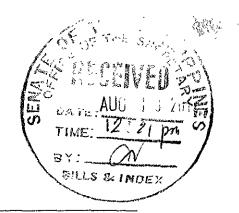
# FIFTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES Third Regular Session

SENATE S. No. **3249** 



Introduced by Senator Miriam Defensor Santiago

### **EXPLANATORY NOTE**

The Constitution provides:

Article 2, Section 15. The State shall protect and promote the right to health of the people and instill health consciousness among them.

Article 2, Section 13. The State recognizes the vital role of the youth in nation-building and shall promote and protect their physical, moral, spiritual, intellectual, and social well-being. It shall inculcate in the youth patriotism and nationalism, and encourage their involvement in public and civic affairs.

There is an urgent need for reform on excise tax on tobacco and alcohol products to achieve the following goals:

- (a) Deter young people from smoking and drinking alcohol, and protect them from the lifetime consequences of smoking and alcohol abuse;
- (b) Reduce the consumption of cigarettes and alcohol, thus decreasing the health and healthcare costs of tobacco and alcohol use; and
- (c) Finance a universal health care program to improve accessibility to quality health care.

This version of the sin tax bill contains the following reforms:

- (a) Removal of the price classification freeze on cigarettes. The current classification of cigarettes is still based from a net retail price survey done in 1996. It's been 16 years and prices of cigarettes have definitely increased through the years.
- (b) Unitary tax for all cigarette and alcohol products. The effect of cigarettes and alcohol is the same regardless of the price.
- (c) Indexation to the nominal gross domestic product (GDP) growth rate as published by the National Statistical Coordination Board (NSCB). Indexation to GDP will keep tax

rates real and will ensure that tobacco and alcohol products will not become more affordable as income increases over time.

- (d) Significant increase in tax rates. This will serve as a deterrent to the young and the poor from tobacco use and alcohol drinking.
- (e) Earmarking of incremental revenues to universal health care system to be allocated to the following:
  - (1) Expansion of NHIP enrollment and benefit delivery. This provides the poor some protection from financial impact of healthcare by improvement in the delivery ratio of the NHIP.
  - (2) Upgrading of health-care facilities, thus improving access to quality health care services.
  - (3) Public health programs to include research and development to achieve millennium development goals, including addressing non-communicable diseases/lifestyle diseases.
  - (4) Periodic review (every 5 years) to modify tax rates to achieve the health and revenue objectives of the government as well as to comply with binding commitments to the World Health Organization (WHO) Framework Convention on Tobacco Control.
  - (5) Earmarking of funds (15%) from excise tax on tobacco products under Republic Act No. 8240, to be allocated to programs to help tobacco farmers (including financing of credit guarantee and crop insurance programs) shift to alternative crops other than tobacco and other alternative livelihood; and adjustment measures program for prevention of job losses and assistance to displaced workers.

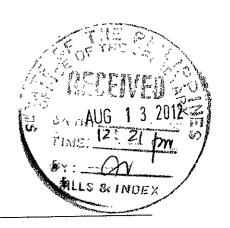
This bill is supported by the Philippine College of Physicians, the Philippine College of Chest Physicians, the Philippine Cancer Society, Inc., the Framework Convention on Tobacco Control Alliance, Philippines, and the Philippine Society of Gastroenterology.

MIRIAM DEFINSOR SANTIAGO

## FIFTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES

Third Regular Session

S. No.



## Introduced by Senator Miriam Defensor Santiago

1 2 3	AN ACT RESTRUCTURING THE EXCISE TAX ON ALCOHOL AND TOBACCO PRODUCTS		
	Be it enacted Philippines in session	by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Congress of the assembled:	
4	SECTION 1. Section 141 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended by		
5	Republic Act No. 9334, is hereby further amended to read as follows:		
6 7 8	"SEC 141. Distilled Spirits. – On distilled spirits, there shall be collected, subject to the provisions of Section 133 of this Code, excise taxes IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALCOHOL CONTENT as follows:		
9	(a)	45% ALCOHOL BY VOLUME AND LESS	
10		January 1, 2013 P42.00 PER PROOF LITER	
11		January 1, 2014 P80.00 PER PROOF LITER	
12		January 1, 2015 P150.00 PER PROOF LITER	
13 14 15 16 17 18 19		PROVIDED, THAT, ON THE FOURTH YEAR AND EVERY YEAR THEREAFTER, THE EXCISE TAX RATES PRESCRIBED HEREIN SHALL BE ADJUSTED TO ITS PRESENT VALUE USING THE PER CAPITA NOMINAL GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (GDP) GROWTH RATE, AS PUBLISHED BY THE NATIONAL STATISTICAL COORDINATION BOARD (NSCB)."	
20	(b)	MORE THAN 45% ALCOHOL BY VOLUME	
21		January 1, 2013 P317.45 PER PROOF LITER	
22		January 1, 2014 P233.73 PER PROOF LITER	
23		January 1, 2015 P150.00 PER PROOF LITER	
24 25 26 27 28		PROVIDED, THAT, ON THE FOURTH YEAR AND EVERY YEAR THEREAFTER, THE EXCISE TAX RATES PRESCRIBED HEREIN SHALL BE ADJUSTED TO ITS PRESENT VALUE USING THE PER CAPITA NOMINAL GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (GDP) GROWTH RATE, AS	

