SIXTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC)
OF THE PHILIPPINES)
First Regular Session)



JUL 25 23 149

SENATE S. No. 1110

- is. Jin

Introduced by Senator Miriam Defensor Santiago

EXPLANATORY NOTE

The series of oil price hikes led to public clamor for the review of Republic Act No. 8479, otherwise known as the Downstream Oil Industry Deregulation Law of 1998. Upon the directive of then President Arroyo, the Department of Energy created an Independent Review Committee (IRC) consisting of professionals from the private sector to review and assess whether the Oil Deregulation Law had been effective and whether it had attained its goals under the prevailing economic circumstances and conditions in the country.

Among the findings of the IRC was that effective enforcement of the law was the key issue. The reported malpractices and illegal activities, such as substandard service stations and petroleum product smuggling demoralized legitimate investors.

Deregulation of the oil industry does not necessarily mean absence of any form of government intervention. It is consistent with the government's mandate to supervise the industry and regulate those aspects where market forces may not operate satisfactorily and thus more active intervention may be justified to ensure a truly competitive market under a regime of fair prices and adequate and continuous supply of environmentally clean and high-quality petroleum products.

The IRC found that jurisdiction over the oil industry was spread out to many government agencies under Executive Order No. 377 (Providing the Institutional Framework for the Administration of the Deregulated Downstream Oil Industry), which made coordination and enforcement very difficult, with each agency trying to protect one's turf.

Thus, enforcement of laws, rules and regulations was one of the critical issues in monitoring the downstream sector particularly in the retailing of LPG and liquid fuels. Removing

certain powers from the DOE, under Republic Act No. 8479 led to the proliferation of illegal, unsafe, unfair practices in the LPG and liquid fuel ("botebote") sectors of the oil industry, especially in the retailing sector.

Most of the players favored reinstatement and even strengthening of the DOE's authority to register and issue certifications for qualified industry participants so that the DOE could effectively enforce compliance with rules and regulations on product quality, facility standards, and safety.

This bill, therefore, seeks to provide definitive rules and regulations to restore the DOE's authority and police power to suspend operations and revoke licenses of violators and erring players in the industry in the context of a deregulated environment.*

MIRIAM DEFANSOR SANTIAGO

^{*} As a result of a public hearing and consultations during the 13th Congress, this was the DOE-proposed substitute bill to amend Republic Act No. 8479. This bill was originally filed during the Fourteenth Congress, First Regular Session.

SIXTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC)
OF THE PHILIPPINES)
First Regular Session)

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

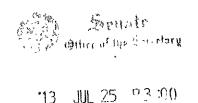
16

17

18

19

20



SENATE S. No. _____**1110**

RHA	ÿ	, ~	٠	33 X :	1	نغر
H 2 X 1						

Introduced by Senator Miriam Defensor Santiago

AN ACT AMENDING REPUBLIC ACT NO. 8679, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE "DOWNSTREAM OIL INDUSTRY DEREGULATION ACT OF 1998"

Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:

SECTION 1. Section 5 of Republic Act No. 8479 is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 5. Liberalization of the Industry. - Any law to the contrary notwithstanding, any person or entity may import or purchase any quantity of crude oil and petroleum products from a foreign or domestic source, lease or own and operate refineries and other downstream oil facilities and market such crude oil and petroleum products either in a generic name or his or its own trade name, or use the same for his or its own requirement: Provided, That any person [who shall] ENGAGED OR INTENDING TO engage in any such activity shall give prior notice thereof to the DOE for monitoring purposes AND SHALL FIRST SECURE A CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE (COC) OR, FOR LPG RELATED ACTIVITIES, A STANDARD COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE (SCC) FROM THE DOE: Provided, further, That [such notice] THE ISSUANCE OF SAID COC/SCC shall NOT exempt such person or entity from securing certificates of quality, health and safety and environmental clearance from the proper governmental agencies: Provided, furthermore, That such person or entity shall, for monitoring purposes, report to the DOE his or its every importation/exportation: Provided, finally, That all oil importations shall be in accordance with the Basel Convention.

