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SENATE
SB No. **3075**

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Introduced by Senator Juan Ponce Enrile

EXPLANATORY NOTE

This bill seeks to establish standards for and adopt measures to regulate the manufacture, importation, marketing/promotion, and distribution of herbal medicines and food or dietary supplements to protect the consuming public against unscrupulous manufacturers, importers and distributors of the same.

Herbal medicines and food or dietary supplements marketed and distributed in our country are currently not being required to undergo testing by the Bureau of Food and Drugs. In fact, there is no law or agency that regulates the manufacture, marketing and promotion, and distribution of the same.

Inasmuch as it is necessary to encourage the use of alternative medicines as well as the development of herbal and other food supplements in line with our traditional medical practices, it is also imperative to protect the consumers and the public from possible health hazards. In fact, random testing of herbal medicines and food or dietary supplement show that some actually contain chemical products and other drugs that are not clearly indicated on their labels. If left unchecked and unregulated, these alternative medicines may pose serious threats and cause dire medical consequences to public health.

Our Constitution, under Article II, Section 15, provides that "The State shall protect and promote the right to health of the people and instill health consciousness among them." Thus, it is incumbent upon Congress to enact a measure that will not only address this concern but, more importantly, guarantee accessibility of the public to safe and affordable medicines.

For these reasons, the passage of this bill is earnestly sought.


JUAN PONCE ENRILE

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SB No. 3075

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AN ACT
REGULATING THE MANUFACTURE, IMPORTATION,
MARKETING/PROMOTION, AND DISTRIBUTION OF HERBAL MEDICINES, FOOD
SUPPLEMENTS AND SIMILAR PREPARATIONS AND ESTABLISHING
STANDARDS WITH RESPECT THERETO FOR CONSUMER HEALTH
PROTECTION

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

1 Section 1. *Title.* – This Act shall be known as the “*Herbal Medicine and Food*
2 *Supplement Act.*”

3 Section 2. *Declaration of Policy.* – It is hereby declared the policy of the State to ensure
4 safe and good quality of herbal medicines, food supplements, and nutraceuticals as this term is
5 defined herein, in whatever form and to regulate the production, sale, marketing and promotion,
6 and distribution of the same to protect the health of the people.

7 Section 3. *Objectives.* – In the implementation of the foregoing policy, the Government
8 shall:

9 (a) Establish standards and quality measures for herbal medicines and food/dietary
10 supplements to protect the consuming public against unscrupulous manufacturers,
11 importers and distributors; and, 

12 (b) Adopt measures to regulate and prevent unsubstantiated claims from manufacturers
13 and advertisers that tend to suggest that their products intend to cure certain diseases
14 or to improve or positively alter physical condition thus, misleading the consuming
15 public.

16 Section 4. *Definition of Terms.* – For the purpose of this Act, the term:

17 (a) “*Herbal medicine*” refers to the preparation and/or combination of any plant seeds,
18 berries, roots, leaves, bark, or flowers for medicinal purposes. It includes
19 traditionally used herbal products;

20 (b) “*Food or dietary supplement*” means a product, other than tobacco, intended to
21 supplement the diet that bears or contains one or more of the following dietary
22 ingredients: a vitamin, a mineral, an herb or other botanical, an amino acid, a dietary

1 substance for use by man to supplement the diet by increasing the total dietary intake,
2 or a concentrate, the metabolite, constituent, extract or combination of any ingredient
3 heretofore mentioned, the term also includes nutraceuticals;

4 (c) "*Nutraceuticals*" refer to common food products that have been modified potentially
5 by genetic engineering to have enhanced nutritional characteristics and/or
6 pharmaceutical application;

7 (d) "*Traditionally used herbal products*" refer to preparations from plant materials whose
8 claimed application(s) is/are based only on traditional experience of long usage over
9 time, which should be at least five (5) years or more as documented in medical,
10 historical and technological literature;

11 (e) "*Label*" means a display of written, printed, or graphic matter upon the immediate
12 container of any article and a requirement made by or under the authority of this Act,
13 that any word, statement, or other information appearing on the label shall not be
14 considered to be complied with unless such word or statement, if there be any, of the
15 retail package of such article, are easily legible through the outside container or
16 wrapper;

17 (f) "*Drugs*" mean –

18 (1) Articles recognized in the official United States Pharmacopoeia, official
19 Momeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States, official national Formulary
20 or any supplement to any of them;

21 (2) Articles intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or
22 prevention of diseases in man or other animals;

23 (3) Articles, other than food, intended to affect the structure or any function of the
24 body of man or animals; and

25 (4) Articles intended for use as component of any articles specified under
26 numbers (1), (2) or (3) of this section but does not include devices or their
27 components, parts or accessories.

