

FIFTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE)
REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES)
First Regular Session)

SENATE
OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

10 JUL 26 P1 33

SENATE BILL NO. 2006

RECEIVED BY: 

Introduced by HON. EDGARDO J. ANGARA

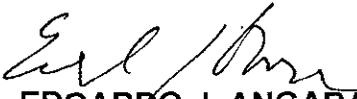
EXPLANATORY NOTE

The current organization, system and operations of the Bureau of Immigration are governed by Commonwealth Act No. 613, or the Philippine Immigration Act of 1940. Notwithstanding the amendments which have been introduced thereto over the years, the law needs to be further amended to enable our own Bureau of Immigration to adapt to the changing times. The Bureau needs to evolve into an agency that is more responsive to the challenges brought about by the advancement in science and technology.

This bill, therefore, seeks to reorganize the Bureau of Immigration and institute the same into a Commission. It defines the functions of each department created thereunder to avoid red tape and overlapping of functions, and likewise seeks to introduce changes to the now antiquated systems and procedures on immigration being used in our country. To attract foreign investments, more visa categories and privileges to foreign investors will likewise be made available. To protect the safety and security of our people, the classifications of foreigners or aliens who shall be disqualified to enter the county are also expanded. Moreover, penalties for foreigners or aliens who shall be engaged in unlawful activities are further strengthened.

In introducing these amendments, it is hoped that a more responsive immigration law shall augur well for the protection of the security, safety and well-being of our people.

In view of the foregoing considerations, the immediate approval of the bill is earnestly recommended.


EDGARDO J. ANGARA
Senator

REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES
SENATE OF THE PHILIPPINES
Pasay City, Metro Manila

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SENATE BILL NO. 2006

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PHILIPPINE IMMIGRATION ACT OF 2010

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

TITLE I

GENERAL PROVISIONS

SECTION 1. Title of the Act. — This Act shall be known as the "Philippine Immigration Act of 2010".

SEC. 2. Declaration of Policy. — In relation to other states, the Philippines shall give paramount consideration to national sovereignty, territorial integrity, **national security**, national interest, and the right to self-determination, as it adheres to the policy of peace, cooperation and amity with all nations. Toward this end, Philippine immigration policies, rules and regulations under this Act shall be applied and administered in the promotion of domestic and international interests of the Philippines, in recognition of:

(a) The admission of foreign nationals for the purpose of enhancing capital investments, trade and commerce, cultural exchanges and other forms of friendly relations and cooperation;

(b) The need for increased technological and scientific development;

(c) Promotion of conditions for social welfare and economic security of the people;

1 (d) Compliance with obligations and standards set by international law in the
2 admission or exclusion of foreign nationals;

3 (e) Promoting international order and justice by denying the use of Philippine
4 territory to persons who are engaged or likely to engage in terrorism, human smuggling
5 and trafficking, criminal and other nefarious activities;

6 (f) Modernization of structures and mechanisms necessary for the administration of
7 immigration laws in keeping with the changing demands of the country's role in the global
8 community; and

9 (g) Professionalization of the immigration service by instituting a rigid system of
10 screening and selection of immigration officials and employees and promoting their
11 development.

12 **SEC. 3. Definition of Terms.** — As used in this Act, the following terms are
13 defined as follows:

14 (a) "Admission" refers to the process by which a foreigner arriving at a port of
15 entry in the Philippines is allowed into the country by the immigration authorities;

16 (b) "Board" refers to the Board of Commissioners;

17 (c) "Border Control Officer" refers to any person tasked to man the border control
18 station as provided under Section 26 of this Act;

19 (d) "Captain" refers to the master of a vessel or pilot of an aircraft;

20 (e) "Child" refers to a person below eighteen (18) years of age;

21 (f) "Citizen" refers to any person who is a citizen of the Philippines under Section
22 1, Article IV of the Constitution of the Republic of the Philippines;

23 (g) "Commission" refers to the Commission on Immigration;

24 (h) "Commissioner" and "Deputy Commissioner" refer to the Commissioner of
25 Immigration and the Deputy Commissioner of Immigration, respectively;

1 (i) "Commitment Order" refers to an order issued by the Commissioner under
2 Section 7 (c) (2) of this Act that directs the detention of a foreigner after it has been
3 determined that a probable cause exists that he/she committed acts and/or omissions in
4 violation of Philippine immigration laws, rules and regulations, or during the pendency of
5 deportation case against such foreigner: *Provided*, That such detention shall not exceed
6 three (3) months, unless there exists other legal grounds for continued detention;

7 (j) "Consular officer" refers to any consular, diplomatic, or other officer of the
8 Government of the Philippines who has been duly granted a consular commission for the
9 purpose of issuing visas under this Act;

10 (k) "Entry" refers to the arrival of a foreigner into any designated port of entry in
11 the Philippines from a place outside thereof. A foreigner having a lawful permanent
12 residence in the Philippines shall not be regarded as making an entry for the purpose of
13 this Act if such foreigner proves that his/her departure to a place outside the Philippines
14 was for a temporary or limited period, or his/her continued absence from the Philippines
15 was occasioned by deportation proceedings, extradition, or other legal process;

16 (l) "Exclusion" refers to the act of Immigration Officers denying admission of a
17 foreigner into the country on grounds provided for in this Act;

18 (m) "Foreigner" or "Foreign National" refers to any person not a citizen of the
19 Philippines;

20 (n) "Hold Departure Order" refers to (1) a directive that commands the
21 Commissioner to prevent a foreigner from leaving the territorial jurisdiction of the
22 Philippines in cases of grant of bail and recognizance pending implementation of
23 Summary Deportation Order, or (2) an order implementing a directive from the President,
24 the Senate, the House of Representatives, the Department of Justice (DOJ), Regional

1 Trial Courts, Sandiganbayan, and appellate courts to prevent a person from leaving the
2 Philippines to any place outside thereof;

3 (o) "Husband" and/or "Wife" refer(s) to those regarded as such by the laws of
4 the country of which they are nationals but shall not include husband or wife by reason of
5 proxy or "picture marriage";

6 (p) "Immigrant" refers to any foreign national departing from any place outside the
7 Philippines destined for the Philippines, other than a non-immigrant;

8 (q) "Immigration laws" refers to this Act and any other law presently existing or
9 which may hereafter be enacted relating to movement of natural persons to and from the
10 Philippines, and their exclusion, interception, deportation and repatriation;

11 (r) "Immigration Officer" refers to any person appointed under Section 28 of this
12 Act or any employee of the Commission designated by the Commissioner to perform the
13 powers, duties and functions of an Immigration Officer as specified under this Act;

14 (s) "Interception" refers to the act of Immigration Officers denying departure
15 clearance to any person leaving the country on grounds provided for in this Act;

16 (t) "Non-immigrant" refers to any foreigner departing from any place outside the
17 Philippines who is allowed entry and admission into the Philippines for a temporary or
18 limited period of stay;

19 (u) "Non-refoulement" means a principle of international law which prohibits the
20 forced return of a refugee to the state or territory where his/her life or liberty would be
21 threatened;

22 (v) "Passport" means a document issued by the Philippine government to its
23 citizens requesting other governments to allow its citizens to pass safely and freely, and in
24 case of need to give him all lawful aid and protection;

1 (w) "Person" refers to natural and juridical person such as partnerships,
2 corporations, companies, and associations;

3 (x) "Port of entry" refers to any port designated by competent authority in
4 accordance with law through which a foreigner may apply to the Immigration Officer
5 thereat for admission into the Philippines;

6 (y) "President" refers to the President of the Republic of the Philippines;

7 (z) "Refugee" refers to a person who, owing to a well-founded fear of being
8 persecuted for reasons of race, religion, nationality, membership of a particular social
9 group, or political opinion, is outside the country of his/her nationality, and is unable or,
10 owing to such fear, is unwilling to avail of the protection of that country; or who, not having
11 a nationality and being outside the country of his/her former habitual residence, is unable
12 or, owing to such fear, is unwilling to return to it;

13 (aa) "Seaman," "Seafarer" or "Crewmember" refers to a person actually employed
14 in the operation or service in any capacity on board a vessel;

15 (bb) "Secretary" refers to the Secretary of the Department of Justice;

16 (cc) "Stateless Person" refers to a person who is not considered a national by any
17 State under its laws;

18 (dd) "Travel document" refers to a certification or identifying document containing
19 the description and other personal circumstances of its bearer, issued for direct travel to
20 and from the Philippines valid for short periods or a particular trip. It is issued only to
21 persons whose claim to Philippine citizenship is doubtful or who fall under the category
22 enumerated in Section 13 of Republic Act No. 8239, otherwise known as "The Philippine
23 Passport Act of 1996";

24 (ee) "Vessel" refers to all means of conveyances, whether aircraft or sea craft;

1 (ff) "Visa" refers to an endorsement on a passport or any travel document issued
2 by a consular officer abroad authorizing the holder thereof to proceed to a designated port
3 of entry in the Philippines and there to apply for entry and admission under the status
4 specified therein; or immigration status granted and/or issued to foreigners by the
5 Commissioner or the Board under this Act; and

6 (gg) "Watchlist Order" refers to an order issued by the Commissioner under
7 Section 7 (c) (4) of this Act that requires immigration personnel to monitor and/or prevent
8 the departure of any person for a period of fifteen (15) days, extendible for another fifteen
9 (15) days, and to notify concerned government or law enforcement agencies, when
10 his/her presence is required in criminal or legislative proceedings, or he/she poses or may
11 pose a threat to national security, public health or public safety.

12 TITLE II

13 COMMISSION ON IMMIGRATION

14 CHAPTER 1

15 THE COMMISSION

16 **SEC. 4. Creation.** — The Commission on Immigration is hereby created. It shall
17 be principally responsible for the administration and enforcement of this Act, and the
18 implementation of all laws, rules, regulations or orders of any competent authority
19 concerning the entry and admission into, stay in, and the departure from the Philippines of
20 all persons. The Commission shall be under the general supervision of the Department of
21 Justice.

22 **SEC. 5. Composition and Qualification.** — The Commission shall be
23 administered by the Board of Commissioners headed by the Commissioner as
24 Chairperson, and four (4) Deputy Commissioners as members, all of whom shall be
25 natural-born citizens of the Philippines and, at the time of their appointment, at least thirty-

1 five (35) years of age, holders of a college degree and with proven capacity for
2 administration: *Provided*, That the majority or three (3) members including the
3 Chairperson of the Commission shall be members of the Philippine Bar in good standing
4 for at least five (5) years.

5 CHAPTER 2

6 THE COMMISSIONER

7 **SEC. 6. *Appointment and Rank of the Commissioner.*** — The Commissioner
8 shall be appointed by the President and shall have the same rank, salary, and privileges
9 of an Undersécretary of a Department.

