

SENATE

COMMITTEE REPORT NO. 20

Submitted jointly by the Committees on Justice and Human Rights and Finance on  
NOV 20 2007

Re: Senate Bill No. 1532.

Recommending its approval without amendment.

Sponsors: Senators Escudero and Pimentel, Jr.

**MR. PRESIDENT:**

The Committees on Justice and Human Rights and Finance to which was referred Senate Bill No. 1532, introduced by Senator Pimentel, Jr., entitled:


**“AN ACT  
PROVIDING COMPENSATION TO VICTIMS OF HUMAN RIGHTS  
VIOLATIONS DURING THE MARCOS REGIME, DOCUMENTATION OF SAID  
VIOLATIONS, APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR, AND FOR OTHER  
PURPOSES”**

have considered the same and have the honor to report it back to the Senate with the recommendation that Senate Bill No. 1532 be approved without amendment.

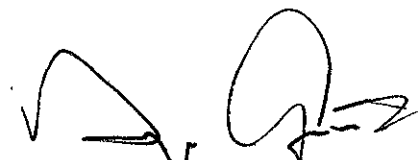
Respectfully Submitted:

Chairmen:

**JUAN PONCE ENRILE**  
Committee on Finance  
Member, Committee on Justice and Human Rights

  
**FRANCIS "CHIZ" G. ESCUDERO**  
Committee on Justice and Human Rights  
Member, Committee on Finance

Vice-Chairmen:



**BENIGNO SIMEON "NOYNOY" AQUINO III**  
Committee on Justice and Human Rights



**MIRIAM DEFENSOR-SANTIAGO**  
Committee on Finance



**EDGARDO J. ANGARA**  
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**JOKER P. ARROYO**  
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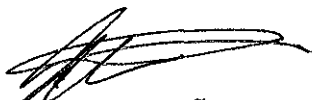
Members:



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Committee on Justice and Human Rights  
Committee on Finance



**RODOLFO G. BIAZON**  
Committee on Justice and Human Rights  
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Committee on Justice and Human Rights

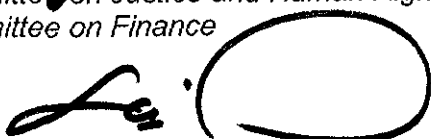
**GREGORIO B. HONASAN**  
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Committee on Finance



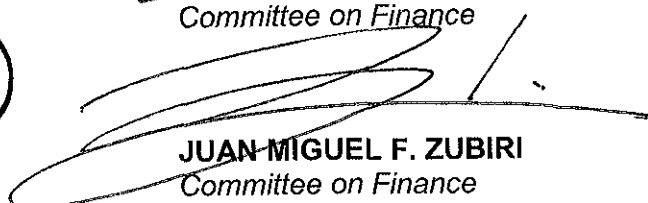
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**M. A. MADRIGAL**  
Committee on Justice and Human Rights  
Committee on Finance



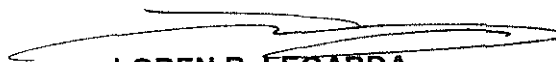
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**LOREN B. LEGARDA**  
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**MAR ROXAS**  
Committee on Finance

**ANTONIO F. TRILLANES IV**  
Committee on Finance

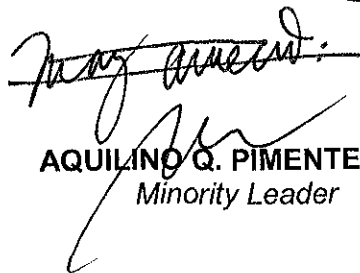
Ex-Officio Members



**JINGGOY EJERCITO-ESTRADA**  
*President Pro-Tempore*



**FRANCIS N. PANGILINAN**  
*Majority Leader*




**AQUILINO Q. PIMENTEL JR.**  
*Minority Leader*

**Hon. MANNY VILLAR**  
*Senate President*  
*Senate of the Philippines*  
*Pasay City*

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SENATE  
S.B. NO. 1532

RECEIVED BY: 

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Introduced by Senator Aquilino Q. Pimentel Jr.