#### **PUBLISHED** BY 1 THE NATIONAL STATISTICAL 2 COORDINATION BOARD (NSCB)." 3 ["a) If produced from the sap of nipa, coconut, cassava, camote, or buri palm or form the juice, syrup or sugar of the cane, provided such materials are produced 4 5 commercially in the country where they are processed into distilled spirits per proof liter, 6 Eleven pesos and sixty-five centavos (P11.65)] 7 ["b) If produced from raw materials other than those enumerated in the preceding paragraph, the tax shall be in accordance with the net retail price per bottle of seven 8 hundred fifty milliliter (750 ml.) volume capacity (excluding the excise tax and the value-9 added tax) as follows"] 10 ["(1) Less than two hundred and fifty pesos (P250.00) - One hundred twenty six 11 pesos (P126.00) per proof liter; 12 ["(2) Two hundred and fifty pesos (P250.00) up to Six hundred and seventy-five 13 pesos (P675.00) – Two hundred fifty-two pesos (P252.00), per proof liter; and 14 ["(3) More than Six hundred and seventy-five pesos (P675.00) – Five hundred 15 four pesos (P504.00), per proof liter.] 16 17 Medicinal preparations, flavoring extracts, and all other preparations, (c) except toilet preparations, of which, excluding water, distilled spirits form 18 19 the chief ingredient, shall be subject to the same tax as such chief 20 ingredient. "This tax shall be proportionally increased for any strength of the spirits taxed 21 over proof spirits, and the tax shall attach to this substance as soon as it is in existence as 22 23 such, whether it be subsequently separated as pure or impure spirits, or transformed into any other substances either in the process of original production or by any subsequent 24 25 process. 26 "Spirits or distilled spirits' is the substance known as ethyl alcohol, ethanol or spirits of wine, including all dilutions, purifications and mixtures thereof, from whatever 27 source, by whatever process produced, and shall include whisky, brandy, rum, gin and 28 29 vodka, and other similar products of mixtures. "Proof Spirits' is liquor containing one-half (1/2) of its volume of alcohol of a 30 31 specific gravity of seven thousand nine hundred and thirty-nine ten thousandths (0.7939) at fifteen degrees centigrade (15°C). A 'proof liter' means a liter of proof spirits. 32 33 ["'Net retail price', as determined by the Bureau of Internal Revenue through a price survey to be conducted by the Bureau of Internal Revenue itself, or by the National 34 35 Statistics Office when deputized for the purpose by the Bureau of Internal Revenue, shall 36 mean the price at which the distilled spirits is sold on retail in at least ten (10) major 37 supermarkets in Metro Manila, excluding the amount intended to cover the applicable 38 excise tax and the value-added tax. For brands which are marketed outside Metro Manila, 39 the 'net retail price' shall mean the price at which the distilled spirits is sold in at least 40 five (5) major supermarkets in the region excluding the amount intended to cover the applicable excise tax and the value-added tax.] 41 42 [" Variants of existing brands and variants of new brands which are introduced in 43 the domestic market after the effectively of this Act shall be taxed under the proper 44 classification thereof based on their suggested net retail price: Provided, however, that 45 such classification shall not, in any case, be lower than the highest classification of any

46

variant of that brand.]

[" A 'variant of a brand' shall refer to a brand on which a modifier is prefixed and/or suffixed to the root name of the brand.]

1 2

["New brands, as defined in the immediately following paragraph, shall initially be classified according to their suggested net retail price. Willful understatement of the suggested net retail price by as much as fifteen percent (15%) of the actual net retail price shall render the manufacturer liable for additional excise tax equivalent to the tax due and difference between the understated suggested net retail price and the actual net retail price.]

[" 'New brand' shall mean a brand registered after the date of effectivity of R.A. No. 8240.]

[" 'Suggested net retail price' shall mean the net retail price at which new brands, as defined above, of locally manufactured or imported distilled spirits are intended by the manufacturer or importer to be sold on retail in major supermarkets or retail outlets in Metro Manila for those marketed nationwide, and in other regions, for those with regional markets. At the end of three (3) months from the product launch, the Bureau of Internal Revenue shall validate the suggested net retail price as defined herein and determine the correct tax bracket to which a particular new brand of distilled spirits, as defined above, shall be classified. After the end of eighteen (18) months from such validation, the Bureau of Internal Revenue shall revalidate the initially validated net retail price against the net retail price of the time of revalidation in order to finally determine the correct tax bracket which a particular new brand of distilled spirits shall be classified: Provided, however, That brands of distilled spirits introduced in the domestic market between January 1, 1997 and December 31, 2003 shall remain in the classification under which the Bureau of Internal Revenue has determined them to belong as of December 31, 2003. Such classification of new brands and brands introduced between January 1, 1997 and December 31, 2003 shall not be revised except by an act of Congress.]

[" The rates of tax imposed under this Section shall be increase by eight percent (8%) every two years starting on January 1, 2007.]

[" Any downward reclassification of present categories, for tax purposes, of existing brands of distilled spirits duly registered at the time of effectivity of this Act which will reduce the tax imposed herein, or the payment thereof, shall be prohibited.]

["The classification of each brand of distilled spirits based on the average net retail price as of October 1, 1996, as set forth in Annex 'A', including the classification of brands for the same products which, although not set forth in said Annex 'A', were registered and were being commercially produced and marketed on or after October 1, 1996, and which continue to be commercially produced and marketed after the effectivity of this Act, shall remain in force until revised by Congress.]

"Manufacturers and importers of distilled spirits shall, within thirty (30) days from the effectivity of this Act, and within the first five (5) days of every third month thereafter, submit to the Commissioner a sworn statement of the volume of sales for each particular brand of distilled of spirits sold at his establishment for the three-month period immediately preceding.

"Any manufacturer or importer who, in violation of this Section, knowingly misdeclares or misrepresents in his or its sworn statement herein required any pertinent data or information shall, upon final findings by the Commissioner that the violation was committed, be penalized by a summary cancellation or withdrawal of his or its permit to engage in business as manufacturer or importer of distilled spirits.

"Any corporation, association or partnership liable for any of the acts or 1 omissions in violation of this Section shall be fined treble the amount of deficiency taxes, 2 surcharges and interest which may be assessed pursuant to this Section. 3 "Any person liable for any of the Acts or omission prohibited under this Section 4 shall be criminally liable and penalized under Section 254 of this Code. Any person who 5 willfully aids or abets in the commission of any such act or omission shall be criminally 6 liable in the same manner as the principal. 7 "If the offender is not a citizen of the Philippines, he shall be deported 8 immediately after serving the sentence, without further proceedings for deportation. 9 SEC. 2. Section 142 of the National Internal Revenue Code of (1997), as amended by 10 Republic Act No. 9334, is hereby further amended to read as follows: 11 "SEC. 142. Wines. - On wines, there shall be collected per liter of volume 12 capacity, the following taxes effective January 1, 2013: 13 "(a) Sparkling wines/champagnes regardless of proof [, if the net retail price per 14 bottle (excluding the excise tax and the value-added tax) is:] - THREE HUNDRED 15 PESOS (P300.00); 16 ["(1) Five hundred pesos (P500.00) or less - One hundred forty-five pesos and 17 sixty centavos (P145.60); and] 18 ["(2) More than Five hundred pesos (P500.00) - Four hundred thirty-six pesos 19 and eighty centavos (P436.80)] 20 ["(b) Still wines containing fourteen percent (14%) of alcohol by volume or less, 21 Seventeen pesos and forty-seven centavos (P17.47)]; and] 22 ["(c) Still Wines containing more than fourteen percent (14%) but not more than 23 twenty-five percent (25%) of alcohol by volume, [Thirty-four pesos and ninety-four 24 centavos (P34.94).] 25 "(b) STILL WINES, REGARDLESS OF PROOF – FIFTY PESOS (P50.00) 26 PROVIDED, THAT, EVERY YEAR THEREAFTER, THE EXCISE TAX 27 RATES PRESCRIBED HEREIN SHALL BE ADJUSTED TO ITS PRESENT VALUE 28 USING THE PER CAPITA NOMINAL GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (GDP) 29 GROWTH RATE, AS PUBLISHED BY THE NATIONAL STATISTICAL 30 COORDINATION BOARD (NSCB)." 31 "Fortified wines containing more than twenty-five percent (25%) of alcohol by 32 volume shall be taxed as distilled spirits. 'Fortified wines' shall mean natural wines to 33 which distilled spirits are added to increase their alcohol strength. 34 ["Net retail price', as determined by the Bureau of Internal Revenue through a 35 price survey to be conducted by the Bureau of Internal Revenue itself, or the National 36 Statistics Office when deputized for the purpose by the Bureau of Internal Revenue, shall 37 mean the price at which wine is sold on retail in at least ten (10) major supermarkets in 38 Metro Manila, excluding the amount intended to cover the applicable excise tax and the 39 value-added tax. For brands which are marketed outside Metro Manila, the 'net retail 40 price' shall mean the price at which the wine spirits is sold in at least five (5) major 41 supermarkets in the region excluding the amount intended to cover the applicable excise 42