10 **SEC. 7. *Powers and Functions of the Commissioner.*** – In addition to the duties
11 as Chairperson of the Board of Commissioners, the Commissioner shall exercise the
12 following powers and functions:

- 13 (a) Supervise, direct and coordinate the overall operations of the Commission;
- 14 (b) Appoint, and exercise control and supervision over, the officers and
15 personnel of the commission, subject to existing civil service laws, rules and regulations;
- 16 (c) Issue, (1) letter orders after determination of the existence of probable
17 cause; (2) commitment or release orders; (3) warrant of deportation; (4) watchlist orders;
18 (5) hold departure orders; (6) allow entry or departure orders; (7) blacklist orders; and (8)
19 orders implementing watchlist orders issued by the Department of Justice;
- 20 (d) Delegate authority to subordinate officers and employees of the
21 Commission, except with regard to powers and functions enumerated in the immediately
22 preceding paragraph, which may be delegated only to the Deputy Commissioners;
- 23 (e) Act on applications for issuance and extension or on petitions for
24 conversion, adjustment and amendment of visas;
- 25 (f) Act on petitions for declaration of indigency;

- 1 (g) Declare such control posts, landing places, airports or ports as points of
2 entry or exit, whether limited or unlimited;
- 3 (h) Increase, reduce or waive immigration fees, fines, penalties and other
4 charges;
- 5 (i) Participate as member of the Special Committee on Naturalization pursuant
6 to Section 6 of Republic Act No. 9139 otherwise known as "The Administrative
7 Naturalization Law of 2000";
- 8 (j) Act on applications for retention or reacquisition of citizenship under
9 Republic Act No. 9225 otherwise known as "Citizenship Retention and Re-acquisition Act
10 of 2003";
- 11 (k) Issue Certificate of Identification to foreigners who have obtained Filipino
12 citizenship;
- 13 (l) Issue letter orders and permits to carry firearms, ammunition and
14 communications equipment to authorized immigration operatives for use in enforcement
15 operations and in the execution of warrants: *Provided*, That such firearms are owned and
16 issued by the Commission;
- 17 (m) Inspect the documents, premises and records of persons covered by this
18 Act;
- 19 (n) Deputize any official or employee of the national government and local
20 government units, including uniformed personnel of the Armed Forces of the Philippines,
21 the Philippine National Police and the Philippine Coast Guard to perform immigration
22 duties and functions subject to the concurrence of the Board;
- 23 (o) Authorize and prescribe the forms and the amount of cash bonds for the
24 provisional release of respondents in deportation proceedings;

1 (p) Impose reasonable fines and penalties for violation of immigration and alien
2 registration laws in accordance with this Act and the guidelines adopted by the
3 Commission;

4 (q) Provide an express lane for the rendition of services upon payment of
5 prescribed fees by airlines/shipping companies or other persons served and to deposit in
6 a government authorized depository bank all such fees received under a trust fund that
7 may be made available for the payment of allowances to employees of the Commission,
8 subject to existing auditing and accounting rules and regulations;

9 (r) Accept donation of materials, equipment or technical services from any
10 foreign government, international or domestic organization, to upgrade the efficiency and
11 operations of the Commission;

12 (s) Submit to the President and Congress, annually or as may be directed, a
13 report on the: (1) number and status of foreigners in the Philippines; (2) foreigners
14 admitted or granted change of status as permanent residents; (3) foreigners who have
15 been excluded or deported from the Philippines; (4) estimated number of illegal
16 foreigners in the Philippines in each calendar year and actions taken to arrest them, by
17 nationality grouping, for each region in the Philippines; and (5) such other transactions of
18 the Commission;

19 (t) Prepare and submit supplemental budget of the Commission for the
20 consideration of the Department of Budget and Management;

21 (u) Prescribe such rules, regulations or other administrative issuances to carry
22 out the provisions of this Act;

23 (v) Prescribe the appropriate forms, bonds, reports, entries and other papers in
24 accordance with this Act; and

25 (w) Perform such other functions inherent to the Commission.

CHAPTER 3

THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONERS

SEC. 8. *Appointment and Rank of Deputy Commissioners.* — There shall be four (4) Deputy Commissioners who shall be appointed by the President. They shall have the same rank, salary and privileges of an Assistant Secretary of a Department.

SEC. 9. *Duties of Deputy Commissioners.* — In addition to their duties as members of the Board, the Deputy Commissioners shall exercise additional powers, subject to the approval of and as may be assigned by the Board, in the following areas of concern as:

- a. Deputy Commissioner for Administration, Finance, Planning, Legal and Information and Communications Technology;
- b. Deputy Commissioner for Regional Operations, Registration, Immigration Regulation and Visa and Special Permit;
- c. Deputy Commissioner for Intelligence, Enforcement, Fraud Prevention and Complaint and Prosecution; and
- d. Deputy Commissioner for International Policies, Cooperation and Social Integration.

CHAPTER 4

THE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

SEC. 10. *Powers and Functions of the Board.* — The Board shall have the following powers and functions:

- (a) Decide on deportation cases;
- (b) Act on appeals on decisions promulgated by immigration hearing officers;
- (c) Act on applications or recommendations for revocation of immigration status;
- (d) Act on applications for recognition of Philippine citizenship by reason of birth or

1 marriage;

2 (e) Decide on applications for legalization of residence in accordance with law;

3 (f) Prescribe and promulgate rules of proceedings before it;

4 (g) Cite and punish for contempt any person in accordance with the Rules of Court;

5 (h) Prepare and publish operations manual and rules of procedure, including
6 schedule of fees, for all transactions entered into by the Commission with the public;

7 (i) Formulate policies, directives, programs and projects of the Commission; and

8 (j) Perform such other powers and functions as provided by existing laws, rules
9 and regulations not inconsistent with any of the provisions of this Act.

10 **SEC. 11. Decisions of the Board.** – In all cases or proceedings before the
11 Board, the decision of the majority shall prevail. Decisions of the Board shall become
12 final and executory fifteen (15) days from receipt thereof. Only one (1) motion for
13 reconsideration shall be filed with the Board.

14 Decisions in deportation cases may be appealed to the Office of the President
15 within fifteen (15) days from receipt thereof, whose decision shall be final and executory
16 unless stayed by an order of the Court of Appeals. The appeal shall stay the execution of
17 the decision appealed from unless the Board, in the interest of national security and/or
18 public safety, directs its execution pending appeal.

19 **SEC. 12. Period for Decision by the Board.** – The Board of Commissioners
20 shall decide deportation cases within thirty (30) days from the date they are submitted for
21 decision or resolution.

22 **SEC. 13. Meetings of the Board.** – In all cases, the Board of Commissioners
23 shall convene and act as a collegial body in all matters referred to in Section 10 of this
24 Act. The Board shall meet at least once a week or, if necessary, twice a week. Members
25 of the Board shall be notified accordingly and the presence of the Chairperson and two

1 (2) members shall constitute a quorum.

2 **SEC. 14. Board Secretary.** – The Board shall be assisted by a Board
3 Secretary who shall be appointed by the Commissioner. He/she must be a member of
4 the Philippine Bar in good standing for at least three (3) years prior to his/her
5 appointment. He/she shall keep a docket book for deportation cases, applications for
6 revocation of immigration status, applications for recognition of Philippine citizenship by
7 reason of birth *or* marriage, applications for legalization of residence and applications for
8 refugee status.

9 CHAPTER 5

10 THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

11 **SEC. 15. Appointment and Tenure** – There shall be an Executive Director of
12 the Commission who shall be appointed by the Secretary upon the recommendation of
13 the Commissioner, and whose term shall be co-terminous with the Commissioner.
14 He/she must be a natural-born citizen of the Philippines, at least thirty (30) years of age
15 and a member of the Philippine Bar in good standing for at least five (5) years prior to
16 his/her appointment.

17 **SEC. 16. Powers and Duties.** – The Executive Director shall:

18 (a) Advise and assist the Commissioner in the formulation and implementation
19 of the objectives, policies, plans and programs of the Commission;

20 (b) Oversee all the operational activities of the Commission;

21 (c) Coordinate the programs and projects of the Commission and be
22 responsible for its economical, efficient and effective administration;

23 (d) Administer oaths in connection with all matters relating to the business of
24 the Commission; and

25 (e) Perform such other duties as may be assigned by the Commissioner.

CHAPTER 6

THE BOARD OF SPECIAL INQUIRY

SEC. 17. Constitution of Boards of Special Inquiry. There shall be constituted as many Boards of Special Inquiry as required in the exigency of service but not more than twelve (12). Each Board shall be composed of a Chairperson and two (2) members. The Board shall be designated according to their areas of specialization to be determined by the Board.

SEC. 18. Appointment and Qualification of the Chairpersons and Members of the Boards of Special Inquiry. – The Chairpersons and members of the Boards of Special Inquiry shall be appointed by the Commissioner, all of whom shall be natural-born citizens of the Philippines and, at the time of their appointment, at least thirty (30) years of age, members of the Philippine Bar in good standing, and engaged in the practice of law for at least three (3) years. They shall hold office during good behavior, unless sooner removed for cause.

SEC. 19. Powers and Functions of the Boards of Special Inquiry. – The Boards of Special Inquiry shall:

- (a) Administer oaths;
- (b) Cite and punish for contempt in accordance with the Rules of Court;
- (c) Issue subpoena in cases being heard by the Board of Special Inquiry;
- (d) Recommend to the Board the imposition, waiver or reduction of fees, fines, penalties and other charges subject to existing laws, rules and regulations;
- (e) Exercise exclusive original authority to hear and recommend to the Board for final resolution the following cases:

- (1) Deportation;
- (2) Applications for revocation of immigration status;

1 (3) Applications for recognition of Philippine citizenship by reason of
2 birth or marriage;

3 (4) Applications for legalization of residence in accordance with law;

4 (5) Application for issuance of visa for stateless person; and

5 (f) Perform such other duties and functions as may be directed by the
6 Commissioner.

7 **SEC. 20. *Proceedings Before the Boards of Special Inquiry.*** – The
8 proceedings before the Boards of Special Inquiry shall be public and recorded. In all
9 cases, the Boards of Special Inquiry shall meet and act as a collegial body. Only
10 members of the Philippine Bar in good standing shall appear for and in behalf of any party
11 before the Boards of Special Inquiry.

12 **SEC. 21. *Resolutions of the Boards of Special Inquiry.*** – Cases before the
13 Boards of Special Inquiry shall be resolved within five (5) working days from the date the
14 same are submitted for resolution. Said resolution shall be submitted immediately to the
15 Board for action.

16 CHAPTER 7

17 DIVISIONS OF THE COMMISSION

18 **SEC. 22. *Divisions and Other Operating Offices of the Commission.*** — The
19 Commission shall have the following divisions and other operating offices, namely: (1)
20 Administration; (2) Finance; (3) Information and Communications Technology; (4)
21 Planning and Research; (5) International Policies and Cooperation; (6) Social Integration;
22 (7) Intelligence; (8) Law Enforcement; (9) Fraud Prevention; (10) Legal; (11) Immigration
23 Regulation; (12) Registration; (13) Visa and Special Permit; (14) Complaint and
24 Prosecution; (15) Internal Audit Office; (16) National Operations Center; and (17)
25

1 Philippines which shall be determined by the Board. Their duties and responsibilities shall
2 be determined by the Commissioner.

3 **SEC. 27. Changes in the Composition, Distribution of Assignment of Regional**
4 **Offices.** – The Commissioner may make changes in the composition, distribution and
5 assignment of Regional Offices, as well as its personnel, based on the demographics of
6 the Philippines' foreigner population and as the exigency of the service requires.

