

SIXTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE) REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES) First Regular Session)

13 JUL -4 A11:08

SENATE

s. no. 479

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Introduced by Senator Antonio "Sonny" F. Trillanes IV

EXPLANATORY NOTE

The 1987 Constitution envisaged the Commission on Human Rights to exist as an "independent office". This is indeed necessary if the Commission is to ensure that the State performs its duty to respect, protect and uphold the rights of our people.

However, the Commission is usually unable to address the protection of human rights due to its failure to prosecute reported cases of human rights violations. This can be attributed to the fact that it is tied up by existing law that provides the CHR only investigative and advocacy powers.

Recognizing the need for an effective and speedy resolution of all human rights cases filed with the CHR, this bill seeks to strengthen the Commission by providing an effective and expanded structural and functional organization to meet the demands of human rights cases here and abroad. It is hoped that the Commission will be able to efficiently respond to the victims of human rights violations and the general public through providing it with prosecutorial powers over delineated forms of human rights violations.

In view of the foregoing, immediate approval of this measure is earnestly requested.

ANTONIO "SONNY" F. TRILLANES IV Senator



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S. NO. 479

Introduced by Senator Antonio "Sonny" F. Trillanes IV

AN ACT

STRENGTHENING THE FUNCTIONAL AND STRUCTURAL ORGANIZATION OF THE COMMISSION ON HUMAN RIGHTS, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

1	SECTION 1. Title This Act shall be known as the "Commission on Human Rights
2	Charter".
3	
4	SEC. 2. State Policy on Human Rights The State values the dignity of every human
5	person and guarantees full respect for human rights. It shall give highest priority to the enactment
6	of measures that protect and enhance the right of all the people to human dignity at all stages of
7	human life.
8	
9	SEC. 3. Definition of Terms For purposes of this Act, human rights shall include those
10	rights found in Article III of the Constitution and those affirmed and recognized by the State in
11	the following international covenants: the Universal Declaration of Human Rights (1948); the
12	International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (1976); and the International Covenant on
13	Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (1976), and any other international treaties on human
14	rights to which the Philippines is a signatory.
15	
16	I. THE COMMISSION ON HUMAN RIGHTS
17	A. Nature of the Commission
18	SEC. 4. The Commission as an Independent Office and as the National Human Rights
19	Institution of the Philippines The Commission on Human Rights is an independent
20	constitutional office and is the national human rights institution of the Philippines in accordance
21	with the Principles Relating to the Status of National Institutions ("The Paris Principles") and
22	other United Nations' Resolutions and Instruments pertaining to the effective functioning of
23	national human rights institutions.

- 1 SEC. 5. Fiscal Autonomy. - The Commission shall always enjoy full fiscal autonomy 2 equivalent to that of the Constitutional Commissions under Art. IX of the 1987 Constitution. The 3 approved annual appropriations of the Commission shall be automatically and regularly released.
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B. The Chairperson and Commissioners

6 SEC. 6. The Commission, Composition and Qualifications. - The Commission on Human Rights, also referred to as the Commission in this Act, is a collegial body and shall be 7 composed of a Chairperson and four (4) Commissioners who shall possess the following 8 9 qualifications:

10 a) Must be natural-born citizens of the Philippines;

b) Must be at least thirty five (35) years of age at the time of their appointment, who are human 11

rights advocates of known probity, competence and integrity; 12

c) Majority of whom, including the Chairperson, must be members of the Philippine Bar who 13

have been engaged in the practice of law for at least five (5) years; 14

d) Must have an understanding of human rights protection, promotion and advocacy; 15

e) Must not have been candidates, including party-list nominees, for any elective position in any 16

17 national or local elections, immediately preceding their appointment.

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19 SEC. 7. Appointment and Term of Office. - The Chairperson and Commissioners shall 20 be appointed by the President for a term of seven (7) years without re-appointment. Of those first 21 appointed under this Act, the Chairperson shall hold office for seven (7) years, two (2) 22 Commissioners for five (5) years and the other two (2) Commissioners for three (3) years, all without reappointment. In no case shall any commissioner be appointed, re-appointed or 23 24 designated in a temporary or acting capacity.

25 The term of the Chairperson and Commissioners of the Commission shall start on the day 26 immediately after the end of the previous term, regardless of the date of appointment. 27 Appointment to any vacancy occurring during the term shall be only for the remaining portion of 28 said term.

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SEC. 8. Prohibition and Disqualification. - The Chairperson and Commissioners of the 31 Commission shall not, during their tenure, hold any other office or employment. Neither shall they engage in the practice of any profession or in the active management or control of any 32 business which in any way may be affected by the functions of their office, nor shall they be 33 financially interested, directly or indirectly, in any contract with, or in any franchise or privilege, 34 35 granted by the Government and its subdivisions, agencies or instrumentalities, including 36 government-owned or controlled corporations or their subsidiaries. They shall avoid conflict of 37 interest in the conduct of their office. They shall not be allowed to appear or practice before the 38 Commission for two years following their cessation from office.

1 No spouse or relative by consanguinity or affinity within the fourth civil degree and no 2 law, business or professional partner or associate of the Chairperson or Commissioners may 3 appear as counsellor agent on any matter pending before the Commission or transact business 4 directly or indirectly therewith. This disqualification shall apply during the tenure of the official 5 concerned and one year thereafter.