tax and the value-added tax.

["Variants of existing brands and variants of new brands which are introduced in the domestic market after the effectivity of this Act shall be taxed under the proper classification thereof based on their suggested net retail price: *Provided, however,* That such classification shall not, in any case, be lower than the highest classification of any variant of that brand.]

["A 'variant of a brand' shall refer to a brand on which a modifier is prefixed and/or suffixed to the root name of the brand.]

["New brands, as defined in the immediately following paragraph, shall initially be classified according to their suggested retail price."]

["'New brand' shall mean a brand registered after the date of effectivity of R.A. No. 8240."]

[" 'Suggested net retail price' shall mean the net retail price at which new brands, as defined above, of locally manufactured or imported wines are intended by the manufacture or importer to be sold on retail in major supermarkets or retail outlets in Metro Manila for those marketed nationwide, and in other regions, for those with regional markets. At the end of three (3) months from the product launch, the Bureau of Internal Revenue shall validate the suggested retail price of the new brand against the net retail price as defined herein and determine the correct tax bracket under which a particular new brand of wine, as defined above, shall be classified. After the end of eighteen (18) months from such validation, the Bureau of Internal Revenue shall validate the initially validated net retail price against the net retail price as of the time of revalidation in order to finally determine the correct tax bracket which a particular new brand of wines shall be classified: *Provided, however*, That brands of wines introduced in the domestic market between January 1, 1997 and December 31, 2003 shall remain in the classification under which the Bureau of Internal Revenue has determined them to belong as of December 31, 2003. Such classification of new brands and brands introduced between January 1, 1997 and December 31, 2003 shall not be revised except by any act of Congress.]

[The rates of tax imposed under this Section shall be increased by eight percent (8%) every two years starting on January 1, 2007 until January 1, 2011.]

[Any downward reclassification of present categories, for tax purposes, of existing brands of wines duly registered at the time of the effectivity of this Act which will reduce the tax imposed herein, or the payment hereof, shall be prohibited.]

[The classification of each brand of wines based on the average net retail price as of October 1, 1996, as set forth in Annex 'B', including the classification of brands for the same products which, although not set forth in said "Annex B" were registered and were being commercially produced and marketed after the effectivity of this Act, shall remain in force until revised by Congress.]

"Manufacturers and importers of wines shall, within thirty (30) days from the effectivity of this Act, and within the first five (5) days of every month thereafter, submit to the Commissioner a sworn statement of the volume of sales for each particular brand of wines sold at his establishment for the three month period immediately preceding.

"Any manufacturer or importer who, in violation of this Section, knowingly misdeclares or misrepresents in his or its sworn statement herein required any pertinent data or information shall, upon discovery, be penalized by a summary cancellation or withdrawal of his or its permit to engage in business as manufacturer or importer of wines.

"Any corporation, association or partnership liable for any of the acts or 1 omissions in violation of this Section shall be fined treble the amount of deficiency taxes, 2 3 surcharges and interest which may be assessed pursuant to this Section. "Any person liable for any of the acts or omissions prohibited under this Section 4 5 shall be criminally liable and penalize under Section 254 of this Code. Any person who willfully aids or abets in the commission of any such act or omission shall be criminally 6 7 liable in the same manner as the principal. 8 "If the offender is not a citizen of the Philippines, he shall be deported 9 immediately after serving the sentence, without further proceedings for deportation. SEC. 3. Section 143 of the National Internal Revenue Code of (1997), as amended by 10 Republic Act No. 9334, is hereby further amended to read as follows: 11 "SEC. 143. Fermented Liquor. - There shall be levied, assessed and collected an 12 13 excise tax on beer, lager beer, ale, porter and other fermented liquors except tuba, basi, 14 tapuy and similar fermented liquors [in accordance with the following schedule:] AN EXCISE TAX EQUIVALENT TO TWENTY-FIVE PESOS (P25.00) PER LITER 15 16 EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2013: PROVIDED, THAT, EVERY YEAR THEREAFTER, THE EXCISE TAX RATE PRESCRIBED HEREIN SHALL BE ADJUSTED TO ITS 17 18 PRESENT VALUE USING THE PER CAPITA NOMINAL GROSS DOMESTIC 19 PRODUCT (GDP) GROWTH RATE, AS PUBLISHED BY THE NATIONAL 20 STATISTICAL COORDINATION BOARD (NSCB)." ["(a) If the net retail price (excluding the excise tax and the value-added tax) per 21 liter of volume capacity is less than Fourteen pesos and fifty centavos (P14.50), the tax 22 shall be Eight pesos and twenty-seven centavos (P8.27) per liter; 23 24 ["(b) If the net retail price (excluding the excise tax and value-added tax) per liter of volume capacity is Fourteen pesos and fifty centavos (P14.50) up to Twenty-two pesos 25 26 (P22.00), the tax shall be Twelve pesos and thirty centavos (P12.30) per liter; ["(c) If the net retail price (excluding the excise tax and the value- added tax) per 27 liter of volume capacity is more than Twenty-two pesos (P22.00), the tax shall be Sixteen 28 29 pesos and thirty-three centavos (P16.33) per liter.] ["Variants of existing brands and variants of new brands which are introduced in 30 the domestic market after the effectivity of this Act shall be taxed under the proper 31 classification thereof based on their suggested net retail price: Provided, however, That 32 such classification shall not, in any case, be lower than the highest classification of any 33 variant of that brand. 34 35 ["A 'variant of a brand' shall refer to a brand on which a modifier is prefixed and/or suffixed to the root name of the brand.] 36 ["Fermented liquors which are brewed and sold at microbreweries or small 37 establishments such as pubs and restaurants shall be subject to the rate in paragraph (c) 38 39 hereof.1 ["New brands, as defined in the immediately following paragraph, shall initially 40 be classified according to their suggested net retail price.] 41 42 ["New brand' shall mean a brand registered after the date of effectivity of R.A. 43 No. 8240.]