7 **SEC. 28. Immigration Officers.** – The position of Immigration Officer is hereby
8 created. No person shall be appointed to the position of Immigration Officer unless he is a
9 holder of a bachelor's degree and a first grade civil service eligible. The Immigration
10 Officers shall perform the following duties:

11 (a) Examine, with the assistance and advice of medical authorities in appropriate
12 cases, foreigners at the port of entry concerning their admissibility to enter and their
13 qualifications to remain in the Philippines;

14 (b) Exclude foreign nationals not properly documented, and to admit foreign
15 nationals complying with the applicable provisions of immigration and related laws;

16 (c) Administer oaths in connection with the performance of their duties;

17 (d) Search for foreign nationals on any vessel believed to be used to illegally bring
18 foreign nationals into the Philippines, and to arrest without warrant any foreigner who in
19 his presence or view is entering or is about to enter the Philippines in violation of
20 immigration and related laws, rules and regulations;

21 (e) Act as control officer with authority to prevent the departure of passengers not
22 complying with departure requirements; and

23 (f) Perform such other functions as may be assigned by the Commissioner from
24 time to time.

25 **SEC. 29. Designation of Employees.** – The Commissioner may designate, in

1 accordance with civil service laws, rules and regulations, any competent and qualified
2 employee of the Commission, to act as immigration officer or assign any employee to
3 other offices within the Commission and/or assign him/her additional or other duties as
4 the best interest or exigency of the service may require.

5 **SEC. 30. Assignment of Employees to do Overtime Work.** — The Commissioner
6 may assign immigration employees to do overtime work or services pursuant to rules and
7 regulations to be prescribed and at the rates fixed by the Commissioner when the work or
8 service to be rendered is to be paid by the airline, shipping companies or other persons
9 served.

10 **SEC. 31. Deployment of Immigration Personnel Abroad.** - Within ninety (90)
11 days from the effectivity of this Act, the Department of Foreign Affairs and the
12 Commission shall enter into a Memorandum of Agreement pertinent to the assignment
13 and deployment of immigration personnel to select consular posts abroad who shall
14 perform immigration duties, except diplomatic and consular functions.

15 **SEC. 32. Manning Levels** - On the average, the manning levels of immigration
16 officers of the Commission nationwide shall be in accordance with the number of arrivals
17 in each port of entry as determined by the Board: *Provided*, That the number of
18 employees, as provided in the staffing pattern in accordance with Section 130 of the Act,
19 shall not be decreased.

20 TITLE III

21 IMMIGRATION

22 CHAPTER 1 - NON-IMMIGRANTS

23 **SEC. 33. Categories of Non-immigrants and Types of Visa Issued.-** Foreign
24 nationals departing from any place outside the Philippines who are otherwise admissible

1 and who qualify under any one of the following categories may be admitted as non-
2 immigrants:

3 (a) Temporary visitors (A Visas): Visitors coming to the Philippines for a temporary
4 period for reasons of business, pleasure or health:

- 5 1. Business (A-1 visa): Temporary visitors engaged in activities of a
6 commercial or professional nature for a foreign employer or for themselves
7 that will not result in gainful employment in the Philippines. As used herein,
8 the term "business" refers to conventions, conferences, consultations and
9 other legitimate activities of a commercial or a professional nature, but does
10 not include local employment or labor for hire;
- 11 2. Pleasure (A-2 visa): Temporary visitors who stay in the Philippines for
12 holiday, including sightseeing, recreation or visiting relatives; and
- 13 3. Health (A-3 visa): Temporary visitors who stay in the Philippines to avail of
14 medical treatment.

15 (b) Transit Persons (B Visa): Persons passing through the Philippines solely for a
16 "stop over" who have a confirmed connecting flight to another country or passengers in
17 immediate and continuous transit to a destination outside the Philippines;

18 (c) Crew members (C Visa): Members of the crew of vessels required for the
19 normal operation and servicing of the vessels who come to the Philippines temporarily as
20 part of their jobs either arriving with or coming to join the vessels;

21 (d) Treaty Traders (D-1 Visa) and Treaty Investors (D-2 Visa): Citizens and their
22 family members from a country that has a trade treaty with the Philippines and coming to
23 work in the Philippines for either a company they own or one that is at least fifty percent
24 (50%) owned by nationals of their home country and which company is engaged in

1 substantial trade between the Philippines and their home country shall be granted a D-1
2 visa.

3 Citizens of a country that has an investor treaty with the Philippines, and their
4 family members, and coming to work in the Philippines for a business they own or one
5 that is at least fifty percent (50%) owned by nationals of their home country and which
6 business is supported by a substantial investment from nationals of their home country
7 shall be granted a D-2 visa;

8 (e) Accredited Foreign Government Officials, Their Families and Attendants (E
9 Visas): Foreign government officials, their families and attendants coming to the country
10 for official purpose, pursuant to international conventions and bilateral agreements, shall
11 be granted E Visas divided into three (3) types, namely:

12 1. Persons entitled to E-1 Visa: The E-1 Visa shall be issued to persons
13 enjoying diplomatic immunities and privileges, particularly the following
14 classes of foreign nationals:

- 15 a. Heads of the State and Heads of Government and their personal
16 representatives;
- 17 b. Members of reigning royal families recognized by the Philippine
18 Government;
- 19 c. Governors-General, Governors, and High Commissioners of
20 dependent territories and their personal representatives;
- 21 d. Cabinet ministers and their deputies and officials with cabinet rank of
22 ministers;
- 23 e. Presiding officers of national legislative bodies;
- 24 f. Justices or judges of the highest national judicial bodies;
- 25 g. Diplomats and career consular officials;

- 1 h. Diplomatic couriers regularly and professionally employed as such;
- 2 i. Military, naval, air and other attaches assigned to a diplomatic
- 3 mission;
- 4 j. All members of official special missions of a diplomatic character;
- 5 k. Officials of international organizations bearing diplomatic passports
- 6 when traveling on official business;
- 7 l. Representatives of international organizations who have diplomatic
- 8 status and bearing diplomatic passports issued by their governments;
- 9 m. Members of delegations proceeding to or from an international
- 10 conference of an official or diplomatic nature;
- 11 n. Accompanying spouses and unmarried minor children of foreigners
- 12 within the abovementioned categories; and
- 13 o. Such other officials going to the Philippines on diplomatic missions.
- 14 2. Persons entitled to E-2 Visa: The E-2 visa shall be issued to any other
- 15 person not included in the foregoing list, who is an officer of a foreign
- 16 government recognized by the Philippines, is a national of the country
- 17 whose government he represents, and is proceeding to the Philippines in
- 18 connection with official business for his/her government.

19 This category includes, *inter alia*, the members of the staff of a

20 diplomatic mission or consular post, the staff of international organizations,

21 and official students or participants in programs under the auspices of the

22 Philippine Government or recognized international institutions.

23 The family members of the above-mentioned persons shall also be

24 issued E-2 Visa.

1 3. Persons entitled to E-3 Visa: The E-3 Visa shall be issued to the members
2 of the household, the attendants, servants and employees of persons to
3 whom E-1 and E-2 visas have been granted;

4 (f) Students (F Visa): Foreign students having means sufficient for their support
5 and education in the Philippines who seek to enter the Philippines temporarily for the sole
6 purpose of taking up a course of study higher than high school at a university/seminary,
7 academy or college accredited for such foreign students by the Commission on Higher
8 Education in collaboration with the Commission. Their collaboration shall include the
9 monitoring of the status of activities of such foreign students in the Philippines;

10 (g) Prearranged Employment (G Visa): Foreign nationals coming to the Philippines
11 on prearranged employment, including their family members accompanying or following to
12 join them within the period of their employment. This category includes intra-company
13 transferees, professionals, performing artists, athletes, and cultural exchange workers
14 under a work exchange program;

15 (h) Religious Workers (H Visa): Duly ordained or professional missionaries and
16 religious ministers, including members of their family, coming to the Philippines to join a
17 religious congregation or denomination duly registered with the Securities and Exchange
18 Commission, upon invitation, sponsorship or guarantee of such religious congregation or
19 denomination, solely for the purpose of propagating, teaching and disseminating their
20 faith or religion;

21 (i) Representatives of International Organizations and Government Agencies (I
22 Visa) : Officials, principal representatives and foreign workers of accredited international
23 organizations as well as missions, including their family members, staff and servants. The
24 term "accredited international organization" includes any public international organization
25 in the activities of which the Philippines participates pursuant to any treaty or under the

1 authority of any act of the Congress of the Philippines authorizing such participation or
2 making an appropriation for such participation and such other international organizations,
3 institutions, agencies, programs, foundations and entities which are recognized by the
4 government of the Republic of the Philippines, including those existing and already
5 recognized as such at the time of the effectivity of this Act. The term "staff" includes the
6 employees of persons to whom the E-3 visa has been granted;

7 (j) Media Workers (J Visa): Foreign media personnel or correspondents, duly
8 accredited by the government agency concerned, who are bona fide representatives of a
9 foreign press, radio, satellite, television, film, or other information media, and are coming
10 to the Philippines solely to engage in gathering information principally for dissemination
11 abroad, including their family members accompanying or following to join them during the
12 period of the assignment in the Philippines;

13 (k) Exchange Visitors (K Visa): Foreign nationals entering the Philippines to teach,
14 study, observe, conduct research or receive training in a specific Exchange Visitor
15 Program duly approved by the Philippine Government;

16 (l) Refugees (L-1 Visa) and Stateless Persons (L-2 Visa): Refugees as defined in
17 Section 3 (z) hereof shall be issued L-1 Visa. Stateless persons, whose admission for
18 humanitarian reasons and not inimical to public interest has been approved by the
19 Commissioner or the President in such cases and under such conditions as he may
20 prescribe, shall be issued L-2 Visa; and

21 (m) Special Non-Immigrants (M Visas): Such other foreign nationals including their
22 family members who may be admitted as non-immigrants under special laws or foreign
23 nationals not otherwise provided for by this Act who are coming for temporary periods
24 only, and whose admission is authorized by the Commissioner or the President in the

1 interest of the public or for humanitarian considerations and under such conditions as he
2 may prescribe.

3 **SEC 33-A. Visa Policy.** – The policies governing the issuance, extension, renewal
4 and conversion of visas referred to in Section 33 hereof shall be jointly formulated by the
5 Commission and the Department of Foreign Affairs (DFA) and, when appropriate, the
6 Commission and the DFA shall consult with the concerned government agencies or
7 offices relative thereto.

8 Any visa policy or guidelines to be implemented abroad shall be done by the DFA,
9 with due notice to the Commission and other concerned agencies and/or offices.

10 **SEC. 33-B. Visa Issuance Overseas.-** All non-immigrant visas issued outside of
11 the Philippines shall be done by Consular Officers of the DFA duly assigned at Philippines
12 posts abroad. Immigrant visas, whenever issued abroad, shall be done by the Consular
13 Officers upon the approval of the Commission through the DFA.