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**AN ACT**  
**PROVIDING COMPENSATION TO VICTIMS OF HUMAN RIGHTS VIOLATIONS DURING THE MARCOS**  
**REGIME, DOCUMENTATION OF SAID VIOLATIONS, APPROPRIATING FUNDS THEREFOR, AND**  
**FOR OTHER PURPOSES**

*Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:*

1           **SECTION 1. Short Title.** - This Act shall also be known as the "Compensation Act to Victims of  
2 Human Rights Violations".

3           **SEC. 2. Declaration of Policy.** - Section 11 of Article II of the Constitution of the Republic of the  
4 Philippines declares that the State values the dignity of every human person and guarantees full respect for  
5 human rights. Pursuant to this declared policy, Section 12 of Article III of the Constitution prohibits the use  
6 of torture, force, violence, threat, intimidation, or any other means which vitiate the free will and mandates  
7 the compensation and rehabilitation of victims of torture or similar practices, and their families. Section  
8 18(6) of Article XIII of the Constitution also directs the Commission on Human Rights (CHR) to recommend  
9 to the Congress effective measures to promote human rights and to provide for compensation to victims of  
10 human rights violations, or their families. By virtue of Section 2 of Article II of the Constitution adopting  
11 generally accepted principles of international law as part of the law of the land, the Philippines must also  
12 adhere to international human rights laws and conventions, including the International Covenant on Civil  
13 and Political Rights (ICCPR) which imposes on each State party the obligation to take the necessary steps  
14 to adopt such laws to give effect to the rights recognized therein and to ensure that any person whose  
15 rights or freedoms have been violated shall have an effective remedy even if the violation is committed by  
16 persons acting in an official capacity.

17           Consistent with the foregoing, it is hereby declared the policy of the State to recognize the heroism  
18 and sacrifices of all Filipinos who were victims of summary execution, torture, involuntary disappearance

1 and other gross human rights violations committed during the dictatorial regime of former President  
2 Ferdinand Marcos covering the period from September 21, 1972 to February 25, 1986 and restore the  
3 victim's honor and dignity. The State hereby acknowledges its moral and legal obligation to recognize  
4 and/or compensate said victims and/or their families for the deaths, injuries, sufferings, deprivations, and  
5 damages they suffered under the Marcos regime.

6 **SEC. 3. Definition of Terms.** - The following terms as used in this Act shall mean:

7 a. "Human Rights Violation". - A human rights violation shall include, but not be limited to, any of  
8 the following acts or omissions during the period from September 21, 1972 to February 25, 1986 committed  
9 by persons acting in an official capacity and/or agents of the State:

- 10 1. Any search, arrest and/or detention without a valid search warrant or warrant of arrest  
11 issued by a civilian court of law, including any warrantless arrest or detention carried out  
12 pursuant to the declaration of Martial Law by Former President Ferdinand Marcos as well as  
13 any arrest or detention or deprivation of liberty carried out during the aforementioned  
14 covered period on the basis of an "Arrest Seize and Seizure Order (ASSO)", a "Presidential  
15 Commitment Order (PCO)" or a "Preventive Detention Action (PDA)" as they were defined  
16 by decrees of Former President Ferdinand Marcos or in any manner that the arrest,  
17 detention or deprivation of liberty was effected;
- 18 2. Any commission by a person acting in an official capacity and/or an agent of the State of  
19 physical injury, torture, killing, harassment, deprivation of liberty or other similar acts on any  
20 person peacefully exercising civil or political rights, including the freedom of speech,  
21 assembly or organization; and/or the right to petition the government for redress of  
22 grievances even if such exercise was alleged to constitute or form part of rebellion, sedition  
23 or subversion as then defined by law; and even if such violation took place during or in the  
24 course of what the authorities at the time deemed an illegal assembly or demonstration:  
25 *Provided, That torture in any form or under any circumstances shall be considered a human*  
26 *rights violation;*
- 27 3. Any involuntary or enforced disappearance caused upon a person who was arrested,  
28 detained or abducted against his/her will or otherwise deprived of his/her liberty;

