| EIGHTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE  | ) |
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| REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES | ) |
| Third Regular Session       | ) |

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## **SENATE**

## Introduced by **SENATOR LEILA M. DE LIMA**

## RESOLUTION

URGING THE APPROPRIATE SENATE COMMITTEE TO CONDUCT AN INQUIRY, IN AID OF LEGISLATION, ON THE PLANNED MERGER OF LANDBANK OF THE PHILIPPINES WITH UNITED COCONUT PLANTERS BANK, WITH THE END IN VIEW OF DETERMINING THE REPORTED ADVERSE IMPACT TO THE FINANCIAL HEALTH OF LANDBANK AS ONE OF THE BIGGEST GOVERNMENT FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

- WHEREAS, Article 2, Section 28 of the 1987 Constitution provides that "[s]ubject to reasonable conditions prescribed by law, the State adopts and implements a policy of full public disclosure of all its transactions involving public interest";
- WHEREAS, Executive Secretary Salvador Medialdea, by the authority of the President, signed Executive Order (EO) 142 on June 25, ordering the merger of two state-controlled banks, to wit: the Land Bank of the Philippines (Landbank) and the United Coconut Planters Bank (UCPB);<sup>1</sup>
  - WHEREAS, in a statement released by Fitch Ratings, an American agency that provides credit ratings and analysis for financial markets, it was posited that the Landbank-UCPB merger may have a "negative impact on Landbank's credit profile",<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Rivas, R. (29 June 2021) *Durterte approves Landbank-UCPB merger*. Retrieved 05 July 2021, from: https://www.rappler.com/business/duterte-approves-landbank-united-coconut-planters-bank-merger

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Cuaresma, B. (01 July 2021) *Downsides cited in LandBank, UCPB merger*. Retrieved 05 July 2021, from: https://businessmirror.com.ph/2021/07/01/downsides-cited-in-landbank-ucpb-merger/

and inevitably hurt Landbank's financial health given UCPB's weak financial position;<sup>3</sup>

WHEREAS, one of the biggest threats of this merger to Landbank, as one of the biggest government financial institutions, is UCPB's reported ₱22 billion bad debts as of end-2020. With the said merger pushing through, Landbank will now be expected to absorb the obligation of paying these existing debts despite also reeling from a build-up of unpaid loans from its own pandemic-hit borrowers;<sup>4</sup>

WHEREAS, "UCPB has been under a long-drawn rehabilitation program because of its weak financial health, but its size relative to LandBank could significantly weaken the larger bank's financial profile, as it would make up about 14 percent of [LandBank's] assets, based on our preliminary understanding of the proforma merged entity",<sup>5</sup> Fitch Ratings said. It added that the said merger will exacerbate asset quality pressures that Landbank is already besieged with brought about by the current economic slowdown;

WHEREAS, it is predicted that any merger benefit that will accrue may be expected only over the long term, but the pressure on Landbank's profitability would be immediate;<sup>6</sup>

WHEREAS, in 2020, the leaders and members of the Confederation of Coconut Farmers Organizations of the Philippines (CCFOP-CONFED), Inc., released their manifesto expressing their "strong opposition" to the then only intended merger of the said banks. In their manifesto, they stressed that the said merger does not adhere to and is actually contrary to the original intent of the law which created UCPB which is to address the credit needs of coconut farmers;<sup>7</sup>

WHEREAS, the manifesto assailed the planned merger and raised that the "[c]onversion of the Twelve-Billion-Peso (\*\*12,000,000,000.00) Capital Note of the Philippine Deposit Insurance Corporation (PDIC) with UCPB into 'Special Preferred

<sup>5</sup> *Supra* Note 2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Cigaral, I. (1 July 2021) *Merger with UCPB may hurt LANDBANK's financial health — Fitch.* Accessed last 3 June 2021 from: https://www.philstar.com/business/2021/07/01/2109514/merger-ucpb-may-hurt-landbanks-financial-health-fitch

<sup>4</sup> Ibid

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> *Id*.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Confederation of Coconut Farmers Organizations of the Philippines (CCFOP-CONFED), Inc. (30 October 2020) *Opposition Manifesto on the merger of LBP and UCPB*. Retrieved 05 July 2021, from: https://thegardenerstales.com/?p=1335

1 Shares' enjoying voting rights is a clear violation of the Supreme Court Decision on

the coco levy funds and assets and is patently immoral, illegal, unconstitutional, and

