

FIFTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC)
OF THE PHILIPPINES)
First Regular Session)

SENATE
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

10 JUL 22 P5:47

SENATE
S. No. 1949

Introduced by Senator Miriam Defensor Santiago

EXPLANATORY NOTE

Presidential Decree No. 269, as amended otherwise known as the Rural Electrification Decree was issued in 1973 with the objective of attaining total electrification of the entire Philippines. However, it has already been more than two (2) decades now since the electrification program was launched, yet, there are still numerous areas in the countryside which do not have a supply of electricity. The national government has a perennial funding problem and therefore local government units, if only to pursue the objective of the law, must be given reasonable discretion to tap any available sources of funding to enable them to collaborate with the national government in such kind of worthy undertaking for the benefit of the poor people, particularly in remote areas. This kind of undertaking however, may not be possible due to the existence of a provision in the Local Government Code which provides restrictions on how the share of local government units will be spent.

Section 294 of the Local Government Code expressly limits the use of the share of the proceeds derived from the development and utilization of sources of energy to the reduction of the cost of electricity in the area where such a source is located. If the number of population is considered, the application of the proceeds to lower the cost of electricity will be negligible, particularly in densely populated area, but the amount may be sufficient to finance the electrification of other areas within the province where the source of energy is located.

The local government units are supposed to be in a better position to determine the needs of their constituents and what is best for them. However, local government units are severely restrained to exercise their best option due to the existence of the aforementioned provision in the Code which dictated upon them what to do with their own money. This system runs counter

to the attainment of local autonomy. A curative legislation therefore that will allow local government units to use the share of the proceeds derived from the development and utilization of various sources of energy as intended in this bill is highly recommended.

This is a Senate counterpart bill to one filed in the House of Representatives by Rep. Emilio C. Macias II.¹

Miriam Defensor Santiago
MIRIAM DEFENSOR SANTIAGO
MS


¹ This was originally filed during the 14th Congress 1st Regular Session

FIFTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC)
OF THE PHILIPPINES)
First Regular Session)

10 JUL 22 P5:17

SENATE
S. No. 1949

LEGISLATIVE



Introduced by Senator Miriam Defensor Santiago

1 AN ACT
2 AUTHORIZING LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNITS TO APPLY THE SHARE
3 OF THE PROCEEDS DERIVED FROM THE DEVELOPMENT AND UTILIZATION OF
4 HYDROTHERMAL, GEOTHERMAL, AND OTHER SOURCES OF ENERGY FOR
5 ELECTRIFICATION OF OTHER AREAS WITHIN THE PROVINCE
6 WHERE THE SOURCE OF ENERGY IS LOCATED AMENDING FOR THE PURPOSE
7 SECTION 294 OF REPUBLIC ACT NO. 7160, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS
8 THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT CODE OF 1991

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

9 SECTION 1. Section 294 of Republic Act No. 7160, otherwise known as the Local
10 Government Code of 1991, is hereby amended to read as follows:

11 "SECTION 294. *Development and Livelihood Projects.* - The proceeds
12 from the share shall be appropriated by their respective sanggunian to finance
13 local development and livelihood projects: Provided, however, that at least eighty
14 percent (80%) of the proceeds derived from the development and utilization of
15 hydrothermal, geothermal and other sources of energy shall be applied [solely]
16 FOR ELECTRIFICATION OF OTHER AREAS WITHIN THE PROVINCE OR
17 to lower the cost of electricity in the local government unit where such a source of
18 energy is located."

19 SECTION 2. This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in at least
20 two (2) newspapers of general circulation.

Approved,