- 1           4. Any force or intimidation causing the involuntarily exile of a person from the Philippines;
- 2           5. Any unjust or illegal takeover of a business or the confiscation of the property of a person,  
3           including those caused by Former President Ferdinand Marcos, his spouse Imelda Marcos,  
4           their immediate relatives by consanguinity or affinity, as well as those persons considered  
5           as among their close relatives, associates, cronies and subordinates under Executive Order  
6           No. 1, issued on February 26, 1986 by President Corazon Aquino in the exercise of her  
7           legislative powers under the Freedom Constitution;
- 8           6. Any acts constituting the following:
  - 9           (a) saturation drives and/or "zona"s;
  - 10           (b) "hamletting" and/or food blockades;
  - 11           (c) kidnapping or otherwise exploiting children of persons suspected of committing acts  
12           against the Marcos regime;
  - 13           (d) committing sexual offenses against detainees and/or in the course of conducting  
14           military and/or police operations;
  - 15           (e) violation of the freedom of the press by the imposition of censorship, closure of media  
16           facilities, and/or detention of editors and media practitioners;
  - 17           (f) violation of the freedom of speech and assembly by preventing assemblies and  
18           demonstrations and/or violently dispersing them;
  - 19           (g) violation of the rights of labor by preventing and dispersing strikes and other  
20           concerted activities; and
  - 21           (h) other violations and/or abuses similar or analogous to the above, including those  
22           recognized by international law.

23           b. "Human Rights Violation Victim" (HRVV). - For purposes of this Act, a victim of a human  
24 rights violation is one whose human rights were violated by persons acting in an official capacity and/or  
25 agents of the State as these terms are defined herein. In order to qualify for compensation under this Act,  
26 the human rights violation must have occurred during the period from September 21, 1972 to February 25,  
27 1986: *Provided, however,* That victims of human rights violations that occurred within one month after  
28 February 25, 1986 shall be entitled to compensation under this Act if they can establish that:

1 (i) the violation was committed by agents of the State and/or persons acting in an official capacity  
2 loyal to the Marcos regime;

3 (ii) the violation was committed for the purpose of preserving, maintaining, supporting or  
4 promoting the said regime; or

5 (iii) the violation was committed to conceal abuses during the Marcos regime and/or the effects of  
6 martial law.

7 c. "Persons Acting in an Official Capacity/Agents of the State". - The following shall be deemed  
8 persons acting in an official capacity and/or agents of the State:

9 1. Any member of the former Philippine Constabulary (PC), the former Integrated National Police  
10 (INP), the Armed Forces of the Philippines (AFP) and the Civilian Home Defense Force  
11 (CHDF) from September 21, 1972 to February 25, 1986 as well as any civilian agent/s  
12 attached thereto; and any member of a paramilitary group even if he is not organically part of  
13 the PC, INP, AFP or CHDF so long as it is shown that the group was organized, funded,  
14 supplied with equipment, facilities and/or resources, and/or indoctrinated, controlled and/or  
15 supervised by any person acting in an official capacity/agent of the State as herein defined;

16 2. Any member of the civil service, including persons who held elective or appointive public office  
17 at any time from September 21, 1972 to February 25, 1986; and

18 3. Persons referred to in Executive Order No. 1, including Former President Ferdinand Marcos,  
19 his spouse Imelda Marcos, their immediate relatives by consanguinity or affinity, as well as  
20 their close relatives, associates, cronies and subordinates.

21 (d) "Monetary Compensation". - refers to any financial consideration equivalent to an  
22 economically assessable damage under this Act resulting from the violation of the victim's human rights.

23 (e) "Non-Monetary Compensation". - refers to a non-pecuniary compensation to a victim of a  
24 human rights violation or members of his family to restore his or his family's honor and dignity and shall  
25 include, but not be limited to, psychotherapy, counseling, medical care, social amelioration and honorific  
26 recognition.

1 (f) "Torture" refers to any act by which severe pain or suffering, whether physical or  
2 psychological, is intentionally inflicted on a person under the custody of agents of the State, as defined by  
3 law, jurisprudence and international conventions.