SECTION 2. Section 14 of Republic Act No. 8479 is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 14. MONITORING AND ENFORCEMENT MECHANISMS. -

1

2

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28

(A) **CERTIFICATE** OFCOMPLIANCE/STANDARD **COMPLIANCE** CERTIFICATE - THE COC/SCC PROVIDED UNDER SECTION 5 HEREOF SHALL BE A MANDATORY REQUIREMENT FOR THE GRANT OR RENEWAL OF ANY LOCAL GOVERNMENT LICENSE OR PERMIT (I.E. BUSINESS/MAYOR'S PERMIT) TO ENGAGE IN ANY ACTIVITY IN THE DOWNSTREAM OIL INDUSTRY. NO BUSINESS PERMIT SHALL BE ISSUED OR RENEWED WITHOUT FIRST SECURING COC/SCC FROM THE DOE. THE COC/SCC SHALL INDICATE THAT THE PERSONENTITY APPLYING THEREFOR HAS COMPLIED WITH THE SUBMISSION OF ALL INFORMATION REQUIRED UNDER PERTINENT DOE CIRCULARS AND GUIDELINES AND SHALL STATE THAT THE FACILITIES OF SAID PERSON/ENTITY WAS SUBJECTED TO AND PASSED THE INSPECTION, BACKGROUND INVESTIGATION AND EVALUATION OF EQUIPMENT, PRODUCTS AND FACILITIES TO ENSURE COMPLIANCE WITH STANDARDS ON QUALITY, HEALTH, SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION. THE SCC FOR PERSON/ENTITY INVOLVED IN THE RETAILING OF LPG SHALL INCLUDE THE SPECIFIC BRAND/S A RETAILER IS ALLOWED TO SELL AS PROVIDED FOR IN THE CERTIFICATION SUBMITTED BY THE BRAND OWNERS TO THE DOE.

THE DOE SHALL NOT ISSUE OR RENEW ANY COC/SCC IF, BASED ON ITS RECORDS, THE APPLICANT IS SUBJECT OF A COMPLAINT OR CASE FILED FOR NON-COMPLIANCE OF THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ACT AND RULES AND REGULATIONS ISSUED BY THE DOE IN RELATION THERETO, UNLESS SUCH COMPLAINT OR CASE HAS BEEN DISMISSED OF COMPLETELY RESOLVED THROUGH THE PAYMENT OF THE CORRESPONDING ADMINISTRATIVE FINES OR PENALTIES, AMONG OTHERS, *PROVIDED, FURTHER*, THAT THE DOE SHALL REVOKE A COC/SCC

AND DISQUALIFY FOR ISSUANCE OF NEW COC/SCC ANY PERSON/ENTITY
FOUND TO HAVE COMMITTED THE SAME VIOLATION AT LEAST THREE (3)
TIMES WITHIN A PERIOD OF TWELVE (12) SUCCEEDING MONTHS,
REGARDLESS OF THE PAYMENT OF THE CORRESPONDING
ADMINISTRATIVE FINE OR PENALTY FOR EACH VIOLATION.

THE COC SHALL BE VALID FOR FIVE (5) YEARS AND THE SCC SHALL BE VALID FOR ONE (1) YEAR FROM THE DATE OF ISSUANCE THEREOF, UNLESS SOONER REVOKED OR SUSPENDED. THE REVOCATION OR SUSPENSION OF A COC/SCC SHALL BE A GROUND FOR THE REVOCATION AND/OR SUSPENSION BY THE LGU CONCERNED OF THE PERMIT AND OPERATION OF ERRING PERSON/ENTITY.

(B) MONITORING AND STANDARDS COMPLIANCE INSPECTION – THE DOE, BY ITSELF OR IN PARTNERSHIP WITH OTHER CONCERNED GOVERNMENT AGENCIES, SHALL CONDUCT REGULAR MONITORING AND INSPECTION OF PERSON/ENTITY INVOLVED IN THE DOWNSTREAM OIL ACTIVITIES TO ENSURE THAT CLEAN, ENVIRONMENTALLY–SAFE AND WORKER–BENIGN TECHNOLOGIES ARE APPLIED AND TO ENSURE CONFORMITY WITH QUALITY AND SAFETY STANDARDS AND OTHER MANDATORY REQUIREMENTS OF THE LAW. THE DOE SHALL NOT ISSUE COC/SCC UNLESS IT IS SHOWN UPON PROPER CONDUCT OF STANDARD COMPLIANCE INSPECTION, THAT THE PERSON/ENTITY ENGAGED IN THE DOWNSTREAM OIL ACTIVITIES HAS COMPLIED WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THIS ACT, THE PNS ON PETROLEUM PRODUCTS AND FACILITIES AND SUCH OTHER RULES AND REGULATIONS AS MAY BE PRESCRIBED BY THE DOE.

SPECIFIC TO THE LPG SECTOR, THE DOE SHALL CONFISCATE CYLINDERS FOUND TO BE IN VIOLATION OF RULES AND REGULATIONS ON SAFETY, MEASUREMENT OR VOLUME STANDARDS, MARKINGS AND RELATED MATTERS (I.E. UNDERFILLED, UNBRANDED, POSSESSION OF TAMPERED, ALTERED OR MODIFIED LPG CYLINDERS, AND THE LIKE) AND

SHALL FILE NECESSARY ADMINISTRATIVE AND/OR CRIMINAL CHARGES IN COOPERATION WITH CONCERNED GOVERNMENT AGENCIES. THE DOE SHALL FORMULATE RULES, IN CONSULTATION WITH INDUSTRY PARTICIPANTS, FOR THE DISPOSITION OF CONFISCATED, SEIZED AND IMPOUNDED LPG CYLINDERS.

