#### SIXTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES First Regular Session



1

RECEIVED BY:

### SENATE S. No. **1813**

)

)

)魚

Introduced by Senator Miriam Defensor Santiago

#### EXPLANATORY NOTE

The Constitution, Article II, Section 25, provides: "The State shall ensure the autonomy of local governments."

A local government unit is a political subdivision of the State, which is constituted by law and possessed of substantial control over its own affairs. Remaining to an intra sovereign subdivision of one sovereign nation, but not intended, however, to be an *"imperium in imperio,"* the local government unit is autonomous in the sense that it is given more powers, authority, responsibilities and resources.<sup>1</sup>

Unfortunately, the free exercise of such autonomy is hampered with the imposition, in the absence of full consideration by Congress, of unfounded mandates on local government units.

These unfounded mandates displace other essential local government priorities, impose contradictory and inconsistent requirements, and compound the fiscal difficulties of local government units to render basic services to the people.

Hence, this bill seeks to curb the practice of imposing unfounded mandates on local government units in order to allow them to efficiently manage local affairs.<sup>2</sup>

MIRIAM DEFINSOR SAT

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Alvarez vs. Guingona, Jr., 252 SCRA 695 (1996).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> This bill was originally filed during the Thirteenth Congress, First Regular Session.

# Senate Other of the Precetary

# 13 OCT -3 P5:52

### SENATE S. No. **1813**

)

)

)

Stern .

SIXTEENTH CONGRESS OF THE REPUBLIC

OF THE PHILIPPINES

First Regular Session

5

• •

	RECEIVED BY:	Y						
	Introduced by Senator Miriam Defensor Santiago	0						
1 2 3	AN ACT CURBING THE PRACTICE OF IMPOSING UNFUNDED MANDATES ON LOCAL GOVERNMENT UNITS							
	Be it enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the Philippines in Congress assembled:	ł						
4	SECTION 1. Short Title. – This Act shall be known as the "Unfunded Mandate Reform							
5	Act."							
6	SECTION 2. Purposes. – The purposes of this Act are:	,						
7	(A) To strengthen the partnership between the national government and local							
8	government units;							
9	(B) To end the imposition, in the absence of full consideration by Congress, of							
10	mandates on local government units in a manner that may displace other essential local							
11	government priorities.							
12	SECTION 3. Limitation on Application This Act shall not apply to any provision in							
13	any statute, proposed statute, or final regulation that							
14	(A) Enforces the constitutional rights of individuals;							
15	(B) Establishes or enforces any statutory rights that prohibit discrimination on the							
16	basis of age, race, religion, gender, or handicapped or disability status;							
17	(C) Requires compliance with accounting and auditing procedures with respect to							
18	grants or other money or property provided by the Government;							
19	(D) Provides for emergency assistance or relief at the request of any local							
20	government, or any official of such a government;	Į						

1	(E)	Is ne	cessary	for the national security or the ratification or implementation of
2	international	treaty o	bligatio	ons;
3	(F)	The 1	Preside	nt designates as emergency legislation and that the Congress so
4	designates in	statute;	and	
5	(G)	Pertai	ns to so	ocial security.
6	SECT	rion 4	. Estab	lishment of an Advisory Council There shall be established an
7	advisory cou	ncil, to	be crea	ted under the Office of the President.
8	(A)	In Ge	neral	- The task force shall —
9		(1)	Over	see the implementation of this Act;
10		(2)	Inves	stigate and review the role of unfunded mandates in the
11			interg	governmental relations and their impact on local objectives and
12			respo	nsibilities, and their impact on the competitive balance between the
13			natio	nal government, local government units, and the private sector and
14			consi	der views of and the impact on working men and women on those
15			same	matters;
16		(3)	Inves	tigate and review the role of unfunded mandates imposed on local
17			gove	rnments, the private sector, and individuals;
18		(4)	Inves	tigate and review the role of unfunded local mandates imposed on
19			the p	rivate sector and individuals; and
20		(5)	Make	recommendations to the President and the Congress regarding-
21			(a)	Allowing flexibility for local government units in complying with
22				specific unfunded mandates for which terms of compliance are
23				unnecessarily rigid or complex;
24			(b)	Reconciling any two (2) or more unfunded mandates which impose
25				contradictory or inconsistent requirements;
26			(c)	Terminating unfunded mandates which are duplicative, obsolete,
27				or lacking in practical utility;

ł

(d) Suspending on a temporary basis, unfunded mandates which are not vital to public health and safety and which compound the fiscal difficulties of local government units, including recommendations for triggering such suspension;

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

21

22

 (e) Consolidating or simplifying unfunded mandates or the planning or reporting requirements of such mandates, in order to reduce duplication and facilitate compliance by local government units with those mandates;

1

ļ

- 9 (f) Establishing procedures that, in cases in which a piece of 10 legislation would require a mandate on local government units, the 11 same shall not increase local government unit burdens; and
- 12 (g) Establishing the general rule that Congress shall not impose 13 mandates on local government units without providing adequate 14 funding to comply with such mandates; and
- Each recommendation under paragraph (5) shall, to the extent practicable, identify the specific unfunded mandates to which the recommendation applies.
- 18 (6) Assist Congress in its consideration of proposed legislation establishing or
   19 revising programs containing mandates affecting local government units,
   20 and the private sector by
  - (a) Providing for the development of information about the nature and size of mandates in proposed legislation; and
- 23 (b) Establishing a mechanism to bring such information to the
  24 attention of the Senate and House of Representatives before the
  25 Senate and House of Representatives votes on proposed
  26 legislation.
- 27 (7) Promote informed and deliberate decisions by Congress on the
  28 appropriateness of mandates in any particular instance;

