OFFICE A THE SECRETARY

FOURTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC)
OF THE PHILIPPINES
)
First Regular Session
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S. B. NO. 1052

NECEIVED BY

Introduced by Senator Miriam Defensor Santiago

EXPLANATORY NOTE

The Constitution, Article II, Section 17, states that:

"The State shall give priority to education, science and technology, arts, culture, and sports to foster patriotism and nationalism, accelerate social progress, and promote total human liberation and development."

Batas Pambansa Bilang 232, otherwise known as the "Education Act of 1982",

states that one of the policies of the State is to promote the right of every individual to relevant quality education regardless of sex, age, breed, socio-economic status, physical and mental condition, social or ethnic origin, political and other affiliation. The State shall therefore promote and maintain equality of access to education as well as the enjoyment of benefits of education by all its citizens.

Every child with special needs has a right to an educational program that is suitable to his needs. Special education shares with regular education basic responsibilities of the educational system to fulfill the right of the child to develop to his full potential. According to the Department of Education (DepEd), as of SY 2004-2005, there are 79,118 children with disabilities in the Philippines. Among the disabilities of these children are hearing impairment, visual impairment, mental retardation, behavioral problem, orthopedic handicap, autism, speech defects, chronic illness, and cerebral palsy. Throughout the country, there are 2,149 schools offering programs for special education.

According to the DepEd, as of the year 2005, only 4.8% of children with special needs are given appropriate educational service, leaving 95.2% of these children lacking in educational needs.¹

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MIRIAM DEFENSOR SANTIAGE

¹ This bill was originally filed in the Thirteenth Congress, Third Regular Session.

FOURTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC) OF THE PHILIPPINES First Regular Session

7 JUL -4 21:39

	S. B. NO. 1052
	Introduced by Senator Miriam Defensor Santiago
1 2 3 4	AN ACT PROVIDING FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF ONE SCHOOL FOR CHILDREN WITH SPECIAL NEEDS IN EVERY MUNICIPALITY THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY
5 6	Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:
7	SECTION 1. Short Title This Act shall be known as the "Schools for Children
8	with Special Needs Act of 2007".
9	SECTION 2. Declaration of Policy It is hereby declared the policy of the State
10	to promote the well-being of the youth, particularly children with special needs. The
11	State gives emphasis to the need to provide these children with basic education to enable
12	them to fully realize their own potentials for development and productivity as well as
13	being capable of self-expression of their rights in the society.
14	SECTION 3. Definition of Terms.
15	1. Children with special needs - shall refer to children with mental disabilities
16	such as autism, mental retardation, etc; learning disabilities such as attention
17	deficiency disorder (ADD), dyslexia, etc.; and children who are suffering
18	from other illnesses and defects such as, but not limited to, hearing
19	impairment, visual impairment, behavioral problems, orthopedic handicap,
20	speech defects, chronic illness, and cerebral palsy.
21	2. Accredited teachers - teachers accredited by the Department of Education

- (DepEd) to teach children with special needs
- SECTION 4. Schools for special children there shall be established one school for children with special needs in every municipality throughout the country. Each of

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- 1 these schools shall be divided into divisions which are required in order to adopt to the
- 2 different needs of the children, e.g. one section for the physically disabled, one section
- 3 for the mentally challenged, and another section for those with learning disabilities.
- 4 These schools shall be administered by teachers who are accredited by the DepEd for this
- 5 purpose.
- 6 SECTION 5. Free education Education in these schools for children with
- 7 special needs shall be for free and no monetary fee shall be collected from the students
- 8 except for donations and other contributions. Provided, that the amount of contributions
- 9 allowed to be collected by the schools for children with special needs shall be regulated
- 10 by the implementing rules and regulations to be set by the DepEd.
- SECTION 6. Levels of education The schools for children with special needs,
- which shall be established in every municipality, shall providing for basic elementary
- education, secondary education, and tertiary education. Vocational courses shall also be
- offered. The curriculum shall be formulated and duly approved by the DepEd.
- 15 SECTION 7. Implementing Agency. The DepEd shall be the overall
- 16 implementing agency for this Act. The DepEd shall coordinate with the respective local
- 17 government units.
- SECTION 8. Implementing Rules and Regulations The DepEd shall formulate
- 19 the implementing rules and regulations (IRR) for this Act. The IRR shall provide
- 20 specifically for, but not limited to, the qualifications and recruitment processes for
- 21 teachers who will teach in these schools, the standard curriculum for all schools for
- 22 children with special needs throughout the country, and the amount of contributions
- allowed to be collected from students.
- SECTION 9. Separability Clause. If any provision or part thereof, is held
- 25 invalid or unconstitutional, the remainder of the law or the provision not otherwise
- affected shall remain valid and subsisting.

- 1 SECTION 10. Repealing Clause. Any law, presidential decree or issuance,
- 2 executive order, letter of instruction, administrative order, rule or regulation contrary to,
- 3 or inconsistent with the provisions of this Act is hereby repealed, modified or amended
- 4 accordingly.
- 5 SECTION 11. Effectivity Clause. This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days
- 6 after its publication in at least two (2) newspapers of general circulation.

Approved.

Rcc/5/28/07