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SEC. 9. *Disclosure of Relationship.* - It shall be the duty of the Chairperson and Commissioners to make under oath to the best of their knowledge and information a written public disclosure of the identities of, and their relationship with the persons referred to in the preceding section. The disclosure shall be filed with the Office of the Ombudsman before the appointee assumes office and every annual anniversary of the date of assumption of office thereafter. The disclosures made pursuant to this Section shall form part of the public records and shall be made available and accessible to the public.

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15 SEC. 10. Salary, Retirement, Benefits and Other Privileges of the Chairperson and 10 16 Commissioners. - The Chairperson and Commissioners of the Commission shall receive the 17 same salary, privileges and benefits as the Chairperson and Members of the Constitutional 18 Commissions which shall not be decreased during their term of office. Likewise, they shall 19 receive the same retirement benefits to those of the Constitutional Commissions as provided by 20 law.

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SEC. 11. *Removal from Office.* - The Chairperson and Commissioners of the
 Commission may be removed from office on any of the following grounds:

24 (a) Disloyalty to the Republic of the Philippines;

25 (b) Culpable violation of the Constitution;

26 (c) Bribery and graft and corruption, [other high crimes, or betrayal of public trust];

27 (d) Dishonesty, misconduct in office, gross negligence, or dereliction of duty;

(e) Commission of any offense involving moral turpitude or an offense punishable by prision
 mayor;

30 (f) Abuse of authority;

31 (g) Such other grounds as may be provided by law.

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The proceedings for removal shall be initiated by filing a verified complaint with the Court of Appeals stating the grounds therefor and alleging the ultimate facts upon which the complaint is based.

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The Court of Appeals shall act on the complaint and conduct the necessary investigationand hearing. Thereafter, the Court of Appeals shall dismiss the complaint or declare the removal

from office of the Chairperson or Commissioner of the Commission within ninety (90) days from 1 2 the date of filing of the complaint. Failure to resolve the complaint within said period shall result in its automatic dismissal. 3 In deciding upon a complaint for removal from office, the Court of Appeals shall not 4 impose any lesser penalty or disciplinary action such as suspension, censure, or reprimand other 5 6 than removal from office. Any decision of removal from office shall be automatically stayed by the filing of a 7 petition for review on certiorari with the Supreme Court. 8 9 C. Nomination of Chairperson and Commissioners 10 SEC. 12. Nominations Committee. - The President shall choose and appoint the 11 Chairperson and Commissioners of the Commission from a list of three (3) nominees per 12 position selected by a Nominations Committee to be composed of the following members: 13 a) The Chairperson of the Commission on Human Rights or if vacant, any Commissioner as 14 15 designated by the Commission En Banc; 16 b) The Chairperson of the Senate Committee on Justice and Human Rights; c) The Chairperson of the House of Representatives' Committee on Human Rights; 17 d) Four (4) members selected by the Commission from any of the following duly accredited 18 19 entities, sectors or groups : human rights non-government organizations (NGOs), people's 20 organizations, lawyers' and/or paralegal groups, indigenous peoples, the academe; woman, child 21 and family rights groups. 22 23 SEC. 13. Selection of Nominees. - The members of the Nominations Committee shall 24 each have one vote. They shall meet not later than thirty (30) days before the end of a current 25 term or within seven (7) days after the occurrence of a vacancy during a term. They shall submit to the President their list of nominees thirty (30) days before the end of said term or thirty (30) 26 27 days after said vacancy. The President shall make the appointment within thirty (30) days after 28 the submission of the list of nominees by the Nominations Committee. 29 The Commission shall provide secretariat support to the Nominations Committee. It shall make all proceedings of the Nominations Committee open and accessible to' the public. 30 31 Vacancies as well as the list of nominees shall be published in a newspaper of general 32 circulation. The Nominations Committee shall adopt its own rules of procedure. 33 SEC. 14. Pluralist Representation. - In the selection of nominees for Chairperson and 34 35 Commissioners of the Commission, the Nominations Committee shall take into consideration 36 pluralist representation of Philippine society in the promotion and protection of human rights. 37 SEC. 15. Non-Government and People's Organization Representatives to the 38 Nominations Committee. - The duly accredited human rights non-government organizations

(NGOs), people's organizations (PO's), lawyers' and/ or paralegal groups, representatives from indigenous peoples, representatives from the academe, as well as woman, child and family rights groups shall from among themselves choose the four (4) representatives to the Nominations Committee in a meeting attended by an authorized representative of the Commission. In the absence of a selection procedure agreed upon by said organizations, the Commission shall promulgate the rules of procedure to govern the selection of the four (4) representatives by the accredited organizations.

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II. POWERS AND FUNCTIONS

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A. General Powers and Functions

SEC. 16. General Powers and Functions of the Commission. - The Commission on
 Human Rights shall have the following general powers and functions:

a) Investigate, on its own or on complaint by any party, all forms of human rights violations;

14 b) Adopt its operational guidelines and rules of procedure and cite for direct and indirect

15 contempt for violations thereof or its lawful orders in accordance with the Rules of Court;

16 c) Provide appropriate legal and preventive measures for the protection of human rights of all

17 persons within the Philippines, as well as Filipinos residing abroad;

18 d) Provide legal aid services to the underprivileged whose human rights have been determined by

19 the Commission to have been violated or in of need protection to prevent a violation thereof;

20 e) Exercise unhampered and unrestrained visitorial powers over jails, prisons, camps, detention