14 CHAPTER 2

15 IMMIGRANTS

16 **SEC. 34. Quota Immigrants.** — Subject to conditions set forth in this Act, there
17 may be admitted into the Philippines, immigrants, otherwise known as “*quota immigrants*”,
18 not to exceed two hundred (200) of any one nationality based on immigration reciprocity
19 for any one calendar year and upon allotment by the Commissioner of the corresponding
20 quota number. In the allotment of quota numbers, the following order of preference shall
21 be observed:

22 (a) First Preference: Those whose service and qualifications show high educational
23 attainment, technical training, specialized experience, or exceptional ability in the
24 sciences, arts, professions, or business as would reasonably enhance and contribute
25 substantial benefits prospectively to the national economy, or cultural or educational

1 interests or welfare of the Philippines, including their family members, accompanying or
2 following to join them, who shall likewise be allotted individual quota numbers;

3 (b) Second Preference: Parents of a naturalized Philippine citizen;

4 (c) Third Preference: Spouses or minor children of foreign nationals who are lawful
5 permanent residents of the Philippines; and

6 (d) Fourth Preference: Parents of foreign nationals who are lawful permanent
7 residents of the Philippines.

8 **SEC 35. Allotment of Quota.** — The Commissioner shall, with respect to the first
9 preference, allot not more than fifty percent (50%) of the annual quota allotment up to the
10 end of June each year: *Provided, however,* That if the fifty percent (50%) is not utilized by
11 the first preference, the balance thereof shall be given to the second, third, and fourth
12 preferences in accordance with Section 34 of this Act. Any unused quota allotment for a
13 calendar year cannot be carried over and utilized for the ensuing calendar year.

14 **SEC. 36. Basis in Determination of Quota Allotment.** — The nationality of an
15 immigrant whose admission is subject to the numerical limitation imposed by Section 34
16 of this Act shall be that of the country of which the immigrant is a national or a citizen. The
17 nationality of an immigrant possessing dual nationality may be that of either of the two
18 countries regarding him/her as a national or citizen if he/she applies for a visa in a third
19 country. If he/she applies for a visa within one of the two countries regarding him/her as a
20 national or citizen, his/her nationality shall be that of the country in which he/she files
21 his/her application for a visa to enter the Philippines.

22 **SEC. 37. Non-Quota Immigrants.** — The following immigrants, known as “*non-*
23 *quota immigrants*”, may be admitted without regard to numerical limitation and immigration
24 reciprocity:

1 (a) The spouse of a Philippine citizen: *Provided, however,* That the abandonment
2 and failure to give support by the foreign spouse to his/her Filipino spouse and family,
3 legal separation, or termination of the marital status by annulment, declaration of nullity of
4 marriage or divorce where the cause is attributable to the foreign spouse, shall constitute
5 grounds for cancellation of the immigrant visa issued to the foreign spouse;

6 (b) A person of Filipino descent regardless of generation;

7 (c) A child born to a foreign mother during her temporary visit abroad, the mother
8 being a lawful permanent resident of the Philippines, if accompanied by or coming to join
9 the mother who applies for admission within five (5) years from the birth of the child;

10 (d) A child born subsequent to the issuance of an immigrant visa to the
11 accompanying parent, the visa not having expired or revoked;

12 (e) A foreign national who had been previously lawfully admitted into the
13 Philippines for permanent residence who is returning from a temporary visit abroad to an
14 unrelinquished residence in the Philippines; and

15 (f) A natural-born citizen who becomes a naturalized citizen of a foreign country
16 and is returning to the Philippines for permanent residence therein, including his/her
17 spouse and minor children accompanying or following to join him/her, except the one who
18 has re-acquired or retained his/her Philippine citizenship pursuant to Republic Act No.
19 9225.

20 **SEC. 38. Status of Children Born to Foreign Nationals.** — (a) A child born in the
21 Philippines to parents who are foreign nationals and lawful residents of the Philippines
22 shall be deemed a native-born permanent resident. (b) A child born to parents who are
23 both non-immigrants shall be deemed a native-born non-immigrant or temporary resident
24 and may remain in the Philippines only during the period of authorized stay of the
25 parents, unless he/she reaches the age of eighteen (18) years while continuously

1 residing in the Philippines, in which case he/she may apply for naturalization under
2 existing laws or for an appropriate visa.

3 CHAPTER 3

4 ADJUSTMENT OF STATUS

5 **SEC. 39. Conditions for Adjustment of Status of Foreign Nationals.** — The
6 status of a foreign national admitted into the Philippines as non-immigrant may be
7 adjusted by the Board to that of a foreigner lawfully admitted as a permanent resident if:
8 (a) the foreigner makes an application for such adjustment; (b) the foreigner is eligible to
9 receive a quota or non-quota immigrant visa and is admissible to the Philippines as a
10 permanent resident; and (c) a quota immigrant visa, if such is the case, is immediately
11 available to him/her at the time of his/her application, without the need of first departing
12 from the Philippines. In all such cases, the personal appearance of the foreigner shall be
13 required during the consideration of his/her application.

14 **SEC. 40. Effect of Approval on Application for Adjustment.** — Upon the
15 approval of an application for adjustment of status under the preceding section, the
16 Commissioner shall record the foreign national's lawful admission as a permanent
17 resident as of the date of the approval of the application and shall be included as part of
18 the quota for the calendar year in accordance with Section 34 of this Act.

19 **SEC. 41. Adjustment of Status, When Not Allowed.** — Adjustment of status
20 under Section 34 of this Act shall not be applicable to (a) a foreign crewman, (b) a foreign
21 national who has violated or is in violation of immigration laws, rules and regulations
22 unless the same is through no fault of his/her own or for purely technical reasons, (c) a
23 foreign national admitted as a temporary visitor without visa, and (d) transients.

24 CHAPTER 4

25 DOCUMENTATION AND ADMISSION OF NON-IMMIGRANTS

1 **SEC. 42. Documentary Requirements of Non-immigrants.** – Non-immigrants
2 must present for admission into the Philippines valid passports issued by the governments
3 of the countries to which they owe allegiance to or other travel documents showing their
4 nationality and identity as prescribed by regulations and a valid visa granted by the
5 Philippine Consular Officer, if required under existing laws, rules, regulations, or multi-
6 lateral or bilateral agreements.

7 **SEC. 43. Conditions and Period of Authorized Stay of Temporary Visitors.** —
8 The initial period of authorized stay of a foreign national admitted as a temporary visitor
9 under Section 33 of this Act shall not exceed two (2) months from the date of arrival.
10 Extensions of authorized stay may be granted under terms and conditions as may be
11 prescribed by the Commissioner: *Provided*, That the total period of authorized stay shall
12 not exceed twenty-four (24) months: *Provided further*, That during the foreign national's
13 authorized stay: (a) he/she shall not take any employment, whether paid or unpaid; (b)
14 he/she shall not establish or join in any business; or (c) he/she shall not enroll and
15 become a student at a school, college, university, academy, or other educational
16 institution, unless he/she is granted, upon proper application, a conversion to another
17 immigration status provided under this Act.

18 **SEC. 44. Conditions for Issuance of Pre-arranged Visas.** — A foreigner who is
19 coming to the Philippines for prearranged employment shall not be issued a non-
20 immigrant visa referred to in Section 33 (g) until the Consular Officer shall have received
21 authorization for the issuance of the same. Such authorization shall be given only upon
22 the filing of a petition with the Board establishing, among others, that no person can be
23 found in the Philippines willing and competent to perform the work or service for which the
24 foreigner is desired and that his/her admission would be beneficial to the public interest.

1 The petition shall be under oath by the prospective employer or his/her representative in
2 the form and manner prescribed by the Board.

3 If the Board finds that the petition complies with the requirements of the preceding
4 paragraph and of other regulations, it shall grant the petition and shall promptly transmit
5 the authorization to the Department of Foreign Affairs and/or the Consular Office
6 concerned.

7 **SEC. 45. Submission of Crew List and Passenger Manifest to the**
8 **Commission.** – Simultaneous to the vessel's departure from the port of origin, the
9 master, captain, agent, owner or consignee of any commercial vessel arriving to the
10 Philippines shall submit to the Commission, within a reasonable time prior to such arrival,
11 the crew lists, passenger manifests and such other information concerning the persons
12 arriving on such a vessel. In the same manner and condition, the master, captain, agent,
13 owner or consignee of any commercial vessel departing from any port in the Philippines
14 shall submit to the Commission, within a reasonable time prior to such departure, the crew
15 list, passenger manifest and such other information concerning the persons departing on
16 such vessel. The crew list of an incoming sea craft shall be duly visaed by the
17 appropriate Consular Officer.

18 **SEC. 46. Inspection of Crewmembers.** – It shall be the duty of the master,
19 captain, agent, owner or consignee of any vessel arriving in the Philippines to have
20 available on board, for inspection by the Immigration Officer, any foreign crewmember
21 employed on such vessel and to detain such crewmember on board after inspection and
22 to remove such crewmember when required by the immigration authorities. No
23 crewmember on board such vessel shall be discharged while the vessel is in port without
24 the permission of the Commissioner.

1 residence in view of the cessation of the reasons that resulted to his/her being a refugee:
2 *Provided*, That this ground shall not apply if a refugee is able to invoke compelling reasons
3 arising out of the previous persecution.

4 **SEC. 50. *Effect of Grant of Refugee Status to Refugee Dependents.*** – A
5 spouse, minor child, and other dependents of a foreigner who is granted a refugee status
6 may, if not otherwise eligible under Section 48, be granted the same status as the refugee
7 to assure family unity or when it is in the public interest.

8 **SEC. 51. *Confidentiality of Information.*** – In proceedings for the recognition of
9 refugee status, the confidentiality of information shall be respected and no information
10 relating to the refugee shall be shared with the country of origin, directly or indirectly.

11 **SEC. 52. *Burden of Proof.*** – In proceedings for the recognition of refugee status,
12 the burden of proof lies with the applicant, subject to the principle of non-refoulment.

13 **SEC. 53. *Stay of Exclusion or Deportation.*** – Notwithstanding the provisions of
14 Sections 78 and 86, the exclusion from entry and deportation of a foreigner shall be
15 stayed during the pendency of an application for refugee status. Where grounds under
16 Section 78 are present, the refugee shall be allowed entry and the application shall be
17 immediately referred by the Immigration Officer to the Board.

18 **SEC. 54. *Detention of Refugee.*** – Detention of applicants for refugee status shall
19 only be resorted to in cases arising out of illegal entry or unauthorized stay after
20 consideration of other alternatives, as may be determined by the Commissioner.

21 CHAPTER 6

22 DOCUMENTATION AND ADMISSION OF IMMIGRANTS

23 **SEC. 55. *Documentary Requirements of Immigrants; Instances When Not***
24 ***Required.*** — Immigrants must present for admission into the Philippines valid passports
25 or travel documents issued by the government of the country to which they owe

1 allegiance, showing their nationality and identity and valid visas issued by the Consular
2 Officer indicating the date of issue and the period of validity thereof. Immigrant visas shall
3 not be required of the following:

4 (a) A child born subsequent to the issuance of a valid immigrant visa to the
5 accompanying parent;

6 (b) A child born during the temporary visit abroad of the mother who is a lawful
7 permanent resident of the Philippines and a holder of a valid reentry permit, if the child is
8 accompanied by either parent within five (5) years from the date of the child's birth; and

9 (c) A foreigner who is returning to an unrelinquished lawful permanent residence in
10 the Philippines after a temporary residence abroad and presents for admission a valid
11 reentry permit.