4 **SEC. 4. *Prima Facie Presumption that a person is a victim of a Human Rights Violation.*** - The  
5 nine thousand and five hundred thirty-nine (9,539) persons named as class suit plaintiffs in the Human  
6 Rights Litigation Against the Estate of Ferdinand E. Marcos and in whose favor a final and executory  
7 judgment has been rendered by the United States District Court in the State of Hawaii shall be entitled to  
8 this disputable presumption that they are human rights violation victims (HRVV) as defined in this Act. This  
9 disputable presumption is subject to validation and may be contradicted or rebutted by competent  
10 evidence.

11 **SEC. 5. *Conclusive Presumption that a Person is a Human Rights Violation Victim.*** - Any  
12 person/s who have secured or can secure in their favor a judgment or award of damages from any court of  
13 the Philippines arising from a human rights violation as defined in Section 3 of this Act, even if the said  
14 judgment has not yet become final and executory, shall be considered conclusively as a human rights  
15 victim without need of further proof.

16 **SEC. 6. *Other Claimants.*** - Any person who does not fall under the preceding Sections 4 or 5 but  
17 was an HRVV can file a claim with the Human Rights Victims Compensation Board for compensation  
18 and/or recognition.

19 A claimant under Section 4 whose claim has been disallowed by the aforesaid Board cannot file a  
20 claim under this section.

21 **SEC. 7. *Compensation.*** - Any HRVV qualified under this Act shall receive compensation from the  
22 State, free of tax, as herein prescribed: *Provided*, That for a deceased HRVV, his legal heirs as provided for  
23 in the Civil Code of the Philippines, or such other person named by the executor or administrator of the  
24 deceased HRVV's estate in that order, shall be entitled to receive such compensation: *Provided, further*,  
25 That no special power of attorney shall be recognized in the actual disbursement of the award, and only the  
26 victim or his aforestated successor(s)-in-interest shall be entitled to personally receive said compensation  
27 from the Board, unless the victim involved is shown to be incapacitated to the satisfaction of the Board:  
28 *Provided, furthermore*, That the compensation received under this Act shall be without prejudice to the



1 receipt of any other sum by the HRVV from any other person or entity in any case involving violations of  
2 human rights as defined in this Act.

3 **SEC. 8. Amount of Compensation.** - The amount of compensation under this Act shall be in  
4 proportion to the gravity of the human rights violation committed on the HRVV.

5 **SEC. 9. Source of Compensation.** - The funds transferred to the government of the Republic of  
6 the Philippines by virtue of the December 10, 1997 Order of the Swiss Federal Supreme Court, which funds  
7 have been adjudged by the Supreme Court of the Philippines in G.R. no. 152154 (Republic vs.  
8 Sandiganbayan) as ill-gotten Marcos wealth and forfeited in favor of the Republic of the Philippines, shall  
9 be the principal source of funds for the implementation of this Act. The aforesaid judgment which was  
10 promulgated on July 15, 2003 has become final and executory.

11 **SEC. 10. Transfer of Funds.** - Pursuant to the judgment mentioned in the preceding paragraph,  
12 the amount of Ten billion pesos (₱10,000,000,000.00) is hereby set aside and appropriated to fund the  
13 purposes of this Act: *Provided*, that the said amount of Ten billion pesos (₱10,000,000,000.00) shall be  
14 constituted as a separate account in the Bureau of the Treasury in trust for the HRVVs: *Provided, further*,  
15 That no amount from said account shall be disbursed, withdrawn or invested without the prior approval of  
16 the Human Rights Victims Compensation Board created herein: *Provided, Furthermore*, That transfer of  
17 funds to the bank account of the Board shall be effected automatically upon submission to the Bureau of  
18 the Treasury by the Board of a duly approved Resolution on the utilization of the funds requested for  
19 release; and *Provided, Finally*, that no transfer or release of funds of more than fifty million pesos  
20 (₱50,000,000.00) shall be effected in a single request for transfer or release of funds.