21 facilities, safe houses and similar premises, provided prior coordination is had with the agencies

22 of government concerned;

f) Establish a continuing program of research, education and information dissemination to
promote respect for the primacy of human life and dignity, and the protection of human rights;

25 g) Recommend to Congress effective measures to promote human rights and to provide for

26 compensation to victims of violations of human rights, or their families;

h) Monitor the Philippine government's compliance with international treaty obligations onhuman rights;

i) Grant immunity from prosecution to any person whose testimony or possession of documents
or other evidence is necessary to determine the truth in any investigation or prosecution
conducted by it or under its authority;

j) Request the assistance of any department, bureau, office or agency in the performance of itsfunctions;

34 k) Deputize government prosecutors or private lawyers, who shall be under the direct control and

35 supervision of the Commission, for the prosecution of human rights cases under Section hereof;

36 1) Accredit national non-government and people's organizations involved in human rights

37 promotion, protection and advocacy, including those for purposes of visiting persons arrested,

38 detained or under custodial investigation;

m) Ensure that the status, rights and interests of children and of the family are upheld in 1 accordance with the Constitution, laws and duly ratified instruments on human rights; 2 3 n) Create, establish, organize, re-structure, compress, and otherwise manage such offices and centers the Commission deems necessary and appropriate for expeditious and effective 4 5 fulfilment of its mandate, including a central office, regional, sub-regional, and provincial offices for specific thematic and functional matters; 6 o) Appoint its officers and employees in accordance with law; and 7 p) Perform such other duties and functions as may be provided by law. 8 9 **B.** Investigation 10 SEC. 17. Investigative Powers and Functions. - The Commission shall exercise primary 11 and original jurisdiction to investigate, on complaint or motu proprio, cases of human rights 12 violations to include civil, political, economic, social and cultural rights. In the exercise of its 13 investigative function, the Commission shall have the following powers: 14 a) Act promptly on complaints filed in any form or manner by any person; and upon finding of 15 human rights violation, recommend the filing of appropriate administrative, civil and/or criminal 16 17 action(s). Any investigation being conducted by any other body shall not be a bar to the 18 investigation of the Commission; b) Compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of evidence, administer oaths, issue 19 20 subpoenas and take testimony in any investigation or inquiry; c) Issue orders and directives constituting preventive and legal measures, provided for under 21 22 Sections 20 and 21 of this Act, respectively; d) Provide protection and extend financial assistance to witnesses to ensure their attendance in 23 24 investigations and production of evidence; e) Delegate to its deputies, investigators or representatives, such authority or duty to ensure the 25 effective exercise or performance of its investigative functions; 26 f) Request and require the assistance and cooperation of any officer or employee of any 27 28 department, bureau or office, subdivision, agency or instrumentality of the Government, 29 including government-owned or controlled corporations and local governments; g) Deputize lawyers or legal aid groups, medical organizations, as well as government agencies 30 31 and offices, to provide assistance in the exercise of its investigative functions; 32 h) Make the results and findings of its investigations available and accessible to the public; and 33 i) Cite in contempt any person for failure to comply with a lawful order of the Commission issued in the exercise of its investigative and prosecutorial functions. In this regard, the 1997 34 35 Revised Rules of Procedure shall apply suppletorily. 36 SEC. 18 . Imprescriptibility of Human Rights Violations. - The investigation of human rights violations shall not be subject to any statute of limitations or prescriptive period. 37 38

1 SEC. 19. Scope of Preventive Measures. - The preventive measures under Article XIII, 2 Sec. 18 (3) of the Constitution that may be issued by the Commission in the investigation of 3 cases involving all forms of human rights violations shall include the following:

a) Issuance of injunctive relief directing any member of the government's military or police
forces, as well as public officials or employees, or any person acting under their control and
supervision, to immediately desist from hiding, transferring, torturing or abusing a detainee and
to allow access to said detainee by the Commission, his/her counsel, physician, psychologist,
priest, pastor, rabbi, imam or any spiritual adviser and relatives;

b) Order compelling the government official or employee, or any person in control of the
premises of any government agency or office, specifically police and military detention facilities,
secret detention places, stations, installations, camps, bases, and training schools, as well as
private land and property, to permit the inspection of said premises;

c) Order to transfer persons deprived of their liberty and in danger of reprisal or retaliation due to
 the filing of a complaint in connection with his/her detention, in order to secure safety of his/her
 person;

d) Restraining order prohibiting respondent, any unites), personnel or persons under his/her
immediate supervision from entering the immediate vicinity of the affected area or residence of
any person who's human rights are being violated or are in danger of violation and from

19 searching the victim or his belongings;

e) Injunction ordering respondent to refrain from committing any and all acts that would tend to
cause irreparable harm and have the immediate effect of rendering the investigation of the
Commission moot and academic.

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SEC. 20, Scope of Legal Measures. - The legal measures under Article XIII, Sec. 18

25 (3) of the Constitution that may be provided by the Commission shall include the following:

a) Mandatory protection orders (MPO's) directing government security forces, other government
 agencies, or private institutions to provide specific protection to victims of human rights
 violations;

b) Orders deputizing government offices and private institutions and organizations for the
 purpose of providing protection; and

c) Orders deputizing government and private lawyers as counsels *de officio* to ensure that the
 human rights of the victim are not further violated; and

d) Any order the purpose of which is analogous to any of the foregoing.