["Suggested net retail price' shall mean the net retail price at which new brands. as defined above, of locally manufactured or imported fermented liquor are intended by the manufacturer or importer to be sold on retail in major supermarkets or retail outlets in Metro Manila for those marketed nationwide, and in other regions, for those with regional markets. At the end of three (3) months from the product launch, the Bureau of Internal Revenue shall validate the suggested net retail price of the new brand against the net retail price as defined herein and determine the correct tax bracket to which a particular new brand of fermented liquor, as defined above, shall be classified. After the end of the eighteen (18) months from such validation, the Bureau of Internal Revenue shall revalidate the initially validated net retail price against the net retail price as of the time of revalidation in order to finally determine the correct tax bracket which a particular new brand of fermented liquors shall be classified: Provided, however, That brands of fermented liquors introduced in the domestic market between January 1, 1997 and December 31, 2003 shall remain in the classification under which the Bureau of Internal Revenue has determined them to belong as of December 31, 2003. Such classification of new brands and brands introduced between January 1, 1997 and December 31, 2003 shall not be revised except by an act of Congress.]

["Net retail price', as determined by the Bureau of Internal Revenue through a price survey to be conducted by the Bureau of Internal Revenue itself, or the National Statistics Office when deputized for the purpose of Bureau of Internal Revenue, shall mean the price at which the fermented liquor is sold on retail in at least twenty (20) major supermarkets in Metro Manila(for brands of fermented liquor marketed nationally), excluding the amount intended to cover the applicable excise tax and the value-added tax. For brands which are marketed outside Metro Manila, the 'net retail price' shall mean the price at which the fermented liquor is sold in at least five (5) major supermarkets in the region excluding the amount intended to cover the applicable excise tax and the value-added tax.]

["The classification of each brand of fermented liquor based on its average net retail price as of October 1, 1996, as set forth in Annex 'C', including the classification of brands for the same products which, although not set forth in said Annex 'C', were registered and were being commercially produced and marketed on or after October 1, 1996, and which continue to be commercially produced and marketed after the effectivity of this Act, shall remain in force until revised by Congress.]

["The rates of tax imposed under this Section shall be increased by eight percent (8%) every two years starting on January 1, 2007 until January 1, 2011.]

["Any downward reclassification of present categories, for tax purposes, of existing brands of fermented liquor duly registered at the time of the effectivity of this Act which will reduce the tax imposed herein, or the payment thereof, shall be prohibited.]

"Every brewer or importer of fermented liquor shall, within thirty (30) days from the effectivity of this Act, and within the first five (5) days of every month thereafter, submit to the Commissioner a sworn statement of the volume of sales for each particular brand of fermented liquor sold at his establishment for the three-month period immediately preceding.

"Any brewer or importer who, in violation of this Section, knowingly misdeclares or misrepresents in his or its sworn statement herein required any pertinent data or information shall be penalized by a summary cancellation or withdrawal of his or its permit to engage in business as brewer or importer of fermented liquor.

1 "Any corporation, association or partnership liable for any the acts or omissions 2 in violation of this Section shall be fined treble the amount of deficiency taxes, 3 surcharges and interest which may be assessed pursuant to this Section. 4 "Any person, liable for any of the acts or omissions prohibited under this Section shall be criminally liable and penalized under Section 254 of this Code. Any person who 5 willfully aids or abets in the commission of any such act or omission shall be criminally 6 liable in the same manner as the principal. 7 8 "If the offender is not a citizen of the Philippines, he shall be deported immediately after serving the sentence, without further proceedings for deportation. 9 Sec. 4. Section 144 of the National Internal Revenue Code of (1997), as amended by 10 Republic Act No. 9334, is hereby further amended to read as follows: 11 "SEC. 144. Tobacco Products. - There shall be collected a tax of [One peso 12 (P1.00)] TWO PESOS AND FIFTY CENTAVOS (P2.50) on each kilogram of the 13 14 following products of tobacco: 15 Tobacco twisted by hand or reduced into a condition to be consumed in any manner other than the ordinary mode of drying and curing; 16 Tobacco prepared or partially prepared with or without the use of any 17 b) machine or instruments or without being pressed or sweetened except as otherwise 18 provided hereunder; and 19 20 Fine-cut shorts and refuse, scraps clippings, cuttings, stems and sweepings 21 c) 22 of tobacco except as otherwise provided hereunder. 23 Stemmed leaf tobacco, tobacco prepared or partially prepared with or without the use of any machine or instrument or without being pressed or sweetened, fine-cut shorts 24 and refuse, scraps, clippings, cuttings, stems, midribs; and sweepings of tobacco resulting 25 from the handling or stripping of whole leaf tobacco shall be transferred, disposed of, or 26 otherwise sold without any prepayment of the excise tax herein provided for if the same 27 are to be exported or to be used in the manufacture of cigars, cigarettes, or other tobacco 28 products on which the excise tax will eventually be paid on the finished product, under 29 30 such conditions as may be prescribed in the rules and regulations promulgated by the Secretary of Finance, upon recommendation of the Commissioner. 31 32 On tobacco specially prepared for chewing so as to be unsuitable for use in any other manner, EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2013, on each kilogram, [Seventy-nine 33 centavos (P0.79)] ONE PESO AND EIGHTY-SEVEN CENTAVOS (P1.87). 34 ["The rates of tax imposed under this Section shall be increased by six percent 35 (6%) every two years starting on January 1, 2007 until January 1, 2011."] 36 THAT ON JANUARY 1, 2014 AND EVERY YEAR 37 PROVIDED, THEREAFTER, THE EXCISE TAX RATES PRESCRIBED HEREIN SHALL BE 38 ADJUSTED ANNUALLY TO THEIR PRESENT VALUE USING THE PER CAPITA 39 NOMINAL GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (GDP) GROWTH RATE, AS 40 PUBLISHED BY THE NATIONAL STATISTICAL COORDINATION BOARD 41 (NSCB)." 42 Manufacturers and importers of tobacco products shall, within thirty (30) days 43