THE DOE SHALL REQUIRE PERSON/ENTITY ENGAGED IN THE DOWNSTREAM OIL ACTIVITIES TO REGULARLY SUBMIT INFORMATION SUCH AS, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, NATURE OF BUSINESS, TRADE NAME/BRAND NAME OWNERS, LIST AND ADDRESS OR LOCATION OF FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT AND SUCH OTHER RELEVANT INFORMATION AS MAY BE DETERMINED BY THE DOE. THE DOE SHALL ESTABLISH A CENTRAL DATABASE WITH ONE (1) YEAR FROM EFFECTIVITY OF THIS ACT. THE DOE SHALL MAINTAIN THE DATABASE AND UPDATE THE SAME ON A QUARTERLY BASIS. THE DATABASE SHALL BE MADE AVAILABLE TO THE PUBLIC UPON REQUEST, SUBJECT TO THE LIMITATIONS PROVIDED IN SECTION 15 (G) OF THIS ACT AND THE APPROVAL OF THE DOE.

(C) REPORTS AND DISCLOSURE TO DOE – THE DOE SHALL HAVE THE AUTHORITY TO REQUIRE ANY PERSON/ENTITY ENGAGED IN THE DOWNSTREAM OIL ACTIVITIES TO SUBMIT WRITTEN, ELECTRONIC OR OTHER FORM OF REPORTS OR DISCLOSURES, AS MAY DEEM REASONABLE AND NECESSARY TO EFFECTIVELY PERFORM THEIR FUNCTIONS UNDER THIS ACT. ANY PERSON/ENTITY WHO FAILS TO SUBMIT ANY SUCH REPORT OR DISCLOSURE WITHIN THE PERIOD AND IN THE MANNER PRESCRIBED BY THE DOE SHALL BE PENALIZED UNDER THIS ACT.

(D) MONITORING OF DOWNSTREAM OIL INDUSTRY ACTIVITY-

(I) [(a)] The DOE shall monitor and publish daily international crude oil prices, as well as follow the movements of domestic oil prices. FOR THIS PURPOSE, THE GENERAL APPROPRIATIONS ACT (GAA) SHALL PROVIDE FOR THE DOE SUCH FUNDS, BUDGET OR ALLOCATION FOR THE DOE'S SUBSCRIPTION TO

INTERNATIONAL OIL PRICE WIRE SERVICES. It shall likewise monitor the quality of petroleum products and stop the operation of businesses involved in the sale of petroleum products which do not comply with the national standards of quality that are aligned with the international standards/protocols of quality. The Bureau of Product Standards of the DTI, together with the Department of Environment and Natural Resources (DENR), the DOE, the Department of Science and Technology (DOST), representatives of the fuel and automotive industries and the consumers, shall set the specifications for all types of fuel and fuel—related products to improve fuel composition for increased efficiency and reduced emissions. The BPS shall also specify the allowable content of additives in all types of fuels and fuel—related products.

(II) [(b)] The DOE shall monitor the refining and manufacturing processes of local petroleum products to ensure that clean and safe (environment and worker–benign) technologies axe applied. This shall also apply to the process of marketing local and imported petroleum products. FOR THIS PURPOSE, THE GAA SHALL FURTHER PROVIDE FOR ADDITIONAL BUDGETARY SUPPORT TO THE DOE FOR THE ACQUISITION AND MAINTENANCE OF THE APPROPRIATE MOBILE TESTING FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT.

- (III) [(c)] The DOE shall maintain a periodic schedule of present and future total industry inventory of petroleum products for the purpose of determining the level of supply. To implement this, the importers, refiners, and marketers are hereby required to submit monthly to the DOE their actual importations, local purchases, sales and/or consumption, and inventory on a per crude/product basis.
- (IV) [(d)] Any report from any person of an unreasonable rise in the prices of petroleum products shall be immediately acted upon. For this purpose, the creation of the DOE-DOJ Task Force is hereby mandated to determine within thirty (30) days the merits of the report and initiate the necessary action warranted under the circumstance: *Provided*, That nothing herein shall prevent the said task force from investigating and/or filing the necessary complaint with the proper court or agency *motu propio*.

ł

Upon the effectivity of this Act, the Secretaries of Energy and Justice shall jointly appoint the members of a committee who shall be tasked with the drafting of the rules and guidelines to be adopted by the Task Force in the performance of its duty. These guidelines shall ensure the efficiency, promptness, and effectiveness in the handling of its cases. The Task Force shall be organized and its members appointed within one (1) mouth from the effectivity of this Act.