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35 SEC. 21. Grant of Immunity. - The Commission may grant immunity from prosecution 36 to any person whose possession and production of documents or other evidence may be 37 necessary to determine the truth in any hearing, inquiry or proceeding under such terms and 38 conditions as it may determine taking into account the pertinent provisions of the Rules of Court

and its own rules. The immunity shall only be granted after a determination of the relevance, veracity and authenticity of the evidence sought to be presented by the Commission. The immunity granted shall be revoked on account of evidence presented to be true but which is, in fact, false and spurious and without which the Commission would not have granted immunity.

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6 SEC. 22. *Preventive Suspension.* - With the exception of Members of Congress, the 7 Judiciary, and impeachable officials, the Commission may preventively suspend any officer or 8 employee including but not limited to elective or appointive public officers or employees, 9 including Members of the Cabinet, local government, government-owned-or- controlled 10 corporations and their subsidiaries, pending an investigation, provided it determines that (a) the 11 evidence of guilt is strong; (b) the charges would warrant removal from the service; and (c) the 12 respondent's continued stay in office may prejudice the case filed against him/ her.

The preventive suspension shall be immediately executory, unless restrained by the Court of Appeals or the Supreme Court and shall continue until the case is terminated by the Commission; *Provided*, that said suspension shall not be more than sixty (60) days without pay, except when the delay in the disposition of the case by the Commission is due to the fault, negligence or petition of the respondent, in which case the period of such delay shall not be counted in computing the period of suspension herein provided.

The respondent official or employee preventively suspended from office shall receive no salary or compensation during such suspension. However, upon subsequent exoneration and reinstatement, he shall be paid full salary or compensation including such emoluments, benefits and privileges accruing during such suspension.

In the case of a suspended elective official, upon expiration of the period of preventive suspension, he shall be deemed reinstated in office without prejudice to the continuation of the proceedings against him which shall be terminated within one hundred twenty (120) days from the date the official was formally notified of the case.

The respondent officer or employee shall be accorded full opportunity to appear and defend himself in person or by counsel, to confront and cross-examine the witnesses against him, and to require the attendance of witnesses and the production of documentary evidence in his favour through the compulsory process of *subpoena* or *subpoena duces tecum*.

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32 SEC. 23. *Referral to Disciplining Authority.* - The Commission may endorse and/ or 33 recommend to the proper authorities the filing of the appropriate sanction or disciplinary action 34 against a public officer or employee found guilty of committing violations of human rights and 35 recommend his removal, suspension, demotion, censure, imposition of fine, or prosecution and 36 to ensure compliance by requiring the officer concerned to report on his action within thirty (30) 37 days from receipt of the recommendation and or endorsement of the Commission. The failure of the appropriate authority to act or comply with said recommendation or endorsement shall
 constitute a ground for an application of the issuance of a writ of mandamus by the Commission.

For this purpose, every case on which the Commission has rendered a resolution or recommendation adverse to a public official shall be transmitted to the head of the department, agency or instrumentality, or of the province, city or municipality concerned for immediate action, as may be necessary.

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8 SEC. 24. *Motu Proprio Dismissal.* - The Commission may dismiss, *motu proprio*, a 9 complaint for the investigation of human rights violations on any of the following grounds:

10 a) The complaint pertains to a matter outside of the jurisdiction of the Commission;

11 b) The complaint is trivial, frivolous, vexatious or made in bad faith; or

12 c) Other valid grounds as may be determined by the Commission.

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SEC. 25. Investigation by Regional Offices. - The proper regional office of the 14 Commission shall investigate complaints falling within its territorial jurisdiction unless the 15 Commission en bane, in its discretion, takes direct cognizance of the same. Upon 16 17 recommendation of the regional office in investigations pending before it, the Commission en banc may issue legal and preventive measures and preventive suspension orders which are 18 19 immediately executory. Within ten (10) days after concluding the investigation, the regional office shall render the appropriate order, directive or resolution subject to appeal to the 20 21 Commission en banc pursuant to its rules.

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SEC. 26. Concurrent Limited Prosecutorial Powers and Functions. – The Commission shall exercise concurrent prosecutorial powers and functions as herein provided.

C. Prosecution

In the event of the failure of the Department of Justice or Office of the Ombudsman to 26 initiate a preliminary investigation within twenty (20) days from its receipt of the case 27 recommended for prosecution by the Commission, the inaction shall be considered as an 28 29 automatic endorsement of the matter to the Commission without any further act or notice by the 30 Department of Justice or Office of the Ombudsman for purposes of preliminary investigation. Thereafter, the Commission shall conduct the preliminary investigation and upon a finding of 31 32 probable cause, issue a resolution for the filing of the appropriate information and prosecution of For this purpose, the Commission shall have the power to deputize, government 33

34 prosecutors or private lawyers to prosecute the criminal offence! s that have been the subject of 35 its preliminary investigation. The prosecution shall remain under the Commission's direct control 36 and supervision.

