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HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

H. No. 5303

Βy	REPRESENTATI	ives Zamoi	RA (M.),	PUENTEVELLA,	MAR	COLETA, CUA	(J.),
	Miranda,	NICOLAS,	SUSANO	, Nograles	AND	ESCUDERO,	PER
	COMMITTEE REPORT NO. 1582						

AN ACT STRENGTHENING CONSUMER PROTECTION IN THE PURCHASE OF BRAND NEW MOTOR VEHICLES AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. Short Title. – This Act shall be known as "The Brand New Motor Vehicle Consumer Protection Act of 2006" or "Philippine Lemon Law".

SEC. 2. Declaration of Policy. – It is hereby declared the policy of the State to promote the harmonious relationship among the producers, consumers and other players in the automobile business. While the State recognizes the indispensable role of private enterprise in our economy, it must provide the necessary safety measures for the protection and enforcement of the rights of the consumers, as well as of the investors, in order to ensure a self-sustaining industry.

- SEC. 3. Definition. For purposes of this Act, the term:
- (a) "Brand new motor vehicle" refers to a vehicle constructed entirely

from new parts that has never been sold or registered with the Department of Transportation and Communications or an appropriate agency or authority and operated on the highway of the Philippines, or in a foreign state or country.

- (b) "Consumer" refers to any person, natural or juridical, who is a purchaser, either by cash or credit of a brand new motor vehicle.
- (c) "Dealer/retailer or manufacturer's agent or authorized dealer" refers to any person or entity who holds a dealer agreement with the manufacturer for the sale of brand new motor vehicles to the public.
- (d) "Distributor" refers to any person or entity other than a manufacturer who sells brand new motor vehicles to their duly authorized dealers or retailers.
- (e) "Lemon rights period" refers to the period ending one year after the date of the original delivery of a brand new motor vehicle to a consumer or the first twenty thousand (20,000) kilometers of operation after such delivery, whichever comes first. This shall be the period during which the consumer can report any nonconformity to the manufacturer and pursue any right provided for under this Act.
- (f) "Life threatening defect" refers to, but is not limited to, any nonconformity in the steering system or braking system which creates greater possibility of causing death to the passengers of a brand new motor vehicle or to any third party.
- (g) "Manufacturer" refers to any person or group of persons, natural or juridical, who produces, assembles, fabricates, or otherwise manufactures a motor vehicle by combining body frame or chassis, engine, drive train, suspension and other automotive parts.
- (h) "Motor vehicle" refers to any self-ropelled four-wheeled road vehicle designed to carry passengers and powered by internal combustion engine which includes sedans, coupes, station wagons, convertibles, pick-ups,

vans, sport utility vehicles (SUVs) and Asian utility vehicles (AUVs) but excepting motorcycles, delivery trucks, dump trucks, buses, road rollers, trolley cars, street sweepers, sprinklers, lawn mowers and heavy equipment such as, but not limited to, buildozers, payloaders, graders, forklifts, amphibian trucks, cranes, and vehicles which run only on rails or tracks, and tractors, trailers and traction engines of all kinds used exclusively for agricultural purposes. Trailers having any number of wheels, when propelled or intended by attachment to a motor vehicle, shall be classified as separate motor vehicle with no power rating.

- (i) "Nonconformity" refers to any condition that substantially impairs the use or safety of a brand new motor vehicle which prevents it from conforming to the manufacturer's or distributor's express warranty, but excluding conditions resulting from accident, abuse, neglect, or unauthorized modification or alteration of the brand new motor vehicle.
- (j) "Purchase price" refers to the invoice price or the amount of money which the dealer or retailer actually received for the vehicle in consideration of the sale of a brand new motor vehicle.
- (k) "Warranty" refers to the written assurance, so labeled, of the manufacturer of a brand new automobile, including any term or condition precedent to the enforcement of obligations under the warranty.
- (l) "Warranty rights period" refers to the period provided for under the contract of sale when the manufacturer would guarantee the materials used, workmanship and fitness of a brand new motor vehicle for ordinary use or reasonable intended purposes. The warranty rights period is usually longer than the lemon law rights period.
- SEC. 4. Coverage. This Act shall cover brand new motor vehicles with nonconformity reported by the consumer within twelve (12) months from date of original delivery to the consumer or twenty thousand (20,000)

kilometers of operation after such delivery, whichever comes first. The following causes of nonconformity shall be excluded:

- (a) noncompliance by the consumer of his obligations under the warranty;
 - (b) modifications not authorized by the manufacturer or distributor;
 - (c) abuse or neglect of the brand new motor vehicle; and
 - (d) damage to the vehicle due to an accident.

SEC. 5. Notice of Nonconformity. — Before availing of any remedy under this Act, the consumer shall notify in writing the nonconformity and life threatening defects of the motor vehicle to the manufacturer or distributor or to its authorized dealer or retailer within twelve (12) months from the date of original delivery to the consumer or twenty thousand (20,000) kilometers of operation after such delivery, whichever comes first.

The warranty booklet issued by the manufacturer or distributor shall clearly state the responsibility of the consumer under this section. It shall likewise provide the manner and form of such notice to constitute a valid and legal notice to the manufacturer or distributor.

SEC. 6. Repair of Nonconformity. — It shall be the duty of the manufacturer or distributor or its authorized dealer or retailer, upon receipt of the motor vehicle and notice of nonconformity required under Section 5 hereof, to repair the vehicle, free of charge, until it conforms to the express warranty of the manufacturer or distributor. The manufacturer or distributor shall likewise provide the consumer with a service unit vehicle while the vehicle is under repair.

SEC. 7. Reasonable Number of Repair Attempts. – It shall be presumed that a reasonable number of repair attempts have been undertaken to make the vehicle conform to the applicable warranty if, during the period of twelve (12) months from the date of original delivery of the motor vehicle to the consumer

or twenty thousand (20,000) kilometers of operation after such delivery, whichever comes first, any of the following occurs:

- (a) the same nonconformity has been subject to repair at least four times and the same nonconformity continues to exist; or
- (b) the motor vehicle is out of service due to repair for a maximum cumulative period of forty-five (45) working days from the date the nonconformity was reported and the vehicle was delivered for repairs, unless such repairs cannot be performed due to conditions beyond the control of the manufacturer or distributor, its agents or authorized dealers, including war, invasion, strike, fire, flood or other natural disaster.
- SEC. 8. Final Notice and Final Repair Attempt. The consumer must file a final notice to the manufacturer or distributor, by registered mail or personal service, within twenty (20) working days after the 3rd repair attempt failed to rectify the nonconformity.

The requirement under this section and the form and manner of notifying the manufacturer or distributor shall be clearly stated in the warranty booklet in order to constitute a valid legal notice.

- SEC. 9. Remedies. If the manufacturer or distributor, or its authorized dealers or retailers cannot put the motor vehicle to order, in conformity with any applicable warranty, by repairing or correcting any defect or condition which significantly impairs its use or safety after a reasonable number of repair attempts have been made, the manufacturer or distributor shall:
- (a) replace the motor vehicle with a similar or comparable motor vehicle; or
- (b) accept the return of the motor vehicle and pay the consumer the repurchase price as determined in Section 11 hereof.
- 27 SEC. 10. Expiration of the Lemon Rights Period. The expiration of the lemon law rights period shall not preclude the consumer from pursuing

remedies under this Act: *Provided*, That the notice of nonconformity has been filed within the one-year lemon rights period.

SEC. 11. Determination of repurchase price. – The manufacturer or distributor shall pay the repurchase price that is determined by deducting reasonable allowance for use from the purchase price.

"Reasonable allowance for use or repurchase price" shall mean twenty percent (20%) per annum deduction from the purchase price, or the product of the distance traveled in kilometers and the purchase price divided by one hundred thousand (100,000), whichever is higher.