3 anti-farmer";8

WHEREAS, in expressing their opposition, they explained that it is "highly immoral" to allow such merger by mere executive fiat which would essentially let Landbank, "a bank whose purpose is wider and more general and whose original funding came from the general vault of government funds" to devour UCBP which is a bank with its own special purpose and original farmer funding. Such a scenario would ultimately cause "great distress and disadvantage of the coconut farmers and the rule of law";9

WHEREAS, it has also been opined that the previous executive orders issued by the previous administration covering the "inventory and privatization of coconut levy-derived assets (EO 179) and for the reconveyance and utilization of those assets for the benefit of the coconut farmers (EW 180)" must first be ensured to have been fully implemented because "as long as full implementation is uncompleted, a UCPB merger with any other institution would be legally and practically problematic";<sup>10</sup>

WHEREAS, it can be recalled that in 2019, Finance Secretary Carlos Dominguez III even vowed to recoup funds used by the government in saving UCPB. He said that the government has already sunk in UCPB at least ₱42 billion which he plans to recover through several modes;¹¹¹

WHEREAS, under Section 79 of Republic Act No. 11232, otherwise known as the "Revised Corporation Code of the Philippines", one of the effects of merger is that all those due to the constituent corporation shall be deemed transferred to the surviving corporation "as though such surviving or consolidated corporation had itself incurred such liabilities or obligations";

WHEREAS, it behooves upon the Senate to determine whether the Landbank's absorptive capacity would allow it to carry the liabilities and obligations

9 Id

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Ibid.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Romero, R. *Why a UCPB-Landbank merger is a bad idea.* Retrieved 05 July 2021, from:

https://manilast and ard.net/opinion/columns/business-class-by-rudy-romero/253414/why-a-ucpb-landbank-merger-is-a-bad-idea.html

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Villanueva J. (5 August 2019) *Dominguez vows to recoup funds used in saving UCPB.* Retrieved 05 July 2021, from: https://www.pna.gov.ph/articles/1077019

of UCPB without, or at least with very minimal impact, on the Filipinos its charter intends to cater and serve;

WHEREAS, the contrasting mandates of Landbank and UCPB should be reason enough to question, if not forthwith demand, the termination of the merger proceedings, as was done by the government when it halted the merger proceedings involving DBP and Landbank in 2016.<sup>12</sup> With Landbank's charter mandating it to prioritize the banking needs of the agrarian reform program and other rural groups including the fisherfolk, as well as servicing the needs of OFWs, it should not be distracted therefrom to the possible detriment of these people whose welfare is at stake. UCPB's mandate is clear: to service Philippine coconut farmers. Their interests should not be comingled, and inescapably sidelined by executive fiat when evidence is incontrovertible that, with the conflicting mandates of these two institutions, and the already burdened Landbank clients who are still reeling from the impacts of the pandemics, it would not be prudent to proceed with the said merger;

WHEREAS, the Senate must look into this merger purportedly made under questionable terms and conditions, with serious apprehensions and warnings from a credible credit rating agency;

WHEREAS, the government must protect the public from disadvantageous negotiations, agreements and deals of financial institutions, especially of those owned by the State; Congress must intensify existing legislation and exercise its oversight functions in order to prevent financial institutions from engaging in wash sales;

WHEREAS, it is imperative to determine how the \$\mathbb{P}\$20 billion worth of loan assistance from the Philippine Deposit Insurance Corporation (PDIC) which PDIC President Roberto Tan confirmed in 2019, was utilized. Full account of such amounts advanced by a government instrumentality must first be secured before any such merger should be allowed;

WHEREAS, the Senate must ensure that the rights of coconut farmers as well as Filipinos who are being served by the Landbank are not unduly compromised by this merger;

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> De Vera, B. (06 September 2016) Duterte administration stops DBP-Land Bank merger. Retrieved 05 June 2021, from: https://newsinfo.inquirer.net/813359/duterte-administration-stops-dbp-landmark-merger

WHEREAS, the Senate should thus inquire into the validity of the subject merger, as well as into the anomalies that gave rise to the need for such merger. If need be, the veil of corporate fiction should also be pierced in order to hold individuals who may have taken steps and actions which led to the need for such merger, to the full extent of the law;

WHEREAS, it is also necessary to determine whether any mismanagement transpired that has led to the financial distress of UCPB, and if so found, those who had a hand in such mismanagement must be held accountable;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE SENATE, urging the appropriate Senate Committee to conduct an inquiry, in aid of legislation, on the planned merger of Landbank of the Philippines with United Coconut Planters Bank, with the end in view of determining the reported adverse impact to the financial health of Landbank, as one of the biggest government financial institutions.

Adopted,

LEILA M. DE LIMA