37 This section shall apply only to the following cases:

A.) When committed by State Actors - in cases where the offender is a public officer as
defined under Article 203 of Republic Act No. 3815, otherwise known as the Revised Penal
Code as amended, and acting in his capacity as such, or any person acting on behalf or under the
immediate control of the State and its agents, and where the human rights violation constitutes a
criminal offense under the Revised Penal Code and special laws, as follows:

- a) Use of physical, psychological and degrading punishment, torture, force, violence,
 threats, and intimidation;
- 8 b) Extra-judicial killings, summary executions, and "massacres" or mass killings;
- 9 c) Violations of the right to be secure from unreasonable searches and seizures, including
 10 involuntary or enforced disappearances;
- d) Violations of the rights of persons arrested, detained, or under custodial investigation,
 including deprivation of the rights of political detainees;
- e) Violations of the right to a speedy, impartial and public trial or disposition of cases;
- f) Hamletting, forced evacuation or eviction, illegal demolition, development aggression
 and other violations of the right to travel and to freely choose one's abode and change the
 same;
- g) Violations of the right to peaceably assemble, free association, and to petition the
 government for redress of grievances;
- 19 h) Violations of the right to worship and the free exercise of a religion;
- 20 i) Violations of the right to privacy;
- 21 j) Violations of civil and political rights of persons suspected, detained for,
- and/ or accused of the crime of terrorism or conspiracy to commit terrorism; and
- k) Political, religious, racial, ethnic, social or sexual persecution, oppression, or
 harassment committed with acts constituting offenses punished under the Revised Penal
 Code and special laws.
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B.) When Committed by Non-State Actors - Non-state actors are persons, other than public
officers, belonging to and acting on behalf or under the immediate control of a juridical or nonjuridical person, whether legitimate or illegitimate, including but not limited to the following:

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 - a) Armed groups, bandits, warlords and private armies;
- 31 b) Criminal organizations and groups; and
- 32 c) Multi-national, foreign and domestic corporations, and other business entities.
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34 C.) When Committed Against Vulnerable Persons - in the investigation and prosecution of the 35 following offenses as penalized under the Revised Penal Code and special laws when committed

36 by any person against any member or group of vulnerable persons, as defined herein:

a) Involuntary servitude constituting Crimes Against Personal Liberty and Security under the

38 Revised Penal Code;

1 b) Crimes penalized under Republic Act No. 7610, or the "Special Protection of Children 2 Against Abuse, Exploitation and Discrimination Act;" 3 c) Crimes penalized as Infanticide and Abortion under the Revised Penal Code: d) Crimes penalized under Republic Act No. 9262, or the "Anti-Violence Against Women and 4 Their Children Act of 2004;" and 5 e) Crimes penalized under Republic Act No. 8371 or the "Indigenous Peoples Rights Act of 6 1997." 7 Vulnerable persons shall include children, the unborn, women, elderly, persons with 8 disabilities, migrant workers, indigenous peoples, and ethnic and religious minorities. 9 10 **D.** Monitoring 11 SEC. 27. Monitoring Powers and Functions. - In the exercise of its mandate to monitor 12 the Government's compliance with its international human rights treaty obligations, the 13 14 Commission shall have the following powers and functions: 15 a) Require any department, bureau or office, subdivision, agency or instrumentality of the Government to submit compliance reports on international human rights treaty and to furnish the 16 17 Commission copies thereof within thirty (30) days from submission to the United Nations and 18 other international bodies; b) Conduct inquiries on the manner of implementation by the Philippine Government of specific 19 20 human rights treaty obligations; c) Summon any public official to explain on the measures undertaken by his or her agency in 21 22 order to comply with the State's international treaty obligations on human rights; 23 d) Enter and inspect the premises of any government agency or office, specifically police and 24 military stations, installations, camps, bases, and training schools and access books, records, 25 files, documents or papers located in the above-mentioned office and facilities; 26 e) Study and recommend to the government international human rights treaties or instruments for 27 its signature, ratification or accession; 28 f) Make timely and regular submission of independent reports to international human rights 29 treaty bodies and other international human rights mechanisms; 30 g) Advise and assist the government on clearly-identified gaps in human rights treaty 31 h) Capacitate stakeholders to enable participation in monitoring human rights treaty compliance 32 by the government; 33 i) Delegate to its deputies, investigators or representatives, such authority or duty which shall 34 ensure the effective exercise or performance of its monitoring functions; and i) Recommend and institutionalize best practices and incentives for human rights advocates and 35 36 institutions. 37

- 1 SEC. 28. Other Monitoring Functions. The Commission shall likewise monitor 2 observance by non-state actors of human rights obligations arising from agreements entered into 3 with the government, as well as unilateral declarations and similar undertakings.
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5 SEC. 29. Annual Report. - The Commission shall prepare and make public an annual 6 report on the findings of its monitoring activities with regard to the state of the Government's 7 compliance with its international human rights treaty obligations. The report shall include, but 8 not be limited, to the following:

- 9 a) Identification of systematic patterns of human rights violations using documented cases;
- 10 b) Analysis of the factors which contribute to the commission of human rights violations;
- c) Assessment of the legal mechanisms of existing institutions in providing adequate human
 rights protection;

d) Recommendations for legal, legislative, and institutional reforms for the greater promotion
 and protection of human rights; and

e) Statistics and data indicating the nature of complaints received, the investigations conducted
and findings made, and the actions taken by the government agencies concerned on the
Commission's recommendations.

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E. Education and Advocacy

20 SEC. 30. Education and Advocacy in Government. - The Commission shall

undertake a program of human rights promotion and advocacy through education and training to promote and increase respect for the primacy and dignity of human life in all its *stages* and the protection of human rights in coordination with the different agencies of the government. It shall likewise administer a mandatory and continuing human rights education program for the military, police and other law enforcement agencies, as well as public school teachers, and shall, for this purpose, draw up the components of the program, accredit course and training providers, and issue certificates of completion to those who have successfully completed the program.

