FOURTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE) REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES) Second Regular Session)	OFFICE POWERS OF
SENATE S. NO. <u>327</u> 0	9 MAY 2 5 /1.9:50
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Introduced by Senator Antonio "Sonny" F. Trillanes IV

EXPLANATORY NOTE

The Anti-Trafficking in Persons Act of 2003 is a laudable piece of legislation. It seeks to protect our people, especially our women and children from being trafficked abroad for forced labor and servitude.

With the advent problem of recession around the world, Filipinos now are more vulnerable to traffickers for economic exploitation due to poverty. It is said that international trafficking is more profitable than international weapons trading. It is no wonder why some people take part in this illegal activity, even some government officials and employees, despite the fact that it is their duty to protect and ensure their general welfare.

This bill seeks to amend Section 10 of Republic Act 9208 by providing stiffer penalties to government officials and employees who would aid scrupulous individuals in the conduct of the illegal act of human trafficking.

In view of the foregoing, immediate approval of this measure is earnestly sought.

TÒNIO "SONNY" F.¹TRILLANES IV Senator

Dellawi

FOURTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE)
REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES)
Second Regular Session)

OFFICE OF THE SECURITY BY

9 MAY 25 A9:50

SENATE S. NO. 3270

RECEIVED BY

Introduced by Senator Antonio "Sonny" F. Trillanes IV

AN ACT AMENDING SECTION 10 OF REPUBLIC ACT 9208 OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE ANTI-TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS ACT OF 2003

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled.

1	SECTION 1. Section 10 (a), (b), and (d) of Republic Act 9208, otherwise known
2	as the Anti-Trafficking in Persons Act of 2003, is hereby amended to read as follows:
3	"Section 10. Penalties and Sanctions The following penalties and sanctions are
4	hereby established for the offenses enumerated in this Act:
5	(a) Any person found guilty of committing any of the acts enumerated in
6	Section 4 shall suffer the penalty of imprisonment of twenty (20) years,
7	EXCEPT THAT THE PENALTY OF IMPISONMENT SHALL BE
8	TWENTY FIVE (25) YEARS IN CASE THE OFFENDER IS AN
9	OFFICIAL OR EMPLOYEE OF THE GOVERNMENT, and a fine of
10	not less than One million pesos (P1,000,000.00) but not more than Two
11	million pesos (P2,000,000.00);
12	(b) Any person found guilty of committing any of the acts enumerated in
13	Section 5 shall suffer the penalty of imprisonment of fifteen (15) years,
14	EXCEPT THAT THE PENALTY OF IMPISONMENT SHALL BE
15	TWENTY (20) YEARS IN CASE THE OFFENDER IS AN OFFICIAL
16	OR EMPLOYEE OF THE GOVERNMENT, and a fine of not less than
17	Five hundred thousand pesos (P500,000.00) but not more than One million
18	pesos (P1,000,000.00);
19	(c) XXX

1	(d) Any person who violates Section 7 hereof shall suffer the penalty of
2	imprisonment of six (6) years, EXCEPT THAT THE PENALTY OF
3	IMPISONMENT SHALL BE TEN (10) YEARS IN CASE THE
4	OFFENDER IS AN OFFICIAL OR EMPLOYEE OF THE
5	GOVERNMENT, and a fine of not less than Five hundred thousand pesos
6	(P500,000.00) but not more than One million pesos (P1,000,000.00);
7	(e) XXX
8	(f) XXX
9	(g) XXX
10	(h) XXX
11	(i) XXX."
12	
13	SEC. 2. Separability Clause If any provision or part thereof is held invalid or
14	unconstitutional, the remainder of the law or the provision not otherwise affected shall
15	remain valid and subsisting.
16	
17	SEC. 3. Repealing Clause All laws, presidential decree or issuance, executive
18	orders, letter of instruction, administrative order, rule and regulation contrary to, or
19	inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed, modified, or amended
20	accordingly.
21	
22	SEC. 4. Effectivity Clause This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days from the
23	date of its publication in at least two (2) newspapers of general circulation, whichever is
24	earlier.

Approved,