- 3

			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1		(8)	Establish a point-of-order vote on the consideration in the Senate and
2			House of Representatives of legislation containing significant mandates;
3		(9)	Assist agencies in their consideration of proposed regulations affecting
4			local government units by —
5			(a) Requiring that agencies develop a process to enable the elected and
6			other officials of local governments to provide input when
7			agencies are developing regulations; and
8			(b) Requiring that agencies prepare and consider better estimates of
9			the budgetary impact of regulations containing mandates upon
10			local government units before adopting such regulations;
11	(B)	Crite	ria. –
12		(1)	In General. – The Advisory Commission shall establish criteria for
13			making recommendations.
14		(2)	Issuance of Proposed Criteria The Advisory Commission shall issue
15			proposed criteria under this subsection not later than sixty (60) days after
16			the date of the enactment of this Act, and thereafter provide a period of
17			thirty (30) days for submission by the public of comments on the proposed
18			criteria.
19		(3)	Final Criteria Not later than forty five (45) days after the date of
20			issuance of proposed criteria, the Advisory Commission shall —
21			(a) Consider comments on the proposed criteria received under
22			paragraph (2);
23			(b) Adopt and incorporate in final criteria any recommendations
24			submitted in those comments that the Advisory Commission
25			determines will aid the Advisory Commission in carrying out its
26			duties under this section; and
27			(c) Issue final criteria under this subsection.
28	(C)	Preli	ninary Report. –

•

ч. **к**. р

4

.

In General. - Not later than nine (9) months after the date of enactment of (1)1 this, the Advisory Commission shall ---2 Prepare and publish a preliminary report on its activities under this (a) 3 Act, including preliminary recommendations pursuant to paragraph 4 (1);5 Provides copies of the preliminary report to the public upon (b) 6 request. 7 Public Hearings. - The Advisory Commission shall hold public hearings (2)8 on the preliminary recommendations contained in the preliminary report 9 of the Advisory Commission under this subsection. 10 Final Report. - Not later than three (3) months after the date of the publication of (D) 11 the preliminary report under subsection (3), the Advisory Commission shall submit to the 12 Congress a final report on the findings, conclusions, and recommendations of the Advisory 13

ł

ļ

14 Commission under this section.

15 (E) *Priority to Mandates that are Subject of Judicial Proceedings.* – In carrying out 16 this section, the Advisory Commission shall give the highest priority to immediately 17 investigating, reviewing and making recommendations regarding unfunded mandates that are the 18 subject of judicial proceedings, if any.

19 SECTION 5. Membership. –

20 (A) NUMBER AND APPOINTMENT - The Commission shall be composed of six
21 (6) members, four (4) of which, to be appointed by the President as follows:

- (1) Two (2) representatives from local government units;
  (2) Two (2) members from among institutions in education or academia in the fields of economics and/or public administration.
- (B) The Secretary of Finance and the Secretary of Budget and Management shall
  automatically be members of the Commission in *ex officio* capacity.
- 27
- SECTION 6. Powers of the Commission. -

1 (A) *Hearings and Sessions.* – The Commission may, for the purpose of carrying out 2 this Act, hold hearings, sit and act at times and places, take testimony, and receive evidence as it 3 considers appropriate. It may administer oaths or affirmations to witnesses appearing before it.

4 (B) *Obtaining Official Data.* – The Commission may secure directly from any 5 department or agency information necessary to enable it to carry out this Act. Upon request of 6 the Commission, the head of that department or agency shall furnish that information to the 7 Commission.

8 (C) *Mails.* – The Commission may use mails in the same manner and under the same 9 conditions as other departments and agencies of the government.

10 (D) *Contract Authority.* – To the extent provided in advance in appropriations Acts, 11 the Commission may contract with and compensate government and private agencies or persons 12 for the purpose of conducting research or surveys necessary to enable the Commission to carry 13 out its duties under this Act.

ł

ļ

14 (E) *Experts and Consultants.* – The Advisory Commission may procure temporary 15 and intermittent services of experts or consultants subject to existing civil service rules and 16 regulations.

17 (F) Administrative Support Services. – The Advisory Commission is authorized to 18 hire personnel to provide administrative support services. The secretariat shall be headed by an 19 executive director, who shall be appointed by the Commissioners.

SECTION 7. Separability Clause. – If any provision or part hereof is held invalid or unconstitutional, the remainder of the law or the provision not otherwise affected shall remain valid and subsisting.

SECTION 8. *Repealing Clause.* – Any law, presidential decree or issuance, executive order, letter of instruction, administrative order, rule, or regulation contrary to or inconsistent with the provisions of this Act is hereby repealed, modified, or amended accordingly.

SECTION 9. *Effectivity Clause*. – This Act shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its
 publication in at least two (2) newspapers of general circulation.

. .

1

Approved,

,