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SEC. 31. Education and Advocacy in Civil Society. - The Commission shall also undertake human rights education, advocacy, and information campaign programs among sectors of civil society, particularly the vulnerable, marginalized and underprivileged groups. In conducting this program, the Commission shall actively cooperate and coordinate with human rights non-government organizations, lawyers' groups, the academe and people's organizations of the concerned sectors of civil society.

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36 SEC. 32. *Research*. - The Commission shall undertake a continuing research and study 37 on select human rights issues for purposes of recommending policy reforms, as well as

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administrative and legislative measures that will also address economic, social and cultural
 rights.

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4 **SEC. 33.** *Coverage of Programs.* - The Commission shall prescribe the scope and 5 coverage of education, advocacy, information and training programs on human rights, and which 6 will be provided for in the implementing rules and regulations of this Act.

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F. Other Powers and Functions

9 SEC. 34. *Witness Protection Program.* - The Commission shall strengthen its witness 10 protection program, including the provision of security, shelter, relocation and livelihood 11 assistance to witnesses and their families.

- SEC. 35. Financial Assistance Program. The Commission shall enhance its financial
 assistance program to victims of human rights violations and their families.
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16 SEC. 36. Legal Assistance Program. - The Commission shall implement a legal 17 assistance program to benefit victims of human rights violations in coordination with human 18 rights organizations and lawyers' groups, the Integrated Bar of the Philippines and Philippine law 19 schools.

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- SEC. 37. Protection of Filipinos Abroad. The Commission shall undertake measures 21 for the protection and promotion of human rights of Filipinos living abroad. It shall coordinate 22 with Philippine Embassy or Consulate officers as well as private individuals of known probity 23 and active involvement in human rights work, or foreign-based human rights and migrant 24 workers' non-government organizations in countries where the incidence of human rights 25 violations of Filipinos is widespread and commonplace, including traditional host countries of 26 Overseas Filipino Workers, for purposes of monitoring the status of human rights of Filipinos 27 living abroad, establishing networks among Filipinos to promote protection of human rights, 28 reporting cases of violations thereof, facilitating the remedial measures of victims and 29 coordinating with respective agencies to provide counselling and financial aid. 30
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- SEC. 38. Creation of Ad Hoc Truth Commissions. The Commission may recommend the creation of an ad hoc Truth Commission on matters of transcendental importance, such as widespread and systematic human rights violations occurring over prolonged periods of time, or under extraordinarily-repressive conditions, or attended by a culture of impunity that is instigated, inspired or orchestrated by public officials, in conspiracy with government security forces or State-sponsored armed groups.
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1 SEC. 39. *Issuance of clearances.* - The Commission shall issue clearances to members 2 of the military, police and other law enforcement agencies prior to, and as requirement for, their 3 promotion or assumption of office. The Commission may also issue clearances for other 4 purposes such as training, education or study grants abroad upon proper request of the applicant.

5 The Commission shall make its own recommendations to the Commission on 6 Appointments prior to the confirmation of other officials other than those mentioned in the 7 preceding paragraph, who are being considered for promotion or appointment. This provision 8 shall also apply to other government officers with salary grade 27 or its equivalent and higher.

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10 SEC. 40. Appeals; Prohibition against Injunction. - Orders, decisions or findings of the 11 Commission, including determination of probable cause, shall be appealed to the Court of 12 Appeals on both questions of fact and law, or on certiorari to the Supreme Court on pure 13 questions of law. No restraining order or writ of injunction shall be issued against the 14 Commission in the performance of its powers and functions other than those issued by the Court 15 of Appeals or the Supreme Court.

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17 SEC. 41. Protection from Harassment Suits; Dismissal. - The Chairperson, 18 Commissioners, officers and employees of the Commission shall be immune from civil or 19 criminal prosecution for acts performed in pursuance of their official functions for the duration 20 of their tenure.

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SEC. 42. Obstruction. - Any person who, after due hearing, is found to have wilfully obstructed or hindered the proper exercise of the powers and functions of the Commission, or who wilfully misleads or attempts to mislead the Chairperson, Commissioners and the duly designated Commission officials and representatives shall be punished for obstruction of justice by the Commission. In addition, he/she shall be penalized by a fine not exceeding Twenty Five Thousand Pesos (P25,000.00), at the discretion of the Commission.

28 29

TITLE III. ORGANIZATION AND STRUCTURE

30 SEC. 43. *Commission as a Collegial Body.* - The Commission composed of the 31 Chairperson and four (4) Commissioners, as a collegial body, is responsible for the promulgation 32 of policies, decisions, orders and resolutions necessary for the efficient administration of the 33 Commission and for proper execution of its constitutional mandate.

In the exercise of its powers and functions, the Commission shall sit and render its decision *en bane*. Every such decision, order or resolution of the Commission must bear the concurrence and signature of at least three (3) Members thereof.