12 Chapter 7 — Visa Issuance

13 **SEC. 56. Nature of Visa.** — Nothing in this Act shall be construed to automatically
14 entitle any foreign national to whom a visa or other travel document has been issued to
15 enter the Philippines if, upon arrival at a port of entry, he/she is found to be inadmissible
16 under this Act or any other law.

17 **SEC. 57. Requirement of Issuance of Visa.** – Under the conditions and subject to
18 the limitations prescribed in this Act or regulations issued hereunder, the Commissioner
19 may approve the issuance of an immigrant visa upon the recommendation of a Consular
20 Officer in the following manner:

21 (a) An immigrant visa may only be issued to a foreign national who has made a
22 proper application therefor, which shall specify the foreign country, if any, to which the
23 quota the number is assigned, the immigrant's particular status in such country, the
24 preference to which the foreigner is classified, the date on which the validity of the visa
25 shall expire, and such additional information as may be required.

1 (b) The Department of Foreign Affairs, through its Consular Office abroad and
2 through the Office of the Visa Director, shall approve the issuance of a non-immigrant visa
3 to a foreign national who has made a proper application therefor in accordance with
4 Section 33 of this Act.

5 All diplomatic visas under Section 33 (e) of this Act shall be exclusively issued by
6 the Department of Foreign Affairs in accordance with the Vienna Convention on
7 Diplomatic Relations.

8 All other non-immigrant visas under Section 33 shall be issued by the Consular
9 Officer, when the application is made abroad, or may be issued by the Office of the Visa
10 Director, when the application is made in the Philippines for conversion or renewal.

11 The issuance of special non-immigrant visas falling under the jurisdiction of a
12 particular government office or agency can only be done in coordination with and upon
13 recommendation of the government agency or office concerned.

14 **SEC. 58. Requirements for Physical and/or Mental Examination Prior to**
15 **Issuance of Immigrant Visa.** – Prior to the issuance of an immigrant visa to any foreign
16 national, the Consular Officer shall require such person to submit to a physical and mental
17 examination in accordance with such regulations as may be prescribed by the
18 Commissioner. In addition, said foreign national shall be required to personally plant fifty
19 (50) trees, except when he/she is physically incapable of doing so, in which case, he/she
20 may cause another person to plant the trees.

21 **SEC. 59. Validity of Visa.** — A non-immigrant or immigrant visa issued by a
22 Consular Officer abroad pursuant to Section 57 of this Act shall be valid for a period not
23 exceeding six (6) months. In prescribing the period of validity of a non-immigrant visa, the
24 Consular Officer shall, insofar as practicable, accord to such nationals the same treatment

1 on a reciprocal basis as such foreign country accords to citizens of the Philippines who
2 are within a similar class. An immigrant visa may be replaced under the original number
3 during the calendar year in which the original visa was issued for a foreigner who
4 establishes to the satisfaction of the Consular Officer that he/she was unable to use the
5 original immigrant visa during the period of its validity for reasons beyond his/her control:
6 *Provided*, That the foreign national is found by the Consular Officer to be eligible for
7 another immigrant visa and has paid all the fees.

8 ***SEC. 60. Denial of Visa, Grounds Thereof.*** — The Consular Officer may deny the
9 application for visa (a) if it appears from the statements in the application or in the
10 documents submitted the applicant is not entitled to a visa under this Act; or (b) if he/she
11 fails to comply with the requirements of the provisions of this Act.

12 ***SEC. 61. Revocation of Visa Issued by Consular Officer.*** — The Commissioner
13 may, for valid cause and upon confirmation of the Secretary of Foreign Affairs, revoke the
14 visa issued by any Philippine Consular Office. If the notice of revocation is not received
15 and the visa holder applies for admission into the Philippines, his/her admission or entry
16 shall be determined by the Immigration Officer upon his/her arrival at the port of entry.

17 CHAPTER 8

18 RE-ENTRY AND EMIGRATION CLEARANCE

19 ***SEC. 62. Re-entry.*** — Every time a registered foreign national, except a temporary
20 visitor, departs or is about to depart temporarily from the Philippines with the intention to
21 return, he/she must pay a re-entry fee, emigration clearance fee and head fee: *Provided*,
22 That said foreign national returns to the Philippines within a period of one (1) year from
23 his/her departure in order to maintain his/her visa category. Otherwise, he/she shall apply
24 for an extension of the period within which to return prior to its expiration and pay the
25 prescribed fees and charges therefor: *Provided*, That if his/her authorized stay is less than

1 one (1) year, he/she shall pay a special return fee, emigration clearance fee and head fee
2 for every departure: *Provided, further,* That in both cases, if the registered foreign national
3 departs permanently from the Philippines, he/she shall surrender all his/her Philippine
4 immigration documents to the Commission and apply for and be issued an Emigration
5 Clearance Certificate upon payment of the prescribed fees and charges therefor, subject
6 to the following conditions:

7 (a) He/she has no pending obligation with the government or any of its agencies or
8 instrumentalities;

9 (b) He/she has no pending criminal, civil, or administrative proceeding which
10 requires his continued presence in the country; and

11 (c) There is no ongoing legislative inquiry where he/she is called upon to testify as
12 a witness.

13 **SEC. 63. Emigration Clearance.** — Any temporary visitor departing from the
14 Philippines shall, after the expiration of his/her initial authorized stay, apply for emigration
15 clearance with the Commission and pay the prescribed fees and charges therefor.

17 CHAPTER 9

18 PRESIDENTIAL PREROGATIVES

19 **SEC. 64. Presidential Prerogatives.** — Any provision of this Act to the contrary
20 notwithstanding, the President may:

21 (a) Deny the entry and admission into the Philippines of any foreign national or a
22 class of foreign nationals whenever the President finds that the entry would be detrimental
23 to the interest of the Philippines or impose such restrictions as he/she may deem
24 appropriate;

1 (b) Waive passport and/or documentary requirements for non-immigrants and
2 immigrants under such terms and conditions as he/she may prescribe;

3 (c) Change the status of non-immigrants by allowing them to acquire permanent
4 residence status without necessity of a visa;

5 (d) Deport any foreign national, subject to the requirement of due process;

6 (e) Admit non-immigrants not otherwise provided for in this Act for humanitarian
7 considerations and when not detrimental to public interest, under such terms and
8 conditions as he/she may prescribe;

9 (f) Prohibit the departure from the Philippines of any person who is likely to
10 disclose national security information, or who is likely to organize a rebellion abroad
11 against the Philippines, or whose presence in the country is necessary to face, or be a
12 witness in, criminal proceedings; and

13 (g) Exercise, with respect to foreign nationals in the Philippines, such powers as
14 are recognized by the generally accepted principles of international law.

16 TITLE IV

17 PROVISIONS RELATING TO ENTRY

18 CHAPTER 1

19 CLASSIFICATION OF PORTS OF ENTRY

20 **SEC. 65. Authority to Classify Ports.** – The Commissioner shall classify and
21 designate, from among the ports of entry established by law for immigration purposes,
22 limited or unlimited ports of entry through which foreigners may be admitted into the
23 Philippines. Only such classes of foreigners as provided under the rules and regulations
24 prescribed by the Commissioner may be admitted at limited ports of entry. The

1 Commissioner may, after due notice to the public, close designated ports of entry in the
2 interest of national security or public safety.

3 CHAPTER 2

4 PROCEDURES ON ARRIVAL

5 **SEC. 66. *Inspection by Immigration Officer.*** — A foreigner seeking admission or
6 readmission shall present his/her valid passport and visa, if required, to the immigration
7 officer at the port of entry and shall be subject to primary inspection. The decision of the
8 examining Immigration Officer, if favorable to the admission of any foreigner, may be
9 challenged by another Immigration Officer. The final determination of admissibility of such
10 foreigner shall be determined by the Commissioner in case no resolution is reached
11 between the Immigration Officers on the challenged admission. In case of admission, the
12 Immigration Officer shall indicate in the passport the date, the port of entry and the
13 identity of the vessel boarded.

14 **SEC. 67. *Detention or Quarantine for Examination.*** — For the purpose of
15 determining whether a foreigner arriving at any port in the Philippines belongs to any of
16 the classes excludable under this Act by reason of being afflicted with any of the
17 contagious or communicable disease or mental disorder set forth under Section 78(a) of
18 this Act or whenever the Commissioner has received information showing that foreigners
19 are coming from a country or a place where any of such diseases are prevalent or
20 widespread, the foreigner shall be detained or quarantined for a reasonable period of time
21 to enable the immigration and medical officers to subject such person to observation and
22 examination.

23 **SEC. 68. *Medical Examination Requirement.*** — Any arriving foreign national whom
24 the examining Immigration Officer believes to belong under the class of excludable foreign
25 nationals specified in Section 78(a) herein shall be referred to designated medical officers

1 for physical and mental examination. Such medical officer shall certify his/her findings for
2 the information of the Immigration Officer.

3 **SEC. 69. Arrival Notice Requirements of Vessel.** – The immigration authorities
4 shall be given prior notice of the arrival of any civilian vessel before such vessel comes
5 into any area in the Philippines from any place outside thereof. Such prior notice shall not
6 be required in the case of vessels with scheduled arrivals filed with the Immigration Officer
7 in charge at the international port of entry.

8 If, upon arrival in any area other than the designated port and there is no available
9 Immigration Officer therein, the master, pilot, captain, agent or consignee shall not allow
10 the passengers and crew members to disembark or leave the primary inspection area
11 until the immigration officer shall have conducted the primary inspection formalities.

12 **SEC. 70. Contents of Notice of Arrival.** — The advance notice of arrival required
13 in the preceding section shall specify the following:

14 (a) Type of vessel and registration marks;

15 (b) Visaed crewlist;

16 (c) Passenger manifest;

17 (d) Port of last departure;

18 (e) International port of intended destination, or other place authorized by the
19 Commissioner;

20 (f) Estimated time of arrival; and

21 (g) Authorized agent or representative at the place of arrival.

22 CHAPTER 3

23 FOREIGN CREWMEMBER

24 **SEC. 71. Conditional Permit to Disembark.** — A foreign crewmember of a
25 vessel under Section 33(c) of this Act may be granted a conditional permit, in a form

1 prescribed by regulations, to disembark temporarily from the vessel on which he/she
2 arrived while such vessel remains in port under such terms and conditions as may be
3 prescribed by the Commissioner.

4 **SEC. 72. Confiscation and Cancellation of Permit; Deportation from the**
5 **Philippines.** — Upon the determination that the foreigner is not a *bona fide* crewmember
6 or does not intend to depart on the vessel that brought him, the Commissioner shall
7 cancel and confiscate the conditional permit already issued, take such foreigner into
8 custody, and require the owner, operator, captain, master, pilot, agent or consignee of the
9 vessel on which the foreigner arrived to receive and detain him/her on board. The
10 expenses for his/her removal, including the cost of detention and other expenses
11 incidental thereto, shall be borne by the owner, operator, captain, master, pilot, agent or
12 consignee of such vessel.

13 **SEC. 73. Liability for Overstaying Foreign Crewmen.** — A foreign crewmember
14 who remains in the Philippines in excess of the period allowed in the conditional permit
15 issued to him shall be solidarily liable with the owner, operator, captain, master, pilot,
16 agent or consignee of the vessel to pay the penalties prescribed in Section 126 of this
17 Act.