44 45 from the effectivity of this Act, and within the first five (5) days of every month

thereafter, submit to the Commissioner a sworn statement of the volume of sales for each

particular brand of tobacco products sold [at their establishment] for the three-month 1 2 period immediately preceding. 3 Any manufacturer or importer who, in violation of this Section, knowingly 4 misdeclares and misrepresents in his or its sworn statement herein required any pertinent 5 data or information shall, upon discovery, be penalized by a summary cancellation or withdrawal of his or its permit to engage in business as manufacturer or importer of cigar 6 7 and cigarettes. Any corporation, association or partnership liable for any of the acts or omissions 8 in violation of this Section shall be fined treble the amount of deficiency taxes, 9 surcharges and interest which may be assessed pursuant to this Section. 10 Any person liable for any of the acts or omission prohibited under this Section 11 shall be criminally liable and penalized under Section 254 of this Code. Any person who 12 willfully aids or abets in the commission of any such act or omission shall be criminally 13 liable in the same manner as the principal. 14 15 If the offender is not a citizen of the Philippines, he shall be deported immediately after serving the sentence, without further proceedings for deportation. 16 17 Sec. 5. Section 145 of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended by Republic Act No. 9334, is hereby further amended to read as follows: 18 19 "SEC. 145. Cigars and Cigarettes. A) Cigars. - There shall be levied, assessed and collected on cigars [an ad 20 21 valorem tax based on the retail price] A TAX OF TWO HUNDRED PESOS 22 (P200.00) per cigar. [(excluding the excise tax and the value-added tax) in 23 accordance with the following schedule:] ["1) If the net retail price per cigar is Five hundred pesos, (P500.00) or 24 25 less, ten percent (10%); and] ["2) If the net retail price per cigar is (excluding the excise tax and the 26 27 value-added tax) is more than Five hundred pesos (P500.00), Fifty pesos (P50.00) plus fifteen percent (15%) of the net retail price in excess of Five 28 29 hundred pesos (P500.00)."] 30 PROVIDED, THAT ON JANUARY 1, 2014 AND EVERY YEAR 31 THEREAFTER, THE EXCISE TAX RATE PRESCRIBED HEREIN SHALL BE ADJUSTED ANNUALLY TO ITS PRESENT VALUE USING THE PER CAPITA 32 33 NOMINAL GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (GDP) GROWTH RATE, AS PUBLISHED BY THE NATIONAL STATISTICAL COORDINATION BOARD 34 35 (NSCB)." 36 (B) Cigarettes Packed by Hand. – There shall be levied, assessed and collected on cigarettes packed by hand a tax at the rates prescribed below: 37 EFFECTIVE ON JANUARY 1, 2013, FOURTEEN PESOS (P14.00) PER 38 39 PACK: EFFECTIVE ON JANUARY 1, 2014, TWENTY TWO PESOS (P22.00) PER 40 PACK; 41

EFFECTIVE ON JANUARY 1, 2015, THIRTY PESOS (P30.00) PER PACK.

1 2 3 4 5 6	"PROVIDED, THAT ON JANUARY 1, 2016 AND EVERY YEAR THERAFTER, THE EXCISE TAX RATE PRESCRIBED HEREIN SHALL BE ADJUSTED ANNUALLY TO ITS PRESENT VALUE USING THE PER CAPITA NOMINAL GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (GDP) GROWTH RATE, AS PUBLISHED BY THE NATIONAL STATISTICAL COORDINATION BOARD (NSCB)."
7 8 9 10 11 12	Duly registered or existing brands of cigarettes or new brands thereof packed by hand shall only be packed in thirties. ANY BRAND NOT PACKED IN THIRTIES SHALL BE PROHIBITED AND SUBJECTED TO PENALTIES PROVIDED UNDER THIS ACT, WITHOUT PREJUDICE TO OTHER ADMINISTRATIVE OR CRIMINAL PENALTIES THAT MAY BE IMPOSED ON THE MANUFACTURER, IMPORTER AND DISTRIBUTOR OF THE SAID BRAND.
14	["Effective on January 1, 2005, Two pesos (P2.00) per pack;]
15 16	["Effective on January 1, 2007, Two Pesos and twenty-three centavos (P2.23) Per Pack;]
17 18	[Effective on January 1, 2009, Two pesos and forty-seven centavos (P2.47) per pack; and]
19 20	[Effective on January 1, 2011, Two pesos and seventy-two centavos (P2.72) per pack.]
21 22	(C) Cigarettes Packed by Machine. – There shall be levied, assessed and collected on cigarettes packed by machine a tax at the rates prescribed below:
23	EFFECTIVE ON JANUARY 1, 2013-
24 25 26 27	(1) IF THE NET RETAIL PRICE (EXCLUDING THE EXCISE TAX AND THE VALUE-ADDED TAX) IS TEN PESOS (P10.00) AND BELOW PER PACK, THE TAX SHALL BE FOURTEEN PESOS (14.00) PER PACK;
28 29 30 31	(2) IF THE NET RETAIL PRICE (EXCLUDING THE EXCISE TAX AND THE VALUE-ADDED TAX) IS MORE THAN TEN PESOS (P10.00) PER PACK, THE TAX SHALL BE THIRTY PESOS (P30.00) PER PACK;
32	EFFECTIVE ON JANUARY 1, 2014-
33 34 35 36	(1) IF THE NET RETAIL PRICE (EXCLUDING THE EXCISE TAX AND THE VALUE-ADDED TAX) IS TEN PESOS (P10.00) AND BELOW PER PACK, THE TAX SHALL BE TWENTY-TWO PESOS (P22.00) PER PACK;
37 38 39	(2) IF THE NET RETAIL PRICE (EXCLUDING THE EXCISE TAX AND THE VALUE-ADDED TAX) IS MORE THAN TEN PESOS (P10.00) PER PACK, THE TAX SHALL BE THIRTY PESOS (P30.00) PER PACK;