14

- 1 The Commission shall meet regularly once a week, or as the Commission may direct, or 2 upon call by the Chairperson. A majority of the members, at least three (3), constitutes a quorum 3 needed in any *en bane* meeting of the Commission.
- 4
- 5 SEC. 44. *The Chairperson as Executive Officer; Powers and Duties*. The Chairperson 6 shall be the Chief Executive Officer of the Commission, and shall:
- a) Execute and carry out the policies, decisions, orders and resolutions approved by theCommission;
- b) Direct and supervise the operations and internal administration of the Commission;
- 10 c) Sign appointments of subordinate officials and employees made by the Commission and
- 11 enforce decisions on administrative discipline involving them;
- 12 d) Make temporary assignments, rotate and transfer personnel in accordance with the provisions
- 13 of the Civil Service Law and the policies involving them;
- 14 e) Submit an annual budget to the Commission for its approval and submission to the
- 15 Department of Budget and Management and to the Congress of the Philippines;
- 16 f) Delegate his/her authority, in whole or in part, to other officials of the Commission in
- 17 accordance with Executive Order No. 292, otherwise known as the Administrative Code of 1987,
- 18 and rules and regulations of the Commission; and
- 19 g) Perform such other functions as may be authorized by the Commission.
- 20

21 SEC. 45. Structural Organization. - The Commission shall have the following line

- 22 offices and operating units:
- a) Office of the Chairperson;
- 24 b) Office of the Commissioners;
- 25 c) Office of the Executive Director;
- 26 d) Office of the Commission Secretary;
- e) Legal Office;
- 28 f) Investigation Office;
- 29 g) Human Rights Instruments Compliance And Monitoring Office;
- 30 h) Education, Advocacy And Research Office;
- 31 i) Information System Management Office;
- 32 j) Assistance and Visitorial Office;
- 33 k) Forensic Office;
- 34 1) Planning And Management Office;
- 35 m) Financial Management Office;
- 36 n) General Administrative Office;
- 37 o) Sectoral Rights Offices;
- 38 p) Public Information Office; and

1 q) Regional Offices.

2 All the above offices will be headed by an officer with a rank, salary and privileges 3 equivalent to a Director IV, except for the Executive Director and who shall have the rank, salary and privileges of an Assistant Secretary. All centers will be headed by a Director III. 4 Each 5 office may have such divisions as are necessary to carry out their respective functions. As an independent constitutional office, the Commission may effect changes in the organization as the 6 7 need arises.

8

All officers and employees of the Commission, unless otherwise provided herein, shall receive emoluments and privileges that shall not be less than those given to comparable positions 9 10 in any office in the government.

11

SEC. 46. The Executive Director. - The Executive Director shall be responsible for 12 managing the day-to-day affairs, activities and operations of the Commission, in accordance with 13 its policies, standards, rules and regulations adopted and promulgated by the Commission. In 14 15 particular, the Executive Director shall:

a. Provide direct supervision, control, coordillation and monitoring of all activities, functions 16

and operations of both the central and regional units of the Commissioner; 17

18 b. Recommend and / or implement administrative and management policies, rules and standard 19 operating procedures to be established by the Commission;

20 c. Recommend and initiate programs, projects and policies which promoted productivity, efficiency and effectiveness in the Commission; 21

d. Coordinate with different CHR organization units in the information and reporting 22 23 requirement of the Commission;

e. Resolve operational issues in accordance with the levels of authority prescribed by the 24 25 Commission:

f. Undertake appraisal on issues/problems and policy recommendations requiring decision/ 26 27 action by the Commission;

g. Conduct necessary representation with different branches and agencies of the government on 28

vital issues/concerns involving the organization, operations and programs of the Commission and 29

30 h. Perform such other functions as may be assigned by the Commission En Banc.

31

32 The Executive Director shall be appointed by the Commission and shall be a member of 33 the Philippine Bar with proven integrity and competence, and must have been involved in human rights promotion and protection activities for seven (7) years. He/she shall have the rank, salary 34 35 and privileges of an Assistant Secretary.

SEC. 47. The Commission Secretary. - The Commission Secretary, who shall head the 36 37 Commission Secretariat, shall provide executive services to the Commission on its regular, 38 special and executive meetings, assistance on policy review and coordination, review and

1 appraisal of the programs and other project undertakings of the Commission, including technical

2 support on the formulation of guidelines, directives, mandates and executive summaries and

3 reports. In addition, the Commission Secretary shall:

a. Prepare the agenda of meetings of the Commission *En Bane* and ensure complete recording of
proceedings;

b. Develop, recommend to the Commission *En Bane*, and implement an approved disclosure
policy for the Commission on Human Rights of the Philippines;

8 c. Formulate, propose and implement a central records management system for the Commission

9 *En Banc*, and act as the custodian of all records on human rights cases filed with the 10 Commission, including records on resolutions, rules, policies, regulations and other decisions, 11 proceedings of its meetings, and other pertinent records;

proceedings of its meetings, and other pertinent records;
 d. Design, propose and implement a central records management system and provide records

13 management orientation and assistance to the various offices of the Commission;

14 e. Prepare and issue directives to concerned offices, by authority of the Commission *En Banc*;

15 f. Represent the Commission *En Bane* in different technical working committees of the 16 Commission, as may be directed by it;

g. Respond to queries from the different central and regional offices on matters pertaining to
policies, rules and decisions, as authorized by the Commission *En Banc*; and

19 h. Perform such other related functions as may be assigned by the Commission *En Banc*.

20

The Commission Secretary, who must be at least a degree holder of Bachelor of Laws (L.L.B.) or Juris Doctor (JD), shall have the rank, salary and privileges of a Director IV.