18 **SEC. 74. Liability for Unauthorized Discharge of Foreign Crewmember.** — It
19 shall be unlawful for any person, including the owner, operator, captain, master, pilot,
20 agent or consignee of any vessel to discharge any foreign crewmember employed a
21 vessel arriving in the Philippines and whilst in port, without first obtaining the prior
22 permission of the Commissioner. Otherwise, such person or owner, operator, captain,
23 master, pilot, agent or consignee of the vessel shall pay the Commission such fines as
24 may be prescribed under this Act. No such vessel shall be granted clearance from any
25 port in the Philippines while such fines remain unpaid or while the validity thereof is being

1 determined: *Provided*, That a clearance may be granted prior to such determination upon
2 deposit of a sum or cash bond sufficient to cover such fines as approved by the
3 Commissioner.

4 ***SEC. 75. Duty to Report Desertion or Illegal Landing of Foreign Crewmember.***

5 —The owner, operator, captain, master, pilot, agent or consignee of any vessel shall
6 immediately report, in writing, to the immigration officer all cases of desertion or illegal
7 disembarkation in the Philippines from the vessel, together with a description of such
8 foreigners and any information that shall result in their apprehension.

9 ***SEC. 76. Requirement for Submission of List of Newly Employed, Discharged***
10 ***and Illegally Landed Foreign Crewmember.*** — Prior to the departure of any vessel from
11 the last port in the Philippines destined to any place outside thereof, the owner, operator,
12 captain, master, pilot, agent or consignee thereof shall deliver to the Immigration Officer
13 at that port a list containing: (a) the names of crewmembers who were not employed
14 thereon at the time of the vessel's arrival on such port but will depart thereat on the same
15 vessel; (b) the names of those, if any, who have been discharged; (c) those who have
16 deserted or illegally landed at that port, if any; and (d) such other additional information
17 as the Commissioner deems necessary.

18 ***SEC. 77. Liability for Failure to Submit Complete, True and Correct Report.*** —

19 *In case the owner, operator, captain, master, pilot, agent, or consignee, fails to submit a*
20 *true and complete list or report of foreigners, or to report cases of desertion or illegal*
21 *landing, he/she shall pay to the Commission such sum as may be prescribed under this*
22 *Act. No such vessel shall be granted clearance from any port in the Philippines while*
23 *such fines remain unpaid or while the validity thereof is being determined: *Provided*, that*
24 *clearance may be granted prior to such determination upon deposit of a sum or cash*
25 *bond sufficient to cover such fines as approved by the Commissioner.*

CHAPTER 4**EXCLUSIONS**

SEC. 78. Exclusion Grounds. - The following classes of foreign nationals shall not be allowed entry and shall be excluded from the Philippines:

(a) Health Related Grounds

1. Those who are found to be suffering from a communicable, dangerous or contagious disease;
2. Those who are found to be suffering from mental disorder or associated behavior that may pose threat to persons or danger to property;
3. Those who are found to be suffering from addiction to prohibited or regulated substance;

(b) Economic Grounds

1. Those likely to become a public charge;
2. Those seeking entry for the purpose of performing skilled or unskilled labor, without a permit from the Secretary of the Department of Labor and Employment as required by law;

(c) Moral Grounds

1. Those coming to the Philippines to practice polygamy or who advocate the practice of polygamy unless his/her religion allows such practices;
2. Those who are pedophiles, sexual perverts or those coming to the Philippines for immoral purposes;
3. Those who are engaged or who seek to engage in prostitution or to procure or attempt to procure prostitutes, or who receives in whole or in part the proceeds of prostitution;

1 4. Those who, at the time of primary inspection, by the Immigration Officer
2 exhibit any obnoxious behavior, contempt or disrespect for the said officer or
3 any government official or Commission;

4 (d) Criminal and Security Grounds

5 1. Those who have been convicted of a crime involving moral turpitude or who
6 admit to the Immigration Officer having committed such crime, or who
7 attempt and conspire to commit the crime;

8 2. Those who have been convicted, or who admit having committed, or are
9 committing acts which constitute the elements of a violation or conspiracy to
10 violate any law or regulation of the Philippines or a foreign country relating to
11 a controlled, regulated or prohibited substance, or who attempt or conspire
12 to commit the crime;

13 3. Those that the Philippine Government knows or has reason to believe is a
14 trafficker of any controlled, regulated or prohibited substance or knows or
15 has reason to believe is or has been an accomplice, accessory, abettor, or
16 co-conspirator in the illicit trafficking of any controlled, regulated or
17 prohibited substance;

18 4. Those who are fugitives from justice;

19 5. Those who seek to enter the Philippines to engage in:

20 a. Espionage or sabotage, or a violation or evasion of any laws
21 prohibiting export of goods, technology or sensitive information;

22 b. Any activity aimed to promote membership in an organization of
23 syndicated criminal activities;

24 c. Any activity, the purpose of which is to overthrow the Philippine
25 government by force, violence or other unlawful means; and

1 d. Any other unlawful activity.

- 2 7. Those who are engaged or believed to be engaged or likely to engage in, aid,
3 abet or finance any terrorist activity and members or representatives of a
4 foreign terrorist organization;
- 5 8. Those who have been identified by competent authorities, local or
6 foreign, as having engaged or are engaging in human trafficking and
7 smuggling;
- 8 9. Those who are under fifteen (15) years of age and unaccompanied by or not
9 coming to a parent, except that they may be admitted in the discretion of the
10 Commissioner, if otherwise admissible; and
- 11 10. Those who have been identified by competent authorities, local and foreign,
12 as having engaged or are engaging in importation of contrabands and other
13 prohibited articles into the country.

14 **SEC. 78-A. Minor Persons/ Minority.** – Persons under fifteen (15) years of age,
15 and not accompanied by or not coming to a parent, may be admitted: *Provided*, That the
16 written consent of either parent allowing them to travel is presented. The written consent
17 must cite the purpose of the travel and must be affirmed by the Philippine Consular post
18 in the minor's country of origin.

19 **SEC. 79. Temporary Detention of Excludable Foreigners.** — For the purpose of
20 ascertaining whether a foreigner arriving in the Philippines belongs to any of the
21 excludable classes of foreigners provided for in this Act or related laws, the Immigration
22 Officer, for a period not exceeding seventy-two (72) hours, may temporarily detain for
23 investigation such foreigner either on board the vessel or at a place designated for the
24 purpose at the expense of the master, captain, agent, owner or consignee of the carrying
25 vessel.

1 **SEC. 80. Finality of Exclusion Order.** — An order by the Immigration Officer to
2 exclude a foreign national who is excludable under Section 78 hereof is final and
3 executory unless revoked by the Commissioner upon a timely appeal prior to the
4 implementation of the exclusion order.

5 **SEC. 81. Authority to Waive Grounds for Exclusion.** — Except for grounds of
6 exclusion under Section 78(d), subparagraphs 1 to 8 and subparagraph 9, the
7 Commissioner may waive any of the grounds for exclusion mentioned therein.

8 **SEC. 82. Procedure of Removal and Cost Thereof.** — Any foreign national arriving
9 in the Philippines who is ordered excluded shall be immediately removed in the same
10 accommodation to the country where he/she boarded the vessel on which he/she arrived,
11 unless the Commissioner determines that immediate removal is not proper and
12 practicable. The cost of detention and other expenses incidental thereto shall be borne
13 by the owner, operator, master, pilot, captain, agent or consignee of the vessel on which
14 he/she arrived.

15 **SEC. 83. Country Where Removal is to be Directed.** — If the government of the
16 country designated in the preceding section will not accept the foreign national into its
17 territory, his/her removal shall be directed by the Commissioner in his/her discretion and
18 without necessarily giving preference, either to:

- 19 (a) The country which he/she is a citizen or national;
20 (b) The country of birth;
21 (c) The country of his/her habitual residence; or
22 (d) The country willing to accept the foreign national into its territory, if removal to
23 any of the foregoing countries is impractical or impossible.

1 **SEC. 86. *Classes of Deportable Foreigners.*** – The following foreigners shall be
2 arrested upon the order of the Commissioner and deported upon recommendation by the
3 Board of Special Inquiry and approval by the Board:

4 (a) Those who entered the Philippines by means of false and misleading statements
5 or documents, misrepresentations or without inspection and admission by the immigration
6 authorities;

7 (b) Those who entered the Philippines who were not lawfully admissible at the time
8 of entry;

9 (c) Those who engage, abet or aid in the practice of prostitution including the owner,
10 manager or inmates of a house of prostitution or are procurers, pedophiles or sexual
11 perverts;

12 (d) Those who, at any time after the date of entry, have become a public charge;

13 (e) Those who remain in the Philippines in violation of any period of limitation or
14 condition under which they were admitted;

15 (f) Those who believe in, advise, advocate or teach the overthrowing by force and
16 violence of the Government of the Republic of the Philippines, or duly constituted
17 authority, or those who do not believe in or are opposed to organized governments, or
18 those who advise, advocate or teach the assault or assassination of public officials by
19 reason of their office, or those who advise, advocate or teach the unlawful destruction of
20 property, or those who are members of or affiliated with any organization entertaining,
21 advocating or teaching such doctrines, or those who in any manner whatsoever extend
22 assistance, financial or otherwise, in the dissemination of such doctrines;

23 (g) Those who, at any time after entry, engage in, abet, aid or finance any terrorist
24 activity;

25 (h) Those who commit any violation of the provisions of this Act, independent of any

1 criminal action which may be brought against them: *Provided, however,* That in the case
2 of a foreigner who, for any reason, is convicted and sentenced to suffer both
3 imprisonment and deportation, said foreigner shall first serve the entire period of his/her
4 sentence before being deported: *Provided, further,* That the penalty of imprisonment may
5 be waived by the President upon payment by the foreigner concerned of such costs, fines
6 and/or damages, if any, awarded to the government or any aggrieved party,;

7 (i) Those who, at any time after entry, are engaged in acts or omissions punishable
8 under Philippine penal laws cognizable by the Regional Trial Courts and the
9 Sandiganbayan;

10 (j) Those who, at any time after entry, are convicted by final judgment of a crime
11 punishable under Philippine penal laws cognizable by the first level courts;

12 (k) Those who are guilty of any offense penalized under the naturalization laws of
13 the Philippines or any law relating to the acquisition of Philippine citizenship;

14 (l) Those who defraud their creditors by absconding or alienating properties to
15 prevent their attachment or execution;

16 (m) Those who were admitted as non-immigrants and who obtained an adjustment of
17 their admission status for convenience, or through fraud, falsification of documents,
18 misrepresentations or concealment of material facts;

19 (n) Those who violated Philippine labor and taxation laws, rules and regulations;

20 (o) Those who, upon prior investigation and hearing, are found to be undesirable and
21 whose further stay in the Philippines is inimical to public welfare and interest, or the
22 dignity of the Filipinos, or the Republic of the Philippines as a sovereign nation;

23 (p) Those who forge, counterfeit, alter or falsely make any document; or use, attempt
24 to use, possess, obtain, accept or receive or provide any forged, counterfeit, altered or
25 falsely made document; or use, attempt to use, provide, attempt to provide, accept or

1 receive a genuine document, even of another person, without authority to do so for the
2 purpose of satisfying or complying with the requirements for his/her stay in the
3 Philippines; and

4 (q) Those whose presence or activities in the country may result in adverse
5 consequences to Philippine foreign policies as determined by the Secretary of Foreign
6 Affairs.

