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SENATE

s. No. <u>831</u>

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Introduced by Senator Antonio "Sonny" F. Trillanes IV

EXPLANATORY NOTE

The failure to protect the forest lands and forest resources from timber companies' obliteration has been leading to the denudation of our forests and the consequent suffering of the entire country caused by natural disasters. This scenario demonstrates a serious problem related to public goods.

As a response to the problem of denuded forests, the total log ban has been advocated. However, a total log ban is clearly not an optimum nor an effective response because it does not provide sufficient incentives that are consistent with the preservation of forest resources.

This bill proposes a system of private land forestry, defining special agricultural lands and permanent agro-forestry zones, and vesting in private individuals the property rights to such lands. Private individuals exercising limited property rights over these lands under the supervision of local government units (LGUs) will constitute the more effective enforcers of practices that will contribute towards the renewal and preservation of our forest lands and resources.

In view of the foregoing, passage of this bill is earnestly requested.

ANTONIO "SONNY" F. TRILLANES IV

Senator

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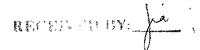
SIXTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE)
REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES)
First Regular Session)



13 JUL 16 75:12

SENATE

s. No. <u>831</u>



Introduced by Senator Antonio "Sonny" F. Trillanes IV

AN ACT

INSTITUTIONALIZING PRIVATE LAND FORESTRY TO ENHANCE REFORESTATION AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AND PROVIDING INCENTIVES THEREOF, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. Short Title. - This Act shall be known as the "Private Land 1 Forestry and Incentive Act." 2 3 SEC. 2 Declaration of Policy. - It is declared policy of the State to protect and 4 advance the right of the people to a balanced and healthful ecology through forest 5 conservation and reforestation. The State also recognizes the indispensable role of the 6 private sector in reforestation 7 8 SEC. 3. Coverage. - This Act shall cover social forestry areas, 9 alienable/disposable land, and privately owned lands engaged in agro-forestry activities. 10 11 SEC. 4. Special Agricultural Lands and Permanent Agro-Forestry Zones. - All 12 land areas covered by the integrated social forestry program of the Department of 13 Environment and Natural Resources (DENR) pursuant to Letter of Instruction No. 1260 14

and such other areas as may be determined by the DENR are hereby classified as special

1	agricultural lands, declared as "Permanent Agro-Forestry Zones" and shall be available
2	for land ownership or title by qualified beneficiaries. As special agricultural lands such
3	areas shall continue to be farmed with at least twenty percent (20%) of the land planted to
4	the trees or reforestation species and with environmental protection measures.
5	
6	SEC. 5. Application (1) All individuals qualified to be beneficiaries of the
7	integrated social forestry program of the DENR as provided in Administrative Order No
8	4 dated February 27, 1991 are hereby declared qualified to apply for the titling of a
9	forestland of not exceeding seven (7) hectares of Permanent Agro-Forestry Zone.
10	(2) All individual forestland occupants awarded with certificates of stewardship
11	contracts under the integrated social forestry program of DENR as of the effectivity of
12	this Act are hereby qualified to apply for the corresponding land titles.
13	It is hereby provided that the qualifications to be beneficiaries of the integrated
14	social forestry program of government are as follows: Must be of legal age; Must be a
15	citizen of the Philippines; Must be actual tillers or cultivators of the land to be allocated;
16	and Must be living within the project area or adjacent barangay/sitio.
17	
18	SEC. 6. Conditions for the Grant - The grant of certificates of land ownership or
19	titles to qualified beneficiaries under this Act shall be subject to the following conditions:
20	(a) At least twenty percent (20%) of the social forestry area awarded to the
21	occupant shall be devoted to tree farming of suitable species to contribute to the
22 .	reforestation efforts of the government;
23	(b) Trees and other vegetation along the banks of rivers and streams, bordering or
24	passing through the allocated areas, shall be protected and preserved; Provided,