23

SEC. 48. Duties and Functions of the Offices of the Commission. - The different offices of the Commission provided in Section 47 of this Act shall operate in accordance with their respective duties and functions assigned them by the Commission subject to mrequirements of efficiency, economy and effectiveness, and pertinent budget and civil service laws, rules and regulations.

29

30 SEC. 49. Officers of the Commission. - All officers appointed by the Commission who 31 possess the rank or position above Division Chief level and officially performs managerial and 32 executive functions, must be Career Executive Service (CES) eligible under the Career 33 Executive Service Board or has equivalent eligibility as the Commission may establish.

The Commission may propose additional qualification standards to be submitted for approval to the Department of Budget and Management and for information of the Civil Service Commission.

37

1 SEC 50. Central Offices - The Commission shall establish Central Offices to effect its 2 functional mandates of investigation, legal advocacy, visitoriaL education, research and 3 compliance monitoring, and such other functions necessary for the effective and efficient 4 performance of its duties.

6 SEC. 51. *Regional Offices*. - The Commission shall have seventeen (17) regional offices, 7 as may be further established by law, with two regional offices for Region IV, including the 8 National Capital Region (NCR), the Caraga Administrative Region (CARAGA), Cordillera 9 Administrative Region (CAR) and the Autonomous Region of Muslim Mindanao (ARMM).

Each Regional Office shall be headed by a Regional Human Rights Director with a rank and salary of Director IV, who must be a member of the Philippine Bar, assisted by an Assistant Regional Human Rights Director, and such other subordinate officers or employees as the Commission may appoint. The Assistant Regional Human Rights Director shall carry the rank and receive the same salary and privileges of a Director III.

15 The Commission may delegate its powers and functions or order the implementation or 16 enforcement of its orders, rulings or decisions through the heads of its regional offices in 17 accordance with its rules and regulations to be promulgated by the Commission.

18

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SEC 52. Provincial Offices. - The Commission may establish such Provincial Offices as may be necessary in the provinces falling under the administrative jurisdiction of the Regional Office. The Provincial Office shall be headed by a Provincial Human Rights Officer and staffed by such other officers or employees as the Commission may appoint. The Provincial Human Rights Officer shall carry the rank and receive the same salary and privileges of a Division Chief.

25

SEC. 53. Sectoral Rights Offices. - The Commission shall establish offices and centers to undertake promotion and protection of the rights of vulnerable sectors, to include but not be limited to women and children, as the Commission may deem appropriate.

29

30 SEC. 54. Joint Congressional Oversight Committee. - A Joint Congressional Oversight 31 Committee is hereby created, composed of the Chairman of the Senate Committee on Justice and 32 Human Rights and three (3) other Senators designated by the Senate President, and the Chairman 33 of the House Committee on Human Rights, and three (3) other Members of the House of 34 Representatives designated by the Speaker of the House of Representatives: Provided, That, of 35 the three (3) members to be designated by each House of Congress, two (2) should come from 36 the majority and the remaining Member from the minority.

37 The Joint Congressional Oversight Committee shall have the power to monitor and38 evaluate the implementation of this Act.

SEC. 55. Implementing Rules and Regulations. - The Commission shall, within sixty (60) days from the approval of this Act, formulate the implementing rules and regulations in the exercise of its general, investigative, prosecutorial, monitoring, education and advocacy powers and functions together with the Department of Justice (DOn, Department of National Defense (DND), Department of Interior and Local Government (DILG), Department of Social Welfare and Development (DSWD), Armed Forces of the Philippine (AFP), Philippine National Police (PNP) and other concerned agencies of the Government.

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10 SEC. 56. *Operational Guidelines.* - The Commission shall also formulate its operational 11 guidelines which shall include, but not be limited to, the functions and duties of the Executive 12 Director, the Commission Secretary and the heads of the line offices, the implementation and 13 management of its Witness Protection, Financial Assistance and Legal Aid Programs, and such 14 other matters as may be necessary for the implementation of this Act.

15

SEC. 57. *Franking Privilege*. - All official mail matters and telegrams of the Commission addressed for delivery within the Philippines shall be received, transmitted and delivered free of charge; *Provided*, That such mail matters when addressed to private persons or non-government offices shall not exceed One Thousand and Twenty (1,020) grams. All mail matters and telegrams sent through government telegraph facilities containing complaints to the Commission on Human Rights shall be transmitted free of *charge; Provided*, That the telegram shall contain not more than One Hundred and Fifty (150) words.

23

SEC. 58. *Financial Report.* - The Commission shall make available to the public its
 annual financial statements, including but not limited to, expenditures and *sources* of funds.

26

SEC. 59. *Transitory Provision*. - Nothing in this Act shall prejudice the positions, emoluments, security of tenure, qualifications, privileges and benefits of the incumbent Chairperson and Commissioners, officers and employees of the Commission upon its effectivity. However, officials and employees of the Commission, in aid of its reorganization upon the effectivity of this Act, may avail of an early retirement program as may be provided for by the Commission.

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34 SEC. 60. Separability Clause. If any provision of this Act shall be held unconstitutional,
 35 other provisions not affected thereby shall remain valid and binding.

1 SEC. 61. *Repealing Clause.* - All laws, republic acts, presidential decrees, letters of 2 instructions, executive orders, rules and regulations insofar as they are inconsistent with this Act 3 are hereby repealed or amended, as the case may be.

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SEC. 62. *Effectivity Clause*. - This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days upon its
publication in at least two (2) newspapers of general circulation.

Approved,

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