21 **SEC. 11. Documentation of Human Rights Violations During the Marcos Regime.** - Without  
22 prejudice to other submissions which may be required by the board, in the implementation of this Act, any  
23 HRVV or his legal heirs or representative seeking compensation shall execute a detailed sworn statement,  
24 accompanied by photographs, letters, death certificate, pleadings and other judicial or quasi-judicial  
25 documents, newspaper or videotaped accounts, and/or materials or testimonials of witnesses corroborating  
26 and narrating the circumstances of the human right violation committed against the said HRVV. Such  
27 evidentiary proofs shall be compiled by the agencies mandated to implement this Act, with the assistance  
28 of the National Historical Institute (NHI), the University of the Philippines (UP) and nongovernmental

1 organizations (NGO) whose assistance may be engaged. The compilation shall be submitted to the  
2 President, the Congress of the Philippines and the Supreme Court within two (2) years from the effectivity  
3 of this Act.

4 **SEC. 12.** *Human Rights Victims Compensation Board, Its Creation, Composition and Secretariat.*

5 – An independent Human Rights Victims Compensation Board, hereinafter referred to as the Board, is  
6 hereby created. It shall be composed of three (3) members of known probity, ability and integrity, each one  
7 with deep understanding of the human rights violations committed during the rule of Former President  
8 Ferdinand Marcos.

9 The President of the Philippines shall choose and appoint the members of the Board from among a  
10 list of five (5) nominees to be submitted by the following non-governmental organizations:

- 11 (1) Task Force Detainees of the Philippines (TFDP);
- 12 (2) Free Legal Assistance Group (FLAG) and the Movement of Attorneys for Brotherhood,  
13 Integrity, and Nationalism, Inc. (MABINI);
- 14 (3) National Council of Churches in the Philippines (NCCP); and
- 15 (4) Medical Action Group (MAG).

16 Upon their appointment by the President, the Board shall elect their Chairperson.

17 The Board shall be attached to, but not under the control or supervision of the Commission on  
18 Human Rights (CHR).

19 The Board shall organize itself within thirty (30) days from the appointment of all three (3)  
20 members. Within thirty (30) days thereafter, it shall organize its secretariat who shall be exempted from  
21 Republic Act No. 6758, otherwise known as the Salary Standardization Law.

22 **SEC. 13.** *Operating Budget of the Board.* - The initial amount of Ten million pesos  
23 (₱10,000,000.00) for the operation of the Board shall be sourced from the Ten billion pesos  
24 (₱10,000,000,000.00) stated in Section 10. The subsequent amounts necessary for the operating budget of  
25 the board shall likewise be sourced from the same funds.

26 **SEC. 14.** *Proper Disposition of Funds.* - The Board shall ensure that the funds appropriated or  
27 which may become available as compensation for HRVVs are properly disbursed in accordance with the  
28 policy stated by Congress and relevant government accounting procedures.

1           **SEC. 15. Powers and Functions of the Board.** - The board shall have the following powers and  
2 functions:

3           a) receive, evaluate, process and investigate applications for claims under this Act;

4           b) conduct independent proceedings and resolve applications for claims by either granting or  
5 denying the same;

6           c) deputize appropriate government agencies to assist it in order to effectively perform its  
7 functions;

8           d) promulgate rules of procedure in the conduct of its proceedings with the revised rules of court  
9 of the Philippines having suppletory application;

10          e) issue, serve and enforce *subpoenas ad testificandum* and *subpoenas duces tecum*; and

11          f) exercise administrative control and supervision over its secretariat through the executive  
12 director.

13           **SEC. 16. Implementing Rules and Regulations.** - Within thirty (30) days from the date of its  
14 organization, the board shall promulgate the necessary Implementing Rules and Regulations (IRR) for the  
15 effective implementation of this Act. The IRR shall be effective fifteen (15) days after its publication in two  
16 (2) national newspapers of general circulation.

17           **SEC. 17. Salaries.** - The Chair and members of the Board shall receive salaries and allowances  
18 equivalent to those of the Presiding Justice and Associate Justices of the Court of Appeals, respectively.

19           **SEC. 18. Determination of Award.** - The Board shall follow the point system in the determination of  
20 the award. The range shall be 1 to 10 points, as follows:

21          a) victims who died shall be given 9 to 10 points;

22          b) victims who were tortured shall be given 5 to 9 points;

23          c) victims who were detained shall be given 2 to 4 points; and

24          d) victims who were harassed and economically disadvantaged shall be given 1 point.