7 **SEC. 87. *Non-Prescription of Deportation Cases.*** – The right of the State to
8 initiate at any time deportation proceedings shall not prescribe: *Provided, That no*
9 deportation proceedings and orders shall be had against foreigners facing preliminary
10 investigation, prosecution and trial before competent authorities.

11 CHAPTER 2

12 DETENTION AND DEPORTATION OF FOREIGN NATIONALS

13 **SEC. 88. *Issuance of Summons.*** – If the Commissioner determines that
14 there exists a reasonable ground to deport a foreigner pursuant to Section 86 of this Act,
15 he/she may issue summons requiring the foreigner to appear in person before the
16 designated investigating officer at the time, date and place stated therein.

17 **SEC. 89. *Authority to Issue Letter Order.*** — The Commissioner may issue a
18 letter order if he/she determines that a probable cause exists for the filing of deportation
19 charges against a foreigner for violation of immigration and other related laws, rules and
20 regulations or there is a strong probability that a deportable foreigner may flee from
21 his/her place of abode, go into hiding or surreptitiously leave the country.

22 **SEC. 90. *Formal Charge of Deportation.*** – A formal charge for deportation shall be
23 issued upon determination of the existence of a *prima facie* case against the foreigner.
24 Pending final determination of his/her deportation case, the foreigner shall, upon the
25 discretion of the Commissioner: (a) remain under detention; or (b) be released on bail or

1 recognizance. The bail may be revoked and confiscated in favor of the government if
2 there is sufficient evidence that the foreigner is evading the proceedings or is attempting
3 to abscond, in which case he/she shall be taken into custody and placed under detention
4 by order of the Commissioner.

5 **SEC. 91. Detention of a Foreigner Convicted of a Felony or an Offense. –**

6 After service of his/her sentence or compliance with the conditions of his/her parole or
7 probation, as the case may be, the foreigner shall be taken into custody and placed under
8 detention by order of the Commissioner. Pending final determination of the deportation
9 case, the foreigner may be ordered released under such terms and conditions prescribed
10 by the Commissioner.

11 **SEC. 92. Voluntary Deportation, When Authorized. –** In case the foreigner does

12 not contest the formal charge against him/her and opts to voluntarily leave the country at
13 his/her own expense, the Commissioner may waive the deportation proceedings and
14 order the departure within the period specified in the voluntary deportation order, except in
15 cases of violations of laws such as Republic Act No. 8042 otherwise known as the
16 "Migrant Workers and Overseas Filipinos Act of 1995": *Provided*, That he/she has not
17 committed any criminal offense or has no pending case in court: *Provided, further*, That
18 the said foreigner so deported shall be barred from re-entering the country without prior
19 written authorization from the Commissioner.

20 **SEC. 93. Contents of an Order or Warrant of Deportation. –** The order or warrant

21 of deportation shall be in the form prescribed by the Commissioner and shall state the
22 grounds therefor, the specific place where the foreigner is to be deported and the period
23 within which to execute such order.

24 **SEC. 94. Period to Enforce Order of Deportation. –** The order of deportation

25 shall be enforced immediately but in no case shall exceed three (3) months from the date

1 it has become final and executory. If deportation is not enforced within the prescribed
2 period for reasons beyond the control of the Commissioner, the foreigner shall remain in
3 custody.

4 **SEC. 95. *Suspension of Deportation Order.*** – Upon application and payment of
5 the prescribed fees by the concerned foreigner, the Commissioner may suspend the
6 implementation of the deportation order and order his/her release for good cause, taking
7 into account the following factors:

8 (a) Age, health, family or conduct;

9 (b) Period of detention;

10 (c) Impact on national security and public welfare;

11 (d) Unavailability of travel documents;

12 (e) Existence of an application for refugee status; or

13 (f) Other humanitarian considerations.

14 **SEC. 96. *Reinstatement of a Deportation Order.*** – A deportation order previously
15 implemented against a foreigner who unlawfully re-entered the Philippines shall be
16 deemed automatically reinstated and shall be implemented in accordance with this Act.
17 This provision shall also apply to a foreigner who departed voluntarily under Section 92
18 hereof.

19 **SEC. 97. *Country of Destination of a Deportee.*** – Except as provided for under
20 existing treaty or international agreement, a foreigner shall be deported to the country of
21 which he/she is a citizen or national, or to the country of his/her birth, or to the country of
22 which he/she is a resident, or to the country from which he/she embarked for the
23 Philippines, subject to the acceptance by the receiving country.

24 **SEC. 98. *Existence of Danger in the Country Where a Foreigner is to be***
25 ***Deported.*** – No foreigner shall be deported to a country where there exists a danger to

1 his/her life or freedom on account of race, religion, nationality, political opinion or
2 membership in a particular political or social group, except in the following circumstances:

3 (a) The foreigner participated, induced or cooperated in the persecution of any
4 person on account of race, religion, nationality, political opinion or membership in a
5 particular political or social group in the country where he/she is to be deported;

6 (b) The foreigner is a fugitive from justice in the country where he/she is to be
7 deported;

8 (c) The foreigner committed a serious non-political crime in the country where he/she
9 is to be deported; or

10 (d) The foreigner is undesirable in and/or a danger to the national security of the
11 Philippines.

12 **SEC. 99. Cost of Deportation.** – The cost of deportation shall be borne by the
13 owner, operator, captain, master, pilot, agent or consignee of a vessel in case its foreign
14 crew member is to be deported for violation of Section 100 of this Act. In all other cases,
15 the cost of deportation shall be borne by the deportee himself/herself, the concerned
16 consular office, nongovernment organizations or people's organizations with which the
17 Commission has an agreement on this matter, or from the appropriations for the
18 enforcement of this Act.

19 **SEC. 100. Liability of Owner, Operator, Captain, Master, Pilot, Agent or**
20 **Consignee of a Vessel.** – Failure or refusal on the part of the owner, operator, captain,
21 master, pilot, agent or consignee of a vessel to take on board, guard safely and transport
22 the deportee to his/her country of destination, or to shoulder the cost of deportation of the
23 foreign crew member as provided in Section 99 hereof, shall be punished by an
24 administrative penalty prescribed under this Act.

25 **SEC. 101. Expenses of Accompanying Person.** – The Commissioner may, by

1 reason of the mental or physical condition of the deportee, direct an employee of the
2 Commission to accompany such deportee to the country of his/her destination, subject to
3 the provisions of the immediately preceding sections.

4 CHAPTER 3

5 INDIGENT FOREIGNERS

6 **SEC. 102. *Deportation of Indigent Foreigners.*** – At any time after entry, the
7 Commissioner may deport indigent foreigners from the Philippines to the country of which
8 they are citizens or nationals, or country of birth, or country of residence, as the case may
9 be. The cost of deportation may be charged against the available funds of the
10 Commission. Any foreigner deported under this section shall be barred re-admission
11 except upon written authorization of the Commissioner.

12 This provision shall not apply to a foreigner declared as an indigent by any Philippine
13 court for purposes of filing a case or to pursue a cause of action which resulted in his/her
14 indigency until such action is resolved with finality: *Provided*, That no other grounds for
15 deportation exist during the pendency of the same.

16 TITLE VI

17 MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

18 CHAPTER 1

19 REGISTRATION OF FOREIGN NATIONALS

20 **SEC. 103. *Requirement of Registration.*** — All foreigners must register with the
21 Commission or any Immigration Office nearest his/her place of residence on or before the
22 sixtieth (60th) day of his/her arrival in the Philippines.

23 **SEC. 104. *Registration Form and Oath.*** — Applications for registration shall be
24 under oath and in such form as prescribed by the Commission. Upon registration, a
25 certificate of registration shall be issued by the Commission to the registrant. In case of

1 loss or destruction of the certificate, a replacement thereof may be issued by the
2 Commission upon proper application and payment of prescribed fees.

3 **SEC. 105. Amendment of Registration.** — A registered foreign national shall
4 notify the Commission in writing of any change of information in his/her registration
5 documents not later than seven (7) days thereof.

6 **SEC. 106. Presentation of Certificate of Registration.** — Every foreigner
7 required to register under this Act or the parent or guardian of such foreigner shall, upon
8 demand of any authorized immigration official, present his/her certificate of registration,
9 and failure to do so without justifiable cause shall be dealt with in accordance with the
10 provisions of this Act.

11 **SEC. 107. Reportorial Requirements.** — Every foreigner registered under this Act
12 shall, within the first sixty (60) days of every calendar year, report in person to the
13 Commission subject to the payment of prescribed fees. The parent or legal guardian of
14 foreigners below fourteen (14) years of age shall have the duty to comply with the
15 requirements prescribed under this Act.

16 **SEC. 108. Failure to Comply with Requirements.** — A foreigner, or his/her parent
17 or guardian, as the case may be, who, without justifiable reason, fails to comply with all
18 the requirements under this Act, or who files an application for registration containing
19 statements known by him/her to be false, or who utilizes registration documents other
20 than his/her own, shall be dealt with in accordance with the provisions of this Act and
21 other existing laws.

22 **SEC. 109. Cancellation of Registration of Foreign National.** — In case of death of
23 a foreigner registered under the provisions of this Act, his/her legal heir, representative or
24 administrator must inform the Commission within sixty (60) days from death and the
25 Commission shall cancel such registration. The Local Civil Registrar or other civil registry

1 officer of the locality where said foreigner died shall furnish the Commission with a copy of
2 the Certificate of Death within thirty (30) days from issuance thereof. Failure on the part of
3 the persons concerned to comply with the requirements of this section shall be dealt with
4 pursuant to the provisions of this Act.

6 CHAPTER 2

7 BONDS AND DEPOSITS

8 **SEC. 110. Bonds, When Required.** — The Commission shall have the authority
9 to require cash bonds in such amounts and under such conditions as it may prescribe:

10 (a) To control and regulate the admission into, and departure from, the Philippines
11 of foreigners applying for temporary admission;

12 (b) To insure against foreign passengers liable to be excluded as likely to become
13 public charges; and

14 (c) To insure the appearance of foreigners released from custody during the
15 course of deportation proceedings instituted against them.

16 **SEC. 111. Requirement of Cash Deposits for Overtime Services.** — The
17 Commission shall likewise have the authority to require cash deposits in such amounts as
18 may be necessary from vessel's owner, operator, captain, master, pilot, agent, or
19 consignee or other persons served to cover payments for overtime services to be
20 performed by officers and employees of the Commission.

21 **SEC. 112. Cancellation and Forfeiture of Bonds.** — When the conditions of the
22 bond are fulfilled, or in case of a bond posted to insure against a foreigner becoming a
23 public charge, when the Commissioner decides that the likelihood no longer exists, or
24 death of the foreigner in whose behalf the bond is posted, the bond shall be cancelled
25 and released to the depositor or his/her legal representative. In case of violation of the

1 conditions of the bond, the same shall be forfeited and deposited in a trust fund account
2 which may be utilized for the purchase of passage tickets of indigent deportees and to
3 cover the costs of operations in the arrest of a deportee who jumps bail.