28 (g) "*Adulterated/Substandard herbal medicines or food/dietary supplements*" refer to
29 those supplements manufactured or packed under the following conditions:

30 (1) If the methods used in, or the facilities or controls used for its manufacture do
31 not conform to or are not operated or administered in conformity with current
32 good manufacturing practices to assure that it meets the requirements of this
33 Act, as to safety, quality and efficacy, and has the identity and strength and
34 meets the quality and purity characteristics which it purports or is represented
35 to possess;



- 1 (2) If it has been mixed or packed with any substance or any substance of which
2 has been partially or wholly substituted, so as to reduce its safety, efficacy,
3 strength or purity;
- 4 (3) If its strength differs from, or its efficacy, quality or purity falls below the
5 standards as prescribed by the Department of Health or that which it purports
6 or is represented to possess;
- 7 (4) If it contains filthy, putrid or decomposed substance which may affect its
8 safety, efficacy, or good quality or is manufactured, prepared or held under
9 unsanitary conditions whereby it may have been contaminated with dirt or
10 filth or if its container is composed, in whole or in part, of any poisonous or
11 deleterious substance which may render the contents injurious to health.
- 12 (h) "*Manufacturer*" refers to any person who manufactures, assembles and processes
13 herbal medicines, food/dietary supplements and similar preparations, except that if
14 they are manufactured, assembled or processed for another person who attaches his
15 own brand name to the consumer products, the latter shall be deemed the
16 manufacturer;
- 17 (i) "*Importer*" refers to any person who shall import or bring into the Philippines herbal
18 medicines, food/dietary supplements and similar preparations manufactured from
19 another country;
- 20 (j) "*Distributor*" refers to any person to whom herbal medicines, food/dietary
21 supplements and similar preparations are delivered t or sold to for purposes of
22 distribution in commerce;
- 23 (k) "*Special dietary uses*", as applied to food for man, means particular, as distinguished
24 from general, uses of food as follows:
- 25 (1) Uses for supplying particular dietary needs which exist by reason of a
26 physical, physiological, pathological or other condition, including but not
27 limited to the conditions of diseases, convalescence, pregnancy, lactation,
28 allergic hypersensitivity to food, being underweight or overweight;
- 29 (2) Uses for supplying particular dietary needs which exist by reason of age,
30 including but not limited to the ages of infancy and childhood;
- 31 (3) Uses for supplementing or fortifying the ordinary or usual diet with any
32 vitamin, mineral or other dietary property. Any such particular use of food is
33 a special dietary use, regardless of whether such food also purports to be or is
34 represented for general use.
- 35 (l) "*Marketing / promotion*" refers to the dissemination of information about a product,
36 product line, brand or company. It includes promotion in media i.e., television,
37 newspapers, internet, mobile phones, and all other kinds of promotion such as sales



1 promotion, sponsorship, product placement, endorsements, merchandising, direct
2 mall, trade shows and the like.

3 Section 5. **Prohibited Acts.** – The following acts and the causing thereof are hereby
4 prohibited:

- 5 (a) The manufacture, sale, offering for sale, or transfer of any herbal medicine or food/
6 dietary supplement, and the like that are misbranded or adulterated or substandard;
- 7 (b) Falsely representing in its marketing/promotion that a herbal medicine or food/
8 dietary supplement can improve or positively alter physical conditions or cure
9 illnesses regardless of any disclaimer such as “No approved therapeutic claim” and
10 the like through print, TV or radio and any other forms of mass media;
- 11 (c) Forging, counterfeiting, simulating or falsely representing or without proper
12 authority, using any mark, stamp, tag label or other identification device, authorized
13 or required by regulations promulgated under the provisions of this Act;
- 14 (d) The alteration, mutilation, destruction, obliteration or removal of the whole or any
15 part of the labeling of, or the doing of any act with respect to herbal medicine or food/
16 dietary supplement which results in such article being adulterated or misbranded;
- 17 (e) The unsubstantiated statement in the labeling of any herbal medicine or food/ dietary
18 supplement or in any advertising or sales promotion relating to such drug that the use
19 or application of such drug is effective or has a tendency to be effective as a cure for a
20 certain illness or disease.

21 Section 6. **Penalties.** – (a) Any person who violates any of the provisions of this Act
22 shall, upon conviction, be subject to imprisonment of not less than six (6) months and one (1)
23 day, but not more than five (5) years, and/or a fine of not less than One Thousand Pesos
24 (P 1,000), upon discretion of the Court.

25 (b) Any herbal medicine or food/dietary supplement that is adulterated or misbranded
26 when introduced into the domestic commerce may be seized and held in custody pending
27 proceedings, without hearing or court order, when the Secretary of Health has probable cause to
28 believe from facts found by him or any officer or employee of the Bureau of Food and Drug
29 (BFAD) that the misbranded article is fraudulent or would be in a material respect misleading,
30 thus causing injury or damage to purchasers or consumers.