1 2	EFFECTIVE ON JANUARY 1, 2015, THE TAX SHALL BE THIRTY PESOS (P30.00) PER PACK;
3 4 5 6 7 8	PROVIDED, THAT ON JANUARY 1, 2016 AND EVERY YEAR THEREAFTER, THE EXCISE TAX RATE PRESCRIBED HEREIN SHALL BE ADJUSTED ANNUALLY TO ITS PRESENT VALUE USING THE PER CAPITA NOMINAL GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT (GDP) GROWTH RATE, AS PUBLISHED BY THE NATIONAL STATISTICAL COORDINATION BOARD (NSCB)."
9 10 11 12 13	ALL BRANDS OF CIGARETTES EXISTING IN THE MARKET AT THE TIME OF THE EFFECTIVITY OF THIS ACT SHALL BE CLASSIFIED ACCORDINGLY FOR THE PROPER DETERMINATION OF THE TAX LIABILITY IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE SCHEDULE PROVIDED ABOVE.
14 15	["(1) If the net retail price (excluding the excise tax and the value-added tax) is below Five pesos (P5.00) per pack, the tax shall be:]
16	["Effective on January 1, 2005, Two pesos (P2.00) per pack;
17 18	["Effective on January 1, 2007, Two pesos and twenty-three centavos (P2.23) per pack;]
19 20	["Effective on January 1, 2009, Two pesos and forty-seven centavos (P2.47) per pack; and]
21 22	["Effective on January 1, 2011, Two pesos and seventy-two centavos (P2.72) per pack.]
23 24 25	["(2) If the net retail price (excluding the excise tax and the value-added tax) is Five pesos (P5.00) but does not exceed Six pesos and fifty centavos (P6.50) per pack, the tax shall be:
26 27	["Effective on January 1, 2005, Six pesos and thirty-five centavos (P6.35) per pack;]
28 29	["Effective on January 1, 2007, Six pesos and seventy-four centavos (P6.74) per pack;]
30 31	["Effective on January 1, 2009, Seven pesos and fourteen centavos (P7.14) per pack; and]
32 33	["Effective on January 1, 2011, Seven pesos and fifty-six centavos (P7.56) per pack.]
34 35 36	["(3) If the net retail price (excluding the excise tax and the value-added tax) exceeds Six pesos and fifty centavos (P6.50) but does not exceed Ten pesos (P10.00) per pack, the tax shall be:]
37 38	["Effective on January 1, 2005, Ten pesos and thirty-five centavos (P10.35) per pack;]
39 40	["Effective on January 1, 2007, Ten pesos and eighty-eight centavos (P10.88) per pack;]

1 ["Effective on January 1, 2009, Eleven pesos and forty-three centavos (P11.43) 2 per pack and;] 3 ["Effective on January 1, 2011, Twelve pesos (P12.00) per pack.] 4 ["(4) If the net retail price (excluding the excise tax and the value-added tax) is 5 above Ten pesos (P10.00) per pack, the tax shall be: 6 ["Effective on January 1, 2005, Twenty-five pesos (P25.00) per pack;] 7 ["Effective on January 1, 2007, Twenty-six pesos and six centavos (P26.06 per 8 pack; 9 ["Effective on January 1, 2009, Twenty-seven pesos and sixteen centavos 10 (P27.16) per pack; and] ["Effective on January 1, 2011, Twenty-eight pesos and thirty centavos (P28.30) 11 12 per pack.] 13 Variants of existing brands and variants of new brands of cigarettes which are 14 introduced in the domestic market after the effectivity of this Act shall be taxed under the 15 proper classification thereof based on their suggested net retail price: *Provided, however,* that such classification shall not, in any case, be lower than the highest classification of 16 17 any variant of that brand. 18 A 'variant of a brand' shall refer to a brand on which a modifier is prefixed and/or suffixed to the root name of the brand. 19 20 Duly registered or existing brands of cigarettes or new brands thereof packed by machine shall only be packed in twenties. ANY BRAND NOT PACKED IN TWENTIES 21 SHALL BE PROHIBITED AND SUBJECTED TO PENALTIES PROVIDED UNDER 22 THIS ACT, WITHOUT PREJUDICE TO OTHER ADMINISTRATIVE OR CRIMINAL 23 PENALTIES THAT MAY BE IMPOSED ON THE MANUFACTURER, IMPORTER 24 AND DISTRIBUTOR OF THE SAID BRAND. 25 Any downward reclassification of present categories, for tax purposes, of existing 26 27 brands of cigars and cigarettes duly registered at the time of the effectivity of this Act which will reduce the tax imposed herein, or the payment thereof, shall be prohibited. 28 29 "New brands as defined in the immediately following paragraph, shall initially be classified according to their suggested net retail price. 30 31 "'New brand' shall mean a brand registered after the date of effectivity of [R.A. 32 33 No. 8240] THIS ACT. "'Suggested net retail price' shall mean the net retail price at which new brands, 34 35 as defined above, of locally manufactured or imported cigarettes are intended by the manufacturer or importer to be sold on retail in major supermarkets or retail outlets in 36 Metro Manila for those marketed nationwide, and in other regions, for those with 37 38 regional markets. At the end of three (3) months from the product launch, the Bureau of Internal Revenue shall validate the suggested net retail price of the new brand against the 39 net retail price as defined herein and determine the correct tax bracket under which a 40 41 particular new brand of cigarette, as defined above, shall be classified. After the end of eighteen (18) months from such validation, the Bureau of Internal Revenue shall 42 revalidate the initially validated net retail price against the net retail price as of the time 43

of revalidation in order to finally determine the correct tax bracket under which a

particular new brand of cigarettes shall be classified. [: Provided, however, That brands of cigarettes introduced in the domestic market between January 1, 1997 and December 31, 2003 shall remain in the classification under which the Bureau of Internal Revenue has determined them to belong as of December 31, 2003. Such classification of new brands and brands introduced between January 1, 1997 and December 31, 2003 shall not be revised except by an act of Congress.]

1 2

'Net retail price', as determined by the Bureau of Internal Revenue through a price survey to be conducted by THE NATIONAL STATISTICS OFFICE [the Bureau of Internal Revenue itself, or the National Statistics Office when deputized for the purpose by the Bureau of Internal Revenue], shall mean the price at which the cigarette is sold on retail in at least twenty (20) major supermarkets in Metro Manila (for brands of cigarettes marketed nationally), excluding the amount intended to cover the applicable excise tax and value-added tax. For brands which are marketed only outside Metro Manila, the 'net retail price', shall mean the price at which the cigarette is sold in at least five (5) major supermarkets in the region excluding the amount intended to cover the applicable excise tax and the value-added tax. THE MAJOR SUPERMARKETS SHALL BE THOSE WITH THE HIGHEST TOTAL GROSS SALES IN METRO MANILA OR THE REGION, AS THE CASE MAY BE, AS DETERMINED BY THE NATIONAL STATISTICS OFFICE.

["The classification of each brand of cigarettes based on the average net retail price as of October 1, 1996, as set forth in the Annex 'D', including the classification of brands for the same products which, although not set forth in said Annex 'D', were registered and were being commercially produced and marketed on or after October 1, 1996, and which continue to be commercially produced and marketed after the effectively of this Act, shall remain in force until revised by Congress.]