4 CHAPTER 3

5 RECOGNIZANCE

6 ***SEC. 113. Petitions for Recognizance, Sanction for Breach of Conditions.***

7 — The Commissioner may order the release of a foreigner upon recognizance of
8 his/her lawyer or a person who is of good standing in the community, under such terms
9 and conditions as he/she may prescribe. Failure to comply with the terms and conditions
10 of the recognizance shall subject said lawyer or person to a fine of not less than Fifty
11 thousand pesos (P50,000.00) but not more than One hundred thousand pesos
12 (P100,000.00), without prejudice to other administrative sanctions and/or proceedings
13 against the erring party.

14 CHAPTER 4

15 COOPERATION AND COORDINATION WITH OTHER OFFICES

16 ***SEC. 114. Working Cooperation with the Department of Foreign Affairs.*** — For
17 purposes of efficient implementation and administration of this Act, the Commission shall
18 maintain a working cooperation with the Department of Foreign Affairs.

19 ***SEC. 115. Working Cooperation with the Commission on Higher Education.*** —
20 The Commission shall maintain a working cooperation with the Commission on Higher
21 Education with respect to accreditation of schools and learning centers for enrolment of
22 foreign students as authorized under this Act.

23 ***SEC. 116. Coordination with Law Enforcement, Security and Other Offices.*** —
24 The Commissioner shall have authority to maintain coordination with the National Security

1 Council, the Philippine National Police, and other law enforcement agencies of the
2 government.

3 CHAPTER 5

4 FEES AND CHARGES

5 **SEC. 117. Authority of the Commissioner to Prescribe, Impose and Collect**
6 **Fees and Charges.** — The Commissioner is authorized to prescribe, impose and collect
7 fees and charges for services rendered pursuant to the provisions of this Act, which shall
8 take effect fifteen (15) days after the last publication thereof for two (2) consecutive weeks
9 in a newspaper of general circulation.

10 **SEC. 118. Head Fee.** — Every foreign national who is at least fourteen (14) years
11 of age and admitted to the Philippines for a temporary stay exceeding sixty (60) days shall
12 pay a head fee in an amount to be fixed by the Board.

14 CHAPTER 6

15 ADMINISTRATIVE FINES AGAINST VESSELS

16 **SEC. 119. Fine for Failure to Submit Crew List or Passenger Manifest, or**
17 **Failure to Account Every Passenger and Crew.** — Any pilot, master, agent, owner or
18 consignee of a vessel arriving at any port in the Philippines from a place outside thereof
19 who fails to submit to the immigration authorities a complete and accurate crew list or
20 passenger manifest, or fails to produce or account every crewmember or passenger
21 whose name appears in said list or manifest shall be subject to fines of One hundred
22 thousand pesos (P100,000.00) and Fifty thousand pesos (P50,000.00) for each
23 unaccounted person, respectively.

24 **SEC. 120. Fine for Violation of Obligation on the Landing or Removal of**
25 **Foreigners.** — A pilot, master, agent, owner or consignee of any vessel arriving at a port

1 of the Philippines from a place outside thereof in violation of this Act shall be fined not
2 less than Fifty thousand pesos (P50,000.00) but not more than Two hundred thousand
3 pesos (P200,000.00) for each violation.

4 **SEC. 121. Fine for Bringing Undocumented Foreigner, or Foreigner Afflicted**
5 **with Communicable or Contagious Disease, or Suffering from Mental Disorder. —**

6 The pilot, master, agent, owner or consignee of the vessel arriving at a port in the
7 Philippines from a place outside thereof bringing on board an undocumented foreigner
8 shall be fined One hundred thousand pesos (P100,000.00) for each foreigner. If the
9 foreigner is afflicted with a communicable or contagious disease or is suffering from
10 mental disorder, the fine shall be not less than Two hundred thousand pesos
11 (P200,000.00) but not more than Three hundred thousand pesos (P300,000.00) for each
12 foreigner.

13 **SEC. 122. Fine for Bringing a Foreigner to Assist His Illegal Entry or**
14 **Misrepresenting a Foreigner as a Member of the Crew. —** The pilot, master, agent,
15 owner or consignee of the vessel arriving at any port in the Philippines from a place
16 outside thereof bringing on board a foreigner bound for the Philippines to assist his/her
17 illegal entry, or misrepresenting the foreigner to the immigration officer at the port of
18 arrival as a *bona fide* member of the crew, shall be fined not less than One hundred
19 thousand pesos (P100,000.00) but not more than Two hundred thousand pesos
20 (P200,000.00) for each foreigner.

21 **SEC. 123. Fine for Violation of Other Provisions of this Act. —** The pilot,
22 master, agent, owner or consignee of any vessel arriving at any port of the Philippines
23 from a place outside thereof who violates any other provision of this Act not specifically
24 provided in this Chapter shall be fined not less than Fifty thousand pesos (P50,000.00)
25 but not more than Two hundred thousand pesos (P200,000.00) for each violation.

CHAPTER 7

OTHER PENAL PROVISIONS

SEC. 124. Other Prohibited Acts and Penalties Thereof. – Any person who shall commit any of the acts specified hereunder shall, upon conviction, suffer the penalty of *prision correccional* in its maximum period to *prision mayor* in its minimum period or a fine of not less than One hundred thousand pesos (P100,000.00) but not more than Five hundred thousand pesos (P500,000.00) or both, at the discretion of the court:

(a) Impersonates another individual, or falsely appears in the name of a deceased individual, or evades the immigration laws by using an assumed or fictitious name when applying for an immigration document;

(b) Issues or otherwise disposes of an immigration document or an immigration accountable form, to any person not authorized by law to receive such documents;

(c) Obtains, manufactures, prints, accepts or uses any immigration or travel document knowing it to be false or uses immigration accountable form that is not legally issued;

(d) Enters the Philippines without inspection and admission by the immigration authorities, or obtains entry into the Philippines by fraud, misrepresentation, or concealment of material facts;

(e) Misrepresents himself/herself to be a Philippine citizen;

(f) Knowingly makes under oath any false statement regarding any immigration matter; or

(g) Brings into, or lands in the Philippines, or conceals, harbors, employs, or gives comfort to any person not duly admitted by any immigration officer or not lawfully entitled to enter into or resides within the Philippines, or attempts, conspires with, or aids another to commit any such acts.

1 Where the offender of any acts specified in paragraph (g) of this section is a
2 corporation, company, partnership or other juridical entity, the president, general
3 manager, managing partner, or chief executive officer thereof shall be held liable.
4 Dismissal of the employee by the employer before or after apprehension shall not relieve
5 such employer from any liability arising from the offense: *Provided*, That if the offender is
6 the pilot, master, agent, owner, consignee, or other person in charge of the vessel which
7 brought the foreigner into the Philippines from any place outside thereof, the fine imposed
8 under this section shall constitute a lien against the vessel which may be enforced in the
9 same manner as fines are collected and enforced under existing laws. Such vessel shall
10 not be allowed to depart without prior clearance issued by the Commission. Where
11 forfeiture is justified under the particular circumstances of the case, the forfeiture of the
12 vessel in favor of the government in lieu of the fine shall be decreed.

13 Conviction by final judgment of any offense punishable under this Act or other
14 related laws shall result in the automatic revocation or cancellation of any immigration
15 document issued to the offender, including that of his/her spouse and unmarried children,
16 if applicable.

17 **SEC. 125. Penalty for Non-compliance of Subpoena.** — Any person who,
18 having been duly served with a *subpoena*, fails to comply without valid and justifiable
19 reasons shall, upon conviction, suffer the penalty of imprisonment of not more than fifteen
20 (15) days or a fine of not more than One thousand pesos (P1,000.00), or both, at the
21 discretion of the court.

22 **SEC. 126. Penalty for an Overstaying Crewmember.** — Any foreign
23 crewmember who wilfully remains in the Philippines beyond the period allowed him/her
24 for temporary landing shall, upon conviction, suffer the penalty of imprisonment of six (6)

1 months or fine of not less than Fifty thousand pesos (P50,000.00) but not more than One
2 hundred thousand pesos (P100,000.00), or both, at the discretion of the court.

3 **SEC. 127. *Imposition of Maximum Penalty, When Applicable.*** – A person
4 convicted under Republic Act No. 3019, as amended, otherwise known as the “Anti-Graft
5 and Corrupt Practices Act”, or other laws against corruption and bribery who shall violate
6 or circumvent any provisions of this Act shall, upon conviction, suffer the maximum
7 penalty for such offense as provided under this Act.

8 CHAPTER 8

9 FUNDING

10 **SEC. 128. *Funding.*** — In addition to its annual budget under the General
11 Appropriations Act, the Commission is hereby authorized to retain and use thirty percent
12 (30%) of its income derived from collection of immigration fees, fines, penalties and
13 charges for maintenance and other operating expenses, intelligence and law
14 enforcement, information and communication technology infrastructure, transportation
15 facilities and other capital outlay expenditures. The Commission is likewise hereby
16 authorized to retain and use its income in excess of the prescribed collection target.

17 CHAPTER 9

18 TRANSITORY PROVISIONS

19 **SEC. 129. *Staffing Pattern and Salary Schedule.*** – To carry out the provisions
20 of this Act, the Commissioner shall submit a new staffing pattern and salary schedule for
21 personnel services to the Secretary of the Department of Budget and Management for
22 approval, which shall be in accordance with the Salary Standardization Law and other
23 applicable laws under the National Compensation and Classification Plan.

24 **SEC. 130. *Reorganization of the Commission.*** — Upon approval of this Act, all
25 employees of Bureau of Immigration covered by the civil service law and regulations

1 shall continue to hold their present positions pending the reorganization of the
2 Commission in accordance with the new staffing pattern: *Provided*, That the salaries,
3 wages, allowances and other benefits of incumbent officers and employees of the
4 Commission shall not be subject to diminution: *Provided, further*, That in the event that
5 the positions are abolished in accordance with the reorganization, the affected
6 employees shall be *retained*. *Provided, finally*, That employees who have been dismissed
7 for cause shall no longer qualify for any position in the Commission.

8 ***SEC. 131. Inventory and Transfer of Properties, Accounts, Assets, Liabilities***
9 ***and Obligations to the Commission.*** — All buildings, properties, equipment, facilities,
10 accounts, other assets, liabilities and other obligations as well as records of the Bureau of
11 Immigration shall be properly inventoried and transferred to the Commission.

12 ***SEC. 132. Treaty or Agreement.*** — Any treaty or agreement entered into
13 between the Philippines and any foreign state before the effectivity of this Act shall remain
14 in force and effect.

15 ***SEC. 133. Pending Cases.*** — Any prosecution, suit, action, proceeding, or any act
16 or matter, civil or criminal, pending at the time of the effectivity of this Act shall not be
17 affected by the provision of this Act unless otherwise applicable.

18 19 CHAPTER 10

20 ADMINISTRATION AND IMPLEMENTATION

21 ***SEC. 134. Administration and Implementation Abroad.*** — The administration
22 and implementation of this Act abroad, including the rules and regulations as well as
23 policies arising from it shall be the responsibility of the Department of Foreign Affairs
24 through Philippine diplomatic and consular establishments.