SEC. 12. Creation of Arbitration Council. – There is hereby created an Arbitration Council which shall exercise exclusive and original jurisdiction over disputes arising from the provisions of this Act. The Council shall be composed of one provincial director from the Department of Trade and Industry (DTI) and one provincial director from the Department of Transportation and Communications (DOTC) or district officer from the Land Transportation Office (LTO), as co-chairpersons; two representatives from the consumer groups, two representatives from the automobile industry and two private sector experts, with authority and technical competence in the automotive industry.

The Arbitration Council shall have a secretariat office at the Department of Trade and Industry to take care of its administrative functions. The staff complement, their compensation and emoluments, and other necessary expenses of the Council and its staff shall be determined by the Secretary of Trade and Industry.

The amount necessary to carry out the provisions of this section shall be included in the budget of the DTI and the DOTC.

1	SEC. 13. Dispute Resolution All disputes arising from the						
2	provisions of this Act shall be settled in accordance with the following dispute						
3	resolution mechanisms:						
4	(a) The principle of negotiation or conciliation towards amicable						
5	settlement between the manufacturer or distributor and consumer shall be						
6	strictly observed;						
7	(b) Upon failure of the settlement negotiation between the						
8	manufacturer or distributor and consumer, the parties and any disinterested						
9	third person shall execute a certificate attesting to such failure;						
10	(c) Upon failure of the parties to settle their dispute, the parties may						
11	file a complaint with the Arbitration Council which shall have exclusive and						
12	original jurisdiction over disputes arising from the provisions of this Act;						
13	(d) Appeal to regular courts shall be allowed only on purely questions						
14	of law or grave abuse of discretion; and						
15	(e) In all cases, the manufacturer or distributor shall not be precluded						
16	from offering easier remedial terms to the consumer to reach amicable						
17 -	settlement at any stage of the dispute mechanism.						
18	All disputes that have been submitted for amicable settlement shall be						
19	settled not later than six months from the date of filing.						
20	SEC. 14. Exhaustion of Administrative Remedies No action can be						
21	filed in court unless the parties have exhausted all remedies, administrative o						
22	otherwise, as provided under this Act.						
23	SEC. 15. Disclosure on Resale If the returned vehicle is made						
24	available for resale, the manufacturer shall, prior to sale, disclose in writing in						
25	a clear and conspicuous manner to the dealer the following:						
26	(a) that the motor vehicle was returned to the manufacturer, distributor						
27	factory or branch;						

(b) the nature of the defect which caused the return; and

- (c) the condition of the motor vehicle at the time of the transfer from the manufacturer to the dealer shall be the responsibility of the dealer that received the disclosure. The dealer shall give notice of the disclosure to any prospective purchaser prior to the sale, and to transfer the disclosure, or a copy thereof to the next purchaser. A dealer's responsibility under this section shall cease upon the sale of the affected motor vehicle to the first purchaser.
- SEC. 16. Penalty. The manufacturer, distributor or dealer adjudged to have violated the provisions requiring disclosure as mentioned in the preceding section shall be liable to pay a minimum amount of One hundred thousand pesos (P100,000.00) as damages to the aggrieved party without prejudice to any civil or criminal liability they and/or the responsible officer may incur under existing laws.
- SEC. 17. Implementing Rules and Regulations. The Secretary of Trade and Industry, in consultation with the Secretary of Transportation and Communications, shall issue the implementing rules and regulations within sixty (60) days from the date of effectivity of this Act.
- SEC. 18. Separability Clause. If, for any reason, any part or provision of this Act is declared invalid, such declaration shall not affect the other provisions of this Act.
- SEC. 19. Repealing Clause. All laws, decrees, orders, rules and regulations, issuances or parts thereof which are inconsistent with any of the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed, amended or modified accordingly.
- SEC. 20. Effectivity. This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its complete publication in at least two newspapers of general circulation.

Approved,