Manufacturers and importers of cigars and cigarettes shall, within thirty (30) days from the effectivity of this Act, and within the first five (5) days of every month thereafter, submit to the Commissioner a sworn statement of the volume of sales for each particular brand of cigars and/or cigarettes sold [at his establishment] for the three-month period immediately preceding.

Any manufacturer or importer who, in violation of this Section, knowingly misdeclares or misrepresents in his or its sworn statement herein required any pertinent data or information shall, upon discovery, be penalized by a summary cancellation or withdrawal of his or its permit to engage in business as manufacturer or importer of cigars or cigarettes.

Any corporation, association or partnership liable for any of the acts or omissions in violation of this Section shall be fined treble the aggregate amount of deficiency taxes, surcharges and interest which may be assessed pursuant to this Section.

Any person liable for any of the acts or omission prohibited under this Section shall be criminally liable and penalized under Section 254 of this Code. Any person who willfully aids or abets in the commission of any such act or omission shall be criminally liable in the same manner as the principal.

If the offender is not a citizen of the Philippines, he shall be deported immediately after serving the sentence, without further proceedings for deportation."

Section 6. Section 131, Subsection A of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended by Republic Act No. 9334, is hereby further amended as follows:

<sup>&</sup>quot;SEC. 131. Payment of Excise Taxes on Imported Articles. -

(A) x x x

2 x x x

The provision of any special or general law to the contrary notwithstanding, the importation of cigars and cigarettes, distilled spirits, fermented liquors and wines into the Philippines, even if destined for tax and duty-free shops, shall be subject to all applicable taxes, duties, charges, including excise taxes due thereon. This shall apply to cigars and cigarettes, distilled spirits, fermented liquors and wines brought directly into the duly chartered or legislated freeports of the Subic Special Economic and Freeport Zone, created under Republic Act No. 7227; the Cagayan Special Economic Zone and Freeport, created under the Republic Act No. 7922; and the Zamboanga City Special Economic Zone, created Republic Act No. 7903, and such other freeports as may hereafter be established or created by law; *Provided*, *further*, that NOTWITHSTANDING THE PROVISIONS OF REPUBLIC ACTS 9400 AND 9593, importations of cigars and cigarettes, distilled spirits, fermented liquors and wines made directly by a government-owned-and-operated duty-free shop, like the Duty-free Philippines (DFP), shall be exempted from all applicable duties only; x x x

X X X

Articles confiscated shall be DESTROYED USING THE MOST ENVIRONMENTALLY FRIENDLY METHOD AVAILABLE. [disposed of in accordance with the rules and regulations to be promulgated by the Secretary of Finance, upon recommendation of the Commissioners of Customs and Internal Revenue, upon consultation with the Secretary of Tourism and General-manager of the Philippine Tourism Authority.]

X X X

24 (B) x x x

Section 7. Section 288, subsections b and c of the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, as amended by Republic Act No. 9334, is hereby further amended to read as follows:

- "(B) Incremental Revenues from Republic Act No. 8240. Fifteen percent (15%) of the incremental revenue collected from the excise tax on tobacco products under R.A. No. 8240 shall be allocated AS FOLLOWS: [and divided among the provinces producing burley and native tobacco in accordance with the volume of tobacco leaf production. The fund shall be exclusively utilized for programs in pursuit of the following objectives]
- (1) A PORTION SHALL BE DIVIDED AMONG THE PROVINCES PRODUCING BURLEY AND NATIVE TOBACCO, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE VOLUME OF TOBACCO LEAF PRODUCTION, THE AMOUNT OF WHICH SHALL BE DETERMINED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE. THE FUND SHALL BE EXCLUSIVELY UTILIZED FOR PROGRAMS TO PROMOTE ECONOMICALLY VIABLE ALTERNATIVES FOR TOBACCO FARMERS AND WORKERS SUCH AS:
  - a. PROGRAMS THAT WILL PROVIDE INPUTS, TRAINING, AND OTHER SUPPORT FOR TOBACCO FARMERS WHO SHIFT TO PRODUCTION OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS OTHER THAN TOBACCO.

1 2 3	b. PROGRAMS THAT WILL PROVIDE FINANCIAL SUPPORT FOR TOBACCO FARMERS WHO ARE DISPLACED OR WHO CEASE TO PRODUCE TOBACCO VOLUNTARILY.	
4 5 6	c. COOPERATIVE PROGRAMS TO ASSIST TOBACCO FARMERS IN PLANTING ALTERNATIVE CROPS OR IMPLEMENTING OTHER LIVELIHOOD PROJECTS.	
7 8 9	d. PROGRAMS TO EXTEND CREDIT GUARANTEE ASSISTANCE TO FARMERS WHO SHIFT TO PRODUCTION OF AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTS OTHER THAN TOBACCO.	
10 11 12	e. PROGRAMS TO PROVIDE INSURANCE PROTECTION TO AGRICULTURAL PRODUCERS WHO WILL SHIFT TO PRODUCTION OF CROPS OTHER THAN TOBACCO.	
13 14 15 16 17 18	(2) A PORTION SHALL BE USED TO AUGMENT FINANCING FOR THE ADJUSTMENT MEASURES PROGRAM FOR THE PREVENTION OF JOB LOSSES AND ASSISTANCE TO DISPLACED WORKERS, THE AMOUNT OF WHICH SHALL BE COMPUTED ON THE BASIS OF THE ANNUAL REQUIREMENT OF THE SAID PROGRAM AS DETERMINED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND EMPLOYMENT.	
19 20	["(1) Cooperative projects that will enhance better quality of agricultural products and increase income and productivity of farmers;"]	
21 22	["(2) Livelihood projects, particularly the development of alternative farming system to enhance farmer's income; and]	
23 24 25	["(3) Agro-industrial projects that will enable tobacco farmers to be involved in the management and subsequent ownership of projects, such as post-harvest and secondary processing like cigarette manufacturing and by-product utilization.]	
26 27 28 29 30 31	"The Department of Budget and Management, in consultation with the DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND THE DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND EMPLOYMENT [Oversight Committee created under said R.A. No. 8240], shall issue [the corresponding] rules and regulations governing the allocation and disbursement of this fund, NOT LATER THAN ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY (180) DAYS FROM THE EFFECTIVITY OF THIS ACT.	
32	(C) Incremental Revenues from the Excise Tax on Alcohol and Tobacco Products	
33 34 35 36	[(1) Two and a half percent (2.5%) of the incremental revenue from the excise tax on alcohol and tobacco products starting January 2005 shall be remitted directly to the Philippine Health Insurance Corporation for the purpose of meeting and sustaining the goal of universal coverage of the National Health Insurance Program; and]	
37 38 39	[(2) Two and a half percent (2.5%) of the incremental revenue from the excise tax on alcohol and tobacco products starting January 2005 shall be credited to the account of the Department of Health and constituted as a trust fund for its disease prevention program.]	
40 41	["The earmarking provided under this provision shall be observed for five (5) years starting from January 2005."]	
42 43 44	"THE REMAINING BALANCE OF THE INCREMENTAL REVENUES COLLECTED FROM THE EXCISE TAXES ON ALCOHOL AND TOBACCO PRODUCTS FROM THIS ACT SHALL BE ALLOCATED TO FINANCE THE	