that if the channel is at least five (5) meters wide, the protected strip,

1	perpendicular to the edge of the normal high waterline, shall be twenty (20			
2	meters. In case of rivers or waterways less than five meters in width, the strip			
3	shall be ten meters on each side.			
4	(c) The allocated land shall be developed, consistent with scientific and			
5	environmental protection practices, into productive farms which are economically			
6	viable and enable the occupant and his family to be self-reliant; and			
7	(d) Regardless of transfer of ownership, the area shall not be converted to uses			
8	other than agro-forestry except as determined by scientific/technical studies and			
9	expressly allowed by law.			
10				
11	SEC. 7. Jurisdiction over Agro-Forestry Zones Consistent with Section 17 of			
12	Republic Act No. 7160 or the Local Government Code, the local governments shall have			
13	primary jurisdiction over agro-forestry zones for purposes of the implementation and			
14	enforcement of the provisions of this Act.			
15				
16	SEC. 8. Transferability of Ownership Social forestry areas acquired by			
17	beneficiaries under this Act may not be sold, transferred or conveyed except through			
18	hereditary succession or to other qualified beneficiaries for a period of five (5) years from			
19	date of issuance of the original certificate of land ownership or title.			
20				
21	SEC. 9. Private Forestry Areas The following shall be considered as private			
22	forestry areas: (a) agricultural or alienable/disposable lands at least twenty percent (20%)			
23	of which area is devoted to tree farming of reforestation species; (b) private lands			
24	converted to farms at least twenty percent (20%) of which area is planted to reforestation			
25	species; and (c) social forestry or agro-forestry zone areas covered by this Act.			

1	SEC.	10. Incentives The following incentives are given to owners and
2	cultivators/de	velopers of private forestry areas:
3	(a)	Exemption from payment of all taxes and agricultural forest charges
4		including tariffs or import duties on agricultural forestry equipment,
5		machinery and farm processing and other inputs, except net income tax;
6	(b)	Permission to sell, trade, dispose or export agro-forestry produce even in
7		raw form;
8	(c)	Permission to sell or dispose of the land area and assets thereof in
9		secondary markets subject to the restriction in Section 8 of this Act;
10	(d)	Government guarantee of up to ninety percent (90%) of the amount loaned
11		from local or foreign sources for private forestry operations; Provided,
12		however, that the property and assets therein are mortgaged to the
13		government as collateral;
14	(e)	Preferential technical and administrative assistance from government
15		agencies.
16		
17	SEC.	11. Disposal of Foreclosed Private Forestry Areas All private forestry
18	areas or land	s foreclosed or acquired by the government through default of loans or
19	violation of la	w shall, within one (1) year after their titles are transferred in favor of the
20	government, t	o be disposed to qualified persons or entities.
21		·
22	SEC.	12. Economies of Scale Individual owners of private forestry areas may
23	form federation	ons for purposes of economies of scale of operations; Provided, however,
24	that individua	l land ownership or title is preserved, and that 20% of the total land area,
25	thus pooled, i	s devoted to tree farming of reforestation species and the remaining areas
26	subjected to a	dequate environmental protection.

1	SEC. 13. Penal Provisions Social forestry areas which have not adequately		
2	accomplished agro-forestry activities after five (5) years of ownership shall be forfeited		
3	in favor of the government. Other violations of forestry, land and environment and other		
4	laws shall be punished accordingly with respect to such codes or laws.		
5			
6	SEC. 14. Implementing Guidelines The Department of Interior and Local		
7	Government (DILG), in consultation with the Department of Environment and Natu		
8	Resources, Agriculture and Agrarian Reform, the Land Bank and other agencies		
9	concerned shall formulate the necessary implementing rules and regulations within ninety		
10	(90) days after effectivity of this Act; Provided, that such regulations include the creation		
11	of inter-agency Oversight Committee at the appropriate field levels.		
12			
13	SEC. 15. Separability Clause If any section or provision of this Act shall be		
14	declared unconstitutional or invalid, the other sections or provisions not affected thereby		
15	shall remain in full force and effect.		
16			
17	SEC. 16. Repealing Clause All laws, decrees, orders, rules and regulations and		
18	other issuances inconsistent with the provisions of this Act are deemed modified, revoked		
19	or repealed accordingly.		
20			
21	SEC. 17. Effectivity This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its		
22	publication in the Official Gazette or in at least two (2) national newspapers of general		
23	circulation whichever comes earlier.		

Approved,