31 Section 7. **Standards for Herbal Medicine or Food/Dietary Supplements.** – (a) All
32 manufacturers or distributors of herbal medicines or food/dietary supplements, prior to
33 marketing, sale, and/or distribution of their products to the public, shall submit said products for
34 registration with the BFAD in accordance with AO no. 23-C s.2000 for over-the-counter
35 medicine and other pertinent rules and regulations.

36 (b) Whenever, in the judgment of the Secretary of Health, such action will promote
37 honesty and fair dealing in the interest of the consumers, he shall, upon recommendation of the

1 BFAD Director, promulgate regulations for any herbal medicine or food/dietary supplement,
2 fixing and establishing a reasonable standard(s) of quality.

3 Section 8. *Adulterated herbal medicine or food/dietary supplement.* – An herbal
4 medicine or food/dietary supplement shall be deemed to be adulterated:

5 (a) If it bears or contains any poisonous or deleterious substance which may render it
6 injurious to health; but in case the substance is not an added substance, such food
7 shall not be considered adulterated under this clause if the quantity of such substance
8 in such food does not ordinarily render it injurious to health;

9 (b) If any substance has been added or mixed thereto or packed therewith so as to
10 increase its bulk or weight, or reduce its quality or strength, or make it appear better
11 or of greater value than it really is;

12 (c) If it is a confectionary and it contains any alcohol or non-nutritive article or substance
13 except harmless coloring, harmless flavoring, harmless resinous glass not in excess of
14 four-tenths of one per centum, natural gum and pectin: *Provided*, that this paragraph
15 shall not apply to any confectionary by reason of its containing less than one half of
16 one centum by volume of alcohol derived solely from the use of flavoring extracts;

17 Section 9. *Misbranded herbal medicine or food/dietary supplement.* – An herbal
18 medicine or food/dietary supplement shall be deemed misbranded:

19 (a) If its label is false or misleading in any particular manner subject further to the
20 requirement in Section 7 hereof;

21 (b) If its label does not contain the mandatory warning in both the English and Filipino
22 language: “THIS IS NOT A DRUG AND HAS NO APPROVED THERAPEUTIC
23 CLAIM/S. ANG PRODUKTONG ITO AY HINDI GAMOT AT HINDI
24 NAPATUNAYANG NAKAGAGALING NG ANUMANG KARAMDAMAN.”

25 (c) If any word, statement or other information required by or under authority of this Act
26 to appear on the label or labeling is not prominently placed thereon with such
27 consciousness and in such terms as to render it likely to be read and understood by an
28 ordinary individual under customary conditions of purchase and use;

29 (d) If it purports to be or is represented, in its literature or in print, radio or TV
30 advertisements, as a drug that can improve or positively alter physical conditions, or
31 cure an illness but is labeled as a food or dietary supplement with no approved
32 therapeutic claim and does not provide the mandatory warning provided under
33 paragraph (b) of this section.

34 (e) If it purports to be or is presented for special dietary uses, unless its label bears such
35 information concerning its vitamins, minerals and other dietary properties as the
36 Secretary of Health determines to be, and by regulations, prescribes as necessary in
37 order to fully inform the purchasers as to its value for such uses;

1 (f) If it bears or contains any artificial flavoring, artificial coloring or chemical
2 preservatives, unless it bears labeling stating the fact: *Provided*, that to the extent that
3 the compliance with the requirements of this paragraph is impracticable, exemptions
4 shall be established by regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Health.

5 Section 10. **Registration/License.** – The BFAD shall prescribe rules, regulations for
6 registration, testing and issuance of licenses of herbal medicines or food/dietary supplements
7 using the same standards required of other pharmaceutical products.

8 Section 11. **Suspension/Revocation of Permit.** – Whenever the Secretary of Health finds
9 in domestic commerce, after investigation, that a class of herbal medicine or food/dietary
10 supplement may be injurious to health, he shall promulgate regulations, in accordance with the
11 recommendations of the Food and Drug Administrator, for the suspension of the permit issued to
12 manufacturers, processors or packers of such herbal medicine or food/dietary supplement, after
13 notice, if it is found that any of the conditions of the permit have been violated.

14 Section 12. **Repealing Clause.** – All provisions of laws, rules and regulations which are
15 in conflict with this Act are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.

16 Section 13. **Separability Clause.** – If any of the provisions of this Act is declared invalid,
17 the other provisions not affected thereby shall remain in full force and effect.

18 Section 14. **Effectivity.** – This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication
19 in the Official Gazette or in a newspaper of general circulation

20 *Approved,* .

A handwritten signature in black ink, consisting of several loops and a long horizontal stroke extending to the right.