UNIVERSAL HEALTH CARE PROGRAM, THE AMOUNT OF WHICH SHALL BE COMPUTED ON THE BASIS OF THE ANNUAL REQUIREMENT OF THE SAID PROGRAM AS DETERMINED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH. THE FUND SHALL BE USED EXCLUSIVELY FOR THE FOLLOWING MEASURES IN PURSUANCE OF THE UNIVERSAL HEALTH CARE PROGRAM OF THE GOVERNMENT:

A.) FINANCIAL RISK PROTECTION THROUGH EXPANSION IN NHIP ENROLLMENT AND BENEFIT DELIVERY - THE POOR ARE TO BE PROTECTED FROM THE FINANCIAL IMPACTS OF HEALTH CARE USE BY IMPROVING THE BENEFIT DELIVERY RATIO OF THE NATIONAL HEALTH INSURANCE PROGRAM (NHIP);

 B.) IMPROVED ACCESS TO QUALITY HOSPITALS AND HEALTH CARE FACILITIES – GOVERNMENT OWNED AND OPERATED HOSPITALS AND HEALTH FACILITIES WILL BE UPGRADED TO EXPAND CAPACITY AND PROVIDE QUALITY SERVICES TO HELP ATTAIN MDGS, ATTEND TO TRAUMATIC INJURIES AND OTHER TYPES OF EMERGENCIES, AND MANAGE NON-COMMUNICABLE DISEASES AND THEIR COMPLICATIONS:

C.) ATTAINMENT OF THE HEALTH-RELATED MILLENNIUM DEVELOPMENT GOALS (MDGs) - PUBLIC HEALTH PROGRAMS SHALL BE FOCUSED ON REDUCING MATERNAL AND CHILD MORTALITY, MORBIDITY AND MORTALITY FROM TB AND MALARIA, AND THE PREVALENCE OF HIV/AIDS, IN ADDITION TO BEING PREPARED FOR EMERGING DISEASE TRENDS, AND PREVENTION AND CONTROL OF NON-COMMUNICABLE DISEASES."

SECTION 8. ANNUAL REPORT- THE DEPARTMENT OF BUDGET AND MANAGEMENT, THE DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, THE PHILIPPINE HEALTH INSURANCE CORPORATION, AND THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SHALL EACH SUBMIT TO THE OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE CREATED UNDER R.A. 8240 A DETAILED REPORT ON THE EXPENDITURE OF THE AMOUNTS EARMARKED THIS SECTION, ON THE FIRST WEEK OF AUGUST OF EVERY YEAR. THE REPORTS SHALL BE SIMULTANEOUSLY PUBLISHED IN THE OFFICIAL GAZETTE AND THE AGENCIES' WEBSITES.

 SECTION 9. OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE – THE COMPOSITION OF THE OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE CREATED UNDER R.A. 8240 SHALL INCLUDE THE AGRICULTURE AND HEALTH COMMITTEE CHAIRPERSONS OF THE SENATE AND THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, AS PART OF THE FOUR (4) MEMBERS TO BE APPOINTED FROM EACH HOUSE.

UPON RECEIPT OF THE AGENCIES' ANNUAL REPORTS, THE COMMITTEE SHALL REVIEW THEM AND ENSURE THE PROPER IMPLEMENTATION OF THIS ACT AS REGARDS THE EXPENDITURES OF THE EARMARKED FUNDS.

SECTION 10. REVIEW OF TAX RATES UNDER THIS ACT – WITHIN 30 DAYS FROM THE OPENING OF CONGRESS REGULAR SESSION IN 2017, AND EVERY FIVE (5) YEARS THEREAFTER, AN INTER-AGENCY COMMITTEE SHALL SUBMIT TO THE CHAIRPERSONS OF THE HOUSE AND SENATE COMITTEES ON WAYS AND MEANS AS WELL AS HEALTH, A STUDY ON WHETHER OR NOT A MODIFICATION OF THE TAX RATES UNDER THIS ACT IS IN ORDER, TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION THE HEALTH AND REVENUE OBJECTIVES OF THE GOVERNMENT, AS WELL AS ITS COMPLIANCE WITH THE RELEVANT PROVISIONS OF THE WORLD HEALTH ORGANIZATION FRAMEWORK CONVENTION ON TOBACCO CONTROL. THE

- 1 COMMITTEE SHALL BE COMPOSED OF THREE (3) REPRESENTATIVES EACH FROM
- 2 THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND THE DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AS
- 3 MEMBERS, AND THE SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND SECRETARY OF FINANCE AS
- 4 JOINT CHAIRPERSONS.
- 5 SECTION 11. Implementing Rules and Regulations. The Secretary of Finance shall,
- 6 upon the recommendation of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, [and in consultation with
- 7 the Department of Health, promulgate the necessary rules and regulations for the effective
- 8 implementation of this Act, NOT LATER THAN ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY (180) DAYS
- 9 UPON THE EFFECTIVITY OF THIS ACT. THE RULES AND REGULATIONS TO BE
- 10 PROMULGATED UNDER SECTION 6 HEREOF SHALL FORM AN INTEGRAL PART OF
- 11 THE IMPLEMENTING RULES AND REGULATIONS.
- 12 SECTION 12. Separability Clause. If any of the provisions of this Act is declared
- invalid by a competent court, the remainder of this Act or any provision not affected by such
- declaration of invalidity shall remain in force and effect.
- SECTION 13. Repealing Clause. All laws, decrees, ordinances, rules and regulations,
- 16 executive or administrative orders, and such other presidential issuances that are inconsistent
- 17 with any of the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed, amended or otherwise modified
- 18 accordingly.
- 19 SECTION 14. Effectivity. This Act shall take effect on 1 January 2013.

Approved,