original school calendar. However, pre-pandemic data showed numerous suspensions in the original school calendar. For SY 2017-2018, there were forty (40) days when classes were suspended due to typhoons, transport strikes, and earthquakes. For SY 2018-2019, there were forty-five (45) days when classes were suspended mostly due to weather disturbances;

**WHEREAS**, there is a need to re-evaluate whether the school year should continue to be conducted during the summer when continuous heat exposure may be dangerous to one's health, or to revert to the original school calendar where classes were suspended largely due to floods because of typhoons;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SENATE OF THE PHILIPPINES, to direct the Senate Committee on Basic Education to conduct an inquiry, in aid of legislation, for a re-evaluation of the critical factors to determine the school opening, for the purpose of recommending policy interventions for the effective implementation of Republic Act No. 11480 or "An Act Amending Section 3 of Republic Act No. 7797, otherwise known as 'An Act To Lengthen The School Calendar from Two Hundred (200) Days to Not More Than Two Hundred Twenty (220) Class Days'".

Adopted,

WIN GATCHALIAN

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> https://mb.com.ph/2023/3/29/amid-the-harsh-heat-dep-ed-urged-to-revert-school-calendar-to-pre-pandemic-schedule, March 29, 2023;

https://www.manilatimes.net/2023/04/25/news/national/govt-weighs-return-to-march-school-break/1888583, April 25, 2023