25           In each category, victims who had suffered more would receive more points. In instances where a  
26 victim falls under more than one category, he shall be awarded the points in the higher category.

27           The Board shall divide the total amount available to be awarded under this act by the sum total of  
28 the points awarded to eligible claimants to determine the monetary value of each point.

1 In order to determine the amount of compensation to be awarded to each eligible claimant, the  
2 total number of points he has received shall be multiplied by the monetary value of one point.

3 The Board shall prioritize the payment of compensation to HRVVS or their legal heirs or  
4 representatives whose deaths, enforced disappearance, torture and/or prolonged detention have been well-  
5 publicized, of general public knowledge and/or indubitably established.

6 **SEC. 19. *Non-Monetary Compensation.*** – The Department of Health, Department of Social Welfare  
7 and Development, Department of Education, the Commission on Higher Education, Technical Education  
8 and Skills Development Authority, and such other allied government agencies shall render the necessary  
9 services as non-monetary compensation for HRVVs, as may be determined by the Board pursuant to the  
10 provisions of this Act. The amount necessary for this purpose shall be sourced from the budget of the  
11 agency concerned in the annual General Appropriations Act.

12 The Commission on Human Rights shall monitor and facilitate the proper implementation of this  
13 provision beyond the completion of the work of the Board as prescribed in Section 23 herein.

14 **SEC. 20. *Period for Filing of Claims.*** – An HRVV shall file an application for compensation with the  
15 Board within Three (3) months from the effectivity of the IRR of this Act: *Provided*, That for HRVVs who are  
16 deceased or incapacitated, their legal heirs or representatives, shall be entitled to file an application for  
17 compensation on their behalf.

18 **SEC. 21. *Penalties.*** - Any claimant who is found by the Board, after due hearing, to have filed a  
19 false claim, shall be referred to the appropriate office for prosecution. If convicted, he shall suffer  
20 imprisonment of eight (8) to ten (10) years, be deprived of the right to vote and to be elected to any public  
21 office and in applicable cases, be dismissed from government service and perpetually disqualified from  
22 appointment to a public office.

23 Any member of the Board and its secretariat, public officer or employee of an agency mandated to  
24 implement this Act or any private individual who shall misuse, embezzle or misappropriate the funds for the  
25 compensation of HRVVs or who shall commit fraud in the processing of documents and claims of HRVVs,  
26 or shall conspire with any individual to commit the same, shall suffer imprisonment of ten (10) to fifteen (15)  
27 years in addition to the other penalties provided for in the Revised Penal Code and relevant special penal  
28 laws.

1           **SEC. 22. *Roll of Victims.*** - Persons who are established to be HRVVs shall be given recognition  
2 by the enshrinement of their names in a Roll of victims of Human Rights violations to be prepared by the  
3 Board. The Roll shall be filed with the National Library and in such offices or agencies, both national and  
4 international, which are dedicated to the prevention of human rights abuses. The National Historical  
5 Institute shall erect in a conspicuous location in the national capital region an appropriate memorial, shrine  
6 or monument honoring these HRVVs.

7           **SEC. 23. *Joint Congressional Oversight Committee.*** - An Oversight Committee is hereby created  
8 composed of three (3) members each from the Senate and the House of Representatives to monitor and  
9 evaluate the implementation of this Act.

10           **SEC. 24. *Period.*** - The Board shall complete its work within two (2) years from the effectivity of  
11 the IRR promulgated by the Board.

12           **SEC. 25. *Repealing Clause.*** - Section 63(b) of Republic Act No. 6657, as amended, otherwise  
13 known as the Comprehensive Agrarian Reform Law of 1988, is hereby amended to the extent that it will  
14 conform with this Act. All laws, decrees, executive orders, rules and regulations or parts thereof  
15 inconsistent with any of the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed, amended or modified accordingly.

16           **SEC. 26. *Separability Clause.*** - If any section or provision of this Act is declared unconstitutional  
17 or invalid, such other sections or provisions not affected thereby shall remain in full force and effect.

18           **SEC. 27. *Effectivity Clause.*** - This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in at  
19 least two (2) national newspapers of general circulation.

Approved,