(V) [(e)] In times of national emergency, when the public interest so requires, the DOE may, during the emergency and under reasonable terms prescribed by it, temporarily take over or direct the operation of any person or entity engaged in the Industry.

SECTION 3. Section 15 of Republic Act No. 8479 is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 15. Additional Powers of the DOE Secretary. – In connection with the enforcement of this Act, the DOE Secretary shall have the following powers:

- (a) To gather and compile appropriate information concerning, and to investigate from time to time the organization, business, conduct, practices, and management of any person or entity in the Industry;
- (b) To require, by general or special orders, persons or entities engaged in a particular activity of the industry: (i) to file an annual or special report, or both in such form as the Secretary may prescribe, or (ii) to answer specific questions in writing, furnishing to the Secretary such information as he may require as to the organization, business, conduct, practices, management, and relation to other corporations, partnerships, and individuals of the respective persons or entities filing such reports or answer. Such reports and or answer shall be filed with the Secretary under oath and within such reasonable time as the Secretary may prescribe;
- (c) Upon the direction of the President or either House of Congress, to investigate and report the facts relating to any alleged violation of this Act by any person or corporation;

(d) Upon the application of the Secretary of Justice, to investigate and make recommendations for the readjustment of the business of any person or entity alleged to be violating this Act in order that such person or entity may thereafter maintain his or its organization, management, and conduct of business in accordance with law;

- (e) [To recommend to the proper government agency the suspension or revocation and termination of the business permit of an offender;] FOR ANY VIOLATION OR NON-COMPLIANCE WITH THIS ACT OR SUCH RULES AND REGULATIONS ISSUED BY THE DOE IN RELATION THERETO, TO IMPOSE AND COLLECT ADMINISTRATIVE FINES AND PENALTIES WHICH SHALL RANGE FROM A MINIMUM OF TEN THOUSAND PESOS (PHP 10,000.00) TO A MAXIMUM OF FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND PESOS (PHP 500,000.00) FOR EACH VIOLATION OR NON-COMPLIANCE, REVOKE/SUSPEND A COC/SCC AND CAUSE CORRESPONDING ACTION BY LGU ON THE SUSPENSION OR REVOCATION AND TERMINATION OF THE BUSINESS PERMIT OR LICENSE OF AN OFFENDER, PROVIDED THAT, THE ADMINISTRATIVE FINE OR PENALTY THAT MAY BE IMPOSED BY THE DOE SHALL BE WITHOUT PREJUDICE TO THE FILING OF ANY CRIMINAL ACTION, IF WARRANTED UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES;
- (f) Concomitant with the policy of ensuring a continuous, adequate and economic supply of energy to exercise his powers and functions provided under Section 5 (c) of Republic Act No. 7638;
- (g) To make public from time to time such portions of the information obtained by him hereunder as are in the public interest; and to make annual and special reports to Congress and to submit therewith recommendations for additional legislation; and to provide for the publication of his reports and decisions in such form and manner as may be best adapted for public information and use: *Provided*, That the Secretary shall have any authority to make public any trade secret or any commercial or financial information which is obtained from any person or entity which is privileged or confidential, except that the Secretary may disclose such information to officers and employees of appropriate

law enforcement agencies or to any officer or employee of any such law enforcemen
agency upon the prior certification by an officer of any such law enforcement agency that
such information will be maintained in confidence and will be used only for official law
enforcement purposes; [and]

- (h) Whenever a final order has been entered against any defendant in any suit brought by the government to prevent and restrain any violation of the antitrust provisions of this Act to make investigation, upon his initiative, of the manner in which the decree has been or is being carried out, and upon the application of the Secretary of Justice, it shall be his duty to make such investigation. He shall transmit to the Secretary of Justice a report embodying his findings and recommendations as a result of any such investigation, and the report shall be made public at the discretion of the Secretary; AND

 (I) PERFORM SUCH OTHER POWERS AND FUNCTIONS AS MAY BE
- SECTION 4. Separability Clause. If any provision of this Act is held invalid or unconstitutional, the remainder of the Act or the provision not otherwise affected shall remain valid and subsisting.

NECESSARY IN FURTHERANCE OF THE OBJECTIVES OF THIS ACT.

- SECTION 5. Repealing Clause. Any law, presidential decree or issuance, executive order, letter of instruction, or administrative rule or regulation contrary to or inconsistent with the provision of this Act is hereby repealed, modified, or amended accordingly.
 - SECTION 6. Effectivity Clause. This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in at least two (2) newspapers